

The Mount Airy News.

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G. O. P. FINDS IT IS NO EASY JOB TO END THE WAR

Peace Treaty Has Party Leaders "Up a Tree."

Washington, March 28.—The republican leaders of Congress are "up a tree" on the peace treaty.

They have had their way to the extent of eliminating the pact but somehow they fear a return of the "spirit." The senate republicans would have the house leaders "do something." The house members tell the senate leaders to beware of the man that goes out of his way to take a dog by the ears.

That is the situation here now. The proposed resolution to end the war is not as popular as it seemed to be some days ago. It is not as easy to end the war as they had anticipated. The President is sitting tight; he is not worried. Strong opposition to the program of republican leaders for an end to the state of war is developing in the house. It is not certain that a majority of the membership of 435 can be counted upon for the resolution or bill, as the case may be.

While much indecision is due to lack of knowledge as to what final plan will be recommended by the steering committee, much of it is attributed to doubtfulness as to the workability of an act of Congress in creating a state of peace.

Democrats Are in the Dark

Democrats are in the dark. They have not been consulted. To them the proceedings thus far look much like a political plot to save the face of the senate republican leaders responsible for the treaty failure. To some of the republicans, who are more or less independent of party leaders in their action, the adoption of a law of Congress will not accomplish anything worth while so far as this country's legal peace status is concerned.

Champ Clark says he had been unable to learn "a blame thing" about what the republicans are doing. Representative Flood, ranking member of the foreign affairs committee, has not been consulted, and says he knows only from hearsay what the republicans have been doing. Mr. Flood is not enthusiastic for the resolution if it is anything like the Knox resolution, which he thinks is unworkable.

So far as securing a guarantee from Germany is concerned, Mr. Flood points out that the matter is now out of the hands of Germany and in the hands of the allies. The treaty, he said, went into effect when ratified by three of the allies so that the United States would have to deal with them rather than with Germany, even under the proposed act of Congress.

He said that it would be necessary to set up some tribunal for settlement of the differences with Germany.

The republicans have struck difficult snags in their efforts to draft a resolution. One of the worst relates to the act creating the alien property custodian. Something must be done to safeguard the German property held in American hands. A repeal of the alien property act would not be feasible at this time.

Home Gardens Recommended To Help Cut High Cost of Living

Thousands of families learned the value of home gardens in war time. United States Department of Agriculture specialists believe it essential that these families' interest be maintained and that other thousands be added to the home food producers.

"Now is the time to begin making plans for your 1920 thrift gardens," these specialists declare. "First, locate a piece of suitable land; second, make your plan; third, get your seeds; fourth, start work at the earliest possible moment."

A request to the United States Department of Agriculture, Washington D. C., will bring a booklet that will tell how to plan your garden, how much seed to buy, how to get the land in shape for cultivation, how to take every other step in the process of making your back yard or some other vacant lot help feed you.

Grief can take care of itself; but to get the full value of a joy you must have somebody to divide it with.—Mark Twain.

Every human being has a claim to a judicious development of his faculties by those to whom the care of his infancy is confided. The mother is qualified by the Creator Himself, to become the principal agent in the development of her child; and what is demanded of her is—a, thinking to.—Pestalozzi.

GLENN YOUNG AND HIS DOG VISIT IN CATAWBA

Liquor Cargo and Two Alleged Draft Dodgers Fruits Of the Journey

Hickory, March 27.—S. Glenn Young special agent of the department of justice, was here this week from Ashboro with his Belgian police dog, Pal, and gave the residents of Hickory and this section quite a thrill.

The famous agent and his dog were not idle much in this vicinity and as a result of their activities Linney Waters, alleged draft deserter, and his brother, John Waters, are due to appear at Camp Jackson next Tuesday. Linney came to Hickory to see the special agent and agreed to hold out inducements to his brother. When this pair turns up, they will make 824 deserters arrested by the officer.

