

# THE DANBURY REPORTER.

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## HOW TO CONTROL TOBACCO TROUBLE

**J. O. ROWELL OF STATE COLLEGE MAKES SURVEY IN STOKES—TO DISCUSS SOIL CONSERVATION PROGRAM.**

Stokes county tobacco farmers have suffered the greatest injury this season in many years from the flea-beetle or "flea-bug." This pest has doubtlessly been the greatest factor responsible for the poor stand of tobacco this year. The injury caused by the feeding of the adult beetles or the leaves is only a part of the damage to the plants. The very small larva or "worm" which turns into the flea-beetle, feeds upon the roots and stem and causes serious damage to the growing plant, in some cases sufficient to kill the plant. The larva will cut off the roots and bore into the bark of the shank below the surface of the ground. This injury appears on the shank as small, dark tunnels under the bark and sometimes in the center of the stem, and also as lacerations on the roots and bark of the shank. Every tobacco farmer is probably familiar with the injury of the adult beetles to the tobacco leaves.

The control for the flea-beetle is the same as for the tobacco horn worm. Thorough spraying or dusting with a mixture of Paris Green and Arsenate of Lead is recommended. Mix the poison in the proportions of 1 pound of Paris Green to 5 pounds of Arsenate of Lead. This is known as the "1 in 6" mixture. As a spray, use 2 pounds of the above "1 in 6" mixture to 50 gallons of water. If the dust is preferred use from 3 to 6 pounds of the "1 in 6" mixture per acre according to the size of the plants. The poison should reach the under side of the leaves as much as possible. Repeat applications as often as is necessary to control the beetles.

Flea-beetle activity seems to be slowing up to a slight extent, but horn worms are becoming prevalent. The poison recommended above will control horn worms.

The above findings and recommendations have resulted from a recent survey of the flea-beetle situation in the county, made by J. W. Rowell, Extension Entomologist from State College. Additional information may be secured from the County Farm Agent's office.

### Follow-Up Meetings.

Meetings are to be held at the following places at which time a discussion of the Soil Conservation Program will be given and an election will be held to elect committeemen for each township for another year. Tenants are permitted to vote and the landlords who have tenants are responsible for notifying them about the meeting. Every farmer is urged to attend the meeting in his respective township:

Danbury township, court house,

## Sunday School Convention At Palmyra—Revival Begins June 27.

Walnut Cove Route 1, June 16. —A large crowd attended the Meadows township Sunday School convention held at Palmyra Methodist church last Sunday, June 13. Several interesting programs were given by various churches of the township. Some churches were not represented. The following officers were elected for next year: President, G. Rutledge; Vice-President, J. B. Greene; Sec'y, Herman Boies. It was decided to hold the convention next year at Peniel Holiness church the third Sunday in June. The aim of the officers is to have each church in the township represented by a good program.

Mr. and Mrs. N. S. Mullican and family, Mrs. Martha Ross Smith and children left Monday morning for Carolina Beach. Expect to be gone for a month.

O. P. Greene is remodeling his home which is located on Route No. 1.

Mr. and Mrs. Elwood Hicks of King visited Mrs. Hicks' parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. White, Sunday P. M.

The revival meeting will begin at Palmyra Methodist church the fourth Sunday night in June. The public is cordially invited.

Mr. Gloster Jones of High Point visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Jones, last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Norman Slate visited Mrs. Slate's parents at Tobaccoville Sunday.

## Moser Reunion.

The Moser reunion will meet at Poplar Springs church, 4 miles north of Rural Hall, on the Moore's Springs road, Sunday, June 20. All Mosers, relatives and friends are cordially invited to be present, and bring well filled baskets. All singers are invited to come and take part in the program.

J. W. M.

## Fishing Down East.

John M. Taylor of Winston-Salem and Sheriff J. John Taylor of Danbury are spending a few days fishing in eastern waters. They are at Nag's Head.

June 18, 8 o'clock.

Yadkin township, King school, June 21, 8 o'clock.

Snow Creek township, Sandy Ridge, June 21, 8 o'clock.

Beaver Island township, Dillard school June 22, 8 o'clock.

Quaker Gap township, Reynolds school, June 22, 8 o'clock.

