It is ever the part of wisdom to glance backward at receding great events to learn lessons for the times.

In the nation it would have been a very great victory if democracy had won, yet at one time it seemed very probable, and who will deny if money had not been criminally used, and every voter let alone but that democracy would have won.

What was the situation when the two great lines of political conflict had been drawn? On the financial question, the president and administration had drifted into republicanism, many former leaders were apathetic; many others went off after that "republican aid society," the so-called national democrats. With a great quarrel in its own household, and a bolt from its own ranks, democracy began the fight. To make up for this there was a combination of the silver forces of the South and West. There was not that full unification in all the States South as would have been best. But the time was too short for this. Experience will make it so again.

The bolt was great, but not so great from the Republican party. Mainly, that party had millions to spend, and spent it for the very life of the party and the continued existence of the gold standard that had fattened it, these years since 1873 off of the country. The lion was aroused. He fought as never before. He was made to take a stand before the countryon the side of gold, protection, and the trusts. This much was gained. We will know where to find them hereafter.

Just before the election we trembled for the people, because the money power was seen profaning the temple of our liberties (in controling votes). But "whom the gods destroy, they first make mad-and the gods grind slowly, but they grind exceedingly fine." It was hardly enough time to win such a great victory against such odds of such a character. But the time will come when money will not turn aside the will of the people. Let us work, watch and wait. There is no good reason for dis couragement. Let it all bring the white people of the South together as a unit, regardless of party. There must be harmony on essen tials. About twenty-five thousand votes, only, changed in about half a dozen doubtful States would have given the victory to Bryan. Patience, harmony and continued education on bi metalism and other questions of State for another four years should bring victory

What has the Republican party done for the negro, though he has voted that ticket about solidly for years? What? The welfare of the white people will redown to to the welfare of the colored people. Most of the white people are in the Democratic party. Ninetenths of the negroes in the State get their living from the democrats, yet, on election day they work against their most numerous and best friends. But they are not the most to blame for this. If the colored man would vote for the best men, the best government without regard to party it would be better for white and black. If this is not done, one of these days the white people of North Carolina are going to come together and pass an educational qualification law that will disfranchise unqualified voters-white and black alike to save the State from bad government of designing politicians. And this is the tairest law, not on the line of color, but on the line of the needed, reasonable qualification of the voter.

We regret the election of Russell and Pearson more than that of Mckintey. North Carolina is in a worse political shape than most of her sister Southern States. She is treading the winepress of her political sorrow. Hard-too hard words have been said by democrats against populists, and populists against democrats. Now is the time tor reflection, to bury the past, and to unite for the future. Stop calling names.

Will the majority of the next legislature do something wise for a better public roads system; and for improving the usefulness of our public schools?

David Bennett Hill, awhile Sen ator from New York, is still keep ing politically silent. May it be a long one. We are not sorry.

We seem to be in a minority, but worse things might happen, but not much worse politically.

Ignorant voters make a harvest field for the office seeker.

The floppers are in glee-their mouths watering for pie.

We desire to see much better igns of the promised return of much prosperity than the frantic jubilations of stock manipulations and gamblers of Wall street. They are fleecing each other on what producers have made and sold at a low price. When the laborer at the anvil, on the farm, in the shops, and elsewhere receive better pay and prices for years, then we will have evidence of better

A large New York firm offered Bryan \$25,000 a year to look after its legal business. Another firm offered him \$50,000 a year, but he declined them both. He is not to be turned aside from doing his part in preparing the be-metallic hosts for the conflict in 1900. These declinations add to his great nobility of character. Defeat but shows his greatness.

Flour has gone up \$1 on the barrel, and sugar has risen. This more plentiful with which to buy. Don't all republicans give a good answer at once !

