Hickey Praised

Editors, The Tar Heel,

In November of 1960 I wrote a letter to the Editor of this newspaper criticizing UNC Head Football Coach Jim Hickey. Hickey, in his second year as Tar Heel mentor then was not even mildy succeeding in his post, I felt. As we all know, he had taken over the reins from "Sunny" Jim Tatum in 1959 and was having little, if any, scucess with the team that Jim Tatum was quoted as saying would be the finest he would ever coach (including his national championship team at Maryland in the early 50's). Carolina was losing consistently but perhaps even

of play-dull, unimaginative, lackluster football (with the exception of the 1959 50-0 rout of Duke, which can never be forgotten). A field goal in 1959-60 was reversed to be something that only the NFL pros could accomplish. When touchdowns did come they were rarely followed by the single point conver-

The quarterback, although an able passer and runner, certainly did not have the varried offense which permitted him to run on the option play, pass short over center, throw out to the flanker or hand off on a draw play, for example. Instead, what yardage was gained was most frequently over the center of the line. Consequently, the play was boring and disappointing in most

such an attitude (our closest "The Fascist Gun in the West." neighbor Duke is regrettably a Most of us then, I think, wantprime example of compatible ed a team that would command athletic and academic programs respect. We did not necessarily -and has been for years), of want a champion, but we did harboring ineffective coaching especially not want to be a and unnecessary losses, I wrote patsy. It seemed, however, that

the brand of football UNC was

my letter.

Today I would like to offer playing exemplified the adminmy sincerest congratulations to istration's point of view toward Coach Jim Hickey. I say this athletics as Chancellor Aycock, not soley in view of a 9-2 reat the termination of the 1960 cord, a conference championship season (a 3-7 effort, I believe) and a most glorious post season voiced complete confidence in victory. But, I say it with the Coach Hickey. Although there realization that this coach, who were apparent rumblings in recruited the Edges, Blacks, student and alumni halls, the Willard's, Lacey's, Sigmon's, administration seemed to be sayetc., has developed these very ing, "This is what we want here same men into a real football at UNC. Successful athletic team. They pass, run, block and teams are not compatible with kick with precision and authoadvanced academic programs." rity. They depend on each other Feeling drastically opposed to and work together like a successful team must. What's more. Coach Hickey has given his Tuesday, January 14, 1964

> opponents all year long. Jim Hickey, in facing the TV cameras after UNC games, no longer need bow his headin dejection and diffidence. He is an established coach himself, now, and win or lose, he can now stand in his own sun.

quarterbacks a series of effec-

tive, varied plays that deceived

Jim Noyes ('61) Marine Corps Schools, Quantico, Virginia

No Tea Party

Editors, The Tar Heel:

Our Founding Fathers violated English law to gain freedom because it was the only means to that end. They founded a system of government known as democracy which provided the people with a means by which they might be heard. They provided a system of representation which gave to each citizen a We realize the form of government we have inherited is not perfect. Change comes slowly, but when change comes, it comes because all the people want and accept it.

There are ways to force and speed-up change. One method is through the use of violence. But violence, as a means to an end. often violates the laws of our system, the laws made by the people. If we condone violence, we are condemning the laws which violence seeks to destroy, and in doing so, we are condemning the system that created these

laws. I am sure that no citizen of this country wants to lose our system of democracy, but we shall destroy democracy if we try to by-pass its time-honored methods by advocating violence. The means to an end in democracy are often slow and frustrating, but they are justifiable.

> Richard G. Elliott Jr. 109 Aycock

Bad Taste

Editors, The Tar Heel:

In the DTH of January 10, I noted with some perturbation a brief editorial expression entitled

It was a very clever pun, but it was in very bad taste. I do not criticize your opposition to Senator Goldwater; you are free to be against him. However, the suggestion-even one lightly madethat his conservative ideas in any way liken him to a facist is something very close to irresponsible name-calling. The far-right

elements in this country, especial-

ly the John Birchers, have soundly-and rightly-been criticized for their foolish tendency to brand anything to their left as "communist." Now you seem to be adopting these same Welchian tactics and launching them in the other direction. Practice what you preach, O Fuzzy-minded Liberals.

