Reporter and Post.

A PAPER FOR THE PEOPLE

Entered at the Danbury N. C., Post-office as Second Class Matter.

THURSDAY, JULY 7 1887.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.) where advertising contracts may be made for it IN NEW YORK.

The President is said to entertain hopes of being able to attend the State Fair at Raleigh.

The North Carolina Grange encampment and Farmers' Institute, grain, grass, fruit, stock and poultry fair, will be held at Mount Holly, Gaston county, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, August 10th, 11th, 12th, and 13th.

As may be seen from the advertisement the next session of the University of North Carolina begins on the 25th day of August. It is a State institution as such we wish for it that continued success to which its alumni all over the State and in the South bear ample testimony.

While we are being blessed with one of the best of seasons the good people of the State of Illinois are praying for rain. Every thing in some localities there seems to be seared by a great drowth. An account says "Dead Fish are found in the beds of streams, and rattlesnakes and all manner of creeping things are in their glory."

About five-hundred survivors of the Philadelphia Brigade that bore a conspicuous part in the third day's fight at Gettysburg assembled on the 2nd inst where the first camp fire of the Blue and Gray, upon the historic grounds of Gettysburg was held. The welcome which they extended to the survivors of Pickett's men, their old enemy, is described as a warm one.

It is one thing to boom a town and erect a large number of buildings chiefly dwellings, but the question always presents itself to our mind, what is to give the occupants of the numerous buildings employment, or how are they to live? This is a matter of paramount importance, and one in which all wise projectors should feel deeply interested, and always endeavor to induce the introduction of industries into their midst or the enlargement of such industries as their localities may possess.

There is no denying the growth of the sentiment among politicians that the labor party and prohibition will prove powerful disturbing elements indeed in the Presidential campaign of 1888 It is reported that justice Field, of the U. S. Supreme Court Bench, and a Democrat, has said:

"There is one element which may disconcert all calculations. I mean the labor party. Should this party organize as thoroughly as it did in the New York mayoralty fight, one year ago, no one could predict the results and both Democrats and Republicans would be woefully disorganized. I give this not as my individual opinion alone, but as the crystalized idea of all public men in Washington."

Whether these parties will nominate tickets of their own, or whether each will select either the Democrat or Republican party with which to cooperate cannot be predicted. Should these parties however affiliate themselves with either one of the existing parties they would prove a factor that might preponderate over any other issue that may come up in the campaign of 1888.

HON. GEORGE DAVIS.

The Washington correspondent of the Statesville *Landmark*, and the Fayetteville *Observer* suggest the name of Mr. George Davis, who was attorney general of the Confederacy, for the appointment to the place on the Supreme Court Bench made vacant by the death of Justice Woods. We copy from the *Observer*:

"If there be any one from North Carolina that could get the appointment of Supreme Court Judge, not one could fill it more acceptably than the gentleman named above. He has never been a seeker after office, and there is none whom the people would more delight to honor. He is a lawyer of great ability, broad views—a deep thinker, one that would do honor to the place. We have not thought it likely that the position would fall to North Carolina, but if there be any hope let an effort be made.'

MEETING OF RAILROAD ASSESSORS.

Pursuant to a call of the Chairman of the County Commissioners of the county of Cumberland, made in accordance with sections 44 and 45, Machinery Act, 1887 the Chairmen of the Boards of County Commissioners of the counties through which the C. F. & Y. V. Railway runs met in Fayetteville, on June 17th and organized into a Board of Assessors for assessing the tax valuation of the C. F. & Y. V. Railway under the provisions of said section. After consideration of the statements the Board determined the value of the road-bed, right of way, superstructure, main and side tracks, depot buildings, grounds, section and tool houses of the road, under section 46 of the Machinery Act of 1887, to be $127,470, and the rolling stock to be $84,350, making a total of $613,820, which is apportioned among the several counties through which the road runs as follows:

Richmond Co.,	108-10	miles,	$33,805 00
Robeson "	27	"	84,515 00
Cumb'rland "	30 7-10	"	96,095 00
Harnett "	10 0-10	"	32,240 00
Moore "	12 1-10	"	38,814 00
Chatham "	30	"	93,904 00
Randolph "	21 6-10	"	67,611 00
Guilford "	41	"	128,336 00
Forsyth "	51-10	"	15,964 00
Stokes "	7 2-10	"	22,537 00
Total,	1961-10	miles,	$613,82000

A DECISION IN REGARD TO NORTH CAROLINA BONDS.

The State of North Carolina has till now declined to tax its people to pay interest on $10.000 of bonds issued in 1869 by the first Legislature chosen under the Constitution framed by the Convention which Gen. Canby assembled in Raleigh, February 14, 1868. The decision of Judge Bond, just made at Raleigh, holds that the agents of the State must collect taxes to the amount of one-eight of 1 per cent. of all property in the State to meet the interest on the bonds in question, as required by the law authorizing their issue. It has been held hitherto that the State, under the Federal Constitution, could not be sued by citizens of other State. This difficulty has been evaded by Morton, Bliss & Co., of New York, by getting a citizen of North Carolina to bring suit in their interest. It is now in order to compel the State to levy a tax. What if it does not?—*News and Courier.*

STATE GLEANINGS.

