### The Messenger.

JACKSON & BELL COMPANY.

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WILMINGTON. N. C.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 30.

A BRIEF STUDY OF AN OLD

Booker Washington's pen is fruitful, He appears in print often, and, like his speeches, he is wise and discreet and sincere in what he writes. His one theme is the race question, which he treats with sobriety, good sense and candor. He is by no means a defender of slavery in the south, but he has too much discernment not to see something of its blessings to his race and benefits to humanity. He believes "that southern slavery laid the foundation for the solution of the problem now before the south; that the negro, once taught all should now learn them for his own and his country's, and so bring his mental strength to bear upon the present physical conditions in the south. Meantime, he must keep a strong and courageous heart, and not believe that he can make short cuts, or can better himself by any process of mere mental gymnastics or oratory. In Mr. Washington's opinion the south will gradually reach the point where it will desire an educational or property qualification, or both, applying to both races." If it were not for demagogues of the Pritchard, Russell, Butler, Pearson kind there could be a wise the benefit of both races and to the prosperity of the whole country. Unfortunately while among the darker race there are sagacious, frank and able men who advocate measures that are for the uplifting and happiness of their people, and for the safety and peace of society, there are some prominent negroes who are incendiaries and enemies of both races, although ignorantly as to the negroes, and who are even injecting into the negro mind suggestions of evil that if acted upon generally would end in a race war and in the final expulsion of the negroes from the south. Then there are the white office-seekers and suckers who are mean and devilish enough to so act as to provoke race strife, and all to retain or obtain office. Literally they are the public enemies of the state, and are breeders of strife and sowers of seeds

The Messenger has had so much occasion to write of the negro question within a year or two it has become rather flat and insipid. But constantly there are utterances and published opinion that invite attention and provoke comment. Just now the attention is directed northward. In New York and Pennsylvania the race question and all that attends upon the large influx of negroes into those states, have awakened public attention and much is written in consequence of the developments. The Messenger two or three weeks ago directed attention to the complaints of the Philadelphia press to the disproportion of crimein that city among negroes when their numbers were considered. The New York Morning Telegraph has been doing some very positive and sharp writing as to crimes among the blacks. We give a sample that readers of the Messenger may see how emphatic and forceful northern newspapers can be when they handle the negro at their own doors. The Telegraph says:

of discord and violence between the

races.

'One of the most perplexing problems that confronts the police department of any American metroplis is how to cope with the negro criminals. The great est curse of every great city is its colored population. These black brutes add nothing to the material progress or aggregate wealth of any community but, instead, are a considerable tax on municipal resources and a constant menace to the peace and prosperity of Caucasian citizens. It is the verdict o police officials that, while possibly here may be some good Senegambians they are all in the defunct condition of good Indians. Nothing else serves so well to insure the good behavior of the black brother as six feet of good, heavy soil above his carcass. Their purpose in the econemy of nature is plainer when it is said that they make an excellent fertilizer. No prettier or more satisfying sight can well be imagined than the flowers of Spring blooming above the grave of a negro. Police statistics show a startling in

crease of the ratio of crime as relating black race. The demoralizing effect of such a debasing element can scarce be conceived from figures. The negro is a constitutional incendiary, and nine-tenths of the arson crimes are charged against him. His inclination to theft is innate, and skill in the matter of stealing is regarded as a virtue by most of the race.

That is far too sweeping and denunciatory. It fails to discriminate. As the Messenger has again and again stated, there are two elements or classes among the negroes proper-the kind ly, affectionate, faithful, sober, we'll meaning class, and the low, vicious, unprincipled, saucy, bullying, dangerous class. Southern whites perfectly understand this and "govern themselves accordingly." The "colored" folks are are decent, well behaved, intelligent, official grub, but self-respecting in the main. There are not many Tom Millow" class in Wilmington are not as respectful and well behaved as their parents should compel them to be. But the Telegraph's onslaught is too bitter and vituperative. It shows how quick the north is tiring of "the man and brother" as a a freeman and citizen and toiler, and, perhaps, voter.

### LITERARY GOSSIP.

ed the famous and very instructive

"Notes and Queries." Crawford's "Via Crucis" is popular, as four large editions have been ex- toms. I had doctored with a good hausted in three weeks. The two lead- physician, but I derived very little good ing literary big dailies, New York Tri- from his treatment. After taking a bune and Evening Post do not praise few bottles of your medicine, I was it. The latter rather damns as dull. Walter Bagehot was a very striking author in his day. He was but fiftyone at his death. Sir Grant Duff in a recent address said of him:

"Perhaps its most remarkable feature was its unexpectedness. However well they knew him they could not foresee how he would express himself on any subject, but when they knew it, they had in the immense majority of cases to admit that what he said was admirably said."

The Tribune critic is no special admirer of Zangwell, the English Hebrew novelist. Recently he wrote of him:

"Mr. Zangwill's characteristic traits, as reflected in most of his writings, are not particularly alluring. The epigrams of which he seems so fond are worry about. I felt tired all the time; had upt to be thin and brittle. His philosophy is not very deep, though he has a the time until I began the use of Lydia E. way with him suggesting that he takes

It very seriously." The able and charming historian John Richard Green, the Englishman, said of the greatest living poet, that

language since Shelley, but he can't God, for such gifts to mankind! think." This describes other poets as to the last part, as well as some highly descriptive and sensational latter-day novelists-they "can't think." Swin-

burn is the poet meant.

