

# THE WARREN RECORD

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A SEMI-WEEKLY NEWSPAPER DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF WARRENTON AND WARREN COUNTY

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## DRIVE HEADS ARE NAMED.

### PALMER NAMES REPRESENTATIVE MEN OVER COUNTY

To Push Relief Drive During The Week Feb. 21-28th; Urges That Ministers Present Appeal For Starving Millions.

County Chairman of the relief drive in the Near East John B. Palmer has appointed Mr. J. E. Rooker, Treasurer, of the campaign of February 21-28 which is to raise from Warren county \$1200 for relief of the starving and destitute people of Armenia, Assyria, Greece and other exiles and refugees. W. Brodie Jones will, by appointment of Mayor Palmer, be in charge of the publicity work in Warren.

In handing this paper the following list of representative men as township chairmen, Mr. Palmer stated that each chairman, because of intimate knowledge of conditions in his township, was requested to nominate two ladies and two gentlemen who would compose the soliciting committee; that the ministers of the county were urged to present to their congregations the absolute necessity of answering this call for those starving; and that any literature desired could be procured from him. The chairman, who are in complete charge in their township as to methods of obtaining results, are:

Township Chairman	Quota
Six Pound, J. M. Coleman	\$ 120.
River, R. D. Fleming	120
Hawtree, Coley Perkinson	100.
Smithcreek, Bob White	90
Nutbush, J. A. Kimball	75.
Sandy Creek, Wm. Stewart	75
Shocco, J. W. Burroughs,	70.
Fishing Creek, D. L. Robertson	90.
Judkins, Fletcher Bobbitt	90.
Warren, R. B. Boyd	300.
Fork, R. E. Williams	75.
Roanoke, H. L. Wall	25.
Total	\$1200.

### PIECE OF WALNUT CONTAINS HAND ON EACH END

Mr. Rufus Marks, of Judkins, was in town Thursday exhibiting a freak piece of walnut wood about three inches in diameter and three inches long. His little son Harry Willard, four years old, picked it up the other day while out playing. The heart of the wood forms the body of the hand while five fingers, properly spaced, and showing against the white in a dark outline, jut out. A hand on both ends of the piece of wood—one a left and the other a right. It is the freakiest "freak" we have seen.

### Farm Demonstration Macon Friday

On Friday, Feb. 21, there will be given a tractor, orchard spraying and pruning demonstration on Mr. P. A. Agelasto's farm near Macon. A Fordson tractor will operate a power sprayer weighing, when fully loaded, 2,500 pounds. This will be a rare opportunity for farmers who are considering buying a tractor to see just what a Fordson can do. Mr. W. A. Connell's tractor has been secured for this demonstration.

The spraying and pruning demonstration should be of interest to every farmer in the county who has even a small orchard.

It is a well established fact that fruit can not be raised profitably without first pruning and spraying the trees. Pruning to correct the growth of the tree and to properly ripen, increase the size and quality of the fruit; spraying to contract diseases and insects.

Mr. C. E. Eckert from the Department of Agriculture will be here for the demonstration. Mr. Eckert is an orchard specialist sent out by the State to aid in demonstration work. Farmers of the county cannot afford to miss this opportunity to learn something about the care of their orchards. Instructions will be given in the use of the different spraying mixtures, the best forms to use, when and how to apply them. Farmers who have small orchards will be told how they can spray them with very little cost.

J. W. BASON, Co. Agt.

## Cham. Commerce Has Live Meeting.

Large number of the members of the Chamber of Commerce met in a live meeting here Friday night and discussions of the hotel, the picture show and fitting the Boyd office on Court House Square as a rest room engaged the attention of the body.

Report from the Hotel committee disclosed the fact that a verbal option was held on the Crinkley property, and the chamber of commerce upon motion of Hon. B. B. Williams empowered the committee to obtain a legal option, to expend a certain amount for this purpose, and to investigate the cost of building a modern hotel, to obtain the voice of the Commissioners as to the amount they would be willing to invest, and further to ascertain the Commissioner's will as to selling the Town Hall and applying the proceeds of the sale to the Hotel. This motion was carried.

Mr. Williams carried his audience theoretically on a visit to the meat market and showed that conditions were far from being what they should be there, and further stated that the Opera House was unfortunately located, and it did not pay, and in emphatic language urged its sale.

Reports from the motion picture committee disclosed the fact that a stoik impany had been formed with the avowed purpose of properly fitting a main street location for a picture show and looking to providing this amusement.