Charles Hall 107 Everett

Criticism, Analysis

Editors, The Tar Heel:

I was shocked by the news content of the Tuesday, Jan. 7, issue of The Daily Tar Heel. That edition certainly does not display the journalistic integrity and taste required of a responsible student

A brief survey of that paper reveals that one topic-local demonstrations for civil rights-was treated in over half of the news space and nearly three-quarters of the editorial space. These statistics gained added significance when I realized that a story which received statewide attention was allocated only one-tenth as much news space and one-third as much editorial mention as the demon-

My approximate figures (see below) show that 59.8% of the news space (excluding sports) was occupied with sit-in news, while 73.4% of the edit space (55 of 75 column inches) was used in treating the same subject. Only 5.7% of news space was used for a story about the murder of Mrs. Frank Rinaldi. The same story was the subject of a reprinted editorial which occupied 20.0% of the edit space.

The one-sidedness of these figures is more than obvious, but when news values are interjected, the handling of news in that, the first issue of The Tar Heel after the holidays, is indeed shocking. Newspapers throughout the state consistently gave the Rinaldi case more "play" that the demonstrations; in effect, the state press rated the Rinaldi case as much more significant than the latter story. Furthermore, a murder story like the Rinaldi case merits more clarifying reporting than do the almost automatically recurring racial

I shall not comment on the use of the editorial page, since this space should be used to express the editors' views. It is alarming, however, to note that 60% of the news space was used for the same topic which occupied 73% of the editorial hole.

Even the copy in the news columns reflected bad taste on the part of you, the editors. One incident involving a waitress' urinating on a demonstrator was mentioned twice in your paper. The same incidetn was reported by student correspondents to the state press, but professional journalists on the wire services tastefully edited it before it could reach their readers.

In addition, you played full-page a story which contained several blatant inaccuracies. I quote from "A New Kind of Christmas in Chapel Hill" by David McReynolds:

Chapel Hill is ". . . hiding . . . somewhere between Durham and Raleigh. . . . not even listed on most maps. . . . The only way of getting into the town is by Trailways bus. . . . The town is about half desegregated. . . . The Pines (is) Chapel Hill's only elegant eatery . . . As far as the town is concerned he (Pat Cusick) is simply red. . . . "

The Daily Tar Heel has responsibilities as a student publication just as we have responsibilities as students. Speaking, then, as a member of the subsidizing organ of your newspaper-the student body-I would hope the materials present here can aid you in fulfilling these responsibilities.

> Eddie Booker 202 Avery Dorm

(Mr. Booker's content analysis follows.) The Daily Tar Heel, Jan. 7, 1964

	Column Inches
Total news space (excluding sports)	
Total editorial space	
Space devoted to demonstrations (news)	
Space devoted to Rinaldi (news)	24
Editorial space—demonstrations	55
Editorial space—Rinaldi	15
Percentage of news space—demonstrations	59.8%
Percentage of news space—Rinaldi	5.7%
Percentage of editorial space—demonstrations	73.4%
Percentage of editorial space—Rinaldi	20.0%



Self In 'Papers'

Mailer Praises

By CHARLES THOMPSON Norman Mailer, The Presidential Papers, G. P. Putman's Sons (New York: 1963), 310 pp.

It is after the cataclysm, after all, and the book was written before.

When Norman Mailer published "The Presidential Papers," when he claimed that his Esquire article, "The Existential Hero" decisively influenced the 1960 election by breathing glamor into Kennedy's clay, that clay was still breathing.

Now it isn't, and whatever seemed presumptuous in the book seems twice so now. Mailer didn't stop at claiming such power for the bright jewel of his praise; he knew a thing or two that would fill the President's 'intellectual void." So we have "The Presidential Papers," a magnificent presumption.

Although we may wish Mailer had kept his egotism to himself, may question the motives for his audacity, we can't dismiss the book at that. He may be right that "The natural work of the modern Presidency destroys a man's ability for abstract thought. He becomes able to think not of the mystery in the atom bomb but of its engineer-

Nor is he completely unfair to Kennedy. The book's major theme is "that the disease of the state is intensified when large historic ideas come to power without men to personify them or dramatize their qualities." Along with personal courage, a mind for facts, and a gift for strategy, Kennedy had the sort of commanding personcapable of dramatizing ideas and ideals. But, according to Mailer, he lacked creative imagination.

