

**DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE**

It has cured nearly every one who has used it for any of the following ailments: **Peculiar** - It restores the system, creates an appetite, and gives the system the strength it needs. **To itself** - It restores the system, creates an appetite, and gives the system the strength it needs. **100 Cures One Dollar**

**J. A. CLARK, Barber.**  
AT CORNER OF OLD STAND.

I have just received my new line of the very best styles and am prepared to give old and new customers the best attention. Cleanliness and sharp tools - special attention.

**CALL IN AND SEE**  
**E. P. DAVIS**  
New line of  
**WATCHES, CLOCKS,**  
AND SILVERWARE.

Gold and Plated Jewelry of the Latest Designs.

Gold, Gold Filled, Silver and Nickel Watches.

Clocks from \$1 to \$8.  
Silverware, both hollow and flat.

All are fully warranted and are offered at reasonable prices.

**ATLANTIC ELECTRO-POSE CO.**

The Electro-Pose is an instrument for the cure of disease without medicine.

**SALESMEN WANTED**  
AT ONCE

ALBION & BARRY, RICHMOND, N.Y.

**PORTRY.**

The Society upon the Mountains... I am not up to small death or any staff... And I'll tell in simple language what I know about the law... But first I would remark that it is not a proper plan... For any scientific gentleman to write his fellow man... And if a member don't agree with the peculiar views... To let for that same member for to "put a head" on him.

**CLEVELAND THE MAN**

**HE WINS ON THE FIRST BALLOT!**

**GEN. ADLAI E. STEVENSON NOMINATED FOR VICE-PRESIDENT!**

The great never-to-be forgotten Chicago convention has assembled and dispersed and has well done its great work. The statesman and patriot whose name heads this article was nominated for President of the United States on the first ballot. It was no surprise to us. It was just what we expected and hoped for.

We give below from the Charlotte Observer the Presidential vote. It follows:

Alabama, Cleveland 14, Morrison 4, Campbell 2.  
Arkansas, Cleveland 6.  
California, Cleveland 18.  
Colorado, Hill 3, Boies 5.  
Connecticut, Cleveland 12.  
Georgia, Hill 5, Gorman 4, Cleveland 17.  
Idaho, Boies 6.  
Illinois, Cleveland 48.  
Indiana, Cleveland 30.  
Iowa, Boies 20.  
Kansas, Cleveland 20.  
Kentucky, Carlisle 6, Boies 2, Cleveland 18.  
Ending with Kentucky, Cleveland has 294.  
Louisiana, Boies 11, Cleveland 8, Hill 1, Gorman 1.  
Maine, Hill 1, Whitney 1, Gorman 1, Cleveland 9.  
Maryland, Cleveland 6, Gorman 9.  
Massachusetts, Cleveland 24, Hill 4, Boies 1, Russell 1.  
Michigan, Cleveland 25.  
Minnesota, Cleveland 18.  
Mississippi, Hill 3, Gorman 4, Boies 8, Cleveland 8.  
Missouri, Cleveland 24.  
Montana, Boies 6.  
Nebraska, Cleveland 15, Gorman 1.  
Nevada, Boies 4, Gorman 2.  
New Hampshire, Cleveland 8, Hill 1, Gorman 20.  
New York, Hill 72.  
North Carolina, Stevenson of Illinois 12, Morrison 1, Cleveland 8, Boies 4.  
North Dakota, Cleveland 16, Boies 18.  
Ohio, Cleveland 13, Gorman 5.  
Oregon, Cleveland 16.  
Pennsylvania, Cleveland 48.  
Rhode Island, Hill 1, Gorman 1.  
South Carolina, Hill 1, Gorman 1.  
South Dakota, Hill 1, Gorman 1.  
Tennessee, Hill 1, Gorman 1.  
Texas, Hill 1, Gorman 1.  
Utah, Cleveland 2.  
Vermont, Cleveland 8.  
Virginia, Cleveland 12, Hill 11, Gorman 1.  
Washington, Cleveland 8.  
West Virginia, Cleveland 7, Hill 1, Pattison 1, Gorman 3.  
Wisconsin, Cleveland 24.  
Wyoming, Gorman 3, Cleveland 3.

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Wisconsin, Cleveland 24.  
Wyoming, Gorman 3, Cleveland 3.

**THE NOMINEE FOR VICE PRESIDENT.**

We have not the space to give the vote for vice president. Several were placed in nomination as follows: Gray, of Indiana; Adlai E. Stevenson, of Illinois; Allan R. Morse, and John L. Mitchell, of Wisconsin.

