# **Dairy Farmers**

## Of Macon To Receive An Increase In Payments

Dairy farmers in Macon county will have benefit of increased payment rates for milk and butterfat production payments during the current quarter, beginning July 1, according to Robert Fulton, Chairman, Macon County AAA Committee.

These government payments to milk and butterfat producers are adjusted quarterly to reflect changes in production

The new rates for this county for milk and butterfat production in July, August, and September will be 75 cents per hundred pounds for milk, and 13 cents per pound for butterfat, Mr. Fulton said.

Rates for the quarter just ended were 55 cents per hun-dred pounds for milk and 10 cents per pound for butterfat.

"Dairy farmers here are making every effort to increase milk production," the chairman said. Higher payments for production during the current three-months period will help offset the extra feed bills when pastures brown off during the summer and more feed and hay have to be fed to maintain production levels".

The dairy production payments, initiated in the fall of 1943, are made direct to pro-ducers by the Macon County AAA Committee upon submission of sufficient evidence of production and sales, and are designed to take care of the increase in production costs without raising the prices of milk and milk products to consumers. Since started, the pro-gram has helped farmers push milk output to record levels without breaking the barriers against inflation.

Applications for payments on milk and butterfat production during April, May, and June should be filed as soon as possible at the Macon County AAA office, but not later than August 31, 1945, Chairman Fulton said. Sight drafts, negotiable immediaately, are issued at the time applications are filed by

#### Poultrymen Urged To Prevent Broncaitis

Poultry producers in Wake and other counties of North Carolina have reported the outbreak of bronchitis in their flocks of growing pullets, say specialists of the State College Extension

The disease is usually caused by the lack of ventilation and by the overcrowding of the birds into the poultry houses, and Extension specialists point out that it is advisable for poultrymen to open up their poultry houses during the hot summer months and provide all the fresh air possible for the growing chickens.

George W. Wright of Raleigh, Route 2, discovered that his leghorn pullets caught colds, which later settled in the bronchial tubes causing bronchitis. The reason for the disturbance was the fact that the pullets be-came too warm during a certain night because of the lack of ventilation, Wright said. The Raleigh poultryman went

to work immediately to remove the causes of the disease, and fortunately he did not lose any his birds. Wright has that the spraying of an inhaient over the heads of the chickens at night has aided a great deal in relieving the situation.

State College poultry authorities suggest that farmers check their poultry houses to determine whether sufficient ventilation is provided in order to avoid excessive outbreaks of bronchitis in their flocks. Further information about the disease may be secured by writing to the Department of Poultry Science at State College.

#### Large Peach Crop Throughout Country

Peaches are plentiful in all parts of the country. Commercanned fruits will be short this year and point values probably high. Peaches offer fair amounts of vitamin C and, in addition, yellow peaches offer vitamin A. Because they are naturally sweet, peaches need little sugar when canned.

## EXECUTRIX NOTICE

Having qualified as executrix of Gus Leach, deceased, late of Macon County, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 19th day of July, 1946 or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate settlement.

This 12th day of July, 1945. Althea Collins Leach, Executrix.

## **Directors Meeting** Called By Lions Club On June 6th; Committees

Appointed The evening of June 6 President Willard Pendergrass of the Franklin Lions Club called the first board of directors meeting of the year 1945-1946 at his

Special business consisted of appointing administrative and activities committees for the year, personnel of which are

as follows: Program, J. Ward Long, chairman; T. W. Angel, Jr., and B. L. McGlamery, members, At-George Hill chairman; Claude H. Bolton and Jim Hughey, members. Lions Education, William G. Crawford, chairman; G. W. Faulkner and Earnest L. Hyde, members. Finance, Frank B. Duncan, chairman; A. Rufus Morgan and Jim Hughey, members. Constitution and By-Laws, Mac Ray Whitaker, chairman, T. W. Angel and A. Rufus Morgan, members. Membership, Carl Tysinger, chairman; W. D. Shu-ford and Earl English, members. Publicity, Norman R. Hawley, chairman; John H. Kusterer and B. L. McGlamery, members. Convention, Frank L. Henry, Jr., chairman; Carl Tysinger and Claude H. Bolton, members.

Military Affairs, Charles N Dowdle, chairman; Robert H. Cooper and G. B. Woodward, members. Boys and Girls Work, A. Rufus Morgan, William G. Crawford, and W. V. Swann, members. Citizenship and Patriotism, Vernon Fricks, chairman; John F. Shope and George H. Hill, members, Civic Improvement, T. W. Angel, Jr., chairman; Wiley Brown and Frank B. Duncan, members. Community Betterment, Ernest L. Hyde, chairman; Eb R. Bulloch and Roy Mashburn, members. Education, B. L. McGlamery, chairman; George H. Hill and William G. Crawford, members, Health and Welfare, G. B. Woodward, chairman; Earl English and Eb. R. Bulloch, members. Sight Conservation and Blind, W. V. Swann, chairman; W. D. Shuford and G. W. Faulkner, members. Safety, Robert H Cooper, chairman; John H. Kusterer and Vernon Fricks, members.