Mark Twain is writing a novel and Gilbert Parker has one ready. The novels come out each week by the Max Nordau who wrote the "The Decadents," a work that was vastly

abused, but contained no little of truth, writes that Markham, the California poet, "is a great poet," and says that there "is sometimes a Miltonian ring in his verses and Swinburnian richness in his rhymes and rhythms. And as to his philosophy and emotions they are of the noblest kind." Being a foreign born how much does he know of the poets named in the original? To appreciate either they must be read in their

The great Thackeray who so well appreciated true genius of many grades and kinds, gave to Charles Lamb, whose "Elia" is certain of a long life, the name of "St. Charles," a misnomer but showing Thackeray's love and admiration of one of the most original

and absolutely unique essayists and critics of all this world. A new work is issued on "Pompeii: Its Life and Art" by August Mau ,a German archaeologist. It is well translated by Professor Kelsey, of University of Michigan.

London "Literature" makes a remark or prophecy of the novel production in full accord with what the Messenger has iterated and reiterated. It says:

"There are readers and readers, as there are publishers and publishers, south; that the negro, once taught all and some of them know that the best trades for his master's use or benefit, work is seldom that finds a market immediately. Many novels are "booming" to-day will be dead and done with

Judging by the rush of readers for current fiction it would seem as if the least cultivated were the devourers. In the death of John Codman Ropes, of Boston, history has lost its soundest, most conscientious and most judicious American writer. If this country has produced a fair, just, careful historic writer it is he. His work on the "Battle of Waterloo" is by odds the best ever published among scores upon that disputed, misunderstood decisive batand just solution that would tend to the. He was preparing a work on the war between the states and it would

have been as free from local or section-

al prejudice as it would have been pos-

sible for a northern man to have writ-

ten. Fisk teams with misrepresenta-

tion and prejudice and imperfect infor-

mation. He is no historic guide to be To Cure a Cold in One Day Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature

#### is on each box. 25c. THANKSGIVING.

It is very meet and proper that the reople of North Carolina should observe a day of thanksgiving and prayer at least once in a year. A Christian people cannot well afford to disregard this duty which also should be a pleasure. They should not have to await the summons of such typical Christians as William McKinley and Daniel Russell to assemble in solemn worship to thank sincerely Almighty God for His manifold blessings and mercies. The Messenger aforetime insisted that it behooved every Christian church to solemize, a day set apart by it for special praise, adoration and gratitude to the Father of all, and the bestorer of all graces and benefactions and mercies. In the remembrance of the unnumbered bestowments and most gracious protection all who name the name of Jesus should assemble to offer unto their Heavenly Father the sacrifice of broken and contrite hearts. We read a sonnet that appeared nameless in the New York Churchman. It is clearly the expression of an humble, sincere, seeking believer. It is appropriate to any day and today and so we print it. It is en-

TWO THANKSGIVINGS. For all the past, my tender Father, God,

I thank Thee: for the joy, the love, the pain. The rapture of the soul, the thinking

Yea, for the smiting of Thy thorny rod, I thankThee as a child would grateful say Grace after meat before he went to And for my future, cloud or sunshine

Alike slide down from heaven's high battlement: I fear not, but as patient pilgrim waits

Outside the portals of some city's gates, I linger for Thy opening hand to show unknown paths down which my footsteps go.

Ithank Thee, Lord, for all that is to I say this grace before my meat, and

#### then am dumb. ROBERT V. VANCE.

Thousands of North Carolinians will regret to learn of the death of General Robert B. Vance, which occurred near Asheville, on the 28th inst, aged 72. He was an elder brother of the late Senator Vance. He was a Christian gentleman, true in every relation of life, a brave confederate brigadier general, a consecrated Methodist, a man of gifts but inferior to his great brother, and held in high esteem by every one who knew the man. We do not recall ever having met him, but all we ever heard of him was good. The brothers were very much attached to each other. The humorous and witty senator once said, "Bob is a Methodist and I am a Presbyterian. Bob believes in falling from grace but never falls. I do not believe in falling from grace and I am always falling." He served faithfully throughnot included. For the most part they out the great war, and was a representative in the federal congress for thirnot given to the dark crimes, fond of | teen years. He was indeed one of the purest, truest, best of men, without envy and without reproach. We can lers among them, but when revolutions have no doubt that he was fully ready set in the Toms are politely invited to for the inevitable change and that his pack and go and keep going. There are end was peace. But few homes in signs visible that the youth of the "yel- | North Carolina or in southland ever gave to their country two such men as