Meadows township, Palmyra school, June 23, 8 o'clock.

Sauratown township, Walnut Cove, June 24, 8 o'clock.

Peter's Creek township, Lawsonville, June 25, 8 o'clock.

Big Creek township, Francisville, June 25, 8 o'clock.

## LETTER FROM BOB REYNOLDS

THE INTERESTS OF THE FARMER WILL BE PROTECTED IN NEW LEGISLATION.

The high degree of Congressional interest in the labor situation, reflected in the current hearings on a proposed minimum hour and wage law, in the studies of strike developments, and in numerous legislative plans for stabilizing labor conditions, is evidence that progress is being made in the effort to improve working conditions and strike a medium as to the respective rights of capital and labor.

Already there are indications that under the drive for unionization of all workers and the plans of employers to meet this wider organization of labor, the public generally will, through the forces of government, be the arbiter of respective rights. In other words, employers and workers, must be and are prepared to adjust their battle tactics to public sentiment. To put it still another way, agencies of government must be prepared to umpire labor difficulties and see that the public interest is fully protected. This is the objective of all new legislation dealing with labor problems.

It is interesting to note that the tremendous strides in labor organization today are under far different conditions than those of seventeen years ago, when trade union memberships passed the five million mark. With the outbreak of the World War, political and economic conditions highly favorable to the growth of organized labor were created. The flow of European orders into this country and later the heavy war purchases by our own government produced a state of great business activity and demand for labor. The stoppage of immigration and the withdrawal of man power for military purposes also helped to tighten the labor market and strengthen the bargain power of labor.

And with industrial peace essential to continued production, the Federal Government encouraged the extension of trade unionism and collective bargaining.

Conditions for the present drive for the stronger organization of labor are, of course, entirely different from those of the war period. Instead of a shortage of labor we have a surplus and unemployment is wide. Personal contracts between employers and employees are fewer. The trend toward larger establishments employing great numbers of workers continues. For labor, this means that workers must place more dependence upon employee representatives. In a word, individual bargaining over terms of employment is being replaced by mass bargaining.

Increased mechanization is a contributing factor to maintaining factory output with fewer

## R. W. STEWART COMES BACK

EFFICIENT DEPUTY SHERIFF OF KING, YADKIN TOWNSHIP, IS INDUCED TO SERVE AGAIN AFTER RESIGNATION — STEWART A STAR OFFICIAL.

R. W. Stewart, who resigned some time ago as deputy sheriff at King, in Yadkin township, has again assumed the canopy of office, and will continue to serve as deputy in that section of the county.

Stewart, so the talk goes, is a highly efficient officer, gets the bootleggers on the hip, without regard to where the chips may fall, but on account of his activity he was subject to some criticism. So he resigned, he is very sensitive to public opinion, and gave up his badge and gun.

The dry folk of the King community put their heads together, and the result is this star officer is now back on his old job.

According to the report, Stewart is one of the most efficient officers of the county, is fearless and conscientious in the prosecution of his duty. His services are considered far too valuable in law enforcement to be dispensed with. After persuasion, he consented to come back.

Mr. Stewart was here Saturday in consultation with Sheriff John Taylor.

## East Bend Party.

Dr. W. G. Leake and daughter, Miss Gypsy Leake; Mrs. Messick, Miss Nell Benbow, Messrs. Conrad Joyner and Jude Spear, East Bend people, attended the dance at Piedmont Saturday night. Dr. Leake was reared in Stokes county, being a son of the late James A. Leake who represented this county in the legislature some 40 years ago.

workers. Small and inefficient plants are being eliminated and regional shifts of factories and scientific management are having great effect. Thus labor's powers of adjustment to changing conditions are even more demanded in the future than in the past.

Obviously, the part of the government in these changes is tremendous. Maximum effort is necessary to the end that neither capital nor labor will encroach on the rights of the public. The farmer, who is directly affected, must be protected. Agriculture occupies a dominant place as a source of supply for raw materials for factories and workers. And Congressional leaders are determined that the rights of the farmer shall not be overlooked as our rural population watches the fight between the organized forces of industry and the organized forces of labor. There are high hopes that Congress will, through desirable and equitable legislation now pending, contribute to a solution of the problem with due regard for the rights of all. —By Senator R. R. REYNOLDS.