Mailer himself may lack good taste, but not imagination. If the book's title left any doubt, the first of the twelve Papers. "Existential Legislation," moves it. In it Mailer suggests that we lend the Russians countless committees of Madison Avenue executives in order to flag their vigor, that the sale of drugs be made legal, that all forms of censorship be abolished, that cancer researchers be sentenced to mortal combat with a professional executioner if they fail to make progress within two years, and that capital punishment as it is now practiced be abolished. Unless we understand "existential" as literary synonym for "cool," it is difficult to say precisely how

Let's Arise And Act

Editors, The Tar Heel:

Praise Allah and the DTH! Your assaults against the "minority rule," "naked power grab." "tryanny of the minority" proposal for the little-federal amendment has finally gotten through to my inner-most core.

I guess I finally saw the light when I read that under the prposed amendment, 51 counties with 19 per cent of the population could rule the House. It really burned me up to think that anyone could be so "power hun-

Then I began to think. What about the U.S. Senate? So I got out the trusty almanac and figured up that 26 states representing less than 31 million Americans rule that body. And that's only 15% of the U. S.! What an outrage! Why, that's 4% more than is proposed for tyranny

Furthermore, N. C. is among the larger 24 states of the union. Why that means that Senators from Rhode Island and New Hampshire and Nevada have just as much say-so about what goes on in this country as our Senators or New York's Senators. And those states have less than a million in population!! What a disgrace to a "democratic" nation! That's a power grab if I ever heard of one!

I implore the crusading DTH to do something about this deplorable state of affairs immediately-before the tyrannous minority of Nevada and Rhode Island's power faction is allowed to hamper our progress and growth by their selfish indifference to our welfare.

Arise, ye people, and protest! It took us 180 years to wake up to what the framers of the Constitution put over on us, but we'll never sleep again! Taxation without representation! Tyranny of the minority! Down with the Stamp Tax and all that kind of thing! Democracy and equal representation for all!

> Franklin Adkinson, Jr. 359 Craige

some of these suggestions do serve the term.

Of the ones that do, the about tion of capital punishment to the most important. There is also a fascinating sidelight: if a state insisted on retaining the death penalty, they would be "allowed to kill criminals provided that the killing is not iropersonal but personal and a public spectacle: to wit that the executioner be more or less the same size and weight as the criminal . . . and that they fight to death using no weapons . . capable of killing at a distance Thus moral responsibility and a sense of tragedy would be restored. The authority would no longer be vague, but embodied in a person whose face would be the face of the outrage.

Mailer's opposition to capi-

tal punishment is only one example of a more general theme that runs throughout the book: totalitarianism, No longer, he says in the introduction to the ninth Paper, can totalitarianism be understood as a simple form of ideology or of government and the oppressed people but a plague whose general tendency is toward dehumanization. toward abstract power. It is manifested in modern architecture, birth control, advertising, industry, in nearly every aspect of the nations' life. Mass society is divorcing us from our responsibility, from our past, and from our guilt by depersonalizing our lives. What Mailer wants is a return to human relations and human needs.

The "Existential Hero" essay, the story of the 1960 Demacratic Convention, contains some of the book's best writing. To the millions of us who were puzzled by Adlai Stevenson's frigid response to the Convention's tumultuous welcome, Mailer offers the best explanation yet. Stevenson was beginning to be disenchanted with both the Democratic party and the American people. Although a year's hard campaigning might have won him the nomination for a third time, that year might have left him a worn-out man. "There is the possibility that he sensed his situation exactly this way, and he knew that if he were to run for president, win and make a good ohe, he would first have to be restored, as one can indeed be restored, by an exceptional demonstration of love-love, in this case, meaning that the Party had a profound desire to

Mailer's unpredictability keeps reclaiming our interest, and if laughing at, rather than with, him at least we're laughing (It's hard to keep a straight face reading an essay on Jackie Kennedy entitled "The Existential Heroine.") Most often we don't laugh, but not because we're bored.

keep him as their leader.'

What Makes School Ideal?

By LORRAINE MARTIN

What is an ideal university campus?

A University of Minnesota professor believes it should have 'one or two Communist professors, a student Communist club, a chapter of the American Association for the Advancement of Atheism, a society for the promotion of free love, a League for Overthrow of Government by Jeffersonian Violence, an anti-automation league, and perhaps 2 nudist club.

Dr. Mullford Q. Sibley, a political science professor, was once voted the college's outstanding teacher of the year (by the alumni of the College of Science Literature, and the Arts.)