Greensboro *Workman*: The coroner's jury gave the verdict yesterday, after inspecting the remains of the late Maggie King, that she was murdered by her husband.

Raleigh *News*: A new enterprise has been started at Apex, and we are told that Mr. R. H. Jenks has engaged in raising partridges. He sets the eggs under an ordinary hen, and he has several broods of young birds of various ages They are tame, and become domesticated.

Wilmington *Star*: A special feature and one that will no doubt be quite instructive to our stock raisers who visit the Institute and Fair at Mt. Holly ten miles west of Charlotte, on the Catawba river, August 10th to 13th will be the lecture on "Diseases of Domesticated Animals and the necessity for humane treatment," delivered by Dr. J. N. Cook, Veterancry Surgeon of Atlanta, Ga. Col. W. H. S. Burgwyn of Henderson, Vance county, will deliver a lecture on "Golden Leaf Tobacco—what it has done for North Carolina."

Statesville *Landmark*: Mr. Duncan E. McIver, of Sanford, Moore county, writes to the Carthage *Blade* that he has written to Statesville for statistics of the dried blackberry business of the town and learns that in 1885 750,000 lbs. were handled here, in 1886, when the crop was short, 500,000, and that it is expected that a million lbs. will be handled here this year. He takes the crop of 1885 as an average and shows that at 6c. per lb. it was worth $4,200, which was just so much saved from actual loss. The crop grows without cultivation, is gathered and dried by the women and children, and is just so much given by Providence to the people without any exertion on their part. The blackberry crop, like the root and herb business, is a source of great revenue to western North Carolina. It supplies many families with comforts which they otherwise would not have; it brightens up business and brings money into the State, for all of it is shipped North and West The people ought, particularly this hard year, to gather and dry for market all the berries the briars yield, and dry all the peaches, apples and other fruits that grow, that are not needed for family use.

The tobacco convention will be held at Morehead City, August 17th. The breezes of the sea seem to have guided the tobacco men in making a choice.

BRIEFS OF GENERAL NEWS.

SUNDAY JUNE 26.

The Marine hospital Service will investigate the nature of the yellow fever epidemic at Key West.

Gen James Speed, Attorney General under President Lincoln, died at Louisville, Ky.

Eleven tax collectors, all prominent citizens of Berks county, Pa., have been indicted for misappropriating public funds.

Three men were struck by a train on the Wabash road, at Mexico, M.; two were killed and one fatally injured.

Fire at Dayton, Washington Territory, destroyed property valued at $115.-000.

Ten men are imprisoned in a burning mine in Nevada; five others were killed.

Fire at Jacksonville, Fla., destroyed a large brick block; loss $50,000.

Three tobacco warehouses at Louisville, Ky., burned, with 3,500 hogsheads of the weed; loss $150,000.

TUESDAY JUNE 28.

Wm. H. Heard, a colored preacher of Charlotte, N. C., complains to be Inter-State Commission of being forbidden entry to first class coaches on the Georgia Roilroad.

Eighteen French silk weavers, landed at New York, have been ordered back to France under the act prohibiting the importation of contract labor.

President Cleveland attended Georgetown College Commencement.

Geo. S. Turner, owner of Valley Falls factory in Spartanburg county. S. C., shot and killed a man in his employ.

Hostile Indians in Arizona have been driven back to their reservations.

Fire in the Chicago stock yards caused heavy losses; one fireman was killed and several firemen were severely injured.

Several judges and clerks of election in Baltimore, Md., have been convicted of fraud and sentenced to fine and imprisonment.

Key West reports one new case of yellow fever and one death.

The trial of Jake Sharp, at New York, continues; the prisoner is pronounced a very sick man by a physician called to examine him.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 27.

R. L. Cohen was shot and killed at Danville, Va, by Chas. Saylor.

Ten Broeck, the famous thoroughbred horse died yesterday.

Fire at Hurley, Wis. distroyed five blocks of buildings; the loss is estimated at $700,000.

At Marshfield, Wis, fire caused losses that will exceed one million dollars.

Three new cases of yellow fever at Key West, but no deaths.

Three desperadoes for whom $16,000 reward was offered were arrested at Alpena, Mich.

Gen Boulanger has been appointed to the command of an army corps.

The New York stock market showed a sudden and decided change for the better yesterday.

A tornado in Texas carried death and destruction in its course.

The trial of Jake Sharp, New York's boodle alderman will probably prove fatal to the prisoner.

THURSDAY, JUNE 30.

Tom King, colored, killed his wife at Asheville, N. C.; he claims it was accidental.

A deputy sheriff engaged in a fight with an outlaw in Hancock Co., Tenn.; both men were killed and a number of persons wounded.

