

Denies Turks Want War With Greece or England

Ismet Pasha, Leader of the Turks, Says His People Are Not Anxious for War With Any Nation.

LAUSANNE MEET OFFICIALLY ENDED

Believed Break Between the French and British Played Big Part in Turkey's Final Actions at Meet.

Lausanne, Feb. 5. (By the Associated Press.)—Ismet Pasha, head of the Turkish delegation, informed the conference today that Turkey had no desire to resume hostilities either with Greece or Great Britain as a result of the collapse of the Near East conference, but he emphasized that the Turkish and English armies were still facing each other in Asia Minor. Ismet said the Turks would ask the powers whether they consider negotiations officially at an end. The impression prevailed among the conference delegates that Turkey would not be informed officially of the termination of negotiations inasmuch as it was generally desired to continue the possible renewal of war. The entire French delegation planned to leave for Paris early this morning. The Turks probably will depart tomorrow.

It is believed that the misunderstandings which developed between the British and French delegates in the last days of the conference complicated the final break as the Turks got the idea that they could count upon a split among the allies and obtain more favorable conditions.

Child Makes Report. Washington, Feb. 5.—Advices from Ambassador Child, telling of the rupture between the Turks and the allies at Lausanne, began reaching the State Department today, but pending a complete report there was a disposition to defer comment as to the effect of the breakdown on the American interests in Turkey. No attempt was made, however, to disguise the seriousness with which the situation is viewed in Washington.

Presumably the failure of the Lausanne conference leaves the United States in the same position in which it stood with the decision that was reached to send Ambassador Child and his colleagues there as observers. The Washington government then stood in a wholly different relationship to the conference than any other powers represented. It alone had unbroken treaty relationships with Turkey covering the capitulatory rights of American nationals in Turkey. The United States never has been at war with Turkey and except for the action of the Turkish government in 1914 in declaring all the treaties of capitulation to have been abrogated, the validity of American treaty rights in British territory has not been challenged.

PRESIDENT TO APPEAR BEFORE THE CONGRESS

Mr. Harding to Take in Person Debt Funding Plan to Joint Session Tuesday.

Washington, Feb. 4.—President Harding will submit the British debt settlement agreement to Congress, probably Tuesday. While he has not yet made a definite decision, the expectation is that he will make the presentation in person to a joint session of the house and senate in the house chamber.

Members of the American Debt Commission who drafted their formal report to the executive yesterday, said today that the exact form of the legislation which Congress would be asked to pass remained to be determined. However, it will take one of two forms, a general amendment of the existing statute or a formal approval of the British agreement.

Honor Memory of Dwight L. Moody. Chicago, Feb. 5.—Many prominent men who were associated with the late Dwight L. Moody, will take part in the Founder's Week celebration of the Moody Bible Institute here this week.

Those who knew the eminent divine will tell of his struggles when he acted as janitor and superintendent of his mission in the old Market street hall, clearing out the sawdust and rolling beer kegs after the revels in the saloon-dance hall of the Saturday night previous in order to have the hall for his Sunday services.

In his early work, one of Moody's staunchest supporters and assistant superintendent was John V. Farwell, one of Chicago's leading financiers. Associated with Dr. Moody in the foundation of the Institute in 1836 were Cyrus H. McCormack, John V. Farwell, Elizabeth Keith, N. S. Bouten and T. W. Harvey, III, the latter the founder of Harvey, Ill.

Since its founding the Institute has had an enrollment of 44,533 students. The tuition is free. Twenty-eight nationalities are represented among these students and between thirty and forty denominations.

First Law in Rowan Expires. Salisbury, N. C., Feb. 5.—No longer this year will December 1 can hunt-stand short days in this county. The law in Rowan became effective at midnight January 31, ending the 1922 season of sixty-two days.

A Hindu wife never eats with her husband; if she were to touch his food, it would be rendered unfit for use.

PRESIDENT READY WITH PROPOSAL

Will Ask Congress to Accept the Debt Funding Plan Agreed Upon.

Washington, Feb. 5.—President Harding today prepared a statement to Congress asking for approval of the British debt funding settlement negotiated by the American and British debt commission. It was indicated that he probably would submit his recommendation to the Senate and the House tomorrow with an urgent request that approval be given without delay.

EXTRA SESSION, OR MUCH WORK OVERTIME

Controversy Over State's Financial Status Has Tendency to Retard Progress on Bills Carrying Appropriations.

