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FRANKLIN, N. C. THURSDAY, JAN. 20, 1944

Fourth War Loan Bonds Are Now On Sale

Macon Citizens Urge All Message Of Gilmer A. Jones, Macon's Goal Is \$175,000 To Invest In War Bonds Chm. 4th War Loan Drive To Buy A Medium Bomber

A number of citizens have responded to the request of the chairman, Gilmer A. Jones, to write their reasons for buying War Bonds. We are pleased to publish their letters in the interest of the 4th War Loan Drive.

Let's all purchase U. S. War this war to an end. Lets every Bonds, and through prayer press on to Victory. H. W. McGLAMERY.

What I think about the neces" sity of buying War Bonds, and of their soundness as an investment, is best expressed by the fact that I have invested practically one-third of everything I have in them, and expect to keep on buying them to the full limit of my ability until victory is won and our boys come back home.

Yours for Victory, O. C. BRYANT.

Never before in the history of this country has there been a public undertaking which so vitally concerns every man, woman and child in America as our prosecution of this War.

Not until the aggressor nations have been beaten into unconditional surrender and their leaders have been dealt true justice can we know any security for our homes, our churches, our schools, or any of the life we take for granted as being Am-

There can be no victory un less our armed forces receive an uninterrupted and abundant flow of supplies and equipment. The money for these supplies must be loaned America by you and me—by average working

Americans. We are asked to lend our money to a cause for which our sons, fathers, and brothers are

giving their lives. Buying War Bonds is investment in Peace, Freedom, and Justice-an investment in America. Our return on this investment is just as certain as is Victory.

Unless there is certain Victory the very dollars we are asked to invest will have no value.

Unless there is speedy Victory, thousands of American young men will never return to enjoy the Freedom they offer their lives to protect.

May every man, woman and child buy War Bonds not only during this drive but regularly until Vivtory is ours.

Dollars in Bonds today mean dollars of value tomorrow. W. C. ZICKGRAF.

body get behind the 4th War Bond Drive and buy a bond to help buy a bomber and help to get our boys back home so they can enjoy the things they once enjoyed and the things we at home are enjoying today. If it were not for the radio, news papers and a few minor restrictions, we at home would hard-ly know that there is a war on NOW, LET'S SHOW the boys in the service that we are back

ing them up by the haste with which we get this bomber! W. C. BURRELL

I'd like to express myself in regard to our Fourth War Loan drive. It is easy to talk much and do little, but with over 1,300 of our young men and women in the armed forces we must talk less and do more. As Mr Thorpe said in a recent address "We cannot sit by and say "let George do it." Each individual has a part. "George" can't do it all. Our quota must be met That is the least we can do to live up to the promises set forth in the very commendable "Ser-vice Men's Edition" of the Frank lin Press. Are we going to make those promises real?

C. W. HENDERSON

I think it's the patriotic duty of every man, woman and child to take part in the Fourth War Loan drive.

There are many reasons why we all should buy Bonds and Stamps. But it seems to me, the main reason is that in doing so, we are backing up our BOYS on the FAR-FLUNG BATTLE FRONTS OF THE WORLD.

At the same time we are put-ting our money in the safest, and strongest investment possible.

Yours very truly, GLENN RAY

Buying bonds, beside being the safest investment we can make, is the surest and safest way to save money for the things that we are planning for the future. The new homes that we are planning for, the repairs and equipment for the farms, the many household necessitles and luxuries that we are planning for the future can be provided

To many people in Macon county, putting their money into War Bonds, simply means a safe way to invest their savings at a reasonable rate of interest. But, to the majority, it means a great deal more, for there are numerous instances where our citizens deny themselves, not only of the things that they would like to have, but many things they actually need in order to buy bonds, with the sole idea in mind of helping to bring the war to as early a conclusion as possible.

While the Third War Loan is still a matter of only yesterday, we are called upon to answer the call of the Fourth. And our quota this time is considerably heavier than in either of the previous War Loan drives. In view of the splendid record that Macon county has made in all its previous war efforts, some of us wonder if the present quota of \$160,000 is not just a little heavy, and of course there are many who may ask the question if so much money is actually needed to run the war. It is hard for us to realize, in the first place, how expensive a thing war is, and in the second place, how much the cost of war is increased by the use of mechanical warfare.

