

LATE SPRING MAY MEAN GOOD CROPS

A Study Shows That General Crops Are Larger In Years of Late Springs.

Tribune Bureau, Sir Walter Hotel, Raleigh, May 26.—"What's the use," says the average farmer, "for when we make a large crop, it brings a low price and when we make a small crop we lose in quantity. Our very small crop last year brought more than the big crop the year before. As Governor Lowden, of Illinois said it would be far better for us to grow small crops, but it has been proved that the farmers will not reduce their acreage and so we have to depend on the good Lord to reduce the production."

"It now looks like that Nature is going to take a hand in reducing the State's cash crops to a profitable basis, following last year's heavy and unprofitable crops," said an official of the State Department of Agriculture today. Instead of complaining, many of us are wondering if this is not a blessing in disguise. Nature is peculiar but mighty counterbalancing agency in the farmer's affairs. As is well-known, the crop failure years are the ones when the farmers frequently make the most net money.

Take the cotton situation. There was a large surplus brought over from last year's cotton crop. The world demand is for 14,000,000 bales of the American crop. The United States made over 16,000,000. This would indicate that to get a fair and reasonable price, not over 12,000,000 bales should be grown this year. If nature could so manage through its weather and other features to hold the crop down to between ten and twelve million bales, the price would doubtless be above 20 cents per pound lint. If we make over 14,000,000 bales, the price will go down below its present level. With an acreage probably larger than last year, there was a possibility of making another large surplus this year. This would have run the price down to below 12 cents. In other words, a three-fourths crop will bring more than a full one, while a two-thirds crop will bring a third more than a full one.

The great drawbacks to short crops are that some farmers and some sections have to suffer at the advantage of others. The amazing thing is that with the greater advantages of short crops, the American farmers will steadily go ahead and put in surplus acreages of cash crop. As soon as prospects of heavy production and low prices begin to come, they criticize the government reports and the cotton traces for unfair methods who is to blame.

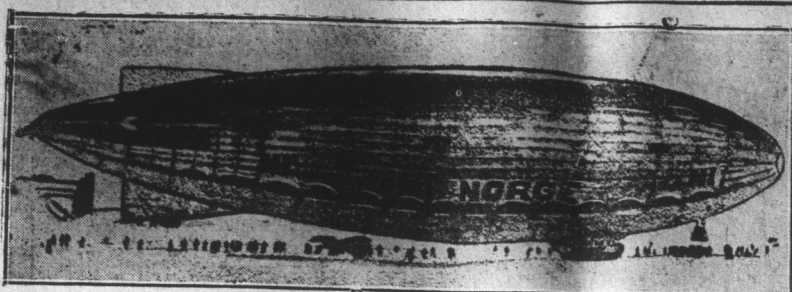
Mr. Nat C. Murray, formerly chief statistician of the federal crop reporting service says: "A study has been made of the past twenty-five years and it is found that general crop yields have averaged slightly larger in years of late springs than in years of early springs. But the difference is not material. In 1912 the spring was the latest on record, and crop yields averaged the highest on record up to that time. The year 1920 is also outstanding for its late spring and high yields. In general we may regard the earliness or lateness of the spring as a little value as an indication of final outcome of crop yields."

This is interesting in view of the reported lateness of crop conditions this spring.

Broken Bones Won't Matter. Tokio, May 25.—It is possible that, as the result of recent experiments conducted by Dr. Owaga, an eminent Japanese surgeon, the breaking of a limb, or even a hip, may soon be looked upon without alarm. Healing broken bones may be hastened and the fractured bones or even old people will knit together, so it is claimed, if the patient is treated with a certain glandular extract. Next to the thyroid gland in the neck are four tiny glands known as "parathyroid glands." It is claimed that when an extract from these is swallowed or injected, the percentage of calcium and phosphate in the blood serum is caused to rise. These chemicals are both essential in bone building, and one reason why bones are so slow to heal is because it takes a long time to extract enough of these substances from the blood. Dr. Owaga has been experimenting with parathyroid extract, with results that seem to indicate success.

One must have a musical ear in order properly to speak and understand Chinese, for as a spoken language it is unique in that it is musical with a purpose. The meaning of a word in Chinese is indicated by the musical tone in which it is uttered. One word may have as many as five different tones, each of which, when sounded, gives to the word an entirely different meaning.

