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The Mount Airy News

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MOUNT AIRY, NORTH CAROLINA, THURSDAY, JANUARY 2, 1913

NO. 26

WHO WILL GET THE NEXT \$10.00

NEWS CONTEST CAUSES EXCITEMENT

Next Count Jan. 16 and the Last Before the Final Count About the Middle of February.

The News voting contest goes merrily on, and interest in the outcome is growing more intense every day, especially since the arrival of the \$400 piano which is on exhibition at The Mount Airy News office. There will be two more counts—the next one on Jan. 16 and that will be for \$10 in gold, the money to go to the contestant who makes the greatest gain in votes from the time of the last count, Dec. 21, to Jan. 16.

Previous votes will not count for the gold, but simply toward the piano, and that being the case, every contestant has an equal show, as the one who makes the greatest gain will be the one who will be awarded the gold.

We desire to call attention of the contestants to this fact: The bonus votes, other than for the merchants' coupons, will be reduced after the next count. This being the case the contestants should get in every vote possible between this time and Jan. 16 as the bonus votes will not be so large thereafter.

What you want to know is, how you can win the gold and the piano, too. Get new subscribers; get old subscribers to pay up and renew; trade with the merchants who are offering prizes; follow the rules and get in every vote you can.

Try hard and win this last special prize we offer, and you will be in a good position to make the high vote on the piano count about Feb. 15, which will be the last count, the result of which will determine who gets the piano.

The following bonus offer will continue and remain unchanged up to Jan. 16, so take advantage of this splendid opportunity to secure votes, as this will be positively the largest bonus we shall give on any seven years subscriptions at any time.

For every seven yearly new subscriptions we will give 10,000 extra votes, making a total of 14,200 votes.

For every seven renewal subscriptions, 8,000 extra votes, making a total of 11,500 votes.

	1st. Count.	2nd. Count.	Total.
Miss Ola Ward.....	34,275	75,275	109,550
Miss Annie Miller.....	7,775	60,200	67,975
Miss Mallie Thacker.....	13,875	59,875	73,750
Miss Johnnie Mae Roberts.....	12,200	52,800	65,000
Miss Maud Sparger.....	30,350	42,900	73,250
Miss Mary Johnson.....	4,625	37,500	42,125
Miss Gertrude Reese.....	800	25,800	26,600
Miss Nellie Haymore.....	400	23,000	23,400
Miss Nina York.....	475	13,725	14,200
Miss Annie Folger.....	50	13,625	13,675
Miss Irene Bunker.....		11,400	11,400
Miss Lilla Hemmings.....	25	8,425	8,450
Miss Katherine Willis.....	250	1,400	1,650
Miss Nannie Watson.....	1,425	500	1,925
Miss Isabelle Saunders.....	50	500	550
Miss Grace Hindley.....	25	500	525
Miss Minnie Shinnall.....		600	600

scriptions, 8,000 extra votes, making a total of 11,500 votes.

For every seven back subscriptions, 6,000 extra votes making a total of 8,800 votes.

For every bunch of forty (40) merchants coupons, that are brought to the office of the Publisher and counted, an additional bonus of 1,000 votes will be allowed, making a total of 2,000 votes.

Do not forget the prizes the merchants are giving. If not fortunate enough to secure the piano, you may receive one of the merchants' prizes, and they are all worth working for.

These coupons may be collected from any and all merchants who are in the contest.

The names of the merchants who are giving handsome prizes and helping to make this contest a big success are as follows:

- F. M. Poore,
- Earp's 5 and 10 ct. Store.
- W. E. Merritt Co.
- F. L. Smith Hardware Co.
- C. E. Lundy,
- W. B. Haymore,
- Peoples Drug Co.
- R. H. Leonard,
- Frank Howard,

Remember the next prize of \$10 in gold goes to the one who makes the greatest gain in number of votes.

Remember that nine of the leading merchants are interested in this contest, and give twenty-five vote coupons with every dollar's cash purchase.

Remember to have your friends trade with merchants giving coupons. Their advertisements appear in this issue in connection with our offer.

No coupons on subscription account, whether back, new or renewals, will be given unless application is made for them at the time the money is paid.

The present standing is as follows:

Train Load of Horses.

Fayetteville, Dec. 28.—The first solid train load of horses and mules ever shipped to the South is billed to reach this city on or about January 1. This consignment is being forwarded from the West by C. L. Beville of Fayetteville, and will constitute a train of 40 cars, containing \$110,000 worth of horseflesh.