## Farmers Are Farmers Only When Farming So Far As Social Security Act Is Concerned — Should Get Account Numbers.

A farmer is a farmer only when he is farming, so far as the Social Security law is concerned, and when he engages in other than agricultural pursuits he comes under the tax and the benefits provisions of the Act, Mr. J. N. Freeman, Manager of the Winston-Salem office of the Social Security Board at the Nissen Building said today.

The same thing is true of the employee of the farmer, Mr. Freeman said.

"All employment, unless specifically exempted by the law itself, is covered by the Social Security Act," Mr. Freeman said.

"Agricultural labor is one of the few employments specifically exempted. Because of this exemption some confusion has arisen over the applicability of the law to farmers and to persons usually engaged in agricultural employment. It should be borne in mind that the Social Security Act does not exclude any group or class as such, but merely exempts certain employments. For example, a person who usually engages in agricultural labor is not exempted from the law when he engages in other employment and not the man which is the determining factor.

"Every farmer who engages in other business, either as an employer or an employee, and every farm worker who undertakes other employment, even though such employment is only temporary, or part-time should file application for a Social Security number. The employer should file for an identification number. Application for this is made on Form SS-4, issued by the Bureau of Internal Revenue. Copies of this form may be obtained from the Collector of Internal Revenue at Greensboro, N. C.

"Employees must make application for a Social Security old-age benefits account number. This application should be made on Form SS-5, which also is issued by the United States Treasury Department. Copies of this account number application may be obtained from any post office or from the Social Security Board office which is nearest to the applicant. After June 30 cards, now issued through the post offices, will be issued by the Social Security Board offices. Information on account applications is held confidential.

"Persons who have any doubt about whether the law applies to them and their employment, or business, should make inquiry at once and get the correct information can be obtained from the Collector of Internal Revenue. The Social Security Board office at the Nissen Building in Winston-Salem was established to aid both employers and employees

## MANY COUNTIES SAY BAND STAND

CONDITION OF TOBACCO CROP PROBABLY 75 PER CENT. — STOKES SUFFERS WITH THE REST — RAVAGES OF BLUE MOLD OR OTHER DISEASES CAUSES DEATH TO THE YOUNG PLANTS

Stokes is not the only county to report a bad stand of tobacco. Yadkin, Surry, Forsyth, Rockingham and other counties are likewise suffering from the effects of blue mold or other diseases which has caused the young plants to die.

A great scarcity of plants is reported throughout this tobacco belt.

It is believed that the crop in this county will be cut 25 per cent. or more owing to the scarcity of plants.

## Off For Bermuda.

Mr. and Mrs. S. G. Sparger and Miss Kate Nicholson will leave this week-end for a vacation of a week or more at Bermuda. This island of the sea is off our eastern coast some 450 miles. It is an English possession, and is a great resort for tourists and sightseers.

## Hailstorm Damages Corn.

A hailstorm visited this section Sunday. Corn in some fields was cut into strings. The storm was accompanied by heavy rain.

## "Cool Knights" Draws Good House

Quite a good house witnessed "Cool Knights," a 3-act musical comedy played in the school house here Tuesday night under the dictatorship of Miss Marjorie Edwards of Maxton. Proceeds were donated to churches here.

The cast was as follows:

Phil Sherwin . . . R. O. Palmer  
Handsome Harry — Alfred Ellington.

Slim Saunders — H. M. Joyce.  
Percival Hall — Joe Martin.  
Prof. Gray — T. H. Houck.

Sam (negro servant) — Bill Trolinger.

Reuben Carter — Lyman Hall.  
Betty Page — Nell King.

Helen Marsh — Lois Martin.  
Olive Branch — Marjorie Pepper.

Tomboy — Prather Hall.  
Mabel Thorne — Mrs. Tootsie Wall.

Miss Dean — Lois Antonokos.  
Pianist — Miss Mary Taylor.

Director — Marjorie Edwards.

Henry Smith, col., caught Saturday by Deputy Sheriff Mac Wall, charged with public drunkenness, was tried by Magistrate T. D. Martin and fined \$1 and cost.

with Social Security law problems."