Hop Off of Norge for Trip Across Pole



This picture, radioed to America from London, shows Amundsen's dirigible Norge just as it was to hop off on its memorial trip from Spitzbergen across the North Pole to Alaska. Note the silhouettes of the men below it, handling rigging preparatory to starting the bag on its way.

Harvey Wiley, Pure Food Crusader, at 82, Renews Fight; Says Basis of Diet Is Being Poisoned and Law Paralyzed

Charging that "the foundations of our diet are being poisoned" through non-enforcement of pure food laws, Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, former Chief of the Bureau of Chemistry of the Department of Agriculture and an authority on pure food legislation, is planning a new assault through congress, on food adulterants and preservatives injurious to health. "Enforcement of the pure food law has been paralyzed," Dr. Wiley declares, "and the door opened wide to the use of adulterants. Violators have grown so bold, because of the non-enforcement of the present law, that they have now introduced into congress bills which actually would legalize the adulteration not only of jams and jellies but even of bread, cakes, meats and frozen foodstuffs. That constitutes an open challenge to battle, and on this issue of pure foods I, for one, am still for war!"



Today all the adulterants and coloring matter banned by me as Chief of the Bureau of Chemistry in the early days of the pure food law—borax, benzoate of soda, alum, saccharine, sulphur dioxide—the whole list—are being illegally used in foodstuffs and their use winked at and condoned by the authorities in charge of the law's enforcement. "Because of the extent to which people today eat preserved and prepared foods, this condition of paralysis in enforcing the pure food law is more than ever harmful. The Remsen Board, supposedly appointed to protect the public from harmful ingredients in its food, says as directed by the pure food law, condones and permits the use of alum. The Bureau of Chemistry, in its current Farmer's Bulletin 1438 says: 'The use of alum in connection with food products is of doubtful expediency, to say the least.' I go further. I believe that the use of alum in foods is not only of doubtful expediency, but is both actually harmful and illegal and that the Bureau of Chemistry is delinquent in not presenting the question of its use to the courts for their determination."

Senator Capper Heads Jury to Award \$10,000 for Best Price Peace Plans



A call has been issued to the business men of the country to cooperate in solving the price-cutting problem, which is said to be the greatest problem affecting business today. It is particularly detrimental to dealers in the smaller towns and cities, as well as being contrary to public interest. Hon. Arthur Capper, United States Senator from Kansas, is chairman of a committee of nationally prominent persons who have undertaken to pass upon "price peace plans" submitted and to determine as far as possible the most workable solution. To stimulate interest, prizes amounting to \$10,000 have been offered for the best plans received prior to November 1st. The prize money is the contribution of Edward Fink, president of the Lahr & Fink Products Company, New York City. This contest is open to every individual connected with a dealer, either retail or wholesale, with rewards ranging from the first prize of \$3,000 to twenty prizes of \$50 each—thirty-seven in all. In addition, a special prize of \$1,000 is offered for the best plan submitted by a professor or student of economics or marketing in any college of the country. Senator Capper's jury of award will consider only comprehensive plans covering a definite policy for retail, jobber, manufacturer, chain store and department store, taking into account "free goods" and "hidden discount" problems. The workability and legality of the plans, either under existing law or desirable modification is the chief criterion on which judges will base their decisions.

"Applesauce," Sparkling Comedy, a Chautauqua Feature



The smashing Broadway comedy hit, "Applesauce," will be one of the big features of the coming Redpath Chautauqua. It will be presented by a splendid cast of New York actors. The play gets its name from the blarney of a lovable, good-looking, happy-go-lucky youth who wants to marry Pa Robinson's daughter, Hazel. Pa, and Ma want her to wed a plodding, well-to-do youth of the town, Rollo Jenkins. She does accept Rollo, but her love for Bill and his "applesauce" cannot be downed and wins out, just as the audience wants it to.

TODAY'S EVENTS.

Thursday, May 27, 1926. Thirty years ago today St. Louis was laid waste by one of the most disastrous tornadoes on record. The General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the United States of America convenes today in Baltimore. Delegates to the Northern Baptist Convention now in session in Washington will be received by President Coolidge at the White House today. The American debt agreement will be one of the first subjects to receive the attention of the French Parliament when it convenes today. The Crown Prince and Crown Princess of Sweden are due to reach New York today enroute to Washington to attend the Ericsson Memorial unveiling. Sir James Elder, Commissioner for Australia in the United States, is to be the guest of honor at a luncheon to be given in New York today by the English-Speaking Union. Representatives of 22 States are to attend a debate in Detroit tonight between former Governor Harding of Iowa and Congressman S. Wallace Dempsey of New York on the subject of the Great Lakes-St. Lawrence waterway.