Mr. Beville, who is in the West buying the animals, today drew a draft on his banker here for \$80,000 in payment for part of the shipment, all of which will be paid for in full before it is started East. This is said to be the biggest shipment of live stock that has ever been sent to any one point in the South.

MR. WILSON VISITS VIRGINIA.

President-Elect Warmly Greeted in His Native State—The Trip To Staunton.

Associated Press Dispatch. Virginia welcomed home Friday night Gov. Woodrow Wilson, the eighth of her native sons to be chosen President of the United States.

From the moment the President-elect crossed the State line at Alexandria in the afternoon, after he had a ten-minute glimpse of the national capital, until 9 o'clock Friday night, when he reached the little parsonage here where he was born 56 years ago, the reception given him was one of great enthusiasm, noisy, demonstrative and spectacular display. Escorted by troops of cavalry, militia companies and a torchlight procession in which practically the whole town participated, the Governor and Mrs. Wilson motored through the streets of Staunton to the home of Rev. Dr. A. N. Fraser, pastor of the Presbyterian church, where Rev. Joseph K. Wilson, father of the President-elect, lived in 1856.

With Mrs. Wilson, the President-elect paused for a minute on the illuminated portico of the house and greeted Doctor Fraser. As the band struck up "Dixie," the Governor turned and waved his hat to the crowd and a spontaneous shout of welcome echoed in the winter air. "It's fine to be back again," exclaimed the President-elect as he stepped indoors. Suffering still from the effect of his cold, he retired immediately to the room in which he was born.

Outside the crowds surged the streets which were alive with color and flags and electrical display. From far and wide, native children of Staunton had come to greet their fellow townsman. Except for an informal visit a year ago, Mr. Wilson had not been here since he was three years old.

Staunton was not alone in celebrating the arrival in Virginia of the distinguished visitor. Bonfires blazed the way, fireworks shot across the skies and red lights threw a festive glare at all stations along the route, though the train glided by most of them without stopping. Mrs. Wilson stood with her husband on the rear platform of the train and enjoyed the demonstrations too.

"This is the real President-elect," said Mr. Wilson, as he introduced her to the crowd at Alexandria. A great cheer came from the crowd. Senator Claude A. Swanson of Virginia, Representatives Charles C. Carlin and William A. Jones of the State, got aboard at Alexandria.

Mr. Wilson was unable to speak to any of the stops en route, his physician having forbade unnecessary exposure. Senator Swanson explained this to the crowd at Culpeper and Governor Wilson raised his hat in acknowledgement of their cheers. "Put your hat on," cautioned an aged Virginian on the fringe of the crowd.

"Thank you very much," laughed the Governor, as he took advice and leaned forward instead to shake hands with the crowd. "Now does it feel to be back in Virginia?" and "Let me touch the tips of your fingers." "Hello Woodrow" and a series of salutations were directed at the President-elect, as he leaned from the platform of the train and endeavored to greet as many of the crowd individually as he could.

The Governor did not respond to any of the many cries for speech. The crowds were good natured and did not insist. "I must say they are very generous in taking the thing as they do," he said to National Chairman William F. McCombs, who stood beside him on the platform.

It was at Manassas that the first of the series of bonfires along the route crackled a welcome. The Governor peered

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children. Relieve Feverishness, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels and are a pleasant remedy for Worms. Used by Mothers for 22 years. They never fail. At all Druggists, 25c. Sample Free. Address, A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

from his stateroom at the fires along the way. "Is this the Fourth of July?" he queried as cannon roared and skyrocket glimmered at Orange. Another display of fireworks came at Gordonsville, but the biggest crowd of all pressed around the train at Charlottesville, where Governor and Mrs. Mann and a delegation from Richmond joined the party. Mr. Wilson again reached down into the crowd and shook hands.

ATTORNEY GENERAL BICKETT'S REPORT.

Something Uncanny in the Ebb and Flow of Crime—Statistics of Criminal Cases.

Raleigh, Dec. 19.—"There is something downright uncanny about the stability of crime," declares Attorney General T. W. Bickett in his biennial report to Governor Kitchin and the incoming General Assembly. "It seems to be perpetuated with as much regularity as the ebb and flow of the tides. For example, the total number of cases reported to the Attorney General for the four years ending July 1, 1908 was 40,604 and for the four years ending July 1, 1912 40,507, a difference of only 97 cases for the entire State in the two periods."