Mr. Young saw a good deal of action in the two short days he spent here. In company with Chief Lantz and night officer Pope he was on his way to the Henry river section of the county when a horse and a buggy were in sight. The officers passed the buggy and then decided it might be well to investigate. In the scuffle that ensued, Mr. Young got his car twisted and the officers got Carl Lall, his horse and buggy and seven gallons of South Mountain liquor. Later Lall got 12 months on the roads.

Waters was in Hickory Thursday in response to the call of Mr. Young on him the day before. He described the visit. "I saw the dog first and then this man," Waters said, "and I run, I stopped once and then the bullets zipped by me. No, I didn't get hit and I didn't stop to measure how close they came. That was the fastest running I ever did in my life."

The officers were seen before they got near Waters' home in the Henry river section of the county and the young fellow made a run for the timbers. Later in the day, his mother promised to bring him to Hickory and she sent him next day. He says Young is a good sport and is not nearly so bad as reports.

The Belgian police dog, which is one-half Russian wolf hound, and the other half intelligence, attracted more attention here than any dog ever attracted before. He was worthy of notice. Long and slender, a combination between thehound and collie, and with the looks of a wolf, Pal was good to look upon. He is 28 months old, has been wounded in the war and received treatment at the Camp Jackson hospital.

"That dog," said the owner, "will guard prisoners same as a man, I can put a bunch in a circle, leave Pal in charge and they will be there when I return. Or I can leave him in a room with half a dozen men and they will stay there."

Pal will go to a hotel office desk, take a key handed to him, ring the elevator bell and ride to his room. He will turn on the water and wallow in the tub. He is fond of bathing.

When Mr. Young was leaving Hickory for Ashboro he left the dog in charge of his baggage, including a rifle, which were placed on a truck. Persons who approached too close were warned by the dog which never closed an eye.

"If I had that dog," observed a local officer, "I could do a big business raiding blockaders. All he wants is a look and he does the rest. I'll say he is some dog."

Forward Movement Conference

The Friends of North Carolina met in conference at High Point last week preparatory to their Forward Movement drive the last of April.

Ten members of the Mount Airy church were in attendance. A team of five workers from various sections of the United States were in charge including Pres. Levi T. Pennington of Newberg, Oregon, director of the movement. Following this conference the members of the team separated and each taking with him one or more local workers held on Saturday and Sunday Quarterly meeting conferences in various centers of the state. Mount Airy Friends were able to secure one of these sub-conferences. Delegates were in attendance from various nearby meetings. The workers for Mount Airy were Samuel L. Hayworth of High Point, Kirby V. Bowen of Greensboro and Ida L. Auties of Deep River. The sessions were interesting, instructive and inspirational throughout.

The Forward Movement of Friends in America is affiliated with the Interchurch World Movement of North America, an agency consisting of some thirty co-operating evangelical denominations.

SENATE 'BROKE FAITH' WITH GOD

Bickett Speaks His Mind in Speech at Monroe

Monroe, March 28.—"I believe it is a terrible thing to lie to the Lord God Almighty," said Governor Bickett here this afternoon, speaking under the auspices of the local post of the American legion.

He referred to the fact that two years ago this nation went down on its knees before God and dedicated this republic to the task of ending war and bringing in peace. "The men and women believed we meant it; the boys who went believed. The 25 from this county that did not come back believed. But in failing to ratify the peace treaty the United States senate broke faith with the men who died and broke faith with God." On Friday the 19th of this month, forever to be known as Black Friday in the annals of this nation, said the governor, the United States Senate, in an orgy of personal and political hatred, strangled to death the idealism of the nation.

The speaker declared that but for his belief in the resurrection of the dead and the final triumph of those who died and the ideals for which they gave their lives he would want to quit the fight and go off alone to await the coming of night. The occasion of his address was the presentation of French diplomas of honor to the next of kin to the 25 men from Union county who made the supreme sacrifice.

The exercises were held in the courthouse and it was packed by people from every part of the county.

