

CIVIL WAR NOW THREATENS RUSSIA

KORNILOFF'S MEN MARCHING TOWARD RUSSIAN CAPITAL

Russia is Apparently Plunging Into a Civil War of Serious Proportions to Country

REVOLUTIONISTS KNOCK AT GATES PETROGRAD

Troops Detained Near the City—Prominent Leaders Cast Their Influence on the Side of General Korniloff—Fleet and Railroads Inclined to Favor Kerensky's Government.

WASHINGTON SEES FAVORABLE SIGNS

Hopes That the Differences Between Kerensky and Korniloff Will be Adjusted

(By Associated Press.) Washington, Sept. 11.—Officials here think the fact that the workmen and soldiers' delegates have advised the army not to participate in General Korniloff's revolt against the provisional government and that a movement has developed to re-construct the cabinet with Kerensky retaining the premiership, assisted by a small directorate, with strong powers, are favorable indications.

Details of General Korniloff's advance on Petrograd are awaiting with much interest, particularly to learn how many troops are obeying his orders. Officials fear that he may have time to learn of the delegates' attitude and assist the revolt blindly.

Unofficial advices indicated that M. Savinoff, assistant war minister and active director of war activities since political work takes much of Kerensky's attention from his nominal duties as war minister, is combatting the Korniloff revolt and adhering to the Kerensky government. Savinoff is an advocate of strict army discipline and may be able to prevent others of similar views from following Korniloff.

The conference of diplomats in Petrograd was interpreted here as possibly intended to obtain precise information on the political crisis for reports to their governments, or to learn the government's intention in regard to moving its seat to Moscow. The reported movement of German armies from Riga gave strength to the opinion that the foreign diplomats were concerned over the evacuation. Unofficial dispatches have indicated that the government expected to remain at Petrograd.

The State Department had no word from Ambassador Francis. The Russian embassy today explained that M. Lvoff, who conveyed General Korniloff's demand to Kerensky, was not the former premier, as the embassy had supposed from first reports, and it was not known whether the two are related.

TROOPS TO HANDLE CARMEN'S STRIKE

Cavalry and Machine Gun Co. From Fort Oglethorpe Answer Call

(By Associated Press.) Chattanooga, Tenn., Sept. 11.—Two troops of cavalry and a machine gun company, from Fort Oglethorpe, were rushed here at 2 o'clock this morning, in response to an appeal from city and county officials that they were unable to cope with the street car strike situation. The presence of the soldiers had a quieting effect. The mass meeting of two thousand strike sympathizers continued in sessions until 12:30 o'clock this morning.

It was reported at the meeting that the strike breakers were in the cellar of the barns heavily armed and barricaded and determined to defend themselves to the death.

In the meantime the soldiers had been called for and indications now are that there will be no violence.

Two city commissioners promised the mass meeting last night that the city commission at today's session would adopt a resolution demanding that the street car company send the strike breakers out of town.

HOUSE APPLAUDED WAR TAX MEASURE WHEN PRESENTED

Leader Kitchin to Study Senate Bill Before Asking for Conference

ONLY FOUR SENATORS VOTED AGAINST IT

After Four Months of Preparation, Great Tax Measure to Meet War Expenses Was Passed by the Senate

(By Associated Press.) Washington, Sept. 11.—Announcement of the receipt of the \$2,400,000,000 war tax bill from the Senate, was greeted with prolonged applause in the House today, but action on the measure was temporarily deferred that members might have time to read it. Democratic Leader Kitchin was uncertain whether he would ask late today or tomorrow to have the bill sent to conference.

The Senate last night by a vote of 69 to 4, passed the war tax bill. Senators Borah, Gronna, LaFollette and Norris being recorded in opposition. The great bill, nearly four months in the making, will be returned to the House today and then goes to conference with enactment within ten days or two weeks probable. Senators Simmons, Stone and Williams, Democrats, and Penrose and Lodge, Republicans, of the finance committee, were appointed the Senate's conferees.

Awaiting the Senate in the final struggle over war fiscal policies is the \$1,500,000,000 credits bill, which passed the House unanimously and upon which work will begin tomorrow by the Senate Finance committee.