### A WONDERFUL CAMPAIGN.

Wm. J. Bryan Made the Most Superb

hiladelphia Times (McKinley.) William J. Bryan has made the most remarkable campaign ever known in the history of politics in this or any other country of the world. He was nominatued at Chicago on the 10th of July, and since that time he has traveled ments and against great odds. 18,831 miles, delivered 592 speeches The money question has been the in 447 towns and cities, covering 27 States. It is estimated also that his andiences aggregated over

2,000,000 of people. Until 1860 no presidential caudidate had ever taken the stump, but Stephen A. Douglas, who was a law unto himself and was one of the ablest disputants this nation ever produced, took to the hustings when a candidate against Lincoln, Breckinridge and Bell, and traversed the country from New Orleans to New England, traveling 3,000 miles and delivered 65 speeches. Lincoln, who was then regarded as the only man able to cope with Douglas on the stump, made no specches and wrote no letters, except those of mere courtesy, from the time of his nom-ination until his election. In 1864, Lincoln and McClellan were the candidates, and Lincoln delivered 8 speeches and traveled 450 miles. McClellan made 2 brief speeches in the campaign, but did not travel

In 1868 Grant made 3 speeches, notable chiefly for their brevity, and traveled over 3,000 miles. Seymour, his competitor, traveled over 1,000 miles and delivered 8 speeches. In 1872 Grant did not travel at all and made no speeches, while Greeley traveled over 2,000 miles and delivered 79 speeches.

In 1876 Tilden made 2 very brief speeches and did not leave New York, while Hayes delivered 6 speeches and traveled about 1,500 always difficult, but it has been miles. In 1880 Garfield traveled 2,300 miles during the campaign and delivered 97 speeches, while Hancock did not leave his head-

brief speeches.
In 1884 Blaine traveled nearly 5,000 miles and delivered 195 committee of the democratic, popspeeches, while Cleveland delivered ulist and silver parties, for their 3 brief speeches and traveled but efficient, untiring and unselfish 300 miles. In 1888 Cleveland delabors. They have laid the foundalivered 1 speech and did not travel tion of future success, and will be at all, while Harrison delivered 56 remembered as pioneers when vicspeeches and did not travel over 200 miles. In 1892 neither Harrison nor Cleveland went about in the campaign, and Harrison delivered but 2 speeches and Cleve-

land 4. Bryan's campaign covered the whole country from Bath, Me., in the far East, to Charlotte and Memphis in the South, and West to Grand Island in the interior of Nebraska, going North as far as Fargo in Dakota, Duluth in Minnesota, Marquette in Wisconsin and Mackinaw City in Michigan, while the whole central belt of the country between Maine and Nebraska would require bundreds of dots on the map to locate the places where he delivered addresses. Whether he helped or hindred his cause may never be settled beyond dispute, but he has certainly given to the country and the world the most marvelous exhibition of energy, endurance and fluency of speech that has ever been exhibited in the political history of any country.

## A Long Distance Talker for Sure

Waltham, Mass., Disputch, 3d. Charles E. Davis, the free silver speaker, has completed his selfimposed task of beating the world's talking record, held by Senator Allen, of Nebraska. Senator Allen talked 13 hours on a stretch in must now put their theories to the Congress. Davis began talking test. Instead of talking mysteribefore noon yesterday upon the financial question at a rally of the bi metaliic club at the headquarters, and when he finished his ar gument he had been talking just 13 hours and 25 minutes. The hall was crowded all that time. He ate while he talked, and at the close his voice was still clear and strong, and he declared he had not exhausted either his subject or his

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A tional bi-metallism will cease to trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of constipation and sick headache. For ma larin and liver troubles they have been action, but by giving tone to sto and bowels greatly invigorate the sys tem. Regular size 25c. per box. Sold by Morphew & White, Druggists.

Good advice: Never leave home on a journey without a bottle of Chamber-lain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea

For sale by Morphew & White.

BRYAN MAKES A STATEMENT.

Bi-Metallism Has Not Been Vanquished But Simply Overcome.

IT WILL YET TRIUMPH.

