

## LOCAL AND BRIEFS

### THE WHO COME AND GO

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### Change Partners

Mr. J. T. Dies has purchased the interest of Mr. West Warren in the Holmes-Warren Co. store, and will give his personal attention to assisting Mr. Dies. This firm carry a good general line, dry goods, notions, shoes, hats, etc., and groceries. They run two stores adjoining, and keep them full. Clever attention and reasonable prices, have won for this firm a popular place in the public esteem.

### Killed His Man.

Nash Lane was shot in the head Saturday night at Haw River by John Trolinger. Lane died Sunday. They were both colored. It is said that the difficulty was provoked over a misunderstanding about a game of cards. Trolinger had one of those pistols the State encourages him to buy, but prohibits him from carrying, and of course he had no other use for it than to kill a colored brother.

### A Social Dance.

It seems that there is a social dance in the Club room above Holmes and Warren street every Friday night. It is a kind of a society affair. Prof. William Satterfield, chief violinist, and Prof. Lafayette Brooks, chief banjo picker. Professor Brooks seems to enjoy the innocence of the performance much, but says he can't afford to play if any one attempted the Buny rug, or the Turkey trot. Professor Brooks is a very modest young man.

### Bad Phone Service.

The bell Telephone Company might very much improve its service without doing any more for the public than it should of be expected to. The long distance calls are a source of annoyance beyond measure. The sound of the voice is so imperfect that it is most difficult in some cases, and impossible in others to hear at all. A phone company owes it to the public to give a prompt, and efficient service, and when it has an employee that can not do this it should make haste to put one in who can.

### In The Horse Business

Mr. Ralph Vincent and Mr. West Warren have formed a partnership for the conduct of a sales stable. Mr. West Warren starts West this week to buy a lot of horses. These are both clever gentlemen, and will be sure to treat you right. We wish them much success, and feel sure they will achieve it. When you need a good horse, or good pair of mules go to these fellows, and they will make the price right for cash, or on time. The Leader wishes for them the best of good luck.

### Keep Clean.

Rev. Mr. Swain devoted much of his sermon Sunday night to discussing how essential cleanliness was to Godliness, in other words how vitally important it is to keep clean, and your surroundings in a good sanitary condition. In order to properly worship God he thought it all important that one should have a strong healthy clean body.

### Bryantitis.

The North Carolina Legislature displayed much wisdom in its session Tuesday in voting against inviting Bryan to come and tell them what he knew about running a Legislature, and other things. This Bryantitis is getting to be a public affliction. People will want to consult Bryan after a while about how much sugar they must put in their coffee. Bryan did not create Wilson, and it's a nasty gag to say he did. He accepted him after creating a condition he could not control, and Wilson became the inevitable.

### He Carved Him Up

Henry Enicks found John Lee at his home Sunday night keeping company with Enicks wife. When Enick saw this he pulled out his trusty razor, and proceeded to carve Lee up in true cannibal style. Several cuts across the throat, one missing the jugular vein by a fraction, and a general slicing up of Lee's face, shoulder, and arm, all pretty bad cuts. Dr. J. M. Thompson called Monday morning and sewed up the wounds. It seems that Enicks had warned Lee to keep away from his home, or something might happen to him, but Lee took the chances with the above result. They were both colored, the cutting took place in the suburbs of Mebane. Lee lived a short distance in the country.

### The Penitentiary.

There seems to be quite a determined movement to sell the penitentiary and get rid of it, and some legislators have been heard to say that they did not care if this course is taken. On the other hand it is argued that there must be a place to receive convicts, for the electrocutions and many other things.—Raleigh Times.

### An Accident.

Mr. W. W. Satterfield met with quite a painful, but not serious accident Monday morning. It seems that his dog, (against orders) had followed him up town, and he, in trying to chase the dog back home stepped on a loose stone and fell across the railway track, his nose and face coming in contact with the steel rail which left a bad bruise. Ed Farrell says that the Southern Railway Company will expect damages, but Mayor Shaw, after a careful examination of the premises, thinks that the Southern people are not entitled to damages, as there are only a few bruises on the steel rail of the main line and hopes that the matter will not go any further.

One man in Sing Sing for 20 years, another convicted and to be sentenced, five under indictment and awaiting trial, and another indicted and being so on, is the record of the prosecution to date in the investigation of the alleged fire bug "trust."