Of the \$2,400,000,000 new taxes provided in the tax bill for the duration of the war, \$42,500,000 is to be taken from incomes, corporate and individual, and \$1,080,000,000 from war profits. Most of the remainder is levied on liquor, tobacco and public utilities.

TWO BILLION DOLLARS ADVANCED TO ALLIES

(By Associated Press.) Washington, Sept. 11.—The government today advanced Italy another credit of \$55,000,000, bringing the total advanced that government up to \$255,000,000, and the total advanced to the Allies up to \$2,321,400,000.

"WISHING" WILL NOT WIN ONE OF DISPATCH PRIZES

Effort Will be Successful—Those Who Make An Honest An Early Start is Important—First Subscription turned in by , or for Any candidate to Will Count 25,00 Extra Votes

- THE PRIZES. \$775 Briscoe Automobile. Ford Touring Car. \$200 in gold. \$100 in gold. \$93 furniture suite. \$75 Columbia Grafonola. \$50 merchandise order at J. W. H. Fuchs' Department Store. \$25 wrist watch. Two \$60 diamond rings.

Ten per cent. commission to all non-winners, who remain active, on money for new subscriptions.

Would you let anyone rob you of an automobile? This was the answer made by one of the contestants when asked by a friend whether or not she was going to enter The Dispatch contest. The contestant very probably feels that she would be doing nothing less than robbing herself, were she to fail to take advantage of the opportunity. The automobile is as much her's as anybody's, and she is decidedly unwilling to let another obtain what she herself can secure.

This young woman has the proper spirit—the spirit which is satisfied with nothing short of the greatest success obtainable. She is one of a type already enlisted for the battle of ballots. Alas! to the opportunity, they are also alert to the importance of an early start, and have begun an active campaign, which they intend to make short, sharp and decisive. Those who have "wished they might win an automobile" but have so far made no effort toward the realization of their desires, should follow the suit

FEDERAL JUDGE FOR NORTH CAROLINA

(By Associated Press.) Washington, Sept. 11.—Appointment of one additional Federal circuit judge in North Carolina is authorized in a bill passed today by the Senate.

ONE SUBMARINE REPORTED LOST

Early Report of Sinking of Six U-Boats Due to a Typographical Error

(By Associated Press.) Washington, Sept. 11.—A typographical error in a cablegram representing a submarine attack on a convoy of merchant ships off the coast of France on September 5, led Secretary Daniels to announce today that six submarines probably had been sunk in the battle, when in reality the probabilities are only one was destroyed.

The mistake was not discovered until several hours after the country had been electrified by the report of a wholesale sinking of German U-boats. This statement then was issued by Secretary Daniels:

"My attention has just been called to a serious error made in transcribing the report of the attack made on the Westwego and other vessels. I gave the report to the press this morning, exactly as it was presented to me, stating that 'two of the steamers attacked were sunk and probably all of the submarines were lost.' The cablegram, I now find, stated that 'one' of the submarines was probably lost. The true version, it appears, is that the merchant ships, of which the Westwego was one, were attacked by submarines in force off the coast of France, on September 5, and that in the fight two of the merchant ships were lost, and probably one of the submarines was sunk. The ships were destroyed presumably, by American convoys or other warships.

Some statement probably will be made later to show where the typographical error was made which led the Navy Department to announce the probable loss of six submarines.

ALLIES LOOK TO SWEDEN TO DEAL WITH EXPOSURES

Swedish Government is Expected to Explain Its Position at an Early Date

FALL OF CABINET IS EXPECTED TO FOLLOW

Revelations of German Intrigues Will Be Leading Issue in the Fall Election

(By Associated Press.) London, Sept. 11.—The following statement from an authoritative source was made to the Associated Press today with reference to the revelations concerning Sweden:

"There is no need for any action on the part of the Allies regarding the Swedish exposures, nor is any action, joint or otherwise, contemplated. The facts as narrated speak for themselves. This is not a case of any quarrel on the part of the Allies with the Swedish people but of individual action by individual officials which, it is confidently believed, will be strongly resented by the Swedish people. There can be no doubt that Sweden will take the earliest opportunity to explain her position and thus, it is hoped, will clear the air and even lead to a better understanding.

