

# WOMAN NOW IN PERFECT HEALTH

What Came From Reading a Pinkham Advertisement.

Paterson, N. J.—"I thank you for the Lydia E. Pinkham remedies as they have made me well and healthy. Some time ago I felt so run down, had pains in my back and side, was very irregular, tired, nervous, had such bad dreams, did not feel like eating and had short breath. I read your advertisement in the newspapers and decided to try a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It worked from the first bottle, so I took a second and a third, also a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Blood Purifier, and now I am just as well as any other woman. I advise every woman, single or married, who is troubled with any of the aforesaid ailments, to try your wonderful Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier and I am sure they will help her to get rid of her troubles as they did me."

Mrs. ELISE J. VAN DER SANDE, 36 No. York St., Paterson, N. J.  
Write the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., (confidential) Lynn, Mass., if you need special advice.

## CONFESSED COMMITTING MURDER 25 YEARS AGO.

### Mississippi Farmer, on Death Bed, Admitted Part in Crime.

Columbia, Miss., March 10.—The sheriff's office here today revealed that Joseph Beard, an aged farmer who lived near here, and who died last Sunday, confessed on his death bed that 25 years ago he and two other men murdered Wm. Buckley, in this section, for which crime William Purvis, who lives in Lamar county, Miss., escaped death by hanging only because the noose about his neck slipped after the trap had been sprung.

Buckley and a brother, according to the story revealed to the authorities, gave information concerning a secret band of "White Cappers" who operated in that section in 1892 and shortly afterwards Buckley was shot from ambush.

Purvis was convicted of the murder after a sensational trial and was sentenced to be hanged. Hundreds gathered to witness the execution. But after the trap was sprung, the noose slipped and Purvis fell from the scaffold unharmed. Many of the spectators, superstitious over the thwarted execution, induced the authorities to place Purvis in jail and an appeal to the governor resulted in commutation of his death sentence to life imprisonment. Purvis was pardoned several years later.

Beard, attaches of the sheriff's office said, first confessed his part in Buckley's murder to members of a religious sect which he recently joined, in order to clear his conscience. Later when Beard was convinced he was dying, the authorities were notified. Beard, it was stated, gave the names of two other men who he said participated with him in the murder and the authorities said they knew where to locate them, but declined to say whether any action against them was contemplated.

## Fresh Fish Stand!

Will deliver at your homes.

Phone me your wants.

## Dock Gwyn.

PHONE 269

### Wood's Special

## Grass and Clover Seed Mixtures

Best for Permanent Hay and Pasture Yields.

Put up in proportions as experience has shown best suited for the different soils and purposes for which they are recommended. Enthusiastically endorsed by our customers.

Wood's Seed Catalog for 1917 gives full information together with letters from customers giving their experience.

Catalog mailed free on request. Write for it and prices of any Farm Seeds required.

T. W. WOOD & SONS, SEEDSMEN, - Richmond, Va.

Sow Wood's Evergreen Lawn Grass for beautiful green lawns. Write for special lawn circular.

## FOOD PRICES ARE LOWERED IN CITY OF MEXICO

### National School of Fine Arts Preparing for an Exhibition.

Washington, D. C.—It is stated by the Mexican News Bureau that the authorities of Mexico City have prepared a list of prices for food articles of prime necessity which is much lower than formerly. All wholesale prices have so decreased with the abundance of supplies that this has become possible. According to the former list issued in December, many articles were actually cheaper than in most cities of the United States, while the new official rates make them still less in cost.

A law school for those desiring to enter the legal profession and several night schools for workmen have been established in the city of Victoria, capital of Tamaulipas.

For the first time in a number of years the National School of Fine Arts has prepared a public exhibition of paintings and art works which is said to be extensive and interesting as well as instructive. The members of the school have shown great enthusiasm in the revival of this feature.

From various portions of the Republic is received information of the establishment of periodicals, both daily and weekly.

The police of the city of Monterey report that city to be unusually free from all manner of violations of the law, and that no more than two or three arrests are made daily. The population is upward of 100,000 and the laboring class is very large.

A new office has been created in Yucatan, that of Director-General of Libraries.

The special rates which have been granted in the past to certain industries and concerns by the National Railway lines have been withdrawn, the management of the roads declaring them to be illegal.

