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STATE NEWS.

Brodie Duke is building a cotton mill and one hundred houses in North Durham.

The best Fish and Oyster Fair ever held down south was opened at Newbern Monday last.

Nelson Smather's \$2,500, mill on Hominy creek, Buncombe county, was destroyed by fire.

Down east the state papers complain that the hard rains have washed all their local news away.

Durham is too full of tobacco. Sales have been blocked for several days, most of the weed is of low grade.

Last Saturday forenoon a white woman, Lizzie Tucker, was ravished by an unknown negro at the Yadkin railroad crossing at Town creek, Rowan county. There has been no arrest made yet.

R. H. Emblar sold his tobacco in Asheville and put all the money in bank but \$3. Mr. Parham, a poor but dishonest highwayman, robbed Mr. Emblar on his way home, was arrested, and committed for trial.

Last Friday evening on the Air Line a white man with an umbrella up, stepped out of the way, as he thought, of a passing train on to a parallel track, and not far off a negro went to sleep on the track. Both dead.

A Stokes county man had a tumor 5½ inches wide by 7½ inches long cut out of his left side by Dr. Field. It had a perfectly developed heart, with all valves and appliances in working order, inside of it. The man is doing well.

The railroad commissioners today issued the following order: Whenever a message is sent over two or more telegraph lines, owned, controlled and operated by separate and distinct corporations or individuals, the joint rate shall not exceed 40 cents for such message of ten body words or less, exclusive of date, address and signature, between any two points within the limits of this State, nor more than 3 cents for each additional word—this circular to take effect March 1st, next.

THE REV. FRANCIS WOLLE.

Author, Preacher, Educator, Inventor and Scientist

The Rev. Francis Wolle, a retired Moravian clergyman and a botanist of renown, died recently at Bethlehem, Pa., aged seventy-five. His works on "The Fresh Water Algae of the United States" and "Desmids of the United States" are regarded as standard authorities.

He was the inventor and patentee of the first paper-bag machine, which is now in use in many parts of the world. He was for many years the principal of the Moravian Female Seminary at Bethlehem.—[Western Sentinel.

Many of his former pupils live in this section.

Southern Fever Among Cattle.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—Secretary Rusk has issued a circular to the managers and agents of the railroad and transportation companies, stockmen and others, notifying them that a contagious and infectious disease known as splenic or southern fever exists among the cattle in the belt of country which he describes in detail and which extends from Kansas, Missouri and Tennessee to North Carolina, Virginia and Maryland. From the 15th of February to the 1st of December, 1893, no cattle are to be transported from said area to any portion of the United States north or west of the designated line, except by rail for immediate slaughter.

CAPITOL CHIT-CHAT.

Harrison Seeking to Avoid Responsibility—Cabinet Nearly Complete.

WASHINGTON Feb'y 20, 1893.—A specimen of disgruntled republican statesmanship is now being given the country by the administration in the manner in which it is dallying with the critical financial situation. Instead of taking some decided step towards relief Mr. Harrison and Secretary Foster are simply doing nothing, being perfectly satisfied if they can stave off the the crisis until they have turned the government over to the democrats, thinking thus to escape responsibility for any trouble that may then come. This is worse than cowardly; it is criminal. The people of this country are not idiots; they will know where to place the responsibility should the inaction of this administration result in anything like a financial panic, which heaven forbid.

President elect Cleveland has now announced all of the members of his cabinet except the Attorney General and the Secretary of the Navy. He has not pleased all of the democrats in Congress—no President ever did, or ever will please all of his party in making up a cabinet—, but if the dissatisfaction is any greater than it has been in the dominant party when every cabinet for twenty years past has been announced your correspondent has failed to locate it. It must be remembered in considering the matter that Mr. Cleveland has introduced something entirely new in politics by announcing the members of his cabinet as fast as they are determined upon, thus giving the opposition a chance to appear much greater than it really is, by reason of its being presented to the public in sections, as it were. The objection to Judge Gresham, which at first appeared to be very formidable is growing less now that its authors have taken time to think of the justice of giving the many thousand independent votes that were cast for Mr. Cleveland representation in the cabinet. There is no opposition to Carlisle as Sec. of the Treasury; Bissell as Postmaster General; Morton as Sec. of Agriculture, or Lamont as Sec. of War, and the little opposition that has been expressed to Hoke Smith for Sec. of Interior has mostly come from Western men who think a Western man would have been better than a Georgian for that position. And not a single word has been uttered by anybody against the fitness of the gentlemen named for these positions, and after all is not that the principal object aimed at by every President in selecting a cabinet? If Mr. Cleveland will fill the two remaining vacancies with old wheel horses of democracy your correspondent predicts that the cabinet as a whole will be cordially approved by ninety five per cent of the democratic party.