During regular business the Board resolved that past dues if any, owed the by ex-members in the armed forces, were thereby waived.

Further, that the club would pay the regular reinstatement fee on any returning serviceman desiring readmission to the club. Normally a returning member personally pays the

Upon completion of business the host served refreshments.

NOTICE OF SUMMONS IN THE SURPERIOR COURT State of North Carolina County of Macon

CHARLES T. DALTON, Plaintiff

ELIZABETH DALTON.

Defendant The defendant, Elizabeth Dalton, will take notice that an action as above entitled has been commenced in the Superior Court of Macon County, North Carolina, to the end that the plaintiff may secure an absolute divorce under the laws of the State of North Carolina; and the defendant will take further notice that she is required to appear on or before the 13th day of August, 1945, in the Office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Macon County, North Carolina, and answer or demur to the complaint in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded and

same will be granted.

This the 13th day of July,

EDITH C. BYRD. Ass't Clerk of the Superior Court. Jly19-4tc-A9

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE Having qualified as adminis-trator of D. P. Cabe deceased, late of Macon County, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 14th day of July, 1946, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All per-sons indebted to said estate will please make immediate settle-

This 14th day of July, 1945. CARL P. CABE, Administrator.

Jly19-6tp-A23

NOTICE OF PUBLICATION OF SUMMONS IN THE SUPERIOR COURT North Carolina

Macon County S. V. Rackley

Nannie Lou Tribble Rackley The defendant, Nannie Lou Tribble Rackley, will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior Court of Macon coun-

#### National Forest Timber For Sale

Sealed bids will be received the Forest Supervisor, Post Office Building, Franklin, North Carolina, up to and not later than 2:00 p. m. August 13, 1945, and opened immediately there-after, for all merchantable live and dead timber designated for cutting on an area embracing about 950 acres within the Blaze Little River watershed, Macon County, Nantahala National Forest, North Carolina, estimated to be 2500 units (160 cubic feet per unit) of chestnut extractwood; more or less. No bid of less than \$0.65 per unit will be considered. In addition to price bid for stumpage a deposit of \$0.10 per unit for all wood cut will be required for sale area betterment work. \$200.00 must accompany each bid, to be applied on the purchase price, refunded, or retained in part as liquidated damages, according to conditions of sale. The right to reject any and all bids reserved. Before bids are submitted full information concerning the timber, the conditions of sale and submission of bids should be obtained from the Forest Supervisor, Franklin, North Car-Jly12-2tc-Jly19

ty, North Carolina, for the purpose of securing an absolute divorce for the plaintiff, S. V

Rackley. Said defendant will further take notice that he is required to appear at the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Macon County, North Carolina, at the Courthouse in Franklin North Carolina, on the 20th day of August, 1945, and answer or demur to the complaint in said action or the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

This 17th day of July, 1945. A. R. HIGDON, Clerk Superior Court Macon County, North Carolina. Jly19—4tc—A9

Press Ads Pay

#### State College Answers Timely Farm Questions

Q. What has caused my hy-brid corn to show a striped ap-pearance on the blades?

You are evidently using seed from the crop which you grew last year and this should not be done, says Dr. Emerson Collins, in charge of Extension agronomy at State College. New hybrid seed must be bought each year. The hybrid corn is produced by a series of crosses with definite parents. When the seed are planted a second year, they break down into all kinds of combinations and yields are not satisfactory.

Q. What should I do to keep green moss from growing in my

yard? The presence of moss in your yard indicates an acid soil, a poor soil, or both conditions says John H. Harris, horticultural extension specialist. He suggests that you send a samof your soil to the Soils Department, N. C. State Department of Agriculture, Raleigh, for an analysis and recommendations as to liming and fertilization. Your county agent will be glad to give you directions for taking the soil sam-

#### EXECUTRIX NOTICE

Having qualified as executrix of Clyde Tallent, deceased, late of Macon County, N. C., this is to notily all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 10th day of July, 1946, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate settle-

This 10th day of July, 1945. ANITA TALLENT, Executrix.

Jly12-6tp-Aug16

## JOIN-

Bryant Mutual **Burial Association** 

Oldest and Strongest in the County

ple and mailing it.

