

LINCOLN COURIER.

F. S. STARRETTE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

LINCOLN, N. C., FEB. 5, 1894.

ENTERED IN THE POST OFFICE AT LINCOLN AS SECOND CLASS MAIL MATTER.

Subscription—Cash in Advance.

Yearly \$1.25, 6 months .75, 4 months .50.

Rates of Advertising.

One inch, one time, \$1.00; 25c for each subsequent insertion.

Two inches, one time, \$1.50; 50c for each subsequent insertion.

Three inches, one time, \$2.00; 75c for each subsequent insertion.

Four inches, one time, \$2.50; \$1.00 for each subsequent insertion.

Special rates for one-half and one-fourth column; also, for any advertisement continued longer than two months.

THE BOY.

An Object Full of Interesting Study.

All men have passed through boyhood, but few have a perfect knowledge of the creature. His ways are past finding out. He can devise more plans in less time than any other living creature, and if properly managed he will put many useful plans into execution.

To know how to manage boys is one of the questions of greatest moment.

Many of these mysterious beings grow up under bad management and thus prove a failure.

But why is this? This is an important question, that we now propose to consider in a brief manner. Boys are like young horses in one sense—they naturally love to kick and frolic, but it will not do to turn them out to graze too often or let them run at large too much. It is one of the essentials in their lives that they be carried and rubbed down frequently, but this must be done by one who thoroughly understands the business, and his comb must be suited to the temperament of the boy. Some boys, like some horses, do not love to be carried as it is not congenial to the feeling. In such cases wisdom must be used in the selection of comb or brush and the best mode of applying the same.

Sometimes Kind Words is the best instrument that can be used to keep the boy from kicking, but you must not tell him that you are going to give him a good curving and then neglect the performance of that duty; if you do you will find that he will kick vehemently the next time, and in a short while will kick clear out of harness and run away from your control entirely.

"I don't see why my boy is not as easy to control as my neighbor's," is often heard. One reason, and the main one, is that you turn him loose to get clear of his noise and playful glee, and you don't care where he is so he does not bother you. He is your trust and it is an important part of your life to look after him, study him. Make home so attractive for him that he will prize it above all other places. Let him have his hours to frolic and then impress upon him the fact that before him lies a great field for usefulness and that he must prepare to enter this field. His first conquests may be over wasps, yellow jackets, humbees or snakes. He will learn important lessons from all these, and they are foes that he will surely meet, but a little later in life he will meet still greater foes and he must be armed for them.

Dens of vice will invite him to their haunts, and the way is easy to find when the boy has such an early start.

Let parents keep a watchful eye on these tender buds lest they open out into degradation and fade into oblivion.

IRON STATION.

Some Interesting News Pertaining to that Little Town.

A highly interesting entertaining entertainment was given on last Saturday at the close of Prof. R. B. Sullivan's school. The day was a gloomy one and the exercises were held in open air—the school room not being large enough. The crowd was large, considering the day. The exercises consisted of dialogues, recitations &c., and the pupils ac-

quitted themselves very creditably. We cannot give the names of all who took a part in the programme, therefore we will not mention names. There is timber in that locality for great structures, and if a good workman is always kept at the helm we may expect some day to hear of some of those boys in our legislative halls. The girls, of course will stand high in their sphere.

Mr. Sullivan is held in high esteem by these people.

Iron Station is a small town but it can boast of three churches—Methodist, Presbyterian and Lutheran. It has a flouring mill and saw mill. There are two thriving stores, Reinhardt & Morris and Smith & Rendleman. Both do a good business. Mr. Dellinger keeps the only boardinghouse or hotel in the place, and we are told that none ever go away from him hungry.

Mr. Dellinger is not a very large man, but his neighbors say of him that he has a wonderful big heart for a man of his size. While at his home we were shown by him a parlor ornament made by a tramp, that surpassed anything that we have ever seen in that line. The tramp asked for a piece of an old goods box that lay upon the ground and in a few minutes he had converted it into a thing of beauty by making several fans and bouquet holders without detaching a splinter from the piece. The man we think could easily make a living without tramping.