The report shows that of the cases in the first period 27,487 were convictions and of the last period 27,266, the number of crimes and number of convictions for the two periods being practically the same.

Mr. Bickett's report shows 18,552 criminal cases in the State during the past two years, a decrease of 2,872 cases over the previous two years. Only 15,649 cases were actually tried, others going off through non pros and otherwise. There were 16,000 convictions and 2,643 acquittals.

The report declares that the costliest and most cruel defect in the machinery of the courts is the absence of any provision for emergency judges, so that neither marriage, birth, death nor sickness can occur in the family of a judge without demoralizing public business. He recommends that the Constitution be amended to allow the General Assembly to provide for emergency judges.

The Attorney General recommends changes so that the State and the defendant in a criminal trial shall be allowed the same number of challenges; a change of venue instead of change of venue, that solicitors be allowed to change any number of violations on a single bill of indictment in cases below the grade of felony; the enactment of a "blue sky" law; that the inheritance tax law be thoroughly overhauled, making this tax payable at death and the rate graduated with substantial increases after an estate reaches a given value; making women eligible to hold all offices or positions of trust or profit whose duties relate solely to the educational, charitable and public health work of the State; the amendment of the Constitution to allow one to hold an office and at the same time be a member of any educational, charitable or sanitary board.

The Attorney General declares in his report—his purpose to prepare bills embodying his recommendations and hand them to the appropriate legislative committee.

Overman Improves.

Salisbury, Dec. 29.—Mrs. Lee S. Overman left Washington yesterday morning and arrived here last night, having come for the purpose of closing the Overman home. She will return to the Capitol again as soon as possible to be with Senator Overman until he is fully recovered. She will accompany Mr. Overman when he goes to take the month's rest which his physicians have advised that he take as soon as he is able to leave Washington. This will probably be either Hot Springs or Atlantic City. In the brief absence of Mrs. Overman from Washington the Senator's daughters, Mrs. E. C. Gregory and Miss Kathryn Overman, will be with their father, having left yesterday morning for the Capitol. Senator Overman is still improving and is regarded as being out of danger.

33 DYNAMITERS GO TO THE PENITENTIARY.

President Frank M. Ryan Receives the Heaviest Punishment Eight Go Up for Six Years.

Indianapolis, Ind., Dec. 30.—Imprisonment in the Federal penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, today, was imposed as punishment upon thirty-three of the labor union officials convicted of having engaged in the destruction of property by dynamite over an area extending from Boston to Los Angeles.

Frank M. Ryan, president of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, the strike of which was given as the motive for promoting the dynamite plots, was sentenced to seven years' imprisonment, the heaviest punishment levied.

Of the thirty-eight men convicted as conspirators, eight others, all affiliated with Ryan, were given prison terms of six years. Two men were given four years, twelve men three years, four men two years, six men one year and one day, and six men, including Edward Calrk of Cincinnati, who confessed and pleaded guilty at the beginning of the trial, were allowed their liberty on suspended sentences.

The length of the sentences of the convicted men, outside of Ryan, follows: Six years, Olaf A. Tveitmo of San Francisco, secretary of the California Building Trades Council; Herbert S. Hoek of Indianapolis, former secretary of the iron workers' union; John T. Butler of Buffalo, vice-president of the iron workers; Eugene A. Clancy of San Francisco; J. E. Munsey of Salt Lake City, Utah; Philip A. Cooley of New Orleans; Frank C. Webb of New York and Michael J. Young of Boston.

Four years—John H. Barry of St. Louis, Peter J. Smith of Cleveland.

Three years—Charles N. Beum of Minneapolis, Henry W. Leiglsitter of Denver, Ernest G. W. Basse of Indianapolis, Edward Smythe of Peoria Ill., William E. Redding of Milwaukee, Murray L. Pennell of Springfield, Ill., Paul J. Morrin of St. Louis; William McMain of Kansas City, Mo.; Michael J. Hannon of Scranton, Pa.; George P. "Napper" Anderson of Cleveland, Wilford Bert Brown of Kansas City, Mo., and Michael J. Cummano, Philadelphia.

Two years—Frank J. Higgins of Boston, William K. Painter of Omaha, Fred Sherman of Indianapolis, Richard J. Houlihan of Chicago.

One year and one day—William C. Baerhardt of Cincinnati, Chas. J. Wachtmeister of Detroit, William Shupe of Chicago, James E. Ray of Peoria, Ill.; Edward E. Phillips of Syracuse, N. Y., Fred Mooney of Duluth, Minn.