Q. How can I get rid of Bermuda grass?

A. This grass, often called joint or wire grass, cannot tol-erate continuous shade and it can, therefore, be controlled by planting close growing crops for two years, says Dr. Roy Lov-vorn, in charge of forage crops for the Agricultural Experiment Station. Cowpeas, crotalaria, or velvet beans can be grown during the summer and a mixture of small grain and vetch during the winter. If the land is turned rough in the fall, many roots will freeze during the winter,

Q. Are there any prize awards in the National 4-H Safety

A. Yes, there are silver medals to five winners in each county and \$25 War Bonds to the ten top ranking county champions each state. National 4-H Congress honors will be award-ed to the three highest rating state champions in each of the four extension sections and four at large. Twelve of the sectional winners will be selected to receive \$200 college scholar-

ships.
Q. How can cattle lice be controlled? A. A rotenone-sulphur dip has

been giving good results, says J. Myron Maxwell, Extension entomologist at State College. Where small numbers of animals are involved, dust appli-cations of the rotenone-sulphur mixture are used. In some sections of Western Carolina the use of the dust has become so general that shortages have been reported.

Q. Is penicillin effective in treating all types of livestock diseases'

A. Like sulfa drugs, pencillin s effective against some types of disease-producing germs, but wholly useless against others, says Dr. C. D. Grinnells, veterinarian of the State College Agricultural Experiment Sta-tion. Dr. Grinnells pointed out penicillin is of no value against virus diseases such as hog cholera and sleeping sickness and that many of its other uses are in the experimental stage. He suggested that a veterinarian be consulted before the application of the drug.

Poultry feeds should be kept dry during storage, because molds develop rapidly in hot weather, says poultry specialist of the State College Extension service.

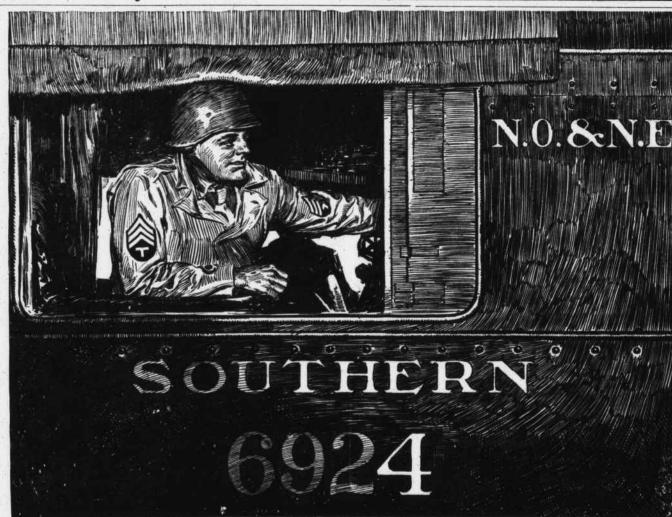
## **Farmers Attention**

We are buying Ivy and Laurel Burles (stumps) and Paying Highest Prices at Mill in Franklin or by roadside.

If interested get in touch with Gilmer Setser or Will Waldroop at the Pipe Mill in Franklin, N. C.

Also Top Prices paid for Dog Wood. See us for specifications before cutting

> Highlands Briar, Inc. FRANKLIN, N. C.



## IT CAN BE TOLD!

Remember those dark days in early 1942, when the Axis tide of conquest was spreading over the world like a plague? That was when the Transportation Corps of the War Department asked the Southern Railway System to teach the fine art of railroading to American soldiers who would some day have the job of operating military railroads in a distant "theatre of operations."

The Southern's rails were already beginning to hum with a record volume of wartime traffic.

Nevertheless, a "school" was made available for the soldier-railroaders, without charge, on the 200-mile mainline of the Southern between New

Orleans and Meridian, Miss. Instruction cars and other special facilities were provided, and veteran Southern officers and employes volunteered to serve as "teachers."

On March 18, 1942, the training was begun. And from that day to the end of January, 1945, soldier-railroaders worked alongside skilled Southern officers and employes throughout this 200-mile long "school" . . . on trains, in shops and roundhouses...on tracks, in offices and yards . . . learning to work together as a team ... learning to railroad - by railroading.

To date we have been privileged to train, not only our own famous Southern-sponsored 727th Railway

Operating Battalion, but also three other battalions and the personnel of a replacement school ... in all, some 6,000 officers and men.

The record shows, too, that when these soldier-railroaders graduated from our "school" and went overseas. they added brilliant new chapters to the history of military railroading on the battlefronts of World War II.

So, as these soldier-railroaders go highballing down the mainline to final Victory, it is with understandable pride that we mention this extra war job of the Southern Railway System ... now that it can be told.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY SYSTEM