About eight couples of young people, who attended the closing exercises of the school, spent Saturday evening in dancing. Two fiddlers and a banjo picker furnished the music for the occasion.

Washington Letter.

Correspondence of COURIER.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5, 1894.—Senator Voorhees, by virtue of his position as chairman of the Senate committee on Finance, has taken command of the Wilson tariff bill which confounded its enemies by the large majority it received in the House last week. That no time will be wasted by the committee in reporting the bill to the Senate is made plain by these words from Mr. Voorhees: "We realize that what the country needs is repose, and believing that the passage of the bill will be in the interest of the country at large and will be soon followed by a revival of business activity, we shall do all in our power to have the bill disposed of at the earliest moment possible." Sen. or Jones, of Arkansas, is chairman of the sub-committee of the Finance committee that will have immediate charge of the tariff bill. He thinks the bill can be reported inside of three weeks. There is one very noticeable feature about tariff discussions here just now—the know-it-alls have ceased prophesying that the bill will be torn to pieces in the Senate. Another thing that is exciting comment is the strength of the income tax in the Senate.

The House discussion of the Hawaiian question, which will end tomorrow with the adoption of a resolution satisfactory to the democrats, brushed away a great many cobwebs and brought the question down to a common sense basis, to say nothing of having brought about the complete squelching of the clove of the House, Boutwell, of Maine.

The bond issue is now an accomplished fact, and the \$58,000,000 which will be paid for them will be in the Treasury as soon as the bonds can be signed and delivered at the designated depositories. The opposition in Congress is quieted down so far as may be judged by outward appearance, although some of the populists are still bitter in their denunciations.

Chairman Wilson, of the House Ways and Means committee, is also chairman of the Executive committee of the National Association of democratic clubs, members of which have been notified to attend a special meeting in this city on the eighteenth of this month. While it is not so stated in the call, the principal object of meeting is to help to push the Wilson tariff bill through the Senate, by means of the organization of the association of clubs.

In other words, the democratic clubs of the country will be asked to let the democratic Senators know that the Wilson bill meet their approval and should be passed without delay other than that which is absolutely necessary. It is hoped that the Finance committee will have reported the bill to the Senate by the time the club committee

meets. The House committee on Rivers and Harbors will grant me to hearings, as the time of the members will be fairly taken up in preparing the bill. The bill will probably carry a smaller appropriation than for a long time, and few improvements except those already under way will be provided for.

The House committee on Banking and Currency decided by a vote of 9 to 8 not to report a bill for the repeal of the tax on state bank currency. That is supposed to end the matter for this session so far as this committee is concerned, but members of the House who favor the repeal of the tax may try to get it before the House as an amendment to some other measure.

As a specimen of the dodges that are being resorted to by those who are opposed to the government's printing its own postage stamps that of bringing a committee here with a petition from the New York plate printers, setting forth the distress that would fall upon them should the government take this work away from them, is about the most transparent yet resorted to. The lowest private bidder for the work is a Philadelphia concern. So that the New York company is bound to lose the work, whether it comes to Washington, where it really belongs, or not.

The committee on Coinage has favorably reported to the House Mr. Bland's bill for the coinage of the seigniorage in the Treasury and the issuing of silver certificates against it. Mr. Bland will endeavor to get the bill acted upon at once. It is understood that Secretary Carlisle favors the bill, and the general impression is that it will pass.

The Sundry Civil Appropriation bill has been reported to the House. It carries a total of \$32,291,382, which is \$9,409,923, less than the same bill carried at the last session of Congress.

President Cleveland is being very much misrepresented concerning the nomination of Mr. Peckham to the vacancy in the Supreme Court. Having nominated the man he thinks fitted for the position, he, of course, would like to see him confirmed, but he has done absolutely nothing to influence the vote of any Senator, and has no intention of doing anything. It is a prerogative of the Senate, to confirm or to reject.

Cherryville Letter.