Eighty-Seven Earthquakes in 1919

Though the general public may not be aware of the fact, the United States usually experiences from 100 to 200 earthquakes each year. This is shown by reports sent to the Weather Bureau, United States Department of Agriculture, from the large number of stations which it maintains in various parts of the country and from its voluntary co-operators who send in notices of earthquakes observed in their respective localities. The number of disturbances last year was 87, and the number reported the previous year was 127. A very large proportion of these, of course, are so light as to be entirely unnoticed by the public. On the Pacific coast slight earth tremors are of sufficient frequency to cause no comment whatever. The majority of earthquakes reported are from that region.

One surprising fact, however, shown by the summary of earthquake reports for 1919, which has recently been prepared, is that more than a score of Mississippi Valley, the region comprising southern Illinois, southern Indiana, western Kentucky and western Tennessee experienced 20 quakes, while one was recorded in northeastern Missouri, two immediately south of Wichita, Kans., and one in Washington, S. D. Many disturbances in the total number reported would have wholly escaped attention but for the seismographs, which are so delicate that they usually will detect a violent shock, no matter in what part of the world it occurs.

Legion Committee Favor A Bonus Of \$1.50 A Day

Washington, March 22.—The executive committee of the American legion tonight put up to Congress the proposal to pay adjusted compensation to former service men and women at the rate of \$1.50 for every day of service.

This action reversed a previous vote taken by the committee which recorded 37 state representatives in favor of the legislative committee's plan for cash relief at \$1a day, which was adopted as a substitute for the original proposal of \$50 a month. The committee's determination to boost relief followed a general review of a composite bill which the legion will present to the house ways and means committee Wednesday, including privileged land settlement, home building aid and extension of vocational training.

All Provisions of the bill, except the award of cash based on the period of service were adopted unanimously. Strong opposition developed tonight, however, to the \$50 a month plan, and by a vote of 35 to 14, the demand was fixed at \$1.50 a day.

Are You Happy?

To be happy you must be well. If you are frequently troubled with constipation and indigestion you cannot be altogether happy. Take Chamberlain's Tablets to correct these disorders. They are prompt and effective, easy and pleasant to take.

MAYNARD FLIES CLEAN OVER MOUNTAIN CITY

Aiming For Asheville He Lands In Morganton and Wires Back He Overshot the Mark

Asheville, March 27.—Lieutenant Belvin W. Maynard, who left Knoxville, Tenn., at 2:30 p. m., for Asheville, landed safely at Morganton, shortly after 5 p. m.

Over 10,000 people waited throughout the afternoon, in a field on the Biltmore estate to greet the "flying parson" scheduled to appear here at 4 o'clock, only to be disappointed, when Lieutenant Maynard wired back from Morganton that he had overshot Asheville.

The aviator stated that he was flying high to avoid the mountains and unintentionally flew over Asheville, landing in a field near Morganton, 40 miles from here. He will fly to Asheville Sunday morning.

A banquet for the aviator by the local alumni association of Wake Forest college, including classmates of the flier, has been arranged.

Maynard Gives Morganton A Thrill Of Pleasure

Morganton, March 27.—Lieut. Belvin W. Maynard landed unexpectedly in Quaker Meadow near Morganton this afternoon, and the arrival of the famous flying parson has given Morganton a thrill of excitement and pleasure.

The machine in which the record-breaking flight across the continent was made, has been secured for the night and Lieutenant Maynard is the guest of superintendent and Mrs. E. McK. Goodwin at the North Carolina School for the Deaf. He is expected to leave early in the morning, gasoline having been supplied him here, for Asheville in time to keep his speaking appointment there.

Pilot Mountain News.

The teachers who have been taking the Reading Circle work at Pilot Mountain had their last meeting Saturday morning, March 20, at 10:30 o'clock.

The following teachers were present: Misses Luna Wagoner, Roxie Samuels, Carrie Marion, Louisa Hiatt, Flora Hutchins, Elizabeth Hutchins, Elma Sullivan, Mollie Redman, Ruby Stevens, Cornelia Wright and E. L. Adams.