Raleigh, Feb. 4.—With state legislators grouped in informal conferences with heads together, hotel lobby discussions tonight centered on talk of an extra session, or at least several days of overtime work at the completion of the legal period of 50 days for the general assembly.

Members of both houses, from most every section of the state, were agreed that the position of the state's finances, as alleged in the report of A. J. Maxson, state corporation commissioner, who stated a deficit of more than \$5,000,000 existed against the treasurer's report showing a deficit of more than \$1,500,000 at the end of the fiscal year on June 30 of last year, would somewhat retard enactment of bills carrying appropriations until the investigating committee could determine the facts of the situation.

The committee which will conduct the investigation, at the request of Governor Morrison, will hold its first official session tomorrow morning. It is composed of two members each of the senate finance and appropriation committees and three members each of the house committees on finance and appropriations. No predictions were forthcoming as to the probable length of time which will be consumed by the investigation but hope was held out that a report would be ready by the end of the week.

Among the major pieces of legislation on the docket for the week to come is the governor's state-owned ship line legislation and the Giles' farm loan bill. Both carry appropriations and what disposal will be made of these bills in view of the financial investigation is unknown tonight.

The house has several bills, including the Milliken bill to regulate secret orders, ready for calendar action tomorrow night, but it is expected that appropriations measures will be held back for the week, at least.

THE COTTON MARKET

Liverpool Cables and Foreign Situation Had Unsettling Effect on Market.

(By the Associated Press.)

New York, Feb. 5.—Relatively easy Liverpool cables and announced nervousness over the foreign political situation had an unsettling effect on the cotton market at the opening this morning. Opening prices showed a decline of 28 to 33 points under commission house liquidation, Southern and local selling. This carried the price of May off to 27.32 and October to 25.00, but trade interests were buyers on the break, while there was considerable covering, and a quick rally of about 10 points in the Liverpool market, had a favorable effect on sentiment here. Cotton futures opened steady; March 27.70; May 27.95; July 27.40; October 25.00; December 24.70.

HOPE ST. MIHIEL CAN LAND ON WEDNESDAY

Message From Transport Says Landing Date Is Uncertain, However.

Washington, Feb. 5.—By direction of the War Department, the commander of the army transport St. Mihiel, which is bringing back the American forces from the Rhine, is endeavoring to reach the lighthouse at Savannah harbor by 8 o'clock Wednesday morning. A radiogram from the ship, received during the night, however, said it now appeared improbable that the St. Mihiel would make port on that schedule.

\$8,000,000 FINES ARE REDUCED TO \$1,000,000

Fines Were Against Insurance Companies Formerly Operating in Mississippi.

Jackson Miss., Feb. 5.—Total fines of \$8,000,000 assessed against 142 fire insurance companies which formerly operated in Mississippi, and which are now being prosecuted for alleged violation of the state anti-trust law, were reduced to an aggregate of less than \$1,000,000 today through the decision of the State Supreme Court.

Bomb Was Thrown at Premier

Sofia, Feb. 5. (By the Associated Press.)—A bomb was thrown in the direction of Premier Stambouly while he was seated in a box at the National Theatre last night with three of his ministers. No one was injured by the explosion. The bomb thrower, whose identity is said to be known to the authorities escaped.

Prince Fushimi Dead

Tokio, Feb. 5. (By the Associated Press.)—Prince Sadanaru Fushimi, lord keeper of the privy seal, and uncle of Emperor Yoshihito, died today as a result of a stroke of apoplexy.

SINKING FUND BILL TO BE PRESENTED SOON

Bill Would Provide Fund to Take Care of Bonds Issued by the State. Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 5.—Senator L. R. Varner's measure creating and maintaining sinking funds to retire state bonds, referred to the appropriations committee, is expected to come up for passage in the Senate, this week, it was stated in legislative circles.

Governor Morrison, in his message to the general assembly, recommended that \$500,000 a year be set aside for the retirement of the \$65,000,000 highway bonds, the amount to be paid in equal proportions from funds derived by the state highway commission and out of the state treasury. The chief executive also recommended \$125,000 a year to create a sinking fund to retire the \$6,700,000 bonds for educational and charitable institutions two years ago and a duplication of the issue at this session.

The bill follows in full: "The general assembly of North Carolina do enact:

"Section One: That for the retirement of the principal of bonds of the state for permanent enlargement of its educational and charitable institutions, issued and to be issued under chapter one hundred and sixty-five, Public Laws of 1921, regular session, and under any act ratified or to be ratified as the regular session of the general assembly in 1923, a sinking fund is hereby created, into which fund the state treasurer shall pay each calendar year from any funds not heretofore pledged or appropriated, the sum of \$140,000.