The Civil War cost the Federal Government three billion dollars. The First World War cost thirty-five billion dollars. By the end of 1944, it is a safe estimate to say that World War II will have cost 260 billion dollars, or \$2,000 for every man, woman and child in the United States, or \$10,000 per family. If this were to be paid on a per capita basis rather than on a property and income basis, our county's pro rata part of the cost of the war would be the staggering sum of Thirty million dollars, or more than four times the total present valuation of all Macon county's property as assessed for taxation.

What goes with this money is best explained by figures given to us by the Treasury Department. We have, or soon will have, 1,500 men from our county in the armed forces. Using the Treasury Department's figure that it costs \$164 to equip each of these, it has cost \$248,000, or approximately the amount we raised in the Third War Loan, just to equip our own boys. Still using the Treasury Department's figures, it costs \$12.50 per day per man to maintain them, or a cost of \$18,750 per day for our own boys-and this only includes food, clothes, allotments to dependents, transportation, etc., and does not allow one cent for arms. The Treasury Department does not give us the figure that it costs to keep them supplied with arms and armaments. Multiply this figure by 365 and we see that it costs \$6,843,750 per year to keep our Macon county men supplied with everything they need ex-





Fight Infantile Paralysis! Send your dollars and dimes to the President at the White House.

POLIO FUND Chm. McGlamery Reports

Good Progress And

Interest

Chairman Benny McGlamery reports that he is much encouraged by the wholehearted support that is being given to the infantile paralysis drive in progress in the county. Letters have been mailed to a number of citilens who always make contributions, and, as has been the custom, tickets are on sale for the President's Birthday ball, which is the final event of the drive. A. G. Cagle, J. Ward Long' R. S. O'Mohundro and Carl Ty singer are the committee in harge

The ball will be held at Panorama Court on Saturday evening, January 29, and plans are being made to make it an outstanding event. A good orchestra has been engaged for the occasion.

Tag Day and the March of Dimes will also be featured on January 29. with a number of young people assisting. Contributions have already bee received from the Masons, \$10; and

Chairmen And Committees Opened Drive On Tuesday

The sale of Fourth War Loan bonds began in Macon county on the opening day of the na-tional drive-Tuesday, January 18-and is now well under way by the various working committees in charge, according to Gilmer A. Jones, co-chairman with Henry W. Cabe, permanent county chairman of the War Finance committees.

It has been unanimously agreed by the county committee that Macon will voluntarily increase the quota of \$160,000 named by the state committee to \$175,000, a sum sufficient to purchase a medium bomber. All have agreed that it is going to be hard work, but enthusiasm is high to overreach this amount. Sam Mendenhall and Mrs.

Florence Sherrill are co-chairmen for the rural section and C. J. Anderson is serving as chairman in the Highlands area. E. J. Whitmire is organizing the schools.

At a called meeting last Friday afternoon, Mrs. James E. Perry accepted the chairman ship of the Women's committee, succeeding Mrs. John M. Archer, and plans were mapped for a thorough house-to-house canvass besides the sale in booths which has proven highly successful in the former drives.

Mrs. Perry announced that there will be booths open in the Bank of Franklin the upstairs Lobby of the Ashear building, and the post office each Saturday while the drive is on, and requested the same committee from all women's organizations which served in the last drive to serve. These committees reoresent the Red Cross, the Legion Auxiliary, United Daughters of the Confederacy, Order of the Eastern Star, and women's societies of the four Franklin churches.

The co-chairmen have appointed the following committee of colored citizens who have undertaken to raise a quota of \$500: Andrew Ray, chairman; Rev. W. O. Connor, secretary leter Love, Henry Hayes, Will Lenoir, and Mrs. Joe Stewart. Largest Issue of Franklin Press

There will be 3,500 copies of this Fourth War Loan issue of The Franklin Press and The Highlands Maconian, the largest issue in its history. Besides the regular circulation, the free dis-tribution of 1,500 extra copies in the county has been made possible by M. L. Dowdle, Dr. Edgar Angel and Grover Jamison, to more widely advertise and give information about the Fourth War Loan. This method of publicity was used in the last drive, and the committee considered it an effective way to bring home to all the people of the county the facts about the Fourth War Loan drive. As before, the rural mail carriers have undertaken the arduous task of distributing these papers to non-subscribers

BUY A BOMBER!

Why we should buy War Bonds:

1 .-- To win the war quick and save the lives of our boys in the service.