We worship not the Graces, nor the Parcae, but Fashion. The head monkey at Paris puts on a traveler's cap and all the monkeys in America do the same.—Thoreau.

### Free of Charge

We will publish free of charge a notice for those wishing employment, man or woman.

### Hillsboro News

Miss Ida Lloyd left Monday for Durham where she take a business course.

Miss Annie Brown spent two days in Durham last week.

Mrs. Ed Steward has been very sick for several weeks.

Dr. Beaman of Durham preached in the Hillsboro M. E. church last Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Elia Walker spent last week in Hillsboro.

Mr. and Mrs. John Laws went to Durham Friday to visit Mrs. Laws sister Miss Allie Graham who has been sick for some time. She is much improved.

Mr. Hugh Smith of Mebane spent Sunday in Hillsboro with his sister, Mrs. R. T. Damm.

The Ladies Aid and Missionary society met with Mrs. Ormand last Thursday afternoon at 3:30.

The Senior League meets in the M. E. church every Friday night at 7:30.

The Juniors League meets every Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Miss Mary Whitaker returned to her home at Gibsonville last Sunday after spending several weeks with her sister Mrs. V. L. Kenion.

### THE STATE JOURNAL

#### New Democratic State Weekly is Chartered.

The State Journal of Raleigh was chartered last Friday with Mr. A. J. Field who was private secretary to Governor W. W. Kitchin, R. F. Beasley of Monroe and W. F. Marshall, of Raleigh, as the incorporators. The capital is \$50,000 authorized, and \$2,000 subscribed. Of the stock authorized \$10,000 is to be preferred, bearing 10 per cent dividend. The expectation is that the paper will be issued within a very short time.

As stated above Fields was Mr. Kitchin's private secretary, and we might add that Beasley of Monroe was Mr. Kitchin's right hand man during the senatorial primary. Beasley may be able to do a right smart of deviltry in Raleigh but it wont last long.

### MEBANE METHODIST PROTESTANT CHURCH.

Preaching each 2nd and 3rd Sunday at 11 a. m. and every Sunday night, Sunday school 9:45. Prayer meeting Thursday night at 7:30.

W. E. Swain, Pastor. J. L. Amick, Supt. of Sunday School. The public cordially invited to all these services. Bring a friend with you.

### Mebane M. E. Church South.

Rev. F. B. Noblitt, Pastor. Walter Lynch, Supt. S. S. N. H. Walker, Assist. Supt. Preaching every 3rd Sunday at 11:00 A. M. and second Sunday night at 7:30 P. M.

Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 7:30 and a union prayer meeting every Sunday after noon at 3:00 o'clock conducted by the young men of the town.

Sunday school every Sunday beginning at 9:45 a. m. Everybody welcome to all these services.

### Why Catch Him?

Under this heading the Rock Hill Herald reports the offer by Governor Blease of a reward of \$100 for the arrest with proof to convict, of the party or parties who murdered E. D. Smoak, the deaf mute, near Cedar Springs, several nights ago.

The answer is easy: Until the criminal has been caught and sentenced it is beyond the constitutional power of the Governor to pardon him.—Va. Pilot.

### Is the Government Responsible?

Test cases, involving the liability of the Federal Government for flooding by levee construction of some \$7,000,000 worth of land along the Mississippi River, are expected to be decided by the Supreme Court within the few weeks succeeding.

The claims now being urged in the test cases are for the flooding of lands on the east banks of the Mississippi near Vicksburg, Mississippi. It is charged that the Government is responsible because it constructed a levee on the opposite bank of the river and that the foothills back of the plantation acted as a new bank for the river.

The test cases are brought by two women, Mrs. Mattie J. Jackson and Mrs. Mary E. Hughes. The rights of about one hundred plantation owners depend upon the outcome.

### BURLINGTON CIVIC LEAGUE.

#### Organization Has Been Rejuvenated and Goes to Work With a Vim

The Civic league of Burlington seems to be taking on new life. At a recent meeting the organization was rejuvenated by the election of a new set of officers, etc. The organization has been in existence for several years, but has never accomplished anything of note. But now, under the new officers, there is a prospect of much cleaning up being done, and many unsightly places beautified. The many vacant lots near the business district that are the dumping ground for broken-down wagons, buggies and almost every conceivable article of discarded implements, while many back lots in the business district are piled high with unsightly empty boxes, barrels, crates, etc. It is the purpose of the new organization to remedy this by a general cleaning up, which will not only add to the appearance, but will put the place in a better sanitary condition, thus serving the double purpose of healthfulness and beauty.