An examination was given by Prof. R. A. Sullivan on "The Work of the Teachers" by Davis.

After the examination every one did justice to a picnic dinner which was brought by the teachers from their various homes and boarding places. This sumptuous dinner was served from a table made of two teachers' desks which were recently purchased by the Civic League of Pilot Mountain High School.

This group of teachers has had some very interesting meetings during the year. At one of the meetings Mrs. T. E. Johnson of the State Board of Examiners and Superintendent J. H. Allen were present at which time Mrs. Johnson conducted the class work.

The teachers have not only gained information from the study of the book, but having come together from time to time have learned to know each other better, and the professional spirit has been improved.

The Reading Circle work for the year was brought to a close by remarks from Principal R. A. Sullivan conductor of the course, in which remarks he expressed his appreciation of the earnest co-operation and genuine interest manifested by the teachers. And that he hoped each one would return to his or her respective community with a greater enthusiasm for the field of education.

Don't Neglect To Plant Popcorn In Farm Gardens

Don't forget to include a plot of popcorn in your garden. Besides its use as a confection, popcorn possesses much food value.

On many farms where it is not desired to grow popcorn as a market crop, a few rows are planted in the garden for home use. This usually interests the children and it is well to let them do the planting.

If it is desired to grow popcorn as a field crop, the surplus stock that is not wanted for home use can usually be sold to local merchants at a fair price, or a profitable local trade may be built up by supplying it direct to consumers.

ELEVEN STATES HAVE DAYLIGHT SAVING LAW

Many Cities Of North, East and West Will Observe It

New York, March 27.—Daylight saving will go into effect at 2 o'clock tomorrow morning in at least 33 American cities and towns, notwithstanding the repeal of the law by Congress last summer over President Wilson's veto, according to the national daylight association in a statement here today. At that time clocks will be set ahead one hour.

The cities and towns which have adopted daylight saving ordinances are as follows:

New York—New York City, Buffalo, Cohoes, Troy, Utica, Syracuse, Yonkers, Gloversville; New Jersey—Camden, Plainfield, New Brunswick, Hoboken, Jersey City; Massachusetts—Clinton, Lynn, Worcester, Marlboro; Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Corry, Allentown, Harrisburg, Easton; Connecticut—Hartford, Putnam; Maine—Portland, South Portland; New Hampshire—Manchester; Michigan—Detroit, St. Joseph; Colorado—Denver; Ohio—Columbus; Delaware—Wilmington.

"We do not anticipate any confusion," said Marcus M. Marks, president of the organization which has been fighting for daylight. "The time adopted by New York city, for instance will be automatically observed by all cities and towns within a radius of 50 miles or more of the metropolis. The same can be said of Philadelphia and Pittsburgh. The New York Central, New York, New Haven and Hartford; Lackawanna; Reading; Boston and Maine and Maine Central railroads are preparing to operate their local trains so as to take care of the commuters in the territory affected. Cleveland last year operated on time an hour ahead of contiguous territory but there was no confusion there."

The state-wide daylight saving bill, recently passed by the New Jersey assembly and which is now before the senate for consideration, is reported to have been endorsed by nearly 300 municipalities and is also said to have the approval of the city commissioners of Newark, Paterson and Elizabeth. New York state already possesses a law ordering the clocks turned ahead tomorrow, but strong efforts are being made to obtain its repeal.

The Massachusetts house recently passed the state-wide measure to third reading by a vote of 185 to 44 but the attitude of the senate is said to be problematical. The chamber of commerce of Providence, R. I., recently canvassed the Rhode Island legislature where a state-wide bill is pending and announced it was strongly favored. While there will be no session of the Connecticut legislature this year, the mayors of 18 cities at a conference in New Haven urged the adoption of local ordinances. Chicago, Indianapolis, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Louisville, St. Louis, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Oakland and a number of cities in Pennsylvania are said to have deferred action.

HAS WINTER WORN YOU DOWN?