2.-War Bonds are safe, sound, good investments even when we are not in war. Money we put in War Bonds today will come in handy ten years from now as sure as we help to bring

FSA

Appropriation Extended To End Of Fiscal Year

The work of the Farm Security Administration will continue under an appropriation by Congress until the end of the fiscal year, July 1944, according to a statement by Albert Ram-sey supervisor for Macon county. Mr. Ramsey is assisted by Miss Daisy Caldwell as home supervisor.

In spite of efforts of the farm bloc and the "economy bloc" representing large financial in-terests, which lobbled to cut out this agency of the Administration to assist low income farmers to purchase farms, Congress extended the appropriation another six months.

Frank Hancock, former congressman from North Carolina, new heads the national organization.

for with the purchase of war

Buying bonds is the only means by which we can guard the lives and health of our sacrificing so who are boys, much to protect our lives and liberties, and to secure our way of life.

Yours very truly. GUS LEACH On Page Four

LEX PENLANDS HAVE **5 SONS IN SERVICE**

Friends of Mr. and Mrs. Lex Penland and family, who moved to Macon, Georgia two years ago, will be interested to know that their five boys are serving in the armed forces. Cpl. Morris Penland is a bug-

ler, at Fort Sill, Okla., where brother, Sgt. Charles Penhis land, also is stationed. Pfc George Penland is in training at a camp in New Mexico and W. A. Penland has been returned to the states after 11 months with a Navy unit in Alaska. D. T. Penland, who is in the

Navy Air Force, has been spending a few day with his parents. requested a relative in Franklin to subscribe to the Press, so that he could "keep touch with old school friends."

Lt. Charles M. Hunter of an Infantry Division is with the 5th Army in Italy. His mother. Mrs. Pearl Hunter, heard from him recently.

cept armaments. This figure just about equals the total taxable wealth of Macon county.

These figures are staggering, but check them and satisfy yourself as to whether or not they are correct. Pursuing the Treasury 'Department's figures further, the cost of the war is running about two hundred and fifty million dollars per day, or about one hundred seventy-five thousand dollars per minute. When Macon county exceeds its Fourth War Loan quota of \$160,000 by \$15,000 it will have borne the total expense of World War II for a period of sixty seconds!

We can't stand this always, we say. But we must bear in mind that it is by our superior arma ments that we have been able to gain over the axis powers and hold our casualty list to so low a figure as compared to our ally, Russia. And our casualty list is heart-breaking, even with our superior armaments. It is our superior armaments that is running our expenditures into these enormous figures, but the heavier the armaments the sooner this thing will be over with.

Of course we will reach our quota as usualand according to our past record, the \$15,000 additional. Then we, the people of Macon county, will have borne the total expense of the war for one minute. We will have purchased one medium bomber at a cost of \$175,000 to which the War department, in honor of us, will assign any name we may select. And may I suggest that after this figure has been reached that we, by mutual agree-

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from the Lions, \$25.

Half of the funds raised will emain in the county for the through the health department for polio sufferers.

Walter Fox Severely Wounded

Walter Fox, son of Mr. and Mrs. Elisha Fox of Mountain Grove, was severely wounded while fighting in Italy on Christmas Day. He had been overseas nearly a year, having sailed prior to the death of his wife in March, 1943.

Battle Of Russia Released By Army For Showing

Acclaimed one of the most | ple to whom it wasn't a ques powerful and dramatic films ever to be shown, "The Battle of Russia" is scheduled to open Thursday January 27.

Commenting on the war in Russia, General Douglas MacAr-thur, said: "Never have I observed such effective resistance to the heaviest blows of a hitherto undefeated enemy, followed by a smashing counterattack which is driving the enemy back to his own land. The scale and grandeur of the effort marks it as the greatest military achievement in all history.

campaigns, it is the people who rear, whose weapons were dywin wars. So, "The Battle of namite and the terror of sur-Russia" is the story of the peo- prise.

tion of who occupied what territory, but a question of life and death. Thus, the picture tells the story of the people who swore to die in. battle rather than surrender themselves, their people and their country to the fascist invaders; the heroic stand of the people of Leningrad, drenched in a constant rain of explosives, cut off en-tirely from the rest of Russia with only their hands and unfaltering determination to depend on; the guerrilla army'an army without uniforms-But while generals may win whose front was the enemy's