"It is well known that there is a small militarist group in Sweden which might possibly approve of such behavior as has now come to light, but it is confidently expected that the bulk of the Swedish people will share the view of the world at large regarding the barbarous intrigues of Germany. Telegrams from Buenos Aires show that the disclosures have caused great excitement and in view of the leading politicians, serious action by the Argentine government will become necessary."

In Swedish circles, in London, the view is expressed that the revelations come just in time to insure a big victory for the Liberal Socialist bloc in the Swedish elections, which are now under way and which will continue until September 21. This should be followed by the fall of the present Conservative government as soon as parliament re-assembles in January and its replacement by a cabinet headed by Hjalmar Branting, the Socialist leader.

Although under Swedish law, the government does not necessarily fall except on an adverse vote by both houses—and the upper house will continue Conservative, owing to the peculiar method of its election—there has been a tacit agreement between the parties to abide by result of the present election and failure on the part of the Conservatives to comply with this agreement would, in the belief of prominent Swedes here, result in a revolution. It is believed in some quarters, when Sweden learns that its government has acted as a German agent the cabinet will be forced to resign without awaiting the result of the elections and give way to a ministry, which will offer apologies and assurances that Sweden hereafter will respect all the rules of neutrality. It has been supposed, because of the silence at Stockholm, that possibly the leading disclosures was suppressed there, but tonight's dispatches showing facts have been published by the Swedish press give satisfaction and cause the hope that the Swedish government will make prompt explanations. The Swedish minister, Count Wrangel, and the American Ambassador, Walter Hines Page, were both lengthily engaged with the officials of the foreign office today, but the foreign office and the Swedish legation maintain an attitude of strict reserve awaiting developments from Stockholm.

RUSSIAN OFFENSIVE SOUTHEAST BUKOWINA

(By Associated Press.) Berlin, via London, Sept. 11.—Russian forces have begun an offensive against the Austro-German forces southeast of Bukovina. The German general staff reports that the Russians obtained only local advantages near Solka.

FIRST OF ELKS' RELIEF

(By Associated Press.) Lynchburg, Va., Sept. 11.—Fred Harper, grand exalted ruler of the Fraternal Order of Elks, announced here today that the Elks' war commission has authorized the complete equipping of the University of Virginia Hospital unit to go abroad at a cost of \$60,000. This will be the first expenditure of the million dollar war relief fund authorized by the Elks' grand lodge at its session in Boston last July.

RUSSIA'S INTERNAL TROUBLES MULTIPLY AS THE HOURS PASS

M'ADOO EXPLAINS WAR CREDIT BILL

Measure Which Passed the House Unanimously is Now Before Senate Committee

(By Associated Press.) Washington, Sept. 11.—Secretary McAdoo will appear today before the Senate Finance committee to explain the \$11,500,000,000 war credits bill which recently passed the House unanimously. Its consideration was begun today by the Senate committee which plans to report the measure within a week, in the hope of expediting Senate action.

Having been engrossed with the war tax bill, Senators have had little opportunity to study the credits measure, but opposition to some features and attempts at amendments are expected. Change of the taxation features are favored by some Senators while the group advocating higher taxation and fewer bonds to pay the war's expenses may endeavor to reduce the amount of bonds and certificates the bill carries. Senate sentiment appears general in support of the provision raising the interest rate to four per cent., with conversion of the 3 1/2 per cent. liberty loan issue at the higher rate. Some Senators are considering an amendment to have the new bonds issued serially instead of leaving the life to Secretary McAdoo's discretion.

NEGRO EMPLOYEES AT ROCKY MOUNT STRIKE

(By Associated Press.) Rocky Mount, Sept. 11.—Because their demands for an increase in wages of six and one-half cents an hour, although the railroad had agreed upon a four cents an hour increase and back pay dating from March 1st was not granted, from 290 to 500 negro employees of the Atlantic Coast Line Railway at South Rocky Mount, walked out yesterday. According to statements of the colored men, their organization is the Federation of Labor. They claim that 475 of their men have walked out. This organization is believed to be a new one, and did not take part in the agreements reached at Washington on August 24.

TWENTY-SIX THOUSAND BRITISH CASUALTIES

(By Associated Press.) London, Sept. 11.—Casualties in the British ranks reported during the week ending today, show a total of 26,226 officers and men, as follows: Officers killed and died of wounds, 184; men, 4,183. Officers wounded or missing, 581; men, 21,878.