"Section Two: That for the retirement of the principal of \$19,500,000 highway serial bonds heretofore issued under chapter two, public laws of 1921, regular session, a sinking fund is hereby created, into which fund the state treasurer shall pay during each year from any funds not heretofore pledged or appropriated the sum of \$100,000.

"Section Three: That for the retirement of the principal of bonds issued for highway purposes under chapter two, public laws of 1921, regular session, over the \$19,500,000 heretofore issued, a sinking fund is hereby created, into which fund the state treasurer shall pay during each year from any funds not heretofore pledged or appropriated the sum of \$400,000.

"Section Four: That \$250,000 of the annual sinking fund payments to be made under sections two and three hereof shall be made from the revenues collected under the provisions of said chapter two, if such revenues are sufficient therefor after the appropriations made in said chapter two for the maintenance of the state highway commission and the payment of interest upon bonds, and the remainder of such annual sinking fund payments shall be also made from such revenues.

"Section Five: That moneys in the sinking funds herein not to be loaned to any department of the state, but shall, but provided for shall be invested by the state treasurer in bonds of the United States, the state of North Carolina and

"Bonds of any other state whose full faith and credit are pledged to the payment of the principal and interest thereon:

"Bonds of any county, city, town, township or school district of North Carolina which are general obligations of the sub-division of municipalities issuing the same and for the payment of which, both principal and interest, there is no limitation of the rate of taxation.

"Bonds of any county having a population of thirty thousand or more by the last preceding federal census and of any city having a population of twenty thousand or more by such census in any state of the Union, which are general obligations of the county or city issuing the same, and for the payment of which both principal and interest, there is no limitation of the rate of taxation.

"Section Six: That no such bonds shall be purchased by the treasurer at more than the market price thereof, and the treasurer may, if he deems it advisable, advertise for tenders of bonds for purchase of or for bids for bonds to be sold. He shall purchase no bonds hereunder except bonds of the United States or of the State of North Carolina or of municipalities and subdivisions of the state of North Carolina unless the vendor shall deliver with the bonds the opinion of an attorney believed by the treasurer to be a competent and recognized authority upon such securities to the effect that they are valid obligations and complying with the conditions of subdivisions of this section, it being the intention of this requirement that the state shall be reasonably assured by such attorney's opinion that such bonds are not only valid and in compliance with this act, but that the same shall not be unsalable because of doubts as to the validity thereof.

"Section Seven: That the interest and revenues received upon bonds held for any sinking fund and any profit made on the resale thereof shall become and be a part of such sinking fund. Bonds of the State of North Carolina purchased for any sinking fund shall not be cancelled before maturity, but shall be kept alive, and the interest and principal thereof shall be paid into the sinking fund for which the same are held.

"Section Eight: That bonds purchased for sinking funds may be registered, in the discretion of the state treasurer as may be permitted by laws of state of such issue. Such registration shall be in the name of 'The State of North Carolina for the sinking fund for' (here briefly identify the sinking fund). The governor and the state treasurer by their signatures are hereby given full power to discharge any bonds from such registration and transfer the same.

"Section Nine: That this act shall be in force and effect from and after its ratification."

LENROOT-ANDERSON BILL MAY NOT PASS

Bill May Be Blocked in Congress Unless There is Assurance of Action on the Shipping Bill.

CONGRESS TO END IN FOUR WEEKS

And Many Conferences Are Being Held in an Effort to Get Both Bills Through This Congress.

Washington, Feb. 5.—A possibility that the Lenroot-Anderson-Capper farm credits program may be blocked in Congress unless there is some assurance of action on the administration shipping bill was foreseen in some quarters today after a series of conferences to discuss the legislative outlook of the remaining four weeks of the 67th Congress.

After a talk with President Harding, Representative Mondell, of Wyoming, republican leader of the House, declared there were so many "difficulties" in the way of an agreement that it was entirely possible that the farm credits measure could not be finally written into law before March 4, despite the fact that legislation on the subject had passed both the Senate and House.

Mr. Mondell insisted that the barriers to the Senate and House agreement on details were real and important, but some friends of the farm credits program took his statement to mean that the pressure for passage of the ship bill might be greatly augmented during the delay in perfecting legislation for the aid of the farmer.

Much of the opposition to the shipping measure has come from those who are leading in the fight for farmer legislation. It has been apparent for some time that President Harding and his administration advisers were preparing to exert all their influence for action on the ship bill at the present session, but it was denied generally by administration leaders today that any plan had been perfected contemplating undue delay in consideration of the farm credits measure.