#### Mrs. Morris' Letter to EVERY WIFE AND MOTHER.

[LETTER TO MRS. PINKHAM NO. 14,363] "I have taken eight bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound It was W. J. Thom, of England, who with gratifying results. I had been married four years and had two children. I was all run down, had falling of womb with all its distressing sympable to do my work and nurse my sevenmonths'-old babe. I recommend your medicine to every wife and mother. Had I time, I could write much more in its praise. I bid you God's speed in your good work."-MRS. L. A. MORRIS, WELAKA, PUTNAM CO., FLA

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM-When I commenced the use of your remedies I was very bad off. Every two weeks I was troubled with flowing spells which made me very weak. I had two of the best doctors, but they did not seem to help

"They said my trouble was caused from weakness and was nothing to no ambition. I was growing worse all Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Iam now able to help about the house, and am much improved in health."-MRS. A. WALKER, CALLICOON DEPOT, N. Y.

he "is the greatest master of poetical Robert and Zebulon Vance. Thank

careless moment the New Orleans States casually alludes to the affair of 1861-65 as "the civil war." We should as soon have expected such a slip from the Atlanta Journal or Richmond Dispatch, or even the staunch old

Wilmington Messenger.-Charleston (S. C.) News and Courier. The Messenger has rarely written it "the civil war." It has preferred the usage of Alexander H. Stephens "the war of the states." But for two or three years, catching the cue from our able friend, Captain Samuel A. Ashe, of Raleigh, an excellent journalist and true ex-confederate officer, we have adopted "the War of Second Independence" as more accurate and expres-

### BREVITIES.

The south now leads the world in its facilities for iron, and in steel work has no equal. Such is the contention of the Manufacturers' Record of Baltimore. Why will not Secretary Long resign? would be a blessing to the country, a relief to the cabinet, and instance of good self-measurement. Let his go quick and not stand on the order of his

Lieutenant Schley, son of the great rear admiral, has been appointed adjutant. He is thirty-five years old. He will do if he is "a chip of the old

American soldiers in the Philippines are cruel and kick their prisoners of war. So it is telegraphed from Manila on 23rd. But mark. The brutes who so maltreat prisoners are negroes. But

why employ such troops? Aguinaldo is a provoking fellow. He is a mean man. He would not let the Americans capture him. He is very naughty as well as troublesome. The able Richmond (Va.) Central

Presbyterian takes this view of Roberts, the polygamist: "He was not lawfully elected in the same sense that a convict in the penitentiary cannot be. One who is a criminal in the eye of the law, has not a title to a seat in a legislative body." The army of the Boers does not exceed 42,000. The British now have in Africa a strong force that is increasing. A call for 10,000 additional troops will

William James is now claimed to be the "father of railways" and not the long honored George Stephenson. In England \$2,000,000 have been raised for the relief fund of those suffering from the African war. A colored member of the W. C. T. U. writes to the Charleston News and

Courier that the evil of drink is very

great among the negroes in South Car-

olina. Is it not the case everywhere? The Messenger called attention a few days a go to the aggressions of the republican party upon the liberties of the people, and the recent outrage perpetrated by them in Kentucky at the late election when United States soldiers were taken to the polls, thus menacing the electors and violating the sacred, supreme, reserved rights of the state. An intimation comes from Washington and Louisville, Ky., to the effect that the republican governor, made so by bolting democrats, "may call upon the president for federal troops to aid in seating Taylor the late gubernatorial candidate on the republican ticket." This may characteristic as it is dangerous to liberty. It is worse, it is a great reflection upon the intelligence, character and rights of the American people. The Houston (Texas)

Post remarks: "It is true that the federal constitution contemplates and authorizes the use of the regular army in influencing or settling matters of local charactter only when the governor of a state shall have exhausted the state's power and resources unavailingly in putting down riot or disorder, but of late years this wise provision has been more than once disregarded and the strong hand of the general government has been felt in directions where it was not rightly used. In a strike i nthe state of Illinois Mr. Cleveland, it will be remembered, used the army against the strikers when the governor of the state not only did not call for Federal aid, but actually protested against the president's action. It is not yet forgotten how the federal troops bolstered up the rotten carpetbag governments of the

south for many years." Tom Reed has a book out he calls "A Manual of General Parliamentary Law, With Suggestions for Special Rules." The way Tom ruled as speaker, being a law unto himself, does not give assurance that he knows anything worth knowing of how to preside over a deliberative assembly. But Teddy indorses parliment or anything worth knowing? He is a "rough rider" in politics and a blatherskite at best. Perhaps Tom tells how not to govern a congress by law. But he lately gave the republithat they will win in 1900. We copy from that goldbug, imperialist organ,

the Philadelphia Record: "So far from sharing in the party exultation over this year's elections, Mr. Reed pointed to the significant fact that in Ohio the Republican candidate for the Governorship, who represented the gold standard and was against the Free Silverism of Bryan and McLean, was a minority of 47,000 in the total vote. This is a strong contrast with the result two years ago in the Buckeye State, when McKinley, who represented the gold standard, had a majority of 37,689 votes over all opposition. "It is not that Mr. Reed thinks that these opposition elements in Ohio and elsewhere are likely to unite against the Republican party in the next Presidential election."