### Express Companies Hit by Parcel Post How Hard?

Unofficial information received at the Interstate Commerce Commission is that the express companies are on the point of asking for an extension of time in which to show why the reduced rates proposed by the commission shall not be put into effect. The companies have until Feb. 1 to make such showing.

The parcel post is the factor in the situation, the weight of which was not actually known when the order to show cause was issued. The question is whether the bulk of the business done by the Post-Office Department ever was done by express companies. There is an impression among officials of the Post-Office Department that a large part of the parcel post business was developed by the creation of that system.

### GIVES TURKEY 14 DAYS

#### Bulgarian, Servia, and Montenegro Present Ultimatum to Post.

Bulgaria, Servia and Montenegro has presented an ultimatum to "Turkey giving the Ottoman government 14 days in which to make favorable reply to their demands, according to dispatches from Constantinople. Full power to declare the resumption of hostilities against Turkey also was telegraphed to Dr. S. Danef, leader of the Bulgarian delegation and his colleagues by the Bulgarian premier, J. S. Guechoff, who told them to exercise it whenever in their opinion further peace negotiations became useless.

Representatives of the Balkan allies will therefore directly notify General Savoff, Bulgarian commander in chief, that the armistice has come to an end as soon as it becomes apparent that there is no hope of the peace plenipotentiaries reaching a mutually satisfactory arrangement. Hostilities will then be begun for four days afterward.

With the parcels post in mind we beg leave to suggest that the local merchants might easily beat the department stores of the north at their own game. That game is advertising. The situation, in the very nature of the case, points the moral.—Greensboro News.

### ANTI-TRUST LAW'S TEETH GUARANTEED

#### E. J. Justice Introduces Bill in General Assembly That Has Punch.

Anti-trust bill guaranteed to have "teeth" by ex-Speaker E. J. Justice and a bill by Kellum of New Hanover to put waterpower, electric and gas companies under rate control by the Corporations Commission were especially important bills introduced in the House.

Mr. Justice's bill makes it unlawful for any person or corporation to enter into any contract, or have any combination in the form of a trust or otherwise, or conspiracy in restraint of trade, and makes violation of this provision a misdemeanor, and any person acting as the agent of a corporation in violation of this provision is as guilty as if acting for himself, and the fine on any corporation cannot be less than \$2,000, each week's violation being a separate offense.

### TEETH LAID BARE.

Any contract or combination in the form of a trust or conspiracy which violates the principles of the common law shall be punishable by fine or imprisonment in the discretion of the court. Provisions of the Sherman anti-trust law are made operative as State law.

Correcting the defects in the National law, which grew out of the decisions of the Supreme Court of the United States in the American Tobacco Company case and the Standard Oil case that these offenses were not illegal unless they unreasonably restrained trade, the Justice will provide that any civil or criminal case prosecuted under the provision of the bill, if it is contented the agreement or combination of conspiracy in restraint of trade is not unreasonable so, that the burden shall be on those who maintain this position to prove affirmatively that they do not injure the business of any competitor, or prevent any one from becoming a competitor because of fear of being injured by such contract combination or conspiracy.

### AS TO AGREEMENTS

Any agreement which limits the rights of any person to do business in any territory however small, even though it does not violate the common law, and even though it is valid under decisions of the State courts, shall be void unless produced in writing and signed.

All things declared illegal by the Reid bill of 1907 are made illegal and punished by fine and imprisonment.

### Efland Items.

Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Smith and baby girl Margaret of Greensboro spent Saturday night and Sunday with relatives near Efland.

Mrs. Tom Squires of Checks Crossing visited the family of her brother Mr. John Eait Saturday night and Sunday.

Mr. W. R. Thompson and sister Mrs. Boggs called to see Mr. W. P. Riley Sunday morning who still continues critically ill.

We regret very much to learn of Mrs. Novella Efland's illness. She is confined to her room with a very severe case of measles, hope Mrs. Efland will soon be entirely well.

Master Johnnie Efland and Maxwell Forrest all have cases of measles, also Mrs. Charles Taylor has them. We wish for them all a speedy recovery, for the writer can surely sympathize with any one having measles.

Miss Carrie Clark is attending the bedside of her sister Mrs. Efland.

Miss Wellie Strowd who is teaching near University Station spent Saturday night and Sunday at home with her parents Mr. and Mrs. George Crutchfield and returned to her work Sunday evening.