COUNTRY RIDES CREST OF PROSPERITY WAVE

This Fact is Shown in the Report Indicating Amount of Coal Being Consumed by Industrial Plants.

Cleveland, Ohio, Feb. 5.—This country is riding on the crest of a record prosperity wave, it is indicated in reports so far received of coal consumed by industrial plants in January. Mark Kuehn, chairman of the fuel committee of the National Association of Purchasing Agents, announced here last night.

Mr. Kuehn made public the first report of the industrial consumption of coal in October, November and December, to be issued by the association, which is making a survey of this consumption. The report shows an increase of 1.45 per cent. over the preceding three months.

Coal stocks on hand on January 1st were sufficient for 31 days, and the production of coal, both hard and soft, on that day exceeded consumption by 9,250,000 tons, according to the report.

Service at County Home Sunday

The members of the Christian Endeavor Society of the Methodist Protestant Church motored to the county home yesterday and held a musical service, being assisted by the choir of this church. A splendid meeting was held and the inmates of the home were very profuse in their thanks to these people for remembering them in this way, as it is rather unusual to hold a musical service. A number of hymns, old and new were sung, several selections being given on request. The meeting was in charge of Mr. D. A. McLaurin, prayers being made by Messrs. James M. Blackwelder and W. H. Scarborough.

Supreme Court Convened Tomorrow

Raleigh, Feb. 5.—The spring term of the North Carolina Supreme Court coming up from the third judicial district will convene tomorrow with case-trial for hearing.

Charlotte Man Shoots Wife; Commits Suicide

Charlotte, N. C., Feb. 5.—W. R. Burdell, aged 35, a cotton mill worker, shot and seriously wounded his wife and then killed himself at their home here early today, according to the police. "Everything I've got is yours; see that I am buried right at the head of father," were the last words the man spoke, according to his younger brother, Silas Burdell, who was

STATE FIRE LOSS IN YEAR WAS VERY HEAVY

But For the New Bern Fire the Loss Would Have Been Less Than 1921.

Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 5.—North Carolina's fire loss last year amounted to \$8,235,351 in comparison with \$7,463,207 in 1921, according to a report of Stacey W. Wade, insurance commissioner. Excepting the New Bern conflagration, the 1922 loss is estimated at \$6,235,951.

December's figures showed the greatest loss, the total being \$3,116,703. January was second with a loss of \$1,080,325. The property involved in the fires was valued at \$33,319,127 and was insured at \$19,257,000. A total of \$750,000 insurance was carried on \$2,500,000 worth of property in the New Bern fire. During the entire year, there were 1771 blazes reported.

"Considering the size of the cities, Guilford county may well be proud of its record for 1922, and of the fact that Greensboro was not a single fire during the year where the loss amounted to \$5,000," it is stated.

The cities reporting no fires for the periods mentioned are Winterville, 12 months; Wake Forest, 11 months; Ashe county, 8 months, and Laurinburg 11 months; Clinton, Statesville, Pinehurst, 5 months; Ayden, Greensboro, Waynesville, Rocky Mount, Belhaven, 4 months, and three months; High Point, LaGrange, Pittsboro, each for Salisbury, Red Springs, Concord, Roanoke Rapids, Lee County and Rutherford county.

In the causes of fires, defective flues and shingle roofs head the list with a total of 569 blazes; unknown, 382; adjoining building 123 and oil stove 88. One thousand and forty dwellings were damaged or destroyed, according to the report, in addition to 1,050 in the New Bern conflagration.

NEW IMMIGRATION LAW IS PROPOSED

Would Cut in Half Present Number of Immigrants Allowed to Enter the United States.

Washington, Feb. 5.—The number of immigrants eligible to admission to the United States under existing restriction act would be reduced by more than half under a section of a new immigration bill approved today by the house immigration committee.

Admissions under the proposed act would be limited to 2 per cent. of the number of foreign born individuals of any nationality resident in the United States, as determined by the census of 1910. The present restriction is 3 per cent., as determined by the census of 1910.

SPECIAL COMMITTEE POSTPONES MEETING

Quorum Was Not Present Today and Business Was Postponed.

Raleigh, Feb. 5.—(By the Associated Press.)—Failure to obtain a quorum of the special committee to investigate the state's finances resulted today, and further functioning was put over until later in the week. No announcement was made as to when the next meeting of the committee will be held but it is expected the General Assembly would announce the date tonight.

