

Reporter and Post.

A PAPER FOR THE PEOPLE

Published at the Danbury N. C., Post-office as Second Class Matter.

THURSDAY, DEC. 22 1887.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Oak... in NEW YORK.

THE DAY THE WORLD LOOKED FORWARD TO.

We are now fast approaching the eve of that day to which the world of old looked forward and now looks back to—the anniversary of the birth of the Saviour of mankind, commonly called Christmas. While every nation has its holidays, there is one day which is recognized through all Christendom, for while some consider Christmas in the light of a holy commemoration of the birth of Christ, others keep it as a cheerful social festival. In this way every one may be said to distinguish this day by devotion, by vacation from business, and by merriment. Though the exact year of the nativity of Christ cannot be demonstrated, critics of all schools are verging more and more to the acceptance of 4 years before Christ (that is of what is called the Christian era) as the probable time of his birth. It has been a common tradition that Christ was born about the middle of the night. The custom of the Roman Catholic Church of ushering in Christmas day by the celebration of three masses, one at midnight, the second at early dawn and the third in the morning, is also observed by a portion of the Episcopal Church in having three high celebrations of the Communion at this time, the first at midnight, the second at early morn and the third in the morning. This observance has reference to Christ's second coming in allusion to which St. Mark hath written: "Watch ye therefore: for ye know not when the master of the house cometh, at even, or at midnight, or at the cock-crowing, or in the morning." In closing our journalistic labor for the waning year, the thought crowds itself upon our mind as we sit by the cheerful fire that there is one Christmas the less between the living and the dead.

THE WORD DEMOCRACY.

It is to be hoped that the Democratic party will favor no bills that invade the prerogatives of the States, that give a wide latitude to constitutional construction and theory, that savor of class legislation, or that increase the power of the Federal Government at the expense of State Governments. They ought to be true to their party name—Democrats—a government of the people and by the people and for the people—democracy, the people and *kratos* to govern, to rule.—Wilmington Star.

How many of the leading politicians know that the origin of the word Democracy may be traced as far back as the age of Homer, the greatest of the Greek poets, who lived sometime between 1000 and 800 before Christ. We remember that the word, or expression, occurs in his Iliad though the sentiment in this connection does not inculcate an appreciation for a republican form of government, for he says, Demou kraton estin, which being literally translated means, The government of the people (Democracy) is bad.

OUR READERS ARE WELL ACQUAINTED with the head piece to the month of December in Blum's and other old fashioned almanacs. The stene represents a cheerful open wood fire, with the governor of the house seated on one side indulging in a soothing smoke, and his old woman at his side knitting, against whose chair stands a purring cat, while the faithful dog sleeps at their feet. On the other side of the chimney our gal is occupied at the spinning wheel, and tubby is seated close by apparently interested in looking over the pictures in his primer. It is a comfortable, contented scene. The illustrator who designed this head piece seems to have regarded this month as an off month of the year, to be given up to festive comfort, and homely enjoyment. Such a surrounding could be enjoyed during those dreary, rainy days we have experienced the present week. We were snow-bound early in this month last year. On the whole we have enjoyed quite a pleasant fall, and the indications seem to point to a green Christmas.

BRIEFS OF GENERAL NEWS.

SAT., DEC. 10.

M. Goblet has announced his inability to form a French Cabinet, and President Carnot has appealed to M. Fallieres to undertake the task.

A stay of proceedings has been granted in the case of Herr Most, and he was yesterday released on \$5,000 bail.

The President's annual message to the Congress was laid before that body yesterday, and was presented in full in our exchanges this morning; it is devoted entirely to a discussion of the revenue question, which he holds is the absorbing one of the day, and a sweeping reduction in the tariff customs is ably argued.

In the Chicago market yesterday there was an advance in corn and wheat, and provisions were also higher.

A resolution was introduced in the Virginia Legislature yesterday providing for the appointment of a special committee to consider and report what further legislation, if any, is required in the matter of the public debt.

SUN., DEC. 11

The Egyptian cotton crop will probably amount to 1,850,000 cantars, a falling off in the estimated yield of 150,000 cantars caused by fogs and heat.

The Chicago jail officials are greatly alarmed over the surreptitious possession of contraband articles by the prisoners, and the discovery of a plan for a combined break for liberty; one of the prisoners was found in possession of a 44 calibre revolver and over one hundred cartridges.