It Came Near Winning a Victory as It Was-The Work of the Democrat Populist and Silver Committees Com mended-Mr. Bryan Feels No Persona Lincoln, Neb., Dispatch, Nov. 5th.

Wm. J. Bryan to day gave the following statement to the public: "No cause ever had supporters more brave, earnest and devoted than those who have esponsed the cause of bi-metallism. They have fought from conviction and have fought with all the zeal which conviction inspires. Events will prove whether they are right or wrong. Having done their duty as they saw it, they have nothing to re gret. The republican candidate has been beraided as the advance agent of prosperity. If his policy brings real prosperity to the Amerbenefits the manufacturer and seller. How can the buyer be If, on the other hand, his policies benefited unless money becomes prove an injury to the people generally, those of his supporters who do not belong to the office holding class, or to the privileged classes, will suffer in common with thos who opposed him. The friends of bi metallism have not been vanquished; they have simply been overcome. They believe that the gold standard is a conspiracy of the money changers against the

> will continue the warfare against it "The contest has been waged this year under great embarassparamount issue. The republican convention held out the delusive hope of international bi-metallism. while the republican leaders labored secretly for gold mono metallism. Gold standard democrats have publicly advocated the election of the Indianapolis ticket, while they labored secretly for the election of the republican ticket. The trusts and corporations have tried to excite a fear of lawlessness, while they themselves have been defying the law, and American financiers have boasted that they were the custodians of national honor, while they were secretly bartering away the nation's financial independence. But in spite of the efforts of the administration and its supporters, in spite of the threats of the money-loaners at home and abroad, in spite of the coercions practiced by corporations, and in spite of the influ-euce of a hostile daily press, bimetallism has almost triumphed in its first great fight. The loss of a few States, and that, too, by a very small plurality, has defeated bi-metallism for the present, but bimetallism emerges from the contest stronger than it was four months ago.

"I desire to commend the work of the three national committees which have joined in the management of this campaign. Co-operation between the members of distinet political organizations is less so this year than usual. Inhere as well executive officers, of the national

tory is at last secured. "No personal or political friead need grieve because of my defeat. My ambition has been to secure immediate legislation rather than to enjoy the honors of office, and, therefore, defeat brings me no feeling of personal loss. Speaking for the wife who has shared my labors, as well as for myself, I de sire to say that we have been done. In the love of millions of our fellow-citizens, so kindly exand our lives shall prove our appreciation of the affection of the plain people, an affection which we this campaign has brought.

"In the face of an enemy reand urge all friends of bi-metallism to renew their allegiance to the cause. If we are right, as I believe we are, we shall yet triumph. Until convinced of their error, let all advocates of bi-metallism continne the work. Let all silver clubs retain their organization. literature. Our opponents have succeeded in this campaign and ously about 'sound money' and an 'honest dollar,' they must now advocate and defend a financial system. Every step taken by them should be publicly considered

by the silver clubs. "Our cause has prospered most where the money question has been longest discussed among the people. During the next four years it will be studied all over this nation even more than it has been studied in the past.

"The year 1900 is not far away. deceive; before that year arrives those who have called themselves gold standard democrats will become bi-metallists and be with us proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance, and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their vinced still more treatly that the year arrives trusts will have convinced still more people that the trust is a menace to private welfare and to public safety: before that year arrives the evil effects of a gold standard will be even more evident than they are now and the people then ready to demand an American financial policy for the

in the immediate restoration of the free and unlimited comage of gold and silver at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting tor the aid or consent of any other

nation: [Signed] WILLAIM J. BRYAN. Bryan Might Easily Have Won

An examination of the figures of last Tuesday's vote results in some very curious and interesting revelations. It will be remembered that the Post, from the very first, insisted that Bryan's chances were good, that any stage of the campaign his election was a possibility. and that McKinley's election, although we regarded it as highly probable, depended after all upon a very narrow and uncertain margin. As unanswerable proof that we were right in this, we now call attention to the following table, showing how a change of little more than 25,000 votes, distributed over nine States, would

have elected Bryan, notwithstanding his big majorities elsewhere: Electoral Majori-California..... Delaware..... Indiana..... Kentucky...... North Dakota..... Oregon . . . . . . . . . . . . . South Dakota ..... West Virginia..... 12,000 Wyoming...... 3 Total electoral votes, 60. Total McKinley majorities, 50,