"American culture is far too monolithic for its own good," Mullford wrote in the Minnesota Daily. "We need students who challenge the orthodoxies.'

Sibley says if teachers do not bother to implant doubt and subversive thoughts in college, when and where will they be implanted. If seeds of doubt are never sown, moral and intellectual prog-

ress may not be the result of a

college education. Sibley calls himself a pacifist and a Socialist, not a Communist. He is faculty advisor to the Student Peace Union, investigated last summer to determine whether it and the university's World Affairs Center were Communist front groups.

Even if the organization were controlled by Communists, Sibley believes neither the administration nor the state should exert pressure on them or deny their

moral right to exist.

more discouraging was the type Volume 72, Number 80 NO CONTROL CON

which fiest.

med its doors

The Daily Tar Keel

70 Years of Editorial Freedom

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NO to Amendment I, YES to Amendment II

The 1963 General Assembly produced two legislative abortions that we know of, the Gag Law and the 'Little Federal' plan for redistricting the legislature. As voters, we can't do much about the Gag Law, except agitate and educate for its repeal in 1965. But there is something we can do about the 'Little Federal' plan. We can vote it into oblivion, from whence it came to where it should be returned with haste.

We can do this in the special referendum being held today, by voting NO to Amendment 1.

Doing this-voting NO to amendment 1-is right, proper and necessary. Doing so will prevent the small, rural counties from acquiring a stranglehold over all legislation. Doing so will assure equal representation to all North Carolina citizens.

But . . . there is another amendment to be voted on. Amendment Number 2 is so wholesome it's not even controversial. As a result, many voters don't even know about it. This amendment is an attempt to give equal property rights to women. It should pass.

One Jarring Incident Mars March

The civil rights pilgrimage from Durham to Chapel Hill Sunday afternoon was notable for many reasons, and one of the most notable was the relative absence of abusive language hurled at the marchers. They walked past such citadels of segregation as Brady's, Carlton's Rock Pile and the Frozen Kustard without incident, then up Stroud Hill through the residential section bordering Franklin Street and on into the

heart of Chapel Hill. And where did the first jarring note occur? As they entered the University community and walked past the Alpha Tau Omega fraternity house. For the first time epithets rang out and scatter-

ed obscenities welcomed the marchers to the University. And who were these few over-zealous ATO's cursing at? Ministers and ministers' wives, some faculty members' wives, students of both sexes and both races and many others interested in seeing that Negroes achieve equal rights.

Let us hasten to add that those doing the shouting were very, very few, and we're sure the ATO leaders will let them know, in no uncertain terms, that this is not the manner in which the house likes to be represented.

But still it seems a shame that the only reported incident of the afternoon should happen here on campus.

As Terry Talked, Cl arence Bit His Foot

(The Hertford County Herald)

While Governor Sanford was in Southern Pines recently he wrote out a statement praising state Senate President Clarence Stone. The same statement makes the probably justified allegation that Stone "has been treated unfairly by news media." The irony of timing placed Stone in Winston-Salem, again sticking his foot in his mouth, this same day.

With his blunt and obtuse manner Stone is an easy person to dislike for those so inclined.

This lack of restraint in Stone's public utterances has finally however served some useful purpose. Coming on the same day as the Governor's praise, his talk in Winston-Salem was noted more closely than might otherwise have been the case. Talking about the speaker's ban bill, Stone is reported to have said. "I have not noticed any professor leading any (anti-segregation) demonstrations in Raleigh since we passed House Bill 1395. If they would do more screening about who does the teaching there

would have been no use for HB 1395."

As was reported at the time, somewhat unconvincingly, the speaker's ban bill was a direct outgrowth of civil rights demonstrations in Raleigh earlier this year. It was a way of expressing legislative disapproval of students and teachers from state scpported schools, particularly UNC at Chapel Hill, taking part in race demonstrations. Stone's Winston-Salem remarks make this clear, if ever there was doubt.

This was a poor ground on which to base a law which makes North Carolina state institutions of higher learning unwholesome examples for the rest of the country of political control of academic freedom. Especially so when it is remembered that a law has been on the books since 1941 which bars Communists from preaching their doctrine in state buildings. It would seem the three major candidates for Governor are on firmer footing in all calling for amendment to the speaker's ban bill than were Mr. Stone and his cohorts who devised this vindictive way of "getting at" the University in the first place.