You Try it. If Shiloh's Cough and Consumption Cure, which is sold for the small price of 25 cts., 50 cts. and \$1.00, does not cure

take the bottle back and we will refund your money. Sold for over fifty years on this guarantee, Price 25 cts. and 50 cts. For sale by R. R. Bellamy. STATE PRESS.

Conundrum: If a \$10,000 house and

lot are assessed at \$3,500, what should

assessment on a 10-cent conscience?—Asheville Citizen. No county in this state has made in the last few years or is making now, greater progress than Moore county. Our towns are all prosperous and making material advancement, new brick stores, factories, cotton mill, banks, electric lights, water works, new hotel &c., &c., have been started in the most of them and more are to be built in the near future. Some of our towns are making rapid progress and especially is this true of Sanford and it has a still brighter future before it. Our county outside of the towns is also forging ahead, farms are being improved, new houses being built, new fences put

up, crops are being diversified and places that only a short time and were a barren wilderness are now beautiful fruit farms.—Albemarle Telegram. The Staunton, Va., News calls attention to the fact that "of the stocks held by the New York Life the Equtable and the Mutual Life Insurance Companies of New York at the beginning of the year only \$226,000 was invested south of the Potomac." There is no lack of opportunity for safe and profitable investment of insurance premiums or any other money in the south, but what is needed here is not so much that these Northern companies re-invest here all or a part of the money they collect here, as that south-ern people organize and conduct their own insurance companies and get the dividends as well as the benefit of a part of the surplus. The Staunton paper says the northern companies would find southern cotton mills and iron furnaces yielding as good returns as

the railroad, bank and trust company stocks in which they put their money.— Charlotte Observer. Negro Teachers Charged With Forgery Lumpkin, Ga., November 29.-Four negro public school teachers in county have been arrested at the in-stance of Colonel Tomlinson, county school commissioner, on a charge of presenting forged teachers' licenses purporting to be from adjoining coun-

THE SHELL-FISH COMMISSION

Messenger Bureau,

Question as to Salary of the Old Commissioner - Number of Crop Liens Greatly Reduced-Our Congressmen on Question of Seating Congressman-Elect Roberts.

Raleigh, N. C., November 29. Theophilus White, chief shell fish commissioner, is here, and will attempt to have the supreme court pass at once on the question as to his salary. His friends say the only question is whether he will receive the \$75 per month which he was paid formerly. or the \$2,800 a year which the last legislature fixed as the salary of the entire board of seven shell fish commissioners. It would be a great surprise if the supreme court decided him entitled to the salary of seven men. Congressman Atwater, of this district, was here yesterday. He is a populist-democrat and says he will go in the democratic caucus. He also says he will object to the taking of the oath of Roberts, of Utah, if no one else will

do so. He declares that the virtue and the decency of this country oppose the seating of Roberts. The register of deeds of this couny says that the number of crop liens and mortgages this year is very much less than in former years. This is a good sign. The great majority of the farmers are in good spirits. Eightcent cotton is now practically in sight. The equity and law dockets of the United States circuit court will be taken up here next month by Judge Purnell. There are forty cases on the two

Revenue officers made a raid in Moore county last night and captured an illicit distillery of 100 gallons ca-In the supreme court today the first case taken up was a free pass case

against the Southern railway. It is from Burke county. The suit is for the issue of a free pass to T. N. Hallyburton. The complaint set forth that this was discrimination, in violation of the railway commission act of 1891. In the lower court the indictment was quashed, on the ground that the act of 1899 creating the corporation commissio repealed the act of 1891. Then there was an appeal. Ex-Justice Avery appeared against the Southern today and argued that, since the decision by the supreme court in the Abbott-Beddingfield case the act of 1891 has never lost it validity and force, the case under argument has equal vitality, and that the Abbott-Beddingfield decision sustains the bill of indictment. The state charters the Elizabeth City Milling Company, capital \$8,000, stock-holders George Beveridge and others. It will grind rice, corn, oats, etc. The attorney general today began the compilation of this year's returns of criminal statistics. It is the belief that it will show a decrease of crimes as compared with previous years. Congressman Bellamy says in an interview for The New York Herald in regard to the matter of the admission

of Roberts to congress: "The allegation against Mr. Roberts should be investigated by a congressional committee and report made to the house. His case shall then receive my conscientious consideration, being governed by the evidence and the constitution and laws." Congressman John H. Small, of the First district says in a similar inter-"I have not vet considered care fully the question of the expulsion from congress of Representative Roberts, of Utah. Considered purely as a moral question, only one conclusion seems possible, but it may well be that Mr.

Roberts has acquired certain rights guaranteed by the constitution and the aws which the house cannot safely disregard. The right to expel a member conferred by the constitution is not to be exercised in response to sentiment, prejudice or even on moral grounds, but only within the limitation imposed by law. Utah is a sovereign state and a majority of the qualified electors have chosen this representative in congress. It is no light matter to over-ride the will of the people and the people of the south have a peculiar interest in maintaining the rights of representatives bearing the credentials

Grand Master of Masons Noble calls a meeting of the grand lodge at Asheville tomorrow for attending the funeral of the late General Robert R. Vance.

THE FLORIDA SENATORSHIP.