Under instruction from the First Chief the poor people who were dispossessed of their lands and water supply on the border of the San Juan River, in the State of Queretaro, under the Diaz regime, have had their property restored to them and an adequate system of diversion of water for irrigation is to be supplied.

Instructions have been issued that Mexicans now resident in the United States who desire to return to their native land and repatriate themselves shall be permitted to import free of duty on their return all materials, wagons, etc., that are necessary, so far as the ports of entry of the State of Sonora are concerned.

The Director-General of the Department of Fine Arts has designed a suitable medal for the commemoration of the fourth hundredth anniversary of the discovery of Mexico. The 15th of February was set apart as an "Arbor Day" by the Department of Fomento in certain portions of the Federal district, and many thousands of trees were planted, all being donated by the Government, which maintains extensive nurseries and gardens at Mexico.

The Department of Archaeology has decided to enter upon a comprehensive plan of research throughout the Republic.

The authorities of the city of Comanche have refused the application of a prominent citizen for permission to open a saloon on the principal thoroughfare of the place, on the ground that the building selected is needed for the establishment of a new school, which they declare in their refusal to grant the permission is of such paramount importance to the public welfare as not to admit of discussion.

The school established in Hermosillo some time since for the education of the children of the Yaqui Indian tribes of the mountains of Sonora has proved a great success. Many pupils are in attendance and the number is constantly increasing.

Certain fertile lands made available by the drainage of the shores of Lake San Cristobal, in the Valley of Mexico, have been divided into tracts of 2½ acres each, which are sold to small cultivators at the rate of \$100 national specie per lot, 10 years' time being allowed for payment. Only one lot is sold to each purchaser.

A steamship company under the name of the "Passenger and Freight Company of the Pacific Coast" has begun operations on the West Coast, between California and Guatemala, calling at all ports, including Magdalena Bay, Mazatlan, Sanlina Cruz, San Jose de Guatemala, etc. An extensive traffic is assured.

A women's total abstinence society has been organized in the State of Yucatan.

An interesting prehistoric temple has recently been discovered at Mixcoac, a suburb of the capital city, and excavations are revealing many objects of great archaeological interest.

The national library is to be placed in charge of an experienced librarian, who will address himself at the outset to the preparation of a complete catalogue of all the works, something that has never been accomplished in

the past.

The demand for copper in Europe has stimulated the production of that metal in Mexico and great activity is noted in the reopening of mines that have been idle for extended periods, as well as in the development of new properties.

A commission appointed by the Department of Fomento has gone to Lower California to make a minute study of the resources of that remote portion of the republic, with the view to the adoption of a plan for their adequate development.

## CARRANZA TIPPED OFF THE GERMAN INTRIGUE.

### Gave President Wilson Facts Concerning Zimmermann Efforts to Ally Mexico.

El Paso, Tex., March 11.—First Chief Carranza himself disclosed to President Wilson Germany's offer of a coalition with Mexico and Japan against the United States.

A plot was formed against Carranza's life as a result of this action but it was discovered in time and the first chief fled to Cuadajajara for protection.

These facts were disclosed last night by investigators for American capitalists who have interests in Mexico. They made public on the eve of the elections in Mexico tomorrow.

According to the agent's reports no sooner had Carranza received Dr. Zimmermann's note offering Germany's backing for Mexico in a war with the United States than Mexico's executive dispatched a special message to Washington with the German foreign secretary's original letter.

The first chief's move was quickly discovered by Mexican agents of the German legations and the assassination plot was about to be carried out when it was discovered.

Carranza's action in warning President Wilson of the German intrigue is said to explain the change of front on the part of the American administration towards Mexico and to mark the beginning of new phases in the relations between the two countries.

Besides sending Ambassador Fletcher to Mexico City exchanges of courtesies between military officers of the two republics were begun at Friday's cavalry review here. General Pablo Gonzales and General Murguia, commanding at Juarez, were guests of General George Bell, Jr., commanding the El Paso district.

## VILLA GREAT LEADER SAYS OFFICER OF HIS.

### O. W. Monroe Talked with Educated American Who Served Under the Mexican General.

Greensboro News, 12th.