Messrs. Doll, Sam and Ben Riley, also Mrs. Hattie Thompson are all attending the bedside of their father Mr. W. P. Riley.

### HONOR ROLL

The following is a list of subscribers who have paid their subscription since our last published list:

- Rev. W. E. Swain
- W. P. Ireland
- J. W. Montgomery
- J. E. Hamner
- J. V. Jones
- T. A. Terrell
- R. Y. Mebane
- Luther Corbett
- Rev. W. P. Donnell
- A. R. Holmes.
- Frank Nash.

### The Proposed Jury Law

(From The Durham Herald)

We believe that a law permitting the drawing of a jury in capital cases from another county will be of great benefit and we are glad that it was introduced by a Durham man, even if he is a lawyer.

### CAUSTIC CRITICISM IN CABELL'S REPORT

#### Judge Boyd Does Not Escape the Wrath of Revenue Commissioner.

A sensational report by Royal B. Cabell, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, to Secretary MacVeagh, teeming with caustic criticism of alleged whiskey frauds in North Carolina and of the course of the Federal Court, presided over by District Judge Boyd of Greensboro, N. C., in dealing with the conditions, was made public by the House Committee on Expenditures in the Treasury Department, which has undertaken an investigation of the situation.

Mr. Cabell describes the conditions in the case, directed against D. C. Foster, a distiller, of Williams, N. C. and N. Glenn Williams, the alleged purchasers of the whiskey in question, as "a history of frauds against the Government, embracing debauchery of employes, bribery of revenue officers and successful theft."

### JUDGE BOYD KAPPED.

The commissioner declares that Judge Boyd has issued a total of three injunctions to restrain the Government from seizing and selling the whiskey for taxes. He points out his authority to act under the revenue laws and adds in reference to the injunctions:

"In view of the positive and emphatic language of the Supreme Court, it would seem incredible that the court should lend itself to the consideration of so plain a violation of law as this proceeding is."

The case began with the seizure in 1905 of the rectifying house, known as "Old Nick," at Williams, N. C., not far from Winston-Salem. The seizure was made on, what the revenue officers charge, were frauds discovered in a two-year investigation that resulted in the indictment of N. Glenn Williams; D. E. Kennedy, D. C. Foster and others. Their company was found guilty and Williams and Kennedy acquitted. The commissioner ordered the distillers to give a new bond and later, because of the alleged frauds, ordered the whiskey seized and sold for taxes. In three moves in this direction he was enjoined by Judge Boyd. The last effort of the commissioner contemplated the transfer of the whiskey to a general bonded warehouse at Louisville. The issue is pending in the courts.

### NO ASSETS LEFT.

Mr. Cabell asserted that the official reports appeared to demonstrate that the "Old Nick" Distillery Company had disposed of its property so that there were no longer any assets, from which to collect judgment and said that evidence indicated that during one period the frauds ran from \$250 to \$500 a day. The commissioner told of heated language between himself and R. H. McNeill, attorney for the distiller, in connection with the case, when he declared McNeill said the bureau was allowing itself to be used to wreak personal and political vengeance on Williams and that Williams had powerful friends who would not see him injured. The commissioner said Mr. McNeill referred to Judge Boyd among others in this connection.

"There are now stored near Williams, N. C., in an out-of-the-way place," the report concluded, "more than 600 barrels of whiskey, on which \$30,000 tax is due this Government and there are large claims pending. If the distiller could be apprehended and brought to justice, he would be convicted, probably imprisoned and heavily fined. In addition to the internal revenue frauds, in which the claimant, N. Glenn Williams, has figured, he stands today convicted by a jury, though sentence has yet to be imposed, on account of frauds against the Postoffice Department. For a long time it has been necessary to maintain day and night guards, at a cost of thousands of dollars, to protect the spirits in this distillery."

Commissioner Cabell later will testify before the committee.

### List of Letters

Remaining unclaimed at this office in the week ending Jan. 18, 1913:

- 1 Letter for Mr. Robert Terry.
- 1 Letter for Mr. Willie Puzh
- 1 Letter for Mr. Color Febry
- 1 Letter for Samuel Faison
- 2 Letters for Mr. Charlie Coble
- 1 Letter for Lea H. Jones
- 1 Letter for Miss Mary Golden
- 1 Letter for Miss Mary S. Fouce
- 1 Card for Miss Lua Holt
- 1 Card for Miss Maude Rogers
- 2 Cards from Lena F. Campbell
- 1 Card for Mary Wain
- 1 Card for Mr. Caesar Bullock
- 1 Card for Mr. Carl Evans
- 1 Card for Mrs. N. C. Smith
- 1 Card for Master Wade Smith
- 1 Card for Susie Scarlett
- 1 Card for Mrs. Sarah Williamson.