Sickness That Lingers, or Strain of Caring for Others, Makes Spring Days Dangerous

Get Back Your Strength

Red Blood Means Old-time Vigor, and Pepto-Mangan Builds Rich, Red Blood

Perhaps you've been ill this winter—or other in your family have, and you've worn yourself out with extra burdens. And now your strength is slow to return.

Week after week you've felt too tired for anything, and have looked it too—color bad, eyes dull, and no enthusiasm.

When you don't feel well you aren't well. Probably what you need right now is the good blood tonic, Pepto-Mangan. Physicians everywhere recommend Pepto-Mangan for run-down, anemic people. Ask your doctor about it. Pepto-Mangan supplies the things that blood-starved people lack. It puts iron and vigor in the blood. It paints the cheeks in Nature's way, and restores the hearty appetite.

The blood is naturally sluggish in the Spring and the whole family would profit by taking Pepto-Mangan, which tones up and builds up. It is pleasant tasting and soon makes you feel better. Your own druggist has it ready for your call, and in both liquid and tablet form, just as you prefer.

SENATORS FIDDLED WHILE WORLD WAS IN CHAOS

John Sharp Williams Emphatic In His Denunciation Of The Senate

Jackson, Miss., March 26.—Declaration by United States Senator John Sharp Williams, of Mississippi that defeat of the league of nations "more than anything in my life made me come nearer doubting the cause of democracy, sometimes almost in the providence of God himself," culminated a joint session of the legislature here to-day.

Senator Williams in his address said:

"I am just from Washington where I have listened to the most confused gabfest in the history of the world since the Maker created it. I do not see how any man who loves his country can look with unconcern on what has just occurred. But the trouble is we don't seem to know what we want to do, while the continent of Europe is in chaos.

Chance America Had Once

"There was a chance for the United States to stand at the head of a council of nations of the world; to lead the universe in the pathways of peace. The opportunity was rejected and future historians will refer to the last two years as the 'time of the great conspiracy;' that history will be discreditable to some, especially in the American Congress. America went to war, not because it wanted to, but because it was a necessity. We preached to our boys at home and in France that this war was being fought that wars might be no more. We looked on the sufferings of Belgium and Serbia and resolved what we would do when it was over. Then it finally was over and we have done nothing. So far as we are concerned, it appears we are willing to go back to 1914 before it all began.

Fiddling While Rome Burns

"The long-winded arguments in the senate were like fiddling as Rome burned, talking with a world in chaos. Do you blame me for saying that I would rather be a dog and bay at the moon than to spend one minute in the senate after the expiration of my term of office?"

"The great conspiracy commenced when the President went to Versailles and every time news came from Versailles that the President advocated or opposed something, the conspirators opposed his plans. They are two-by-four politicians. I call them that because that is what they are, no matter how high their station.

"Senator Lodge is the head of the poison squad and yet after the treaty had been emasculated with reservation that no Democrats could accept, he sought to blame the party for its rejection."

"Has any great institution founded by our forefathers fallen down at the time of stress and travail like the senate has fallen down?"

Glad President is Sick

"I believe there are now men glad that the President is sick, perhaps hope for his death. When McKinley was shot down, when Garfield was shot, was there a Democrat but expressed sorrow? Has anyone seen words of sympathy for the President in any Republican paper? A great man is sick, a great mind and a great character, and they have whispered 'we've got him now.'

"Men sometimes disparage idealists, but they are coarse-grained jacksaws who do so and do it because they are coarse-grained, but the idealist point the way and cheer men's souls.

"If the Republicans elect the President the first thing we will have to do is to make explanations but the Democrats will enter the fight with something definite.

"Let us do as St. Paul said he had done—Fight the good fight and keep the faith."

Died at Age of 112 Years

Washington, N. C., March 22.—Elsie Moore, colored, of Aurora, died yesterday at her home after having passed her 112th birthday. She was very active up until the last few months, and was said to have possessed a most remarkably perfect set of teeth at the time of her death. At the time of the Civil war she had several grandchildren of three or four years of age.