GRAND MAY CELEBRATION SALISBURY, N. C. MONDAY, MAY 31, 1926 FOUR TRAINS —VIA— Southern Railway System Don't Miss This Big Day! A Big Time For Everybody!

Table with train routes and fares: Charlotte, Newell, Harrisburg, Concord, Kannapolis, Landis, China Grove. Includes arrival and departure times and special train information.

666 is a prescription for Malaria, Chills and Fever, Dengue or Bilious Fever. It kills the germs.

Who Is To Blame If Your Child Is Weak and Thin?

Build Him Up Quickly with New Easy-to-Take Iron and Cod Liver Oil Tablets.

It is your own fault if your child stays weak and thin. For Cod Liver Oil and Iron will produce flesh and rich red blood when ordinary foods fail.

For sale by Gibson Drug Store

Get Rid of that Backache. Concord People Point the Way.

The constant aching of a bad back, The weariness, the tired feeling, Headaches, dizziness, nervousness, Distressing urinary disorders— Are often signs of falling kidneys And too serious to be neglected. Get rid of these troubles! Use Doan's Pills—a stimulant diuretic to the kidneys. Hosts of people recommend Doan's. This is a Concord case. You can verify it. Mrs. J. W. McClellan, 154 E. Depot St., says: "I was all run down and had no ambition. My back ached so I could hardly move and I felt weak. My kidneys didn't act right at all. I felt dizzy and nervous, too. I began to take Doan's Pills, from Gibson's Drug Store. Three boxes practically cured me."

SEVERAL YEARS LATER Mrs. McClellan added: "My kidneys haven't troubled me for some time and I give all the credit to Doan's Pills."

PAINS ALL OVER Lady Says She Took Cardui and Never Saw Such Improvement—Was So Weak Couldn't Stand.

Westhersby, Miss.—Mrs. James M. Hall, of this place, writes that she was "getting weaker all the time" when Cardui, the woman's tonic, was first brought to her attention. After she had taken Cardui a while, she writes that she "never did see such an improvement." "I suffered all the time and had pains all over," says Mrs. Hall. "I was so weak I could not stand. My skin was cold and flabby, I did not have any color. I had always been a very active woman—used to outdoor exercise, walking and going where I pleased, and to get down, not able to get myself a drink, was indeed a hardship. "Nothing seemed to help me, till I began on Cardui. The first bottle seemed to strengthen me, and I sent for five more. By the time I had taken these, I was on my feet, going around, doing my work, gained in health and strength. "I took two more bottles, and I am well and strong. Can work my garden. I haven't had any more sickness." Ask your druggist. NC-165

Take CARDUI THE WOMAN'S TONIC. Visiting Cards Printed at Times Job Office. Panelled visiting cards beautifully printed at The Times-Tribune Office. 50 for \$1.00 or 100 for \$1.50. Orders filled on a few hours' notice.

for drinks and desserts —GREAT! Frigidaire gives you ice cubes sized right for tumbler or pitcher. And it makes dozens of frozen desserts. Keeps all foods in changeless cold temperature. Made by Delco-Light Company, world's largest makers of electric refrigerators. Sold on GMAC easy payment plan. Frigidaire ELECTRIC REFRIGERATION STANDARD BUICK CO. Concord, N. C.

They Just Don't Happen To Be Good. You hear a lot about Goodyear Tires. They have a fine reputation all over the world. Did you ever stop to seriously figure out why they are so well thought of? You can't tell much about tires by merely looking at them. They all look pretty much alike. But you know, Goodyear tires don't just happen to be good. They are good for very definite reasons. Most of the reasons why Goodyear tires are good are due to patented processes—materials and methods not found in any other tires. The All-Weather Tread, the Goodyear Bead, the remarkable new Cord material—SUPER-TWIST—the group ply construction—these and many other things are the reasons why more people ride on Goodyear tires than on any other kind. And the beauty of it is—you can buy these superb, quality tires for no more, frequently less, than you pay for the general run of tires. Yorke & Wadsworth Co. The Old Reliable Hardware Store Phone 30