Had the American government recognized Villa instead of Carranza, the trouble in Mexico would have been settled by now, according to the belief of an American who held a colonel's commission under the outlawed leader. O. W. Monroe, of Greensboro, has just returned from Cuba, and while there he met this colonel of Villa's army and got well acquainted. He talked frequently with him, and was highly pleased with the character of the soldier of fortune who had served under Villa's orders until very recently when the indications were that the United States might be embroiled in real warfare with the republic to the south. Then Villa told all of his men who were citizens of the United States to depart the country before too late.

"I know that should trouble come, resulting in a real struggle, that you would be loyal to the United States at heart, and therefore I want you to leave now while you can," Villa told the Americans, according to this officer. So he is in Cuba, awaiting readjustment of the international situation, so that he may return to the army of Villa.

The American professed a great admiration of Villa. He told Mr. Monroe that the Mexican had been greatly underestimated and much misunderstood by Americans. He is not educated and he realizes his handicap, but he is a great natural leader of men and a real patriot, so the soldier who served under him said. He also told the Greensboro man that Villa didn't want to be President of Mexico, wouldn't take the office, indeed, because he felt his inadequacy for its duties, but he is a fighter, and had he been given the prestige which formal recognition by United States gave Carranza, he would have fought his way to control of the situation before this, the American stated.

Mr. Monroe was in Cuba, talking of war many miles away, and all the time didn't know that he was in a land torn by revolution. He saw two little groups of men carried under guard and imprisoned in Morro castle, but he didn't know what it was all about, and the people generally didn't seem to know, he stated. Not until Mr. Monroe reached the United States and read the papers over here, did he realize that Cuba is experiencing a small war of her own.

## ACCOUNT GIVEN OF THE NEW BRITISH ARMIES.

London, England.—In an account published by the War Office and referred to as from an "authoritative source," the organization and training of the new armies which came into being on the first outbreak of war in August, 1914, is described. The account, which is to be issued in three parts, deals in part 1 with the first period of less well organized training, viz., August, 1914, to December, 1915, and shows in part many difficulties which had to be surmounted. Part 11 will take up the narrative from early in 1916 and onwards when the preliminary stages and difficulties had been overcome, and a well organized system set up. Part 111 will touch on the development and training of special corps, such as the R. E., R. A. Machine Gun Corps, etc. This last part will overlap parts 1 and 11 to some extent. The account opens with a reference to the army that went out to Mons, to which it refers as probably the best trained army, trained in peace time, that ever left England, pointing out that so far as such training could go regimental officers and men could hardly have been improved. There was available also for the first time a highly trained general staff.

These ends had been accomplished by a steady attention to and removal of the drawbacks and want of training that were found to exist during the long drawn out Boer War, in which the sturdy farmers and their helpers taught the British army lessons that have since been put to good account. It was that war the number of officers taking a keen interest in their work became almost the total, instead of a small percentage, and the various staff colleges (one being in India), cavalry and other schools were greatly extended and developed. Part of the expeditionary force was trained under the men who would lead them in war in a practical way such as had never before been seen in England. "The endurance and marching power, the skill at arms, the intelligence, and above all, the morale of the soldiers of this fine body of men, had been brought to the pitch which enabled them to add another laurel to England's military record in the great retreat from Mons."

In military experience of small operations all over the world the British army has far surpassed all others and this experience has given rise to resource, independence and self-reliance in both officers and men. This, it is claimed, helps the British soldier to that quality of never knowing when he is beaten—a quality shared by the French—another peculiarity is the strong regimental feeling of esprit de corps which exists in every regiment and is fostered with the greatest care, so that every man feels that his and his alone is the finest regiment in the army, and this loyalty to his regiment leads to loyalty to the army. In spite of recent military service acts the British army remains in character fundamentally a volunteer army.

The training is given "in a spirit of loyalty," self-reliance, and kindness, "a spirit in which the officer leads" and the man follows—"noblesse oblige"—because the officer and noncommissioned officer have been taught by the traditions of the British army, handed on by the few men of the old army left to train them, to look after their men, to put their comfort before their own, to join in their games until, in Field Marshal Lord Wolsley's words "they regard him as one of themselves, a companion and a friend. For and with such a man they will brave any danger or endure any amount of privation."

"It is a broad minded and tolerant method which insists on smartness, on duty and discipline and high courage and courtesy, but not on hate: now it has become a code of morality, one may almost call it, taught systematically in the training establishments for officers and N. C. O's at home and in France.