A violent earthquake shock occurred in Mexico at 6.20 a. m. yesterday; houses were demolished at Guayaquil.

In the Jake Sharp trial the jury returned a verdict of guilty, thirteen minutes after the case was closed.

Northern capitalists are buying all the pine lands in Southern Alabama owned by the government.

SATURDAY, JULY 2.

The consolidation of revenue districts throughout the country, whereby twenty-three were merged into others, was consummated yesterday.

Jake Sharp's condition is very precarious, and it is thought he will live but a few days longer.

The tone of the French press indicates that the government will not consent to the continued occupation of Egypt by England.

A serrible drought is reported in Illinois and Wisconsin, but the account looks very much as if it were overdrawn.

One of Jennie Bowman's murderers was executed in Louisville, Ky., yesterday.

The short-time movement among the English cotton-spinners is spreading.

WHAT KILLS AMERICANS.

Fast Living—Reckless Eating—Hard Drinking—Poor Sleeping—Social Jealousy—Political Ambition—Violent Passions The Race for Money.

The alarming disease of this country is nervous debility and prostration It goes under many names but it is essentially the same complaint. Hospitals and private institutions for nervous patients are crowded. The average of life in the United States is decreasing every year. Sudden deaths from nervous collapse among our business, professional and public men are so frequent as scarcely to excite remark. The majority of suicides, committed without apparent reason, or under so-called "depression of spirits," are really prompted by nervous prostration, which is a fruitful source of insanity and crime with all their grief and horror.

These facts are startling. They threaten the very life of the nation. They assail the springs of its power and prosperity. They wreck manhood's strength and woman's usefulness and beauty.

Every one should know the causes. What are they? The answer is easy and terribly plain: Our vicious personal habits; our careless and lawless eating and drinking; the intense mental and physical strain arising from our mad race after money, position and influence; the fears and struggles of poverty; the use of narcotics and stimulants; our fashion of turning day into night and night into day; and, briefly, our desperate willingness to pay any price for an hour's pleasure or success. So we burn life's candle at both ends and fill the lamps and the graveyards.

The disease from which we suffer and die is, in plain English, *Nervous Prostration*, as it is seated in the nerves and in the organs of Digestion, Assimilation and Nutrition. Healthy digestion being impaired or destroyed, the whole body, nerves included, is *miserably starved*; even when there is no emaciation to tell the sad story.

Nervous prostration sends out its warnings—headache in the morning; a persistent full here and there at the back of the head; wakefulness; loss of appetite; disgust with food; loss of mental energy and interest in ordinary duties and business; restlessness and anxiety without any assignable reason; constipation; bad breath; foul mucous on the teeth; occasional giddiness; palpitation of the heart; sallowness of the skin; coated tongue and gradual failure of strength and ambition.

The remedy is a total abandonment of the habits and customs which cause the disease in each individual case, and the use of *Shaker Extract of Roots* (Seigel's Syrup) to cure the mischief already done. This great remedy, prepared by the Shaker Community of Mt. Lebanon, N. Y., is especially adapted to eradicate Nervous Dyspepsia. To do this it acts directly and gently but powerfully upon the disordered stomach, liver and kidneys, restoring their tone and vigor, promoting the secretion of bile, expelling waste matters from the system, and purifying the blood.

Upon the nervous system *Shaker Extract* (Seigel's Syrup) acts as a safe and wholesome anodyne without the slightest narcotic effect, and then leaves the nerves to regain their natural tone and strength through its wonderful influence upon the function of nutrition.

It is safe to say more nervous dyspeptics have been restored by it from the depths of misery to a fresh enjoyment of life and labor than by any or all other forms of treatment combined.

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

CHAPEL HILL, N. C.

THE SESSION IS DIVIDED INTO TWO TERMS, the first beginning the last Thursday in August and ending at Christmas, the second beginning early in January and ending first Thursday in June. Tuition. $30.00 for each term. For room rent and service, $5.00 per term. Those unable to pay tuition are allowed to give their notes, secured if possible. Tuition in the Normal Course free. Post Graduate instruction also free. The Faculty is now sufficiently strong to give instruction in a wide range of studies.

For terms in the Law School apply to Hon. John Manning, LL. D. For Catalogues apply to W. T. Patterson, Bursar, Chapel Hill, N. C. For special information apply to

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Lumbago,	Sprains,	Eruptions,
Rheumatism,	Strains,	Hoof Ail,
Burns,	Stitches,	Screw Worms,
Scalds,	Stiff Joints,	Swinney,
Stings,	Backache,	Saddle Galls,
Bites,	Galls,	Piles.
Bruises,	Sores,	
Bunions,	Spavin	
Corns,	Cracks.	

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its universal applicability. Everybody needs such a medicine.

The Lumberman needs it in case of accident.
The Housewife needs it for general family use.
The Canaler needs it for his teams and his men.
The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench.
The Miner needs it in case of emergency.
The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.
The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.
The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.
The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.
The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.
The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.
The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.
The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.
Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.
Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.
Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

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