Albert Squiggins Gets His 'Money' for Confederate Bond

Northampton, Mass., Feb. 4.—Payment in Confederate currency of \$800 has been received by Albert Lee Squiggins, of Washington from Attorney General George Napier, of Georgia. Mr. Squiggins who is spending the winter here, sent his request for the payment of the bond addressed to "President Jefferson Davis, Confederate state of America." The letter fell into the hands of the Georgia attorney general.

The letter to Mr. Squiggins from the attorney general's office read:

"Please fine \$800 in Confederate currency which we sent you recently in exchange for your bond. This letter was first sent to Worthington, Mass., but returned to us as unclaimed. With best wishes for your prosperity and happiness."

In his request for the redemption of the bond, Mr. Squiggins said he "wanted to fix up the house so he might accommodate summer boarders."

Musical Program Enjoyed at St. James Lutheran Church

An audience that filled the auditorium of St. James Lutheran Church was present last night to enjoy the musical program prepared by the choir of this church, assisted by Mr. Sam Goodman, of New York and Concord, and Dr. Hampton Stirewalt, of China Grove. The program as published in The Tribune of Saturday was superbly rendered. The pastor, Rev. L. A. Thomas, preached a most excellent sermon on music, stating that music was a vital part of worship in the church, and gave a number of instances where music had played important parts in making the history of the world.

Railway Strike in the Ruhr Stirred Today

COLD WAVE STILL HEADED THIS WAY

Very Low Temperatures Are Promised for the Southern States Tonight.

Washington, Feb. 5.—The cold snap centered at White River, Ontario, where a temperature of 50 degrees below zero was reported this morning, is expected to sweep down the South Atlantic coast today. Florida and Georgia will be visited by considerable lower temperatures tonight, while freezing weather and frosts will prevail along the east Gulf coast tonight if the weather is clear, the weather bureau predicted. Fair and warmer is the forecast for this territory tomorrow.

R. W. FLEMING DIED SUNDAY AFTERNOON

Had Been Ill With Pneumonia Only a Few Days.—Funeral Services To Be Held Tomorrow.

R. W. Fleming, a well known farmer of this county, died at his home in No. 3 township Sunday afternoon, death being caused by pneumonia, following influenza. He was ill for only a few days, and the announcement of his death came as a shock to his many friends in the county.

Funeral services will be held at his late home, "Elmwood Farm," tomorrow, Tuesday, morning at 11 o'clock, and interment will be made in Oakwood cemetery here.

Mr. Fleming was 63 years of age, having been born February 20th, 1859. Surviving are his wife, who was Miss Morrison, of Canada, and one sister, Mrs. C. O. Gillon, of Concord.

The announcement of Mr. Fleming's death will bring sorrow to his many friends throughout the county and elsewhere. He was prominent in the life of his community and was a faithful member of Gilwood Presbyterian Church.

MAY RE-ORGANIZE THE DEPARTMENTS OF U. S.

President Harding is Said to Approve the Proposal.—Will Go to Congressional Committee.

Washington, Feb. 4.—A plan for re-organization of government departments, said to have the approval of President Harding and his cabinet, has been drafted and within the next few days will be placed in the hands of the joint congressional committee on re-organization, according to Walter F. Brown, the committee chairman.

Declining to disclose what changes in the grouping of activities had been recommended, Mr. Brown said tonight the committee hoped to have a report to Congress before the expiration of the present session, although it was probably either the Senate or House would act on the suggestions before sine die adjournment March 4.

The plan approved by the President and his advisers will form a basis for further committee discussions, and there is no present indication, it was said, as to how far the committee will go in accepting the changes recommended. Mr. Harding and members of his cabinet, in making their suggestions, had before them a tentative re-organization-plan worked out by the committee.

JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER REPORTED RECOVERING

Oil King is Staying Indoors, However, As a Precautionary Measure.

Ormond Beach, Fla., Feb. 4.—John D. Rockefeller, Sr., who has been suffering from a slight bronchial attack since Wednesday, was reported tonight to be recovering rapidly.

Although it was stated at the Rockefeller winter home here last night that he would attend church this morning, as he has done regularly since his arrival, he was not seen there. It was pointed out, however, that his non-appearance was no occasion for alarm, but that he merely is being cautious.

Optimistic reports have been issued daily from the Rockefeller residence since he became ill, expressing hope that he would be back on the golf links the following day but he still is confined to his room although able to be up.

Sleet, Snow and Ice Cover Portions of the South

Atlanta, Ga., Feb. 4.—Continuation of the cold spell which already has hit portions of the southeast is predicted for tomorrow and Tuesday.