Vice-President elect Stevenson will be in Washington this week to remain until after the Inauguration.

One man paid \$500 for one hundred seats in the stand which faces the reviewing stand from which Mr. Cleveland will review the inaugural parade, which promises to be the largest ever seen.

The treaty annexing Hawaii, sent to the Senate last week, has been favorably reported. It is probable, but not certain that it will be ratified at this session. The uncertainty arises from the belief of some of the Senators on both sides that it should be left for the next session.

Not a single vote was cast against the confirmation of the nomination of Judge Jackson to the Supreme Court. It is understood that demo-

cratic Senators were assured the vacancy made by his promotion would not be filled by Mr. Harrison.

Senator Voorhees is strongly in favor of the sundry civil appropriation bill authorizing the Secretary of the treasury to issue 3-per cent five-year bonds up to \$50,000,000, whenever in his judgment it may be desirable to do so, for the purpose of adding to the gold reserve. He thinks that the authority will never need to be exercised, because the mere fact that it exists will give stability and inspire confidence throughout the world in our finances. The Senator says there is no connection between this amendment and the silver question, notwithstanding the efforts made by some to make it thus appear. The amendment, already adopted by the senate, will, it is believed, get through the house unless the opposition shall talk it to death.

The senate voted down the house amendment to the sundry civil appropriation bill prohibiting the payment of expenses incurred for warrants, arrests or prosecutions under the laws relating to the election of members of congress. This matter will come up again when the bill gets in conference, but it is not believed that the democrats will be inclined to fight very stubbornly for the restoration of the amendment, because they believe to a man that the whole system of federal supervision of elections will be wiped out by the next Congress.

There will be no reform at this session. The only result of the Pension discussion was some bad language and an attempt to exchange blows by two members on the floor of the House.

May Our Departure Be Like His.

Rev. Jeremiah Ingold was born September 25th, 1816 in Guilford county, N. C., died February 12th, 1893, aged 76 years, four months and seventeen days. After attending the private schools of his native county, he entered Mercersburg College Pa. from which he graduated about the year 1842. In 1844 he was ordained a minister in the Reformed church and remained a member of the classis of North Carolina until the time of his death.

His first field of labor was with a congregation in Alexander county which he served four months when he moved to Rowan county, where he taught school and preached for ten years. In 1855 he located in Lincoln county and began his work in that part of the state. Since that time he has served, with short intervals, the churches comprising the Hickory charge.

In 1872 he moved to the town of Hickory and from that time to his death he was a resident of the place. He preached the first sermon ever delivered in the town, and organized and taught our first school. He established Corinth congregation, and has since been closely identified with her best interests. In 1890, he resigned as associate pastor of this congregation, after having been in the active ministry nearly forty-seven years. Since that time he has lived quietly at his home, awaiting as he afterwards said "the summons to come up higher." During the last two years of his life, he preached an occasional sermon. His last sermon was preached on the 27th of August 1892, when he spoke most touchingly of the humanity of Christ. On Lord's day, February 12th, just as the congregation returned home from worship, peacefully and quietly without one struggle Dr. Ingold "fell asleep in Jesus." So ended the earthly life of one of the oldest, and most useful ministers of North Carolina classis. Of his long ministry extending over forty seven years, of his great usefulness in the Church, and classis, of his ability as a preacher, a true expounder of the word; of him as a theologian; of his exalted Christian character I will not permit myself to speak, but will leave that to one better fitted to the delicate task.

His life was a grand commentary on the Christian religion: His death the peaceful falling asleep in Christ
J. L. M.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

EPITOME OF ITS MOST IMPORTANT PROCEEDINGS.

Representatives of the People Meet in General Assembly to make laws for the State.

FORTY-FIRST DAY.

SENATE.—The Senate met at 10:30 o'clock this morning.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. Sherrill, a bill to authorize the commissioners of Catawba county to pay justices of the peace and county commissioners in certain cases.

Senator Cooper, a bill to prevent the killing of stock by railroads.

Resolution directing the treasurer to pay John Z. Neal \$100 for the arrest of Linville Eller, passed third reading.

A bill to regulate the compensation of directors of the penal, charitable and educational institutions of the state, passed third reading.

A bill to establish a benevolent association in the town of Tarboro, passed second and third readings.