Several extracts are given from notes prepared for one of the army schools in France, on such subjects as patriotism, giving as an example 90,000 Boers fighting the whole British Empire for 2½ years: Comfort of the men in billets: making a man who joins your company feel "at home." No one, the writer points out, who watched the long columns of recruits in the early days of the war and saw the straight brave look in their eyes could fail to see that this was the kind of man ready to respond to such training, and though the later stages of Derby recruits and conscripts did not have that look of absolute certainty universal at first, a day or two with the army brought it out in those in whom it was lacking.

## E. D. HARBOUR, O. D.

Eye-Sight Specialist

Mount Airy, N. C.

128 N. Main St.

CHARGES REASONABLE

## Hawks-Rethrock Drug Co.

Successors to

## Hawks Drug Company

NOW LOCATED

Corner Franklin and Main Street in New Fulton Building

## Beasley & Tesh

J. A. TESH, Manager.

Manufacturers of all kinds of Lumber, Building Material, Flooring, Siding, Ceiling, Doors, Window Sash, Window and Door Screens, Mantels, Mouldings, Porch Work, Stair Work, Kitchen Tables and Shingles. Screen your house before the flies come.

MOUNT AIRY, N. C.

PHONE 178

## Large Apple and Pear Trees at A Great Bargain!

We have too many large apple and pear trees and are putting them at a price that will move them at once. A general line of all other kinds of Nursery stock at great bargains.

## GREENSBORO NURSERIES & STOCK FARMS.

John A. Young & Sons, Greensboro, N. C.

## Zeppelin and His Invention.

Charlotte Observer.

Count Zeppelin's fame as an inventor waned with the waning of the fame of the Zeppelin airship. In the early days of the war certain performances of the big balloon gave promise that the Zeppelin was destined to play an important part in destructive operations, but about the best it did was to scare people. It was a terror until the airship guns devised to keep it at a safe distance came into play, and after that, except for an occasional visit above London and other British towns, nothing was heard of the dreaded balloon from which such great things were expected. So long as the Zeppelin had the field to itself, it was regarded as a great engine of war. But it did not hold this field long.

Following the airship guns came a fleet of swiftly-darting airplanes which could assail the balloon from above and from either side, and it was these airplanes, pursuing the balloon like so many bee martins would pursue a crow, that finally made the operations of the Zeppelin practically useless, except for scaring purposes, and drove it from the field. The Zeppelin as an irritant was rendered largely ineffective by the invention of counter-irritants.

## Sydnor & Sparger Insurance Agents

MOUNT AIRY, N. C.

Office in Merritt Building.

## Several Aeroplanes Are Seen by Wayne Farmers.

Goldsboro, March 10.—Five large aeroplanes were seen six miles northeast of Goldsboro yesterday afternoon by J. J. Roberts, a prominent farmer of Stoney Creek township, according to a statement made by Mr. Roberts here this afternoon, who said that for more than an hour he and his son watched the machines as they flew over his farm and circled over Neuse river several times, then as suddenly as they appeared they disappeared, flying in a northerly direction.

Mr. Roberts says the appearance of the aeroplanes caused a sensation among other farmers in his section who "believed they were commanded by German spies."

## RUB OUT PAIN

with good oil liniment. That's the surest way to stop them. The best rubbing liniment is

# MUSTANG LINIMENT

Good for the Ailments of Horses, Mules, Cattle, Etc. Good for your own Aches, Pains, Rheumatism, Sprains, Cuts, Burns, Etc. 25c. 50c. \$1. At all Dealers.

## It Always Helps

says Mrs. Sylvania Woods, of Clifton Mills, Ky., in writing of her experience with Cardui, the woman's tonic. She says further: "Before I began to use Cardui, my back and head would hurt so bad, I thought the pain would kill me. I was hardly able to do any of my housework. After taking three bottles of Cardui, I began to feel like a new woman. I soon gained 35 pounds, and now, I do all my housework, as well as run a big water mill. I wish every suffering woman would give

# GARDUI The Woman's Tonic

a trial. I still use Cardui when I feel a little bad, and it always does me good."

Headache, backache, side ache, nervousness, tired, worn-out feelings, etc., are sure signs of womanly trouble. Signs that you need Cardui, the woman's tonic. You cannot make a mistake in trying Cardui for your trouble. It has been helping weak, ailing women for more than fifty years.

Get a Bottle Today!