Messrs. R. B. Boyd, John B. Palmer and Rev. E. W. Baxter were appointed to personally interview Mr. Rhoads as to bringing Littleton college here; this action being recommended by Chm. T. J. Taylor of the former committee, whose report in the form of a letter from Mr. Rhoads was not clearly understood.

Miss Amma D. Graham was heard by the body in behalf of a rest room on Court Square as a memorial to our Warren boys. The chair was empowered to appoint a committee to investigate.

Open forum discussion was participated in by W. G. Rogers, J. B. Palmer, T. J. Taylor, E. W. Baxter, B. B. Williams and W. Brodie Jones. The meeting was by far the best of its scope ever held here, and an equally earnest meeting is expected Friday night when further reports will be submitted.

## Record of Service Sergt. Jack Alston

It is a joy to his many friends to see Sergeant Jack M. Alston at home again. He is the youngest son of the late Major Blake Alston, who for a good many years faithfully served the County in various important positions.

Jack enlisted in aviation service in June, 1917. He was trained at Fort Thomas, Kentucky, and at San Antonio Texas. Having made a fine record in the training camps, he was ordered to active service in France, where he landed in November, 1917. He rendered efficient service in the Observation Department, and was made First Sergeant in his first month of service Overseas.

His ankle was broken in consequence of his aeroplane falling, and at the same time his Pilot was killed. Having faithfully served his country he was honorably discharged Jan. 30th, 1919. Such manly fellows as Jack, and our other brave boys that have served at home and abroad, make us think better of humanity.

T. J. TAYLOR.

### CONCERT AT CRAWLEY SCHOOL

There will be given a concert in celebration of Washington's birthday at the "Crawley School house," near Littleton, on Monday night, Feb. 24th, beginning at 7:30 o'clock. Public cordially invited to attend.

### HE WOULD TRY ANYTHING ONCE

"There was a man who fancied that he'd get his car across the track before the train came past. He'd miss the engine by an inch and make the train hands sore. There was a man who fancied this; there isn't any more."

"An ounce of pluck is worth a pound of luck."

## A STATE-WIDE ORGANIZATION TO HOLD COTTON.

### Farmers and Business Men to Organize in Every County For Decreased Acreage And A Just Price.

At the Request of Demonstrator J. W. Bason and because of the interest to the farmers and business men, we are publishing the following from the News and Observer:

Plans for a state-wide campaign to aid in the holding of the present crop of cotton and in reducing the 1919 acreage in keeping with the resolutions passed at the State-wide meeting of farmers and business men on Tuesday, February 11, were perfected yesterday at the meeting of the executive committee of the Cotton Association in the building of the State Department of Agriculture. Governor T. W. Bickett, having been elected as president of the North Carolina Cotton Association, was recognized as head of the movement with Mr. C. D. Orrell, of Moncure, chairman of the executive committee, Mr. O. J. McConnell, secretary and Dr. B. W. Kilgore, treasurer.

Recognizing the importance of quick but thorough action, the committee first went on Record as requesting the governor to issue at once a proclamation setting aside Wednesday, February 26, as the day for general organization over the State. On this date a meeting is to be held in every county in the State with a county committee consisting of three persons, the County Farm Demonstration Agent, a business man and a farmer in charge. It is then planned to carry the organization movement into every township of the county, using a pledge system so as to be assured that every person both white and black is given an opportunity of aiding in the continued prosperity of the State and South.

**Cotton Owners Contribute.**  
To raise the necessary funds for the propaganda and organizational work it was decided by the committee that every person owning cotton be requested to contribute for the purpose of the Association 20c. per bale for all cotton now on hand, that every person planning to plant cotton this year be asked to contribute 10c. per acre and that those who are not growing the staple but are interested in a financial way in the cotton industry be asked to contribute such money as they can for the cause. Dr. B. W. Kilgore, as custodian of the fund, will acknowledge in the State papers all contributions of the day previous and all funds will be dispersed by the central organization; however, fifty per cent sent in to the executive committee for use in the state-wide campaign.

**Headquarters in Raleigh.**  
Mr. C. D. Orrell, chairman of the executive committee, will remain in Raleigh as active head of the movement being assisted by the remainder of the committee when necessary and by both Mr. McConnell and Mr. Kilgore.

It is planned to request all farmers to sign an agreement to reduce their cotton acreage as proposed by the association and that lists of all those who agree to do this and all who refuse to do so, will be kept, in order that these may be posted, if necessary. The entire work of the association is to include both negro farmers as well as white farmers with the colored farmers using their own organization if they see fit or holding separate meetings on February 26 if it is desired.