Now, suppose there had been these changes from McKinley to Bryan in the different States welfare of the human race, and until convinced of their error, they

respectively:	
California	2,5
Delaware	1,2
Indiana	11,1
Kentucky	2
North Dakota	2,5
Oregon	1,5
South Dakota	1
West Virginia	6,0
Wyoming	1
Total	25,3

These changes would have given every one of the nine States to Bryan, and, adding their 60 votes to the 167 he got elsewhere, would have made his strength in the electoral college 227-three more than he needed to make him Presi-

It is a serious reflection that the changing of only 25,393 votes—as a matter of fact the change of 25,062 votes would have accomplished the result—is all that stood between the election of McKinley and the election of Bryan. We commend this reflection to the gentlemen who are throwing up their hats and screaming themselves black in the face with nonsense about landshdes and similar absurdities. Mr. McKinley got tremendous majorities in England, New York, Pennsylvania, Iowa, Michigan, and Illinois, but in the rest of the country he has a mighty narrow escape from defeat.

Candidates Must File an Account of Elec tion Expenses.

aleigh Correspondence Charlotte Observer The election law, chapter 159, section 72, requires every candidate, including presidential electors, governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, superintendent terest in a common cause of great of public instruction, attorney importance has reduced friction to general, auditor, members of cona mimimum. I hereby express my gress, justices of the supreme quarters and delivered only 2 very personal gratitude to the indi- court, solicitors, members of the general assembly county treasurer register of deeds, coroner, sheriff, surveyor, towhship constable, county commissioners, justices of the peace, tax collectors and all other officers voted for in this election to file before the 13th day of November, 1896, an itemized statement, showing in detail all

the monies contributed or expended by him, directly or indirectly, by himself or through any other person in the aid of his election. Such statement shall give the names of the various persons who used the money, the specific nature of each item, and the purpose for which it was contributed. There shall be attached to such statement an affiamply repaid for all that we have davit sworn to by such candidate, setting forth in substance that the statements in the paper are in all pressed, we find full compensation respects true, and that the same is for whatever efforts we have put a true and detailed statement of Our hearts have been all monies so contributed or extouched by the devotion of friends, pended by him, directly or indirectly, either by himself or through any other person.

Candidates for offices to be filled prize as the richest reward which by the electors of the entire State or any sub-division or district greater than a county shall file joicing in its victory, let the roll their statements in the office of be called for the next engagement | the secretary of state at Raleigh,

Candidates for house of representatives, sheriff, register of deeds, constable, treasurer, county commissioner, coroner, surveyor, justice of the peace, tax collector, and city or other county officers, must file their statements in the hold regular meetings and circulate office of the clerk of the superior court in the county in which they reside.

> HOW TO PREVENT CROUP. Some Reading That Will Prove Interest ing to Young Mothers—How to Guard Against the Disease.

Croup is a terror to young mothers and to post them concerning the cause, first symptoms and treatment is the ob-ject of this item. The origin of croup is a common cold. Children who are is a common cold. Unidren who are subject to it take cold very easily and croup is almost sure to follow. The first symptom is hoarseness; this is soon followed by a peculiar rough cough, which is easily recognized and will never be forgotten by one who has heard it. The time to act is when the child first becomes hoarse. If Cham-berlain's Cough Remedy is freely given all tendency to croup will soon disap-pear. Even after the croupy cough has developed it will prevent the attack There is no danger in giving this rem edy, for it contains nothing injurious