ADMISSION COMES AS NO SURPRISE

Sweden Acknowledges German Use of Her Diplomatic Channels

(By Associated Press.) Washington, Sept. 11.—Sweden's acknowledgement that her diplomatic service acted as a channel of communication between the Berlin foreign office and Count Luxburg, German charge in Argentina, but was ignorant of the contents of the dispatches, was received by State Department officials without surprise as was the declaration that steps would be taken to prevent a repetition of the incident. But it was made clear that these simple declarations will not be enough. Sweden, it was said, is expected to go further, and correct the principle. Readjustment of conditions bearing on the situation must be extended, it was said, until the allied powers feel certain that military information cannot be sent to the enemy from any other neutral country where agents of the Kaiser were taking advantage of the diplomatic privileges of the Stockholm foreign office and its representatives.

Until officially advised, the State Department will take no official cognizance of Sweden's explanation and it is not improbable that even then action may be delayed until a concert of opinion among the allied governments can be obtained. It was suggested, however, that any hesitation by Sweden to carry remedial measures far enough might result in representations by all the allied powers.

Revolted Troops Reported Less Than Fifty Miles from City of Petrograd

KORNILOFF SUPPORTED BY HIS ARMED TROOPS

Sweden Slacks Information Concerning Use of Her Diplomats by Germany, Therefore Cannot State Position—Other War Matters Are Secondary to the Russian Revolution

Russia seems rapidly to be working into a state of civil war. The internal situation which overshadows all the current military news, appears to be going from bad to worse, with the opposing forces lining up for an armed conflict.

In Petrograd the provisional government, with the Socialists now constituting the dominant, if not the sole element, still controls the situation. It is threatened from without, however, by the revolt of General Korniloff, who in proclamations professes the highest patriotism in his action, declaring it due to the desire to save Russia from a government acting in the interest of the German general staff.

Korniloff's troops already are far advanced in a march on Petrograd. He is said to have ordered them to detain at Dno, 120 miles from the capital, whence they would march to besiege the city. Another detachment is reported only 36 miles from the capital.

Petrograd is likewise in danger of being cut off from Moscow by action of the Cossacks whose commander threatens to cut the railway if the government continues to hold out.

The government believes it has a trump card, however, in retaining the support of the railway employes, while the Baltic fleet has pledged its loyalty and some of the armies, notably those in Southern Russia, have been ordered by their commanders to hold aloof from their conflict, or give the provisional government their support. No clashes between the two groups of forces have so far been reported. On the other hand, General Korniloff has a formidable array on his side, including, it is said, the commander of the Russian armies on the southwestern front, General Denikine, while the non-Socialist elements in the nation, according to indications, if not actively on General Korniloff's side, are in sympathy with the elements opposed to the present government.

Through a Swedish source today comes a report that Premier Kerensky had been assassinated by a member of Solshiviki, the extreme radical element, but there is no confirmation of the rumor, and Petrograd advices continue to mention the Premier's activities.

Kerensky, himself, is now virtually the sole government power, the cabinet members having resigned, but placing their services at his disposal. A permanent Moscow conference is suggested as either a complement of, or a substitute for, the directory which has been proposed as the supreme directing power.

Meanwhile, the Russians on the front south of Bukovina have begun an offensive against Austro-German lines. Berlin, which reports this movement, says the Russians obtained only local advantages.

The Swedish foreign office in a statement on the Swedish-German relations pleads lack of definite information as to the circumstances of the incident and states that it, therefore, is as yet unable to announce its position. It promises, however, to make an investigation to determine if there was any misuse of privilege in the transmission of German telegrams from Argentina and if this is shown to ask Germany for an explanation. Measures also will be taken, it is announced, to prevent any repetition of the incident.

NEW YORK TO AID CABARRUS OFFICIALS

(By Associated Press.) New York, Sept. 11.—Every aid in determining whether the death of Mrs. Maude A. King, who was killed recently by a pistol shot near Concord, N. C., resulted from a conspiracy originated in this city, will be extended to the authorities of Cabarrus county, that State, by the district attorney's office here, according to a telegram sent today by District Attorney Swann to the district attorney there. Alleged financial transactions between Mrs. King and Gaston B. Means, who was her business manager and witness to her death, are being investigated by Assistant District Attorney Dooling.