Before closing the meeting many important problems relating to the loaning of money by banks, the importance of keeping the cotton out of the weather, questions of suitable storage places, and the issuance of receipts for money received were discussed.

The official call of the association was made public yesterday. It is signed by C. D. Orrell and O. J. McConnell, chairman and secretary of the executive committee, and is as follows:

**Call To Action.**  
"The North Carolina Cotton Association will immediately launch a campaign to pledge cotton growers to re-

duce their 1919 acreage one-third. The campaign will be active and house to house. Every grower of cotton in this State, landowner or tenant, will be asked in the next four weeks, to sign a pledge to reduce his acreage one-third. Other cotton growing States are doing the same thing. The cotton growers are in the fight for their lives, for their welfare and for their industrial independence.

"Meetings will be held in every cotton growing county at the courthouse town, on Wednesday, the 26th of February. At these county meetings local organizations will be formed and county campaigns inaugurated, having for their purpose the protection from both weather and speculators, of cotton already grown and the reduction of area for this year.

"The movement will cost considerable money for it will be through and intensive. Money is expected to be raised from two sources. First, from those immediately interested in good prices; that is, those who raise cotton, those who now own cotton, and those who do business in the cotton sections, whether that business be mercantile, banking or manufacturing. These people are vitally interested in obtaining a remunerative price for this great staple, and it is expected that they will contribute liberally, for their contribution are the best of investments and not donations.

**Much Money Needed.**  
"A man who owns cotton is expected to contribute 20c. for each bale he now owns; and those who grow cotton are expected to contribute 10c. per acre for each acre they intend to plant in cotton in 1919. This money will be divided half in half, 50 per cent kept in the county where it is contributed, and 50 per cent sent to Raleigh and used by the State organization; and if any balance be left, returned pro rata to the counties contributing.

"The second source from which contributions are expected is from those persons who from patriotic or philanthropic motives wish to see a great industry put on a paying and independent basis. Contributions from these persons, wherever they may reside and whatever business they may be engaged in, should be sent to the State organization and used for the general purposes and expenses of the association.

"The money is needed now. The work has been carefully mapped out. It is practical, and is sure to bring results. The scale of contributions suggested is so moderate that no person that wishes well to their movement can complain. Every contribution will be acknowledged in the newspaper the week following its reception. That is, contributions received during next week will be acknowledged in next Sunday's paper. Besides this a certificate will be sent to the contributor, which he can keep, frame or display as he sees fit.

**Officers of Association.**  
"Governor T. W. Bickett is president of the association; Dr. B. W. Kilgore, treasurer; and O. J. McConnell, secretary. The executive committee is composed of C. D. Orrell, W. G. Clark, S. H. Hobbs, J. Z. Green, G. N. Newsom, E. B. Crow, O. L. Clark, of Clarkton, was appointed on the committee but found he could not serve and Governor Bickett will appoint some one in his place. The executive committee will have charge of the movement and that organization will conduct the campaign until some future date, when the counties shall have perfected their organizations, and a State convention to be composed of accredited delegates from each county shall have met and adopted a permanent and continuing form of organization, and have filled the offices thereof by election regularly held.

"All newspapers which sympathize with this movement are requested to publish this call, and to give such assistance to the movement as they think practicable. All contributions until the county organizations shall

(Continued On Fourth Page)

## In Appreciation Of Judge Kerr.

The following from the Harnett County News, of Lillington, is of interest to friends in this section;

Harnett County Superior Court met on Monday morning at 10 o'clock, with Judge Jno. H. Kerr, of Warrenton on the bench. The court will hold for two weeks for the trial of both civil and criminal cases. The docket is rather a heavy one and will hardly be gone through at this term.

The first day of court was taken up entirely by one case, that of a suit, concerning a land transaction. The weather is not at all favorable and not a great crowd attended the first few days, but later a larger number will no doubt be in evidence.

Judge Kerr is especially popular in Harnett County. He delivered an address to the grand jury at the January term which was pronounced a masterpiece by his audience. The judge's manner of talking heart to heart with his hearers wins for his words attentive hearing and binds his personality with his counsel in the minds and hearts of thinking people.

The Judge is an ardent lover of his State and never loses an opportunity to place his estimation of the commonwealth squarely before his fellow citizens in his earnest endeavor to arouse enthusiasm over the great possibilities of development with proper appreciation of its vast resources.

The people of Lillington and Harnett County appreciate Judge Kerr and are unanimous in their praises of his fine qualities as a man and his excellent qualifications for the bench.