For sale by Morphew & White The wife of Mr. Leonard Wells, of American people will join with us bottle by Morphew & White.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

o Good Can Come of Labored Explana tions is to Why and How Bryan Wa Defeated—Let Democrata Follow the Example of Uncle Remns's Fox—Senator Butler's Address, on the Campaign-Views of Our Washington Correspond-

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9th, 1896. will be noticed that the shrewd est democrats are not attempting to explain Bryan's defeat. "Suffi unto the day is the evil thereof." McKinley was elected be-cause he got the most votes, and no good can come of labored explanations as to why and how. If any democrat knows of votes obtained by means which can be proved to be illegal, it is his duty, as a patriotic citizen to make an exposure in order that the guilty may be punished, but it is idle to waste time in showing up other methods which are as old as the Republican party. This is a good time for democrats to follow the example of Uncle Remus's fox and lay low and carefully watch the other fellows. Although McKinley bas won, his supporters are far 5,000 from being united upon a single 2,000 one of the questions which must 22,000 be legislated upon, and whether he 500 can secure such legislation as he 5,000 desires from the next Congress is a question yet to be answered. The control of the Senate is still in doubt, and notwithstanding the republican majority in the House, Speaker Reed's personal ambition may be counted upon to prevent that body being entirely at the beck and call of McKinley. There is nothing in the situation

> which calls for any new expres sion of opinion on the part of the Democratic party. The party is thoroughly alive, as it has been from the day of its birth and will continue to be as long as free and untrammeled opinion is allowed to exist in this country, but inasmuch as it has just failed to elect either the President or a majority of the House, it is not called upon to out line a policy. That is for McKin ley and the republicans to do When they shall have done so will be time enough for the Democratic party to decide what it will do. Meanwhile democrats should join with their republican neighbors in getting as much benefit as possible out of the boom which the capitalists are pushing, and which it is hoped will be as permanent as it has been sudden. All of us are in a position to welcome prosperity, no matter from what source it may come, and he who refuses to do so because his ideas have failed of indorsement at the polls stands in the position of the man who bit his nose off to spite his face.

Senator Butler, Chairman of the Populist National Committee, has not improved his popularity with democrats by the language he makes use of in an address to the people, on the campaign. He starts out by asserting that "the People's party is the only party that supported solidly and unitedly the great and vital issues represented in the candidacy of Mr. Bryan." While technically true, this is calculated to mislead. He closes by making a prophecy, that "the People's party will be the nucleus around which the patriotic hosts must and will gather to redcem a betrayed republic and to restore prosperity to an oppressed and outraged people." Without posing as a rival of Senator Butler in the prophetic field, I will venture to say that his prophecy will read very queer in the summer of 1900 when the Democratic party nominates its next Presidential candidate. Senator Butler means well-for himself-but in his zeal to make personal capital out of democratic defeat he has overdone the thing and done himself more

harm than good. It was not a friend of Secretary Carlisle who suggested that he might represent the gold demo-McKinley's Cabinet. It may be that the gold democrats deserve a representative in McKinley's Cabinet-many believe that his election would have been impossible without the votes of the gold democrats-but should be de sire to pay that debt, which is exdoubtful, he would probably find it difficult to find a gold democrat of any standing who would be willing to become a member of his Cabinet, and it would be a safe 100 to 1 bet that Carlisle would not. It is understood here that some very big republicans are in the deal by which an attempt is to be made to have Mr. Carlisle sent to the Senate by a combination of republicans and gold demo cratic votes in the Kentucky legis

Bryan's defeat is nothing for him to be ashamed of. A change of less than 26,000 votes divided among nine states, and varying from 101 votes in the lowest to 11,100 in the highest, would have given the electoral votes of 9 ad ditional states, a total of 60, to Bryan, and would have elected him with 3 votes to spare. some over jubilant McKinleyite gets too gay about the alleged overwhelming nature of the Mc Kinley landslide, just call his at

tention to these facts. Secretary Gardner has secured rooms for the permanent Headquarters for the National Associaion of Democratic Clubs, the or ganization of which it is proposed to keep up right along. Mr. Gardner is also secretary of the Democratic Congressional Committee. and its headquarters will be lo cated at the same place, although it will have no work to do until the opening of the Congressional campaigu.