Charges of Taliaferro's Election by Fraud or Bribery Denounced as

Jacksonville, Fla., November 29.-As the charges filed by ev-Senator Call against the Florida legislature were so widely published throughout the 'nited States stating that Senator Taliaferro was elected to the United it, but then what does Teddy know of | States senate by corrupting the Florida legislature, a representative of the Associated Press sought an interview with Senator-Elect Taliaferro, but he treats the charges with silent contempt. In order to inform the public at large as to the truth of the charges, cans a warning. He is not cock-sure interviews have been secured from those in a position to speak with authority.

State Senator H. H. McCreary, one of Call's leaders in 1897 and one of the leading opponents of Senator Talliaferro in the legislature of 1899, says: "There was no cleaner or more gentlemanly contest. Senator Taliaferro's victory was due to his superior generalship and Senator Pasco's overconfidence. The charges of Senator Call are an insult to the Florida legislature and to the state, and the United States senate should treat them with the contempt they deserve. Hon. Frank Adams, president of the and pronounces them baseless.

Florida senate, denounces the charges Hon. Robert McNamee, speaker of the house, says the contest was the cleanest ever conducted in the state of Florida and that Call's charges are buncombe for some ulterior political motive yet to be disclosed.

Sick Headaches. The curse of overworked womankind are quickly and surely cured by Karl's Clover Root Tea, the great blood puri-fier and tissue builder. Money refund-ed if not satisfactory. Price 25 cts. and 50 ets. For sale by R. R. Bellamy.

A Honduras Company Chartered. Richmond, Va., November 29.-The Virginia-Honduras Plantation Company, with a maximum capital stock of \$300,000, was granted a charter here today. The company has a big grant from the Honduras government to cover valuable rubber trees and fruit lands, both of which they will develop. Large local and northern capital is represented.

The Best Perscription For Chills. and Fever is a bottle of Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. The formula is plain-ly printed on each bottle, showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. Imitators do not advertise their formula because if they did they know that you would not buy their know that you would not buy their medicine. Be sure then that you get Grove's, as the formula shows what you are taking. NO CITHE NO PAY Right of Military Authorities to Close

Jacksonville, Fla., November 29-Two important suits involving the right of military authorities to close stores which are considered detrimental to the health of the soldiers were decided here today. The United States was the real defendant in both, although both were directed against Colonel W. T. Durbin, who commanded the One Hundred and Sixty-first Indiana regiment in Jacksonville in the camp of 1898. Two merchants who established stores near the regiment and sold fruit, liquor and other prohibited articles and refusing to close on request, were ordered to close by Colonel Durbin. Both brought suit, claiming heavy damages and in one the verdict gave \$300 and in the other the finding was for the defend-ant. The claim for damages was based on the alleged forcible manner in which the stands were closed and the threats that were said to have been made by the colonel. The court charg-ed that the military authorities had the right to resort to the closing of the stores if the evidence showed that the injury to the soldiers was real and not imaginary and to use force if neces-

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7th September, 1899. oans and discounts..... \$369,413.49 Capital surplus and profits... \$120,820.02 Sonds at par..... Sanking house furniture and Circulation ..... 117,300.00 Total deposits..... Bills payable..... edemption in fund with U. Banks ..... 97,210.13

\$611,423.62

We are steadily plodding along, doing a safe and conservative business. We will be pleased to have your account, and offer you absolute safety, and all of the accommodation that account will warrant, and at the very best rates possible. J. W. YATES.

JOHN S. ARMSTRONG. President.

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STANDS FIRST ON THE HONOR ROLL OF NATIONAL BANKS IN WILMINGTON AS TO STRENGTH. -AND LEADS THE STATE IN DEPOSITS AND ASSETS

-BUT-WE WANT MORE BUSINESS AND ACCOUNTS, NO MATTER WHETHER LARGE OR SMALL. LEE H. BATTLE, Cashier. J. W. NORWOOD, President



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That fits a man, feels as comfortable, looks as nice and wears as easy as his skin. Next to that comes our cele-

MEN'S \$3.50 SHOES

Snow's name on the straps is sufficient guarantee that they ARE ALL RIGHT.

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Dressed and undressed now on sale, and all the "fixings." Before supplying yourself with your THANKSGIV- THE ING dinner, give us an opportunity its CRANBERRIES. CELERY, MINCE MEAT.

JELLIES, PRESERVES. and anything else you want in staple and fancy groceries. You can get here The Direct Line to All Point lower than anywhere else in the city, quality considered.

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Only White Enameled Lined Oven s and Doors that will absolutely stand. hese we will warrant in every partic ular.

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TAKE A LOOK AT MY Clothing, Overcoats, Shoes,

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SOME NOBBY THINGS FOR MEN AT MODERATE PRICES.

A. SHRIER.



was the old advice as to how to catch your bird. Caution is necessary in the selection of your Thanksgiving turkey if you buy from a market less reliable than the undersigned. We will will have nothing but the best corn and pea fed birds, tender, juicy and delicious in flavor, and fat enough to make it rich and lucious in eating. Our Thanksgiving stock of meats will be

### I. B. RHODES

TRULED ERVICE

Front Street Market.