These letters will be sent to the Dead Letter Office, Feb. 1, 1913, if not called for before.

In calling for the above please say "Advertised" giving date of ad. list.

Respectfully,  
S. Arthur White, P. M.

### PASSING OF "DEACON WHITE."

#### Broker Who was Made Famous by Wall Street Adventures.

(From The New York Sun.)

Stephen Van Cullen White, known from coast to coast as Deacon White and famed for his adventures in Wall Street, died yesterday at his home at the Standish Arms, Brooklyn. He was operated upon last February and since then had never fully recovered his health.

Deacon White in his day was one of the most successful, as well as one of the most picturesque, figures in Wall Street. He made and lost fortune after fortune, and faced his reverses as cheerfully as he met his winnings. He failed for huge amounts several times, but his reputation was such that he was able to continue business after his failures and each time paid his creditors in full.

He was a ready letter writer, and his letters, homely and whimsical, easily found room in the columns of the newspapers with whom he took issue. There never was any hard feeling on either side when Deacon White entered into a difference of opinion.

Mr. White had been an orator, poet, philanthropist, classic scholar and translator, editor, ex-Absolutionist, astronomer, schoolmaster, ploughboy, trapper and politician. He was eminent in all of these things; he was a trustee of Plymouth Church, Brooklyn had commended praise from Whittier as a poet, was Blaine's leading supporter in Brooklyn and was a case of approach by those who undertook philanthropies.

Mr. White was a descendant of a Pennsylvania Quaker. His father moved to South Carolina, where Stephen was born in 1831. Six weeks after he was born his father refused to do police duty in the Nat Turner uprising because of his opposition to slavery and was forced to leave the State. The family moved to Illinois and settled on the prairies. There the boy grew up and made enough money by trapping to go to Knox College, from which he was graduated in 1851.

He then went to St. Louis and after a month of bookkeeping turned his attention to the law. He was admitted to the bar in 1856. His success was quick and he soon became a United States District Attorney in Iowa. Shortly after he came to New York, living in Brooklyn, he appeared as a member of the firm of Marvin and White, bankers and brokers. This was in 1865.

Two years later the firm failed and Marvin retired from its membership. Mr. White continued the firm alone for fifteen years and became a member of the Stock Exchange. In 1882 the firm of S. V. White and Co., was organized with him at its head and Arthur Clafin and F. W. Hopkins as partners. The firm took a prominent part in the affairs of Wall Street and Mr. White's reputation for skill and daring grew. His audacious manipulation of Delaware, Lackawanna and Western stock netted him a million, it was said, and in those days such profits were rare.

His three failures were in 1867, when Marvin and White failed; in 1872, when he failed from losses caused by the Boston fire, and in 1891, when he tried to corner the corn supply and stood to win \$3,000,000 on the deal. The corner was broken and White failed for \$1,000,000, with a resultant depressing effect on the markets of New York, Paris and London.

### MANY CATTLE SOLD

#### Over Half Million Dollars Worth Were Marketed Last Year.

Over half a million dollars' worth of cattle was shipped out of Western North Carolina during the year ending last December. This is over \$500,000 more than was shipped the year before, and is arrived at from an estimate based on figures obtained from the office of Division Freight Agent Orr of the Southern at Asheville. There were 636 cars of live stock shipped, for the most part cattle. The year before there were 459.

There is also a large increase in the lumber shipments of 1912 as compared with those of 1911. In 1912 there were 14,608, in 1911 12,913, an estimated difference of about 20,000,000 feet. Some of the products do not show increases, but in the main the traffic of 1912 was much heavier than in 1911. The tan bark and acid wood show decreases, due to the fact that the consumers were heavily stocked in 1911.

For 1912 Mr. Orr's report shows that there were shipped in his division 14,608 cars of lumber, 8,418 cars of acid wood, 1,274 cars of bark, 1,709 cars of building material, 3,941 cars of furniture, 3,223 cars of pulp, 1,007 cars of tannic acid, 991 of box shucks and 592 cars of leather.