With Tennessee, northern Mississippi and northern Alabama seized by a wintry blast of sleet, snow and ice, one fatality is reported in Birmingham, from exposure, where the mercury was reported hovering below 30 with a blanket of ice, sleet and some snow.

Richmond reported a light snow tonight with a drop in temperature, lowering of the mercury being recorded in the Carolinas with rain, and cold wave warnings being issued by the weather bureau affecting the entire Atlantic seaboard.

Freezing temperatures were predicted as far south as central Florida in warnings issued by the weather forecaster.

The thermometer registering just under 40 Sunday and early Sunday night, the extreme southeast had not felt the force of the predicted cold wave, though with rain, colder weather was forecast to the coast tomorrow and Tuesday.

German Rail Men Advised From Berlin to Continue Their Resistance and With Greater Force.

SETTLEMENT NOW SEEMS HOPELESS

There Has Been no Fresh Extension of the Strike, But the Situation Remains Unchanged.

France's latest move in connection with her occupation of the Ruhr, her thrust into Baden territory, far south of the Ruhr, near Strasbourg to constitute a French attempt to control the railways along the east bank of the Rhine.

French quarters interpret the move as a penalty for interference by the Germans with international train service beyond the occupied areas.

Hopes held by the authorities for speedy settlement of the railway strike in the Ruhr and the Rhineland were dispelled by stiffening in resistance among the workers with receipt of new orders from Berlin, which government agents were said to be distributing among the railway employees. The strike area was not extended as a result, but was no improvement in the situation, the Germans failing in all efforts to push shipments through the French cordon into unoccupied Germany, but the miners in the Saare valley are reported to have gone on strike.

Duesseldorf, Feb. 5 (By the Associated Press).—New orders from Berlin to the railroads in the Rhineland, and the Ruhr, had the effect today of stiffening the strike against the French and dispelling the hopes of a settlement that have been prevalent during the last few days.

By individual interviews the distribution of money by promises and warnings, the German government agents are declared in authoritative quarters here to be doing their utmost to encourage the resistance which had begun to weaken among the local functionaries and state employees.

There has been no fresh extension of the strike, but instead of improving as the French had hoped, the situation remains unchanged.

The cordon of the valley to prevent coal shipments to unoccupied Germany remains unbroken. Some attempts have been made through use of private inter-mine tracks and railway cars, to send coal through the French barrier, but these were frustrated.

Herr Sarter, director of the Westphalian state mines, and a commercial director for the Stinnes interests, is among the latest functionaries expelled from the Ruhr.

Paris, Feb. 5 (By the Associated Press).—The miners of the Saare Valley which produces 9,000,000 tons annually went on strike this morning.

WANT COTTON OIL COMPANIES REPAID

Investigation Into Companies' Claims Provided For in New Bill in Congress.

Washington, Feb. 5.—Investigation by the United States Court of Claims for alleged damages claimed by about 255 cotton oil companies in the South, aggregating an amount around \$6,000,000 for losses in crushing cotton seed upon government orders during the war was proposed in a bill today by Senator Robinson, democrat, Arkansas.

Senator Robinson in explaining his bill said the mills had not been reimbursed for alleged losses through cancellation by the government of contracts for cotton seed and linters with producers at prices fixed by the food administration.

Churches Should Advertise in Newspapers, Says Preacher

Chicago, Ill., Feb. 4.—Every church should set aside money to be used for newspaper advertising, Rev. J. T. Ebranner, of the committee on conservation and advance of the Methodist-Episcopal Church, declared in an address here today.

"The church can send its message in the papers to non-church readers and to those of its members detained at the home because of sickness, business and other causes," he said.

"The preacher speaks to hundreds, while the newspapers speak to thousands and millions. Church members should assist editors, but criticism of editors and editorial policies of news is harmful. The pulpit and press should pull together and not apart."

Sunday School Meeting

A meeting under the auspices of the Calabasus County Sunday School Association was held at Harrisburg yesterday, at which time speeches were made by Messrs. John J. Barnhardt, A. E. Harris and Prof. J. B. Robertson. This was the first of a number of group meetings to be held in the different sections of the county. Next Sunday afternoon at three o'clock a meeting similar to the one held yesterday will be held at New Gilead Reformed Church, in No. 5 township, at which officers of the different departments of Sunday school work will be present and make addresses. The public is asked to attend this meeting.

You can be assured of high quality when you purchase Miller's Butter-Nut bread.