MR. EDITOR:—It has been some time since I have attempted to write anything for the COURIER, for the reason that I arrived at the conclusion that the Editorial department as well as the reading community did not fancy my style of false syntax, poor orthography, and general display of Democratic principles. There is a possibility of a writer going over the scribble in vindication of a pet scheme or principal which I have already tried to avoid, but like many others have weak points to battle with, and maybe I have not overcome them all. I have now tried to advocate a one purpose tariff for revenue, and if we can't run the government on that principle; why, then I think it would be better to strike down the principle of indirect taxes and drive directly at principle of indirect taxes and drive directly at principles of free trade and direct taxation, which, when properly understood would be far the most satisfactory system of defraying the expenses of the nation government. Every purchase would buy at a price covering the actual expense of the raw material and cost of manufacturing. This would be much cheaper, handier and better in every conceivable way for poor consumers than as now provided for in the proposed tariff of free raw material with 45 per cent protection to the manufacturer. Isn't this true Capt. Sumner? Under the present indirect system of tax or tariff as it is called; though it is nevertheless a tax indirectly paid and collected under a false face which is deceiving its millions and hence the fallacy and fraud. Isn't this true Capt. Edwards? Under an honest system of direct taxation every man would pay tax according to his ability to pay, at which no honest man can justly complain. Isn't this correct, friend J. C. Cobb? This is the only plan I can see to bring the administration of the national government to proper economical terms. Isn't this a fair view of the situation, friend V. A. McBea? I have written four names of obnoxious friends knowing them to be honest thinking men whom I believe after mature thought will

refused to set it aside, saving the points could be made in the Supreme Court. A motion was then made to set aside upon the ground of error in law for standing juror Hawley aside after he had been tendered by the State and accepted by the defense. This was refused. The defense then asked that sentence be deferred, as they thought they could produce an affidavit showing that one of the jurors had expressed his opinion before going into the jury box that the defendant was guilty and ought to be hung. Judge Bryan left it open until today at 10 o'clock. General surprise is expressed at the verdict, as few anticipated a verdict of more than murder in the second degree, and many expected an acquittal.—Charlotte News.

Do not put off taking a medicine. Numerous little ailments, if neglected, will soon break up the system. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla now, to expel disease, give strength and appetite.

Lowville Letter.

ED. COURIER:—We were truly glad to see the article, "The twenty sweetest words" from the pen of R. Z. J. It was both interesting and instructive. Were we to arrange them as they suggest themselves to us now, it would be somewhat in this wise:—1, love; 2, wife; 3, children; 4, mother; 5, father; 6, sister; 7, brother; 8, truth; 9, honor; 10, hope; 11, faith; 12, friendship; 13, peace; 14, kindness; 15, rest; 16, purity; 17, child; 18, virtue; 19, woman; 20, MAN. Love is the sweetest word, to our mind, that the English language contains. It is the essence of all the others suggested. Now it might be of interest to know some of the words that are repulsive. We would be glad to have the twenty bitterest words as they suggest themselves to our learned friend, R. Z. J. It seems to us that the bitterest words are 1, hatred; 2, malice; 3, envy; 4, deceit; 5, lie; 6, bragging; 7, contention; 8, backbiting; 9, virago; 10 quarrelling; 11 coward, 12 fear, 13 grumbling, 14 cursing, 15 cheat, 16 steal, 17 strife, 18 hypocrisy; 19 stingy, 20 boasting. Let us hear from others.

There are still some little lights asking who we are, through the Mercury. The latest is "Fencil Pasher" who pushes his pencil near Repeville. He is remembered as the fellow who tried to "push" one of our county officers out of his office in '92—if we guess aright. Maybe he will be more successful in his pencil pushings. By the way, the Mercury must be a great paper sure. We see it so stated in almost every item on its editorial pages.

Mrs. Ella Newell of Stanley Creek is visiting here.

The Public school here will close next Monday.

Rev. J. W. Clegg is holding a protracted meeting at Hill's Chapel church this week.

A severe storm of wind and rain passed over here about 11 p. m. last Saturday night. We never heard rain fall faster. It only lasted about five minutes and was gone.

Mr. Thos. Washam, of Davidson, visits here quite often of late. Guess he will extend one of his visits to your town ere many weeks.

Charles Bellinger says the third party at Denver and Erie made an assignment last week, with "the equite" as its assignee, and it must be true as Obas is very truthful.