The True Remedy.

W. M. Repine, editor of the Tiskilwa, Ill., Chief. says: "We won't keep house without Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, perimented with many others, East Brimfield, Mass., has been suffer-ing from neuralgia for two days, not being able to sleep or hardly keep still, remedy can take its place in our home. being able to sleep or hardly keep still, when Mr. Holden, the merchant there, sent her a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm, and asked that she give it a thorough trial. On meeting Mr. Wells the next day he was told that she was told that she was all right, the pain had left her within the pain had been a pain the pain had left her within the pain had left her w all right, the pain had left her within two hours, and that the bottle of Pain because this remedy has a record of Balm was worth \$5.00 if it could not be cures and besides is guaranteed. It had for less. For sale at 50 cents per never fails to satisfy. Trial bottles free had for less. For sale at 50 cents per hever fails to satisfy. Trial bottles bottle by Morphew & White.

Vashington Post. When, some weeks ago, Hon. John M Palmer and Hon. Simon

Boliver Buckner were nominated for President and Vice-President respectively by the bolting Demo tals at Indianapolis, we ventured the prediction that by the close of the campaign they would be ob ects of almost universal contempt and ridicule. We think we may say this morning that our prophecy has been fulfilled. At no time during the contest

have they been seriously considered for the places to which they pretend to aspire. It has been understood on all sides that their candidacy was absurd; that they never would have been considered for the fraction of an instant by my convention representing a real party; that they were performing simply as decoys to entrap timid and unwary Democrats and deliver them to Mr. Hanna to swell the riumphal procession of McKinley Nobody has regarded them with respect. No one has contributed to their fund except as a means of promoting the Republican cause. Nobody wanted to elect them. Nobody has offered them the poor travesty of reverence and honor. They have gone through the country, a couple of transparant mountebanks and mummers. Robert Macaire and Jacques Strop themselves were not more impudent imposters. It seems inredible that they could have expected more that half contemptu ous toleration, yet oftener than once they have resented it with a fory that made them only more ridiculous. The have in fact, saddened us with the thought that ont of more than seventy millions of people they only have failed to realize their pitiful predicament. McKinley will be elected, and he

will administer the affairs of government as best be can under the conditions that beset him. Bryan will be defeated, and will return to private life, conscious of having made the most gallant and most brilliant fight that man ever made against overwhelming and unconoperable odds. Both will be shrined in the affection, the confidence, and the respect of those who have followed them throughout. Both will be recognized by all their fellow citizens as gennine gladiators in a genuine arena. But these poor puppets, these make believe champions of a tinsel cause -they will, along with their beggarly retinue of allies, the Bynums, the Cockrans, and the sulking Hills, pass from the stage without one cheering word or pitying tear, fertunate beyond their best de serts if they be forgotten utterly. The world forgives the man who will not vote against his conscience. It never forgives and it is seldom able to forget the man who plays the buckster with his dignity.

Foultry Keeping for Profit.

An interesting and complete onblication on the above subject is ready for distribution by the Experiment Station. It is written by F E Hege, manager of the Poultry Division of the Station, and is in tended for popular reading to give complete information about poultry and poultry raising. It has 58 pages and is illustrated with 40 cuts, showing the appearance of all the more important breeds of poultry, including ducks. Descriptions with cuts are given of easily made poultry houses, brooder houses and brooders, and of the arrous appliances found necessary and useful in poultry raising. Cuts are also given showing the changes that take piace in the egg during incubation. Complete instruction is given as to the care of poultry with all the more common diseases, and how to avoid these diseases The subjects of artificial hatching by means of incubators and subsequent care of the chickens by brooders are fully described. Feed ing and care of young chickens bred by the hen or by incubator. and also grown fowls, are completely discussed.