**THE PLATFORM.**

Following is the text of the Democratic platform adopted at the Chicago convention:

Section 1. The representatives of the Democratic party of the United States in national convention assembled, reaffirm their allegiance to the principles of the party as formulated by Jefferson and exemplified by a long illustrious line of his successors of Democratic leadership from Madison to Cleveland. We believe the public welfare demands that these principles be applied to the conduct of the federal government through accession to power of the party that votes them; and we solemnly declare that the need of a return to these fundamental principles of free, popular government, based on home rule and individual liberty, was never more urgent than now, when the tendency to centralize all power at the federal capital has become a menace to the reserved rights of the States that strikes at the very roots of our government, and undermines the constitution as framed by the fathers of the republic.

Section 2. We warn the people of our common country, jealous for the preservation of their free institutions, that the policy of the federal control of elections to which the Republican party has committed itself, is fraught with the gravest dangers, scarcely less momentous than would result from a revolution practically establishing monarchy on the ruins of the Republic. It strikes at the North as well as the South, and infuses the colored citizen even more than white; it means a horde of deputy marshals at every polling place, armed with federal power, retaining bonds appointed and controlled by federal authority, the wrongs of the electoral right of the people in the several States, the subjugation of the colored people in the heart of the party in power, and the reviving of those antiquated and oppressive laws, the safety and happiness of which is assured by a leading Democratic Statesman: "The most serious and fatal error committed by the threshold of the Senate."

Such a policy, if sanctioned by law, would mean the dominance of a self-perpetuating oligarchy of office holders, and the party first entrusted with its machinery could be dislodged from power only by an appeal to the reserved right of the people to resist oppression which is inherent in all self-governing communities. Two years ago this revolutionary policy was emphatically condemned by the people at the polls; but in contempt of that verdict, the republican party has definitely declared in its latest authoritative utterance that its success in the coming elections will meet the enactment of the force bill and the usurpation of despotic control over election in all States. Believing that the preservation of republican Government in the United States is dependent upon the defeat of this policy of legalized force and fraud, we invite the assistance of all citizens who desire to see the constitution maintained in its integrity with the laws pursuant thereto which have given our country a hundred years of unexampled prosperity; and we pledge the Democratic party, if it be entrusted with power, not only to the defeat of the force bill, but also to relentless opposition to the republican policy of profligate expenditure, which in the short space of two years has squandered an enormous surplus and emptied an overflowing treasury after piling new burdens of taxation upon the already overtaxed labor of the country.

Section 3. We reiterate the oft-repeated doctrine of the Democratic party that the necessity of the government is the only justification for taxation, and whenever a tax is unnecessary it is unjustifiable: that when custom-house taxation is levied upon articles of any kind produced in this country the difference between the cost of labor here and labor abroad, when such difference exists fully measures any possible benefits to labor and the enormous additional impositions of the existing tariff fall with crushing force upon our farmers and workmen, and for the mere advantage of the few whom it enriches, exacts from labor a grossly unjust share of the expenses of the government, and we demand such a revision of the tariff laws as will remove their iniquitous inequalities, lighten their oppressions and put them in a constitutional and equitable basis. But in making reductions in taxes, it is not proposed to injure any domestic industries, but rather to promote their healthy growth.

Section 4. We denounce the republican legislation known as the Sherman act of 1890, as a cowardly makeshift, fraught with possibilities of danger in the support, as well as its author, anxious for its speedy repeal; we hold to the use of both gold and silver without discrimination against either metal or charge for postage, but the dollar unit of coinage of both metals must be of equal intrinsic and exchangeable value, or to be adjusted by international agreement or by such safe guards of legislation as shall insure the maintenance of the party of the two metals and the equal power of any dollar at all times in the market and in the payment of debt; and we demand that all paper currency shall be kept at par with gold and redeemable in such coin. We insist upon this policy as especially necessary for the protection of the farmers and laboring classes, the first and most defenseless victims of unstable money and a fluctuating currency.

Section 5. We recommend that the prohibitive ten per cent tax on State bank issues be repealed.

Section 6. Public office is a public trust. We reaffirm the declaration of the Democratic national convention of 1876 for the reform of the civil service, and we call for the honest enforcement of all laws regarding the same. The nomination of a president as in the last Republican convention by delegates consisting largely of his appointees holding office at his pleasure is a scandalous satire upon free popular institutions and a startling illustration of the method by which a President may gratify his ambition. We denounce a policy under which federal office holders usurp control of party convention in the States and we pledge the Democratic party to the reform of those and all other abuses which threaten individual liberty and local self-government.

Section 7. We recognize in trusts and monopolies, which are designed by capital to secure more than their just share of the joint product of capital and labor—a natural consequence of prohibitive taxes, which prevents the free competition, which is the life of honest trade, but we believe their worst evils can be abated by law, and we demand the right enforcement of laws made to prevent and control them, together with such further legislation in restraint of their abuses as experience may show to be necessary.