Deputy sheriff, M. S. Hagar, is kept quite busy trying to straighten the crooked ways of our people.

Mrs. Torrence, of Gastonia, has been here on a visit to her father, Rev. J. J. Kennedy.

Reports say that our young Doctor will soon take unto himself an helpmeet.

Our worthy Postmaster Mr. W. C. Withers and his good wife have had a severe tussel with the gripp.

Yours very truly, BILL SHANKS.

Lowville, N. C., Feb. 6, 1894.

Guilt in the First Degree.

The court finished its long, weary trial in the Fuller murder case at Fayetteville yesterday afternoon. Judge Bryan finished his charge to the jury at 1 o'clock and they retired. At 3:15 o'clock it was announced that they had agreed upon their verdict. The judge, prisoner and lawyers were soon in court, and amid breathless silence the usual questions were asked the jury, and they responded: "Guilty to murder in the first degree."

Counsel for the prisoner immediately moved to set the verdict aside, assigning various reasons. The Court declined to do so. They retired a few minutes and produced an officer in charge of the jury that he had given them whiskey on two occasions and had allowed them to separate by locking eleven in a room and locking the other in a barber shop, that he had left them several times, that he had allowed them to read the Wilmington Messenger, but instructed them not to read the reports of the trial. Judge Bryan

NOTICE!

A mortgage having been executed by L. A. Dellinger and wife Mary Dellinger on the 17th day of May 1893, and recorded in Lincoln County Register book 70, page 14, to secure payment of a debt then contracted.

Default having been made at maturity, the said mortgage, by virtue of the power vested under said mortgage, will sell at public auction, for cash, at Lowville post office, on Monday 26th day of Feb. 1894, at 12 o'clock noon the lands described in said mortgage situated in Catawba Springs Township, Lincoln county, adjoining the lands of Sherod, Late S. Starling Wauson, A. J. Dorr and others containing twenty-three (23) acres. This the 16th day of January 1894.

S. J. Lowe, Mtgee.

North Carolina Superior Court Lincoln County Spring Term 1894. R. G. EA, J. P. J. S., and G. A. Proctor, S. E. Spencer, V. R. Clifford F. K. Howard, J. D. and M. J. Lockman, C. v. S. S. Summons.

H. O. Proctor, Benanda Lockman, and Levi Lockman. State of North Carolina, to the non-resident defendants Benanda Lockman and Levi Lockman, Greeting: You are hereby summoned to be and appear before His Honor Judge of the Superior Court of Lincoln County at the term of said Court to be held at the Court House in Lincoln Co. on the fourth Monday after the first Monday in March next, being the second day of April 1894 and make yourself proper parties to the action pending in said Court as above entitled. You are further notified that this is an action begun by the above named cestui que trust for the purpose of vacating and setting aside the probate of the will of H. S. Proctor now on file and probated in the Superior Court of Lincoln County, the estate to which will has been duly filed by said cestui que trust and transferred to the Superior Court of Lincoln County for trial at Spring Term 1894. Witness my hand and official seal this 5th day of Jan 1894.

C. E. CHILDS, C. C. C., Lincoln Co., N. C.

Jan 12 1894.

FOR CASH In Advance

You can get the

LINCOLN COURIER

ONE YEAR FOR \$1 00-6 M 65 CTS.

PUBLISHED AND EDITED BY F. S. STARRETTE, LINCOLN, N. C.

Subscribe AT ONCE.

LINCOLN MARKET.

Table listing market prices for various goods: Cotton, Wheat, Corn, Meal, Flour, Pork, Bacon, Butter, Honey, Eggs, Rags, Hides, Wool, Apples, Peaches, Sweet Potatoes, etc.

FOR DYSPEPSIA, Indigestion, and Stomach disorders, use BROWN'S IRON BITTERS. All dealers keep it. 41 per bottle. Genuine has red-mark crossed red lines on wrapper.

NOTICE!

A mortgage having been executed by L. A. Dellinger and wife Mary Dellinger on the 17th day of May 1893, and recorded in Lincoln County Register book 70, page 14, to secure payment of a debt then contracted.