An important subject which is considered is how to improve the common stock by means of a berough-bred cock. It costs but little or any more to feed an improved breed or a well selected cross than the ordinary barn yard fowl, yet the former is far more profitable. How to dress and ship poultry to market is also described The bulletin will be sent free upon application to Dr. H. B. Battle, Director, Raleigh, N. C.

Poultry raising with the proper care can be made more profitable than almost any other branch of industry, considering the amount of money required. The object of the organization of the poultry division of the Experiment Station is to show how this can best be done, and this is also the object of the above bulletin. Every farmer or his wife should have it.

How a Democrat "Phased" Bob In: Colonel Robert Ingersoll is a rapid thinker and usually has a good reply on the end of his tongue whenever he is interrupted in the midst of a speech. On one occasion, however, his gift of repartee failed him. It happened that he was unusually severe in his abuse of the Democrats, acting, of course, upon the supposi tion that he was addressing an audience composed entirely of Republicans. After he had about finished his distribe he asked:

"Is there a Democrat in this whole andience! If there is I would like him to stand up and tell the audience how he feels." A gray-haired old man stood up in the crowd and Colonel Ingersoll

turned on him. "So you're a Democrat, are you?" asked Bob "Well, now, just tell this audience how you feel. Just describe your sensations I want this great crowd to know

what you feel like. A deathlike stillness fell upon the crowd and the old man replied in a loud, piercing voice that could be heard all over the house: "I feel like a sound hazelnut in a bushel of rotten beans."

A tour of laughter went up from the crowd and for once the Colonel was not ready with a very good Livery and Feed Stable.

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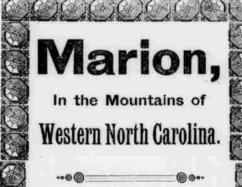
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00000000000

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Four Church Organizations for Colored People-one build ing, two in process of building. One High Grade School for Whites, with a Primary De

partment-three to four teachers. Four Church Organizations and Buildings for Whites-Methodist, Baptist, Presbyterian and Episcopalian. Two Railroads-One Through "Trunk Line" (the South ern), and one terminating here-the Ohio River and

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- SA1	LISBURY.	ASHEVII	LLE, HOT SPRINGS AND MORRISTOWN.			
	No. 15. Daily.	No. 11. Daily.	(Central Time.)	No. 12. Daily.	No. 16. Daily.	
	9.03 p m. 9.54 p m. 10.28 p.m. 11 04 p.m. 12.27 a.m.	1.55 p.m.		6,40 p.m. 5,52 p.m. 4,50 p.m. 4,12 p.m. 3,31 p.m. 1,55 p.m.	3.48 a.m. 3.13 a.m. 2.39 a.m. 1.14 a.m.	
			Pourth Division. Ar. Hot Springs. Lv. "MorristownAr. Ar Chattanooga Lv.			

Trains Nos. 11 and 12, daily, carry Pullman Sleeping Cars between Asheville and Cin nati via Harriman.

Trains Nos. 37 and 38. daily, connect at Salisbury with Washington and Sonited, and at Morristown with Washington and Chattanooga Limited. Carwing Room Buffer Slerging Care Live

heville nu	d Washingto	on.	Cars Detween Charta	nooga, Kr	oxville, H	ot S	
	В	ETWEEN	ASSEVILLE AND MURPHY,				
	No. 67. Ex. Sun	No. 17. Daily.	(Central Time.)	No. 18, Daily,	No. 66, Ex. Sun.		
	7.00 a.m. 1.40 a.m. 11.25 p.m.	3-45 D.m.	LyAshevilleAr. "Dillsboro" "Bryson City"	9.55 a.m.	6.35 p.m. 12 45 p.m.		

00 p.m. 6.00 p.m. " .... Murphy .... " Through tickets on sale at principal stations to all points. apply to any agent of the Company.
E. BERKELEY
W. H. GZEEN,