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**KOMICAL KOLLUM**

**Old Lady**—"Well, wonders will never cease."  
**Dime Museum Manager**—"I should hope not."  
"I beg your pardon, ma'am, but your account is overdrawn."  
"Dear me. Why I've got a whole lot of checks left."  
"Yesterday I told Seegal-mayner that his club consisted of block heads, and to-day I hear that I have been elected an honorary member!"  
**Cholly**—"I am very fond of little outings."  
**Maud** (awakening 11 p. m.)—"I would never have guessed it!"  
**Bloobumper**—"What's this story I heard about your going to marry a princess?"  
**Spatts**—"Well, she's a King's Daughter."  
**Foster** (pocketing a bill)—"Thanks awfully, old man; I'll never forget this."  
**Trotter**—"Oh! I'll attend to that."  
"How is you gettin' long?"  
"Fine. 'Ps dribbin' a dog kyart now."  
"Go way!"  
"Yaas. I is. I se wuh'kin fur de pound."  
**Miss S.**—"Some one told me the other day tha that you had received seven preposals this winter."  
**Miss P.** (complacently)—"Yes, I have."  
**Miss S.**—"Who is the man?"  
**Publisher**—"I wish you would write us a good sea story."  
**Great Author**—"But I have never been to sea."  
**Publisher**—"I know it. I want a sea story that people can understand."  
**Amiable Tourist** (to guide)—"That's a very imposing statue, guide."  
**Guide**—"Indeed you are right, sir; most people are imposed on by it. They think 'tis marble, but it's only painted timber."  
**Teacher**—"Your answer to the problem about two men build a fence calls for six days too much."  
**Bright Boy**—"Six of the days was Sundays, an' they dont count."  
"O, that must be too lovely for anything," said Hortensia, when she read an account of a stage robbery in the far West.  
"Lovely to be robbed!" asked Uncle John.  
"Lovely to be held up," said Hortensia with a roseate blush.

**STATS NEWS.**

A gentleman who has just returned from a trip through Stokes reports the cross the best that has been known in that county for several years.

Judge Bynum fined a deputy sheriff of Burke county \$5 for drinking out of the water pitcher instead of using a tumbler near by.

One of the finest as well as largest iron mines in this State is near Knap of Reeds, Granville county, and will soon be in operation by a Pennsylvania firm.

Irish potatoes are lower than they have been in years, and the crop is larger. In some instances, it is understood, the amount brought on the market will not pay transportation.

The Progressive Farmer will be continued by Mrs. L. L. Polk, owner and proprietor, and with the same editorial and business management it has had in recent years during the life of Col. L. L. Polk.

Some one from Chatham county writing to the Raleigh Chronicle suggests the name of ex-Governor Jarvis as Chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee. This would be a capital selection.

The grandson of E. T. Williams of Lincoln, N. C. who was kidnapped by tramps last March has been found in Norfolk, Va.; so says a dispatch to the New York World.

The Durham Globe says that the knitting mills are being enlarged and the capacity is to be increased—more hands will find employment. The two cotton mills are sure to go up.

The Greensboro Record says the road to the Battle Ground has been put up in fine condition, and bicycles make the five and one-half miles in twenty minutes. Buggies make it in forty minutes.

Those who are finding gold bearing quartz near Dabney, in Granville county do not probably remember that there was considerable prospecting for gold, on Tabbs Creek road, 3 1/2 miles from Oxford in 1874.

The Washington Gazette has information from chief shell fish commissioner, Col. W. H. Lucas, that there will be a meeting of the oyster commission on July 5th at Ocracoke; and a general meeting of the State, to which all other interested are invited, on August 17th.

The Newbern Journal is pleased to note an increase of local representation in the management of the N. & W. C. railroad. Mr. Jas. A. Bryan, one of the two vice-presidents of the road, and Hon. Francis D. Winston, of Windsor, Bertie county, has been appointed solicitor for the road.

The suit for an injunction, restraining the West Asheville and Sulphur Springs railway from laying its tracks on Depot street and Patton avenue, Asheville, brought by the Asheville street railway company, was heard at Bryson City before Judge W. A. Hoce. The injunction was refused. An appeal was taken.—State Chronicle.

The Wadesboro Messenger says that tents and camp equipment sufficient for the accommodation of a large force of men are now at the Chesapeake & Salisbury depot, and Capt. Gardner, chief engineer of the Atlantic Coast line, is expected on day this week to take charge of it. Capt. Gardner will be accompanied by a corps of engineers, and they will immediately proceed to survey a railroad from Wadesboro to Winston.

Wilmington, Monday. While a lot of business were being opened a new day at the Moore S. W. Building, a big store at the corner of the street, a big building was started, and it was expected to be a big success. The new building was started at the corner of the street, and it was expected to be a big success.

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