Suspended sentences—Patrick F. Farrell of New York, James Cooney of Chicago, James Conzulin of Chicago, Hiram R. Kline of Muncie, Ind., former organizer of the carpenters' union Detroit; Frank J. Murphy of Detroit, and Edward Clark of Cincinnati, confessed dynamiter, who testified for the government.

Will Appeal.

Steps towards appeals on behalf of all prisoners to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals have already been taken. Chester H. Krum, with other counsel, appeared before Judge Anderson late today to arrange for filing writs of error. The formality may be done tomorrow.

Pending appeal all prisoners will be taken to prison. What time the special train to carry the convicted men to Fort Leavenworth will leave Federal Marshal Edward Schmidt refused to state. He has been instructed to keep secret the time of departure and the route of the train. It is understood that if forts will be made to have the train leave tomorrow.

Suspended sentences were given to men who Judge Anderson said he believed might establish their innocence if given proper defense.

McManigal Not Sentenced.

Ortie McManigal, confessed dynamiter and chief witness for the

government, was not sentenced today. He will be returned to the custody of the Los Angeles authorities.

On the way to the jail after the sentence many prisoners sang, continuing after they were locked up. Others were downcast.

Federal Judge Anderson read a prepared statement in which he said some of the men had been guilty of murder, evidently referring to the destruction of the Los Angeles Times, killing twenty-one men. He said he could not sentence them for murder as the men were not charged with that at the present trial.

SHOOTING AFFRAY STIRS CARROLL.

John Rigney Shoots and Seriously Wounds Calvin Easter—Both Men From Fancy Gap.

Hillsville, Va., Dec. 26.—News reached here today of an affray which occurred Christmas day at Fancy Gap, near the home of the Allers, in which John Rigney shot and dangerously wounded Calvin Easter.

A shooting match was being held near Fancy Gap, on the Elk Spur road. Rigney and Easter fell out over the question of which was the best marksman. They had agreed to fight a fair fight with their fists and agreed that some of the boys should search them. They were in the act of searching Rigney, when he pulled his pistol and shot Easter, the ball entering and passing through the fleshy part of the left arm and going into the body between the second and third rib, just over the heart. The bullet has not been located as yet. Easter is in a critical condition and may die.

Deputy Sheriff Bud Edwards was notified and set out to capture Rigney. It is in vain to make his escape. Mr. Edwards found Rigney in the mountains a few miles from the scene of the shooting about 10 o'clock Christmas night, and brought him here today and landed him in jail.

It seems that the Fancy Gap district is determined to bear the reputation of being the dark and murderous battle ground of Carroll county, as half of all the murders committed in Carroll have been in this little mountain district, or else committed by men who had from that section. It will be remembered by Carroll people that a few years ago, near Fancy Gap, one Dave Rigney, an uncle of the boy now in jail, killed "Big Andy" Beamer, by splitting his head wide open with an ax, for which crime Rigney served several years in the penitentiary.

Carroll has one murderer in jail now, whose second trial came up at the next term of court. McKenney Bowman will be tried for the murder of Lee Duggins, at Rome school house, on the 30th day of June, 1913. He was tried at the September term of court, the jury, not agreeing, six standing for first degree and six for second degree murder.

Rapid Work.

Detroit Free Press. Residents in rival cities, Jones and Brown, were bragging hard about the excellences of their respective homes.

"Take our fire brigade, said Jones after an hour's heated discussion. "Do you know, the other day a fire broke out in our town, and within three minutes the engine came along, but it was going so fast that the driver couldn't pull up till he was a mile past the burning house!"

Brown smiled in a superior fashion.

"My dear fellow, that's nothing," he said. "One day two men were working on a church steeple in my city and suddenly one of them slipped. A terrible death would have been his, only fortunately a spectator had the presence of mind to call the fire they came just in time to catch him in a blanket."

Do Not Have Sore Feet.

An Allen's Foot-Ease powder in the foot bath gives instant relief to Chubbains and all foot aches. Then for lasting comfort, shake Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder, in your shoes. All Druggists, 25c.

Nominating Blank

Popular Vote Contest

.....1912

I hereby nominate or suggest the name of

Address.....

As a lady worthy to become a candidate in your Popular Voting Contest, I present this name with the distinct understanding and agreement that the editor shall not divulge my name. This does not obligate me in any way whatever.

Signed.....

Address.....