Great excitement prevails in Paris over the attempted assassination of M. Ferry in the lobby of the Chamber of Deputies; he was fired at three times, and it is reported he was seriously wounded.

John L. Herndon, a respected citizen of Harnett county, in this State, committed suicide on Friday last by shooting himself through the head; there is no known reason for the deed.

Surgeon General Hamilton says cholera still prevails in Italy, and that quarantine against vessels coming from that country still exists.

Three horse thieves were killed in Kansas, Thursday which breaks up this gang.

Samuel Spencer has been elected President of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, and his salary fixed at \$25,000 per annum.

In the Chicago market yesterday there was a decline in wheat, corn was weak, and pork opened higher.

The glass-workers' strike was inaugurated yesterday; every factory in Pittsburgh Pa., is closed and 55,000 workmen are idle.

An escaped penitentiary convict from Georgia was recently married to a young lady in Mississippi; he was recognized and arrested yesterday, and will be carried back to prison.

Measures have been adopted in Paris to prevent an outbreak following the election of a new President.

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 14.

In the Senate yesterday a number of bills were introduced, among them one for the establishment of a postal telegraph; in the House the committee on Elections was reported and elected, when an adjournment took place until Friday.

Senator Chandler has introduced a bill to regulate the holding of Congressional elections in South Carolina, Florida, Mississippi and Louisiana, something after the order of things which prevailed in reconstruction days.

Violent attacks are being made on the new French government, which it is expected will collapse after the holidays.

The charges against M. Wilson, son-in-law of M. Greys, in connection with the decoration scandal, have been dropped, no case being established against him.

The Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections has decided unanimously to seat Mr. Faulkner, of West Virginia.

The burning of the boot and shoe house of Phelps, Dodge & Palmer, in Chicago, on Monday night, was attended, it is thought, with the loss of several lives.

The British steamship Kimberly is ashore off Cape Henry, and she will probably soon break up; she was abandoned by her crew on Monday.

A fire in a Chattanooga rolling mill, yesterday caused a loss of \$20,000.

Thieves blew open the safe of the treasurer of Botetourt county, Va., on Monday night and carried off \$600 of county bonds.

The Chicago market opened yesterday at advance on the figures of the previous day, but towards the close there was a feeling of weakness in wheat, which had a depressing influence on the market.

A Canadian post office was burglarized on Saturday night last and over \$20,000 stolen.

Grand Master Workman Powderly is suffering from a violent attack of hemorrhage, and his condition is said to be very critical.

The cost of a retail liquor license in Atlanta has been fixed at \$1500.

Several heavy failures are reported from Philadelphia and New York.

Lord Mayor Sullivan, of Dublin, has been carried to Tullamore jail to prevent the daily levees which he was holding in the Dublin jail.

STATE NEWS.

Asheville Citizen: We heard a farmer say yesterday that the farmers of Buncombe were generally in better condition than he had known for years.—There are over two thousand men engaged in gold mining operations in Montgomery and Stanly counties, this State.—Three hundred tobacco wagons in the city in one day, all loaded with the golden leaf, begins to look like business. And it is business, considering the excellent prices obtained.

The Fayetteville News remarking on the business of the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railroad says: "Already great, the possibilities of its near future development rapidly day after day—until its completion shall give us a grand trunk line, setting forth from the fairest city and finest sea-port of North Carolina, to place us, with a few hours of rapid riding, in communication with Cincinnati, Cleveland, St. Louis and other flourishing cities of the West, which in years gone by have seemed set far away from our reach by an immeasurable distance which could not be bridged."

Wilmington Star: The tide in the Cape Fear river yesterday afternoon was "the highest ever known" by some of our long resident citizens. Everything on Eagle Island, opposite the city was flooded, and work on that side of the river was generally suspended. The water was five inches deep on the floor of the office of the keeper of the ferry. The cause was under water from one end to the other, and all the bridges were reported to be afloat. So far as could be ascertained none of them was carried away, nor was any damage caused by the flood other than resulted from the stoppage of travel and the interruption to work at distilleries and in naval stores yards.