TO ALL POINTS. Schedule in Effect November 5th, 1899 Train 41.—Leave Wilming.on 3:05 p. m., arrives Lumberton 5:15 p. m., Pembroke 5:35 p. m., Maxton 6:06 p. m., Laurinburg 6:23 p. m., Hamlet 6:53 p. m. Connects at Hamlet with trains for Monroe, Charlette lotte, Athens, Atlanta and all points south; and with trains for Raleign, Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points north.

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Train 41.—Leaves Portsmouth 9:20 a. m.,
arrives Weldon 11:43 a. m., Raleigh 3:26

p. m., Sanford 5:05 p. m., Hamlet 6:55 p.
m., Wadesboro 8:10 p. m., Monroe 3:12
p. m., Charlotte 10:25 p. m., and Atlanta
5:20 a. m. Train 38.—Leaves Atlanta 8:50 p. m., leaves Charlotte 5:00 a. m., arrive Monroe 5:45 a. m., Wadesboro 6:51 a. m., Hamlet 7:43 a. m., Sanford 9:52 a m., Raleigh 11:13 a. m., Weldon 2:50 p. m., Portsmouth 5:20 p. m. Act. Cashier

Train 38 .- Leaves Hamlet 8:20 a. n., arrives Laurinburg 8:46 a.m., Maxton 9:05 a.m., Pembroke 9:31 a.m., Lumberson 9:53 a.m., Wilmington 12:05 noon. Train 403.-Leaves Washington 5:00 p m., Richmond 9:00 p. m., Portsmouth 8:45 p. m., Weldon 11:10 p. m., arrives Raleigh 2:14 a. m., Sanford 3:33 a. m., Hamlet 5:07 a. m., Wadesboro 6:01 a. m., Monroe 6:53 a. m., Charlotte 8:00 a. m., Atlanta 2:50 Train 403.—Leaves Charlotte 8:10 a. m., arrives Lincolnton 9:22 a. m., Shelby 10:10 a. m., Rutherfordton 11:25 a. m. Train 402.—Leaves Rutherfordton 4:55 p. m., arrives Shelby 6:05 p. m., Lincolnton 6:56 p. m., Charlotte 8:20 p. m., Monroe 9:10 p. m.

Train 402 - Leaves Atlanta 12:00 Arrives Monroe 9:30 p. m., Wadesboro 10:30 p. m., Hamlet 11:10 p. m., Sanford 12:55 p. m., Raleigh 2:00 a. m., Weldon 4:55 a. m., Portsmouth 7:25 a. m., Rich-4:55 a. m., Portsmouth 7:25 a. m., Richmond 8:15 a. m., Washington 12:41 מבר. Train 18.-Leaves Hamlet 7:15 p. m Arrives Gibson 8:10 p. m. Returning leaves Gibson 6:50 a. m. Arrive Hamlet 7:40 Train 17.—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 a. m. Arrives Cheraw 10:00 a. m. Returning leaves Cheraw 5:00 p. m. Arrives Hamlet All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18. Trains make immediate connection at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chai-

Nashville, Memphis, Macon and For Tickets, Sleepers, etc., apply to THOS. D. MEARES. Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

ST. JOHN, Vice President and General Manager, H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager. V. E. McBEE, General Superintendent. L. S. ALLEN, Gen'l Pass. Agent. General Offices, Portsmouth, Va.

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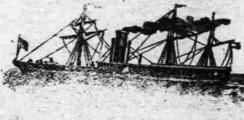
R. L. VERNON. F. R. DARBY, C. P. & T. A., T. P. A.. Charlotte, N. C. Asheville, N. C. No trouble to Answer Questions.

Washington, D. C.

FRANK 8 GANNON, JAJULP A TURK

3d V.P. & Gen. Man. Traf. Man G.P.A

NEW YORK, WILMINGTON, N. C. AND GEORGETOWN, S. C., LINES.



NEW YORK FOR WILMINGTON, SAGINAW .... Saturday, Dec. 2nd S. S. RICHMOND. Saturday, Dec. 9th WILMINGTON, N. C., FOR NEW

S. S. RICHMOND...Saturday, Dec. 2nd S. S. SAGINAW....Saturday, Dec. 9th FROM WILMINGTON, N. C., FOR GEORGETOWN, S. C. Hats and Men's Furnishings S. S. RICHMOND. Tuesday, Nov. 28th S. S. SAGINAW ... Tuesday, Dec. 5th

The steamer New York carries passengers. The steamer Oneida does not carry passengers.
Through bills of lading and lowes through rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina. For Freight apply to H. G. SMALLBONES.

THEO. G. EGER, Traffic Manage

ALLANIO COAST LINE Schedule in Effect Nov. 19th, 1899, Departures from Wilmington. NORTHBOUND.