A bill to certify as teachers in public schools of this state the graduates of the Peabody Normal college of Nashville, Tennessee, passed second and third readings.

A bill to incorporate the Southern Trust and Guarantee Company. The committee on corporations recommended amendments which were adopted, and the bill passed its second and third readings.

Senator Aycock introduced, by unanimous consent, a bill to amend the charter of the Wilmington & Weldon railroad company and to provide for taxing the property of said company in like manner as other property is taxed, and to adjust all differences between the state of North Carolina, or any county, city or town in said state and said company.

House.—The house was called to order this morning at 10:30 o'clock

PETITIONS.

Mr. Crews, asking additional appropriations for the colored orphan asylum. Finance.

Mr. Hoyle, by request, to establish the usual prohibition limits to apply to Mountain View M. E. Church in Catawba county. Propositions and Grievances.

CATAWBA AND NEWTON.

Formation of the County—Whence the name of the Town.

Catawba county was created by an act of the legislature of North Carolina in 1842—3 taken entirely from Lincoln county.

The town was located—after some litigation, in December 1843 and ratified by the legislature of 1843—4.

The Commissioners appointed to locate the town, were Joseph Wilson, Burl Allen, Lawson Lowrance, Thomas Cloninger, Alexander McCorkle, Daniel Finger and Daniel Lutz. The name of the county was called Catawba, after a tribe of Indians that were found on the west branch of that river by the first white men that crossed over the river, and who inhabited this portion of the country at that time, and because one half of the county is surrounded by that great river.

The town was called Newton after Lieutenant Newton who belonged to Marion's scouts and was in company with Sergeant Jasper, when they surrounded a dozen British and Tories at Walnut Springs and took them prisoners. Hon. Nathaniel Wilson stated in a fourth of July oration that he named this town after Lieutenant Newton. He and Jasper were great favorites of his and he named two of his sons—one Newton and the other Jasper.—[M. L. McCorkle in Newton Enterprise.

Ex-Judge McCorkle, the writer of the foregoing is one of the best men in Catawba county or any other county.

GENERAL NEWS.

American lard is worth 25 cents a pound in Mexico.

The Ohio is above the danger limit at Cincinnati.

A registered letter was found inside a Mississippi cat fish the other day.

The indications from the west are that beef will bring a higher price than for years.

Seventeen million spindles are idle in the Lancashire (Eng.) cotton mills.

The National Cordage Company made two million dollars in three months.

It is proposed to reclaim the Morgrave desert in California at a cost of a million and a half dollars.

Philadelphia's new public building will have the largest clock on earth. The minute hand is to be 12 feet and the hour hand 9 feet long.

Legislators in New York and Kentucky are introducing bills against hoop skirts. They will cheerfully pay the bills for them by summer.

At the recent convention of newspaper publishers in New York over two hundred millions of investments were represented, as against one half that amount last year.

The Pennsylvania legislature is considering the purchase of Valley Forge, to make a State park of it, in honor of the revolutionary heroes who suffered there.

Texas instructed Senator Mills to vote a certain way by 83 to 29. After he voted the other way the same legislature endorsed his "moral and political courage" by 94 to 29.

An eight million bale crop of cotton makes four million tons of seeds. Deducting one million ton for replanting and the three million, made in oil, meal, hulls and lint, one hundred and twenty two million dollars.

Cornelius Vanderbilt has paid \$600,000, for three houses adjoining his own, so as to build a new ball room with a frontage of 75 feet on Fifth avenue. His daughter is coming out soon.

Tower building Eiffel at Paris stole \$22,000,000 of the Panama canal money. Some \$2,500,000 of the same fund was sent to this country to be spent by ex-Secretary of the Navy Dick Thompson, and now Congress is trying to find out whether he spent any of it, or just kept it for the owners.

Judge Simonton of the Federal court in South Carolina says the state cannot collect its taxes off of certain railroads which he has placed in the hands of a receiver. Gov. Tillman has ordered the sheriffs of certain counties to seize and hold the cars of the roads for taxes. Each authority holds that the other is in contempt. It remains to be seen which is in the greatest contempt the judge or the governors.

Four miles from Dover, N. H. is a kind of county poor house and pauper insane asylum. The latter, a wooden structure, two stories high, 35 by 130 feet, containing forty-eight patients, was set on fire last Thursday night by a mad woman who had smuggled matches into her cell, and all but four of the inmates were burned to death. The county authorities had long ago been warned of the unsuitable character of the building, but were too "thrifty" to provide better ones.

The best and finest manure for early gardening can be purchased from J. C. Martin. 6:tf