We learn from the Winston Daily that Messrs R. J. Reynolds, J. E. Gilmer and S. E. Allen left Winston this week on a prospecting trip to the coal-fields about Walnut Cove, where Mr. Robeson, an Englishman, is engaged in making developments. The analysis of specimens of the coal, by Dr. Genth, of Philadelphia, obtained mostly from the surface gave the following result:

Table with 2 columns: Substance and Weight. Water 179, Volatile matter 2956, Fixed carbon 5839, Ash 746, Sulphur 289, Total 100.00

It is thought as the mines are developed deeper it will prove much better, although the above is not a bad showing as there is much coal that has been mined in the Northern States at paying figures that is no better."

Greensboro Patriot: The Fayetteville & Winston Railroad was sold and bid off by Col. A. B. Andrews Monday at \$8,000. Col. Andrews says that it is the intention of the R. & D. R. Co. to complete the road at an early day.—The State Board of Agriculture met at Raleigh, last week, and applied the knife freely in the reduction of expenses. Governor Beales was by reason of sickness not able to be present, and at his request W. F. Greene presided. The first matter taken up was in reference to salaries. That of the Commissioner of Agriculture was reduced from \$2,000 to \$1,500. The salaries of the chemist and director of the experiment station was reduced from \$2,500 to \$1,800. The salaries of two clerks were also reduced. The board then decided to stop all experiments and scientific work at the State experiment farm. This dispenses with the services of Milton Whitney, who has been in charge of the farm, and really suspends all operations there. Commissioner Robinson was asked by the board to live at the farm and take charge of it. By means of these sweeping reductions the board cut down its expenses for the coming year so as to make them come within \$28,000, which is the way Democrats believe in doing things.

HE WAS GREATLY MISTAKEN.

A Maryland Chemist Deceived Without His Doubt.

I live in the midst of the malarial districts of Maryland, near the city of Washington, and am exposed to all the dangerous influences of the impure air and water of that region.

Being naturally of a strong constitution, I had frequently boasted that no chills and fever or other malarious complaint would ever trouble me.

This was my experience and the condition in which I found myself six months ago. I first noticed that I did not feel so sprightly and vigorous as was my wont to do. I felt tired and enervated. Soon I noticed a distinct and distressing back ache would make its appearance in the afternoon, increasing in severity if the exercise was more than usually violent. Then a stretchy feeling with profuse gaping made its appearance. Then my head, always clear as a bell, would feel heavy and I began to have headaches.

The cold stage was marked with chattering of the teeth, severe rigors passed over me, and no amount of clothing could keep me warm. The chill was succeeded in turn by the fever, in which I seemed to be burning up, the congestion in my head produced a violent pain in the frontal portion and a heated sensation of the eyelids, with an indescribable aching of the lower limbs. Nausea and vomiting occurred with severe retchings, and when the paroxysms passed off I was thoroughly prostrated by a weakness that was felt in every part of me.

I drugged myself with quinine, and obtained some relief. But my respite was of brief duration. I was now so much reduced that I could hardly walk or stand upright. My disease soon culminated in a continued malarial fever which kept me closely confined for about a week. I became exceedingly depressed and melancholy, so much so that I lost interest in my work, and, indeed, scarcely cared what happened to me.

During all this time, it must be understood that I did not neglect medical treatment. All the most powerful remedies were tried, such as liquid arsenate of potash, valerianate of iron, mercury, bromide of potassium, chloride of bismuth, chinoline, chincolina, quinine and several others. All this I did under the advice of eminent physicians.

It was while I was in this deplorable condition that the claims made for Kaskine, the new quinine, as a specific for malaria, were first brought to my attention. I knew nothing of its value to justify my having any confidence in it, but as everything else had failed I deemed it my duty to try it, so I began its use, and its prompt and radical effects were of the nature of a revelation to me. Many people may think the statement scarcely credible, but it is a fact that after only a few days use of Kaskine all the leading symptoms in my case were decidedly abated or ceased altogether; and in a few weeks from the time I took the first dose I was cured.

This was about the first of January, and since then I have experienced no recurrence of the malarial symptoms in any form. A remedy of such exceptional virtue for the cure of malaria ought to be commended and universally made known. I have therefore urged it upon the attention of my friends, several of whom have used it with like good results in every case, and it is with the greatest pleasure and sincerity that I commend Kaskine to sufferers from malaria everywhere.

Respectfully yours, J. D. HIRD, B. A., Assistant Chemist Maryland Agricultural College, P. S.—Should any one wish to address me as to the genuineness of the above letter, I will cheerfully respond.