PAILY NO. 48.—Passenger.—Due Mag9:45 A. M. nolia 11:19 a. m., Warsaw 11:38
a. m., Goldsboro 12:26 p. m.,
Wilson 1:16 p. m., Rocky Mount
1:53 p. m., Tarboro 2:31 p. m.,
Weldon 4:32 p. m., Petersburg
6:21 p. m., Rickmond 7:25 p. m.,
Norfolk 5:55 p. m., Washington
11:30 p. m., Baltimore 1:00 a. m.,
Philadelphia 3:50 a. m., New
York 6:63 a. m., [Boston 3:00

p. m.

DAILY NO. 40.—Passenger.—Due Mag6:50 P. M. nolia 8:20 p. m., Warsaw 8:33
p. m., Goldsboro 9:27 p. m., Wilson 10:20 p. m., [Tarboro 7:04
a. m., Rocky Mount 11:11 p. m.,
Weldon 1:00 a. m., [Norfolk
10:25 a. m., Petersburg 2:35 a.
m., Richmond 3:23 a. m., Washington 7:01 a. m., Baltimore
8:23 a. m., Philadelphia 10:35 a.
m., New York 1:03 p. m., Boston
9:00 p. m.

DAILY NO. 50 .- Passenger .- Due Jackexcept sonville 4:13 p. m., New Bern Sunday 5:40 p. m. 2:25 p.m.

SOUTHBOUND. DAILY NO. 55 .- Passenger .- Due Lake NO. 55.—Passenger.—Due Lake
Waccamaw 4:56 p. m., Chadbourn 5:28 p. m., Marion 6:34
p. m., Florence 7:15 p. m., Sumter 8:57 p. m., Columbia 10:20
p. m., Denmark 6:12 a. m., Augusta 7:55 a. m., Macon 11:15
a. m., Atlanta 12:35 p. m.,
Charleston 10:50 p. m., Savannah 1:50 a. m., Jacksonville 7:30
a. m. St. Augustine 10:30 a. m. a, m., St. Augustine 10:30 a. m., Tampa 6:06 p. m.

WEST BOUND. Passenger. — Due Fayetteville 12:12 p. m., leaves Fayetteville 12:25 p. m., arrives Sanford 1:48

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON-FROM THE NORTH. DAILY NO. 49.—Passenger.—Leave Bos-5:50 P. M. ton |1:03 p. m., New York \*9:00 p. m., Philadelphia 12:06 a. m., Baltimore 2:50 a. m., Washing-ton 4:30 a. m., Richmond 9:05 a. m., Petersburg 10:00 a. m., Norfolk 9:00 a. m., Weldon 11:50 a. m., Tarboro 12:21 p. m., Rocky Mount 12:52 p. m., Wil-son 2:40 p. m., Goldsboro 3:21 p. m., Warsaw 4:12 p. m., Magno-lia 4:25 p. m. m., Warsaw 4:12 lia 4:25 p. m.

DAILY NO. 41.—Passenger.—Leave Bos9:40 A. M. ton 12:00 night, New York 9:00
a. m., Philadelphia 11:33 a. m.,
Baltimore 1:46 p. m., Washington 3:07 p. m., Richmond 6:48 p.
m., Petersburg 7:21 p. m., Norfolk 2:20 p. m., Weldon 8:58 p.
m., [Tarboro 6:00 p. m., Rocky
Mount 6:40 a. m., leave Wilson
6:20 a. m., Goldsboro 7:01 a. m.,
Warsaw 7:56 a. m., Magnolia
8:09 a. m.

DAILY NO. 51.—Passenger.—Leave New except Bern 9:00 a. m., Jacksonville Sunday 10:26 a. m. 2:15 p. m. FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY NO. 54.-Passenger-Leave Tam-1:15 P. M. pa 8:10 a. m., Sanford 3:07 p. m.,
Jacksonville 8:00 p. m., Savannah 1:45 a. m., Charleston 6:33
a. m., Atlanta 7:50 a. m., Macon
9:00 a. m., Augusta 2:30 p. m.,
Denmark 4:17 p. m., Columbia
6:40 a. m. Sumter 8:10 p. m. 6:40 a. m., Sumter 8:10 p. m., Florence 9:50 a. m., Marion 10:30 a. m., Chadbourn 11:34 a. m., Lake Waccamaw 12:03 a. m.

EAST BOUND. 40 A. M. Passenger.—Leave Sanford 2:30 p. m., arrive Fayetteville 3:41 p. m., leave Fayetteville 3:46 Daily except Sunday. Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Ben-

nettsville 8:15 a. m., Maxton 9:20 a. m., Red Springs 9:53 a. m., Hope Mills 10:42 a. m., arrive Fayetteville 10:55 a. m. Re-turning leaves Fayetteville 4:40 p. m., Hope Mills 4:55 p. m., Red Springs 5:35 p. m., Maxton 6:15 p. m., arrive Bennetts-ville 7:15 p. m. Connections at Favetteville with train No. 78, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad. Train between Rocky Mount and Richmond leave Rocky Mount 7:00 a. m., arrive Weldon 8:06 a. m., arrive Petersburg 10 a. m., arrive Richmond 11:05 a. m.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3:55 p. m., Halifax 4:15 p. m., arrives Scotland Neck at 5:08 p. m., Greenville 6:57 p. m., Kinston 7:56 p. m. Returning leaves Kinston 7:50 a. m., Greenville 8:52 a. m., arriving Halifax 11:18 a. m., Weldon 11:33 a. m., daily

fax 11:18 a. m., Weldon 11:33 a. m., daily Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:10 a. m., and 2:30 p. m., arrive Parmele 9:10 a. m. and 4:00 p. m., returning leave Parmele 9:35 a. m. and 6:30 p. m., arrive Washington 11:00 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday 5:30 p. m., Sunday 4:15 p. m., arrives Plymouth 7:40 p. m., and 6:10 p. m. Returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday 7:50 a. m., and Sunday 9:00 a. m., arrives Tarboro 10:06 a. m. and 11:00 a. m.