Default having been made at maturity, the said mortgage, by virtue of the power vested under said mortgage, will sell at public auction, for cash, at Lowville post office, on Monday 26th day of Feb. 1894, at 12 o'clock noon the lands described in said mortgage situated in Catawba Springs Township, Lincoln county, adjoining the lands of Sherod, Late S. Starling Wauson, A. J. Dorr and others containing twenty-three (23) acres. This the 16th day of January 1894.

S. J. Lowe, Mtgee.

North Carolina Superior Court Lincoln County Spring Term 1894. R. G. EA, J. P. J. S., and G. A. Proctor, S. E. Spencer, V. R. Clifford F. K. Howard, J. D. and M. J. Lockman, C. v. S. S. Summons.

H. O. Proctor, Benanda Lockman, and Levi Lockman. State of North Carolina, to the non-resident defendants Benanda Lockman and Levi Lockman, Greeting: You are hereby summoned to be and appear before His Honor Judge of the Superior Court of Lincoln County at the term of said Court to be held at the Court House in Lincoln Co. on the fourth Monday after the first Monday in March next, being the second day of April 1894 and make yourself proper parties to the action pending in said Court as above entitled. You are further notified that this is an action begun by the above named cestui que trust for the purpose of vacating and setting aside the probate of the will of H. S. Proctor now on file and probated in the Superior Court of Lincoln County, the estate to which will has been duly filed by said cestui que trust and transferred to the Superior Court of Lincoln County for trial at Spring Term 1894. Witness my hand and official seal this 5th day of Jan 1894.

C. E. CHILDS, C. C. C., Lincoln Co., N. C.

Jan 12 1894.

FOR CASH In Advance

You can get the

LINCOLN COURIER

ONE YEAR FOR \$1 00-6 M 65 CTS.

PUBLISHED AND EDITED BY F. S. STARRETTE, LINCOLN, N. C.

Subscribe AT ONCE.

LINCOLN MARKET.

Table listing market prices for various goods: Cotton, Wheat, Corn, Meal, Flour, Pork, Bacon, Butter, Honey, Eggs, Rags, Hides, Wool, Apples, Peaches, Sweet Potatoes, etc.

FOR DYSPEPSIA, Indigestion, and Stomach disorders, use BROWN'S IRON BITTERS. All dealers keep it. 41 per bottle. Genuine has red-mark crossed red lines on wrapper.

JUST RECEIVED

ONE PRICE Cash Store,

A big Lot of Ladies Straw Hats in the latest spring styles. We have a beautiful lot of Street Hats ranging in price from 25 to 75 Cents. Nice lot of Ladies Caps at 50 Cts., and the prettiest lot of New Spring Veiling that has been shown in many a day, prices from 10 to 35 cts.

Ask to see the Newest thing in Ladies Kid Gloves. The most stylish glove worn now are those large four pearl button Kid gloves.

Large stock of Ladies and mens belts from 10 to 75 cents. Belts will be very much worn this spring.

Gentlemen OUR SPRING STOCK OF FUR HATS

As we have just received an elegant stock in the very latest styles and we are offering them at prices that defy competition.

Ask to see our Mens Fur Alpine Hats at \$1.00. Nice Assortment of Mens Caps from 10 to 50 cts.

Respectfully, Jenkins Bros.

The Courier Job Office

IS THE PLACE TO GET YOUR BILL HEADS, LETTER HEADS, ENVELOPES AND ANY OTHER KIND OF JOB WORK YOU WISH.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

ORDERS BY MAIL ATTENDED to Promptly.

Notice!

To the citizens of North Carolina and adjoining States:

I call your special attention to my Double Stock Plows, Cotton planters, Cotton Harrows and Gibbs Plows, the best on the market.

You can afford to lose a number of meals, as there is money saved; but you cannot afford to lose the opportunity of buying the above mentioned farming implements, as there will be money lost. I still keep the Camel Skin Shoe, and my \$3.00 Congress Shoe in Stock. I also keep a general line of merchandise and everything a specialty. Respectfully, F. A. TOBY.