Other letters of a similar character from prominent individuals, which stamp Kaskine as a remedy of undoubted merit, will be sent on application. Price \$1.00, or six bottles, \$5.00. Sold by Druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price. The Kaskine Company, 54 Warren St., New York, and 35 Farringdon Road, London.

NOTICE.

Having obtained a decree from the Probate Judge of Stokes County to sell the land belonging to the estate of James Hall, sen., deceased, to raise assets to pay debts, I will sell to the highest bidder, for cash, on Friday the 10th day of December 1887, at the late residence of the said James Hall, Sen., 132 acres of land, subject to the widows dower, lying on the waters of Peters Creek, in Stokes County.

THOS. MARTIN, Administrator.

Land Sale.

By virtue of an order made by N. O. Peetre, Clerk of the Superior Court of Stokes county, I will as Administrator of Brazillio Westmoreland, deceased, sell upon the premises on the third day of January, 1888, a tract of land lying and being in the county of Stokes, adjoining the lands of John Davis, Reuben East and others, containing one hundred acres more or less, being the tract of land whereon the said Brazillio Westmoreland lived at the time of his death, being the homestead place. Said land to be sold to the highest bidder for cash.

A. G. JONES, Adm'r. Nov. 29th 1887.

WHAT

WE WANT.

Good Locks to keep thieves out, ALLEN has them.

Weather Strips to keep the cold and snow out. Allen has them

WINDOWS to look out. S. E. ALLEN HAS THEM.

STOVES to keep the cold out. ALLEN HAS THEM on the 2d floor.

LAMPS to keep the dark out. ALLEN HAS THEM at the Old Pfohl & Stockton Stand.

PAINT to keep the damp out. Allen has the Best

Most Anything ELSE

To keep Anything ELSE OUT. S. E. ALLEN Has It.

In short go to him for all the Tinware, Hollow ware, Wood-en ware,

CROCKERY

and

HARDWARE

you may want, at the Old Pfohl & Stockton Stand, Corner of Main and 3d Streets, Winstan, N. C.

C. E. BENNETT. J. A. BENNETT

WINSTON MARBLE WORKS, BENNETT BROS.,

DEALERS IN

Marble and Granite Monuments, Headstones, Tablets, Mantels, &c.,

Opposite Brown's Warehouse, - - Main St., Winstan NC.

Special Designs and Estimates Furnished on Application.

ESTABLISHED 1871. ESTABLISHED 1871

J. W. SCOTT & CO. Wholesale Merchants GREENSBORO N. C.

Are now receiving their spring stock of notions and dry goods.

And almost daily adding to their stock of groceries, Buyers are invited to call in person or send orders by mail.

We hope to build up a large trade with the merchants of Stokes county and all along the line of the C. F. & Y. V. Railroad.

Brown, Browner, Brownest. High, Higher, Highest.

If you would get the very highest price for your tobacco, make up your mind, when preparing it for market, to take it to

Browns Warehouse Winston, N C

Here you will find the largest, best lighted Warehouse in town, one of the best auctioneers in this, or any other State, and larger buyers by the score. That not all, if you would stay but a few hours, or over night, you will find comfortable rooms, plenty of wood, cook stoves upon which to prepare your food good water in abundance and every thing necessary to your comfort (if you have a clear conscience,) while the stalls for your stock are all that you could wish for.

Bring us your tobacco: we will do all in our power to make you comfortable while here, and get what you want most—a big price for your tobacco.

Very Truly BROWN & CARTER

APPLE & WILLIAMS AT THE

Star Warehouse, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Offer their services to the planters of Stokes and adjoining counties for the SALE OF LEAF TOBACCO.

The STAR WAREHOUSE is well and favorably as being one of the BEST LIGHTED houses for the sale of Leaf Tobacco in this section of North Carolina, and being located at the principal Railroad center in the Tobacco Section of the State so that not only the Greensboro buyers, but buyers from this State and Virginia can easily and cheaply reach it. The Proprietors with an experience of a number of years in the Warehouse business, claim that they can get the highest market price for your Tobacco. Hoping to have a full share of your patronage we are, Truly Your Friends, D. A. APPLE & S. G. WILLIAMS

REMEMBER, Ties will be furnished free at every Station on the C. F. & Y. V. R. R. from Stokesdale to Marion, for parties to pack their tobacco in who wish to ship it to Greensboro.