Trains leave Goldsboro daily except Sunday 7:05 a. m., arriving Smithfield 8:10 a. m. Returning leaves Smithfield 9:00 a. m., arrives at Goldsboro 10:25 a. m. Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9:30 a. m., 3:40 p. m., arrives Nashville 10:10 a. m., 4:03 p. m., arrives Nashville 10:10 a. m., 4:03 p. m., Spring Hope 10:40 a. m., 4:05 p. m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 11:00 a. m., 4:55 p. m., Nashville 11:22 a. m., 5:25 p. m., arrives at Rocky Mount 11:46 a. m., 6:00 p. m., daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsawe Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton daily, except Sunday, 11:40 a. m. and 4:15 p. m. Returning leaves Clinton 7:00 a. m. and 2:50 p. m. Trains leave Pee Dee 10:02 a. m. arrive Latta 10:24 a. m., Dillon 10:36 a. m., Rowland 10:54 a. m. returning leaves Rowland 10:54 a. m., returning leaves Rowland 6:00 p. m., arrives Dillon 6:20 p. m., Latta 6:35 p. m., Pee Dee 7:00 p. m. daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Board-man 3:00 p. m., Chadbourn 5:35 p. m., ar-rive Conway 7:40 p. m., leave Conway 8:30 a. m., Chadbourn 11:20 a. m., arrive Boardman 12:25 p. m. Dally except Sun-Trains leave Sumter 5:13 p. m., Manning 5:41 p. m., arrive Lanes 6:17 p. m., leave Lanes 8:34 a. m., Manning 9:09 a. m., arrive Sumter 9:40 a. m. Daily. Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9:30 a. m., 7:40 p. m., arrive George-town 12:00 m., 9:00 p. m., leave George-town 7:00 a. m., 3:30 p. m., arrives Lanes 8:25 a. m., 5:55 p. m. Daily except Sun-

Trains leave Florence daily except Sun-

Trains leave Florence daily except Sunday 9:50 a. m., arrive Darlington 10:15 a. m., Hartsville 9:15 p. m., Cheraw 11:30 a. m., Wadesboro 12:35 p. m. Leave Florence daily except Sunday 7:56 p. m., arrive Darlington 8:20 p. m., Bennettsville 9:17 p. m., Gibson 10:20 p. m. Leave Florence Sunday only 9:30 a. m., arrive Darlington 10:05 a. m. Darlington 10:05 a. m.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday 6:00 a. m., Bennettsville 7:00 a. m., Darlington 8:00 a. m., leave Darlington 8:50 a. m., arrive Florence 9:15 a. m. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 4:10 p. m., Cheraw 5:15 p. m., Hartsville 7:00 a. m., Darlington 6:29 p. m., arrive Florence 7:00 p. m. Leave Darlington Sunday only 8:50 a. m. arrive Florence 9:15 a. m. Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1:58 p. m., 10:25 p. m., arrive Selma 2:48 p. m., 11:10 p. m., Smithfield 3:62 p. m. Dunn 3:40 p. m. Fayetteville 4:25 p. m., 12:19 a. m., Rowland 6:00 p., m. returning leave Rowland 10:54 a. m., Fayetteville 12:20 p. m., 9:45 p. m., Dunn 1:04 p. m., Smithfield 1:43 p. m., Selma 1:50 p. m., 10:54 p. m., arrive Wilson 2:35 p. m., 11:31 a. m.

Trains leave Sumter 4:25 a. m., Creston 5:19 a. m., arrive Denmark 6:12 a. m., Returning, leave Denmark 4:17 p. m., Creston 5:15 p. m., Sumter 6:03 p. m. Daily.
Trains leave Creston 5:45 a. m. arrives Pregnalis 9:15 a. m. Raturning leaves Pregnalis 10:00 a. m., arrives Creston 3:30 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Elllott 10:35 a. m., and ar-

# Daily except Sunday, Sunday only. H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent, J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager, T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.

Time Table in Effect Oct. 22, 189. EASTBOUND TRAINS. Leave Goldsboro 3:40 p. m. Leave Kinston 4:32 p. m. Leave New Bern 5:50 p. m. Arrive Morehead 7:02 p. m.

WESTBOUND TRAINS. Leave Morehead 7:27 a. m. Leave New Bern 9:00 a. m. Leave Kinston 10:12 a. m. Arrive Goldsboro 11:05 a. m. S. L. DILL, Superint undent.