SYDNEY W. ODOM



A Warren county boy who came to Arcola four years ago to make his home with his uncle, Mr. William Odom. He answered the call of country on March 20 and after two months training at Camp Jackson crossed over the Pond with an Engineer unit.

## In Memory Of Mrs. Nat Allen

This good woman was suddenly called from the scenes of earth to the realities of eternity at 5 o'clock Monday morning, February 10th, 1919. The call was sudden, but it found her ready, for long ago she had given herself to God.

She was the widow of the late Nat Allen, of Warren, who was distinguished as an educator and a soldier. Her maiden name was Harper, and in her young womanhood, as Miss Mattie Harper, she rendered efficient service in various localities as a teacher. At one time she conducted a popular private school in the town of Wilson.

Mrs. Allen's education and literary attainments were of a high order. As long as she lived, she delighted in reading the French and Latin classics in the original; therefore, she was a congenial companion to her scholarly husband. In her younger days, she wrote frequently for the papers and magazines.

Mrs. Allen was the mother of five children, all daughters. Two of them died many years ago. The other three Misses Ida, Edna, and Sallie together with Messrs. Eugene and Ivey Allen, her devoted stepsons, survive her.

She was buried in Fairview Cemetery Tuesday afternoon. The beautiful floral offerings were numerous, and the large number of sympathizing friends and relatives present showed the esteem in which she was held.

T. J. TAYLOR.

## WARM PRAISE FOR OUR BOYS

### LONDON PAPERS AND HIGH BRITISH AUTHORITIES FIRM

#### In Their Praise Of The Spirit of the Men Who Broke the Hindenburg Line; Heroism of Finest Order Shown Everywhere.

The follow clipping from the Columbia (S. C.) State was handed us by a Warren County citizen with request to publish, with which request we gladly comply:

To the Editor of The State:

I have sent a few clippings from some of the London papers which concern our boys, the boys from our own home State and town. I think that these clippings will be of interest to many people "back home" and I have therefore asked my father to lend them to you for publication. Our fellows over here are doing great work and it may be of interest to you to know that the Thirtieth Division (North Carolina One Hundred and Nineteenth and One Hundredth and Twentieth Infantry and South Carolina One Hundred and Eighteenth Infantry and Tennessee One Hundred and Seventeenth Infantry) took one of the leading roles in the breaking of the Hindenburg line at —

I wish that you would also mention the fact that these boys who are covering themselves with glory and upholding the honor of their States, are National Guardsmen; men who have in days gone by marched down our streets on their weekly drills and have been hailed as "tin soldiers."

The same blood runs in their veins as did in their fathers and forefathers and they, "True to the instincts of their birth," upholding the glorious right of man-liberty. I am not writing an article, for I am no writer, but I think the boys who have fought and bled and those who have set out on the "long trail west" are due some mention in their papers "back home."

I am thankful to say that I am recovering from my wounds received on August 3.

Thanking you for your kind favor, I am yours very truly,

Lieut. Thomas B. Marshall,

U. S. A. A. E. F.

The clippings which Lieut. Marshall sent follow. One was taken from the London Times of October 7:

It was not possible at the time to speak more than cursorily of the share of the Americans in our attack of September 29, when, on their whole front of about 6,000 yards. United States troops broke through the defences of the Hindenburg line and canal tunnel, and on farther right forced the crossing of the canal itself. It would have been a great achievement for the most experienced soldiers in the allied armies. For inexperienced troops, as the Americans were, it was a truly extraordinary performance.

The American troops were Southerners, chiefly Carolinians and men of Tennessee and New Yorkers. All alike went straight into the German defences, which were of a most formidable kind, and swept on to their objectives. The impetuosity of their advance made possible the great advance of the British Ninth Corps on their right. It was the Southerners who took the villages of Bellicourt and Nauroy, where the New Yorkers, reckless of the intense enemy machine gun fire on their left swept on towards Guoy and Mont St. Martin. That some of the latter went too fast and too far, you know. Nests of Germans, who skulked in the ramifications of the tunnel and in various lairs and burrows, were left undestroyed as the advance streamed on, and these were reinforced by other enemy, who trickled southward through the barrage on the left. Probably, if those Americans on the left of the attack had been less wholehearted fighters, and could have curbed their impatience to get at and kill the enemy in front, they would have had fewer casualties. But the episode would have been less glorious.

Australians were to follow up behind, and they have spoken to me in terms only of superlative praises of the way the Americans behaved. An English colonel, himself the holder of the Victoria Cross, and something of a judge has made a memorandum on

(Continued On Fourth Page)