

Inflation Can Bring Disaster To Farmers

Inflation, or a runaway price situation in these postwar days because of an unprecedented demand for civilian goods and services, can easily spell disaster for many farmers and their families as they struggle with reconversion problems that come after the war.

Farm management specialists of the Extension Service at State College point to the dangers of inflation as outlined by the postwar policy committee of the Association of Land-Grant Colleges and Universities in a recent release.

The committee declared, "Any decided rise in prices and wage rates during this period will greatly add to farm costs. . . . When war demands taper off, shortages of farm products are likely to be replaced by surpluses. If prices are allowed to get out of hand now, farm prices may nose-dive while many items of farm expenses stay up."

Many farmers still remember what happened after World War I when farm land prices soared. Savings of a lifetime may be lost if price controls are lifted before dangers of a speculative boom are past. Not only farmers but also returning war veterans may be the victims of exorbitant land prices.

"As rapidly as the war effort permits, the threat of inflation should be tempered by speedy expansion and resumption of production to meet civilian needs," the committee said. "But controls are needed until supplies again are adequate to meet requirements at reasonable prices. Additional controls, particularly to limit and discourage land speculation, are in order."

Two Recipes Given For Making Soap

Making soap at home is becoming a necessity in these soap shortage days. Extension specialists in home economics at State College present two standard recipes for uncooked soap.

Six pounds of fat with 2 1/2 pints of cold water, and 1 can of lye will make about 9 pounds of soap. Six pounds of fat is equal to 13 1/2 standard measuring cups of liquid fat.

Pour water into a small enamel, stone, or glass container. Dissolve the lye in the water, stirring with a wooden spoon or paddle until dissolved. Mix in a well ventilated room but not in a breeze. Let the lye water cool until the container feels cool to the hand. Melt the fat in an enameled pan and stir with an enameled spoon or a wooden paddle. Cool the fat to the correct temperature throughout the pan.

Cool the fat until the spoon begins to leave a track in the mixture. Pour the lye solution into the fat in a small, steady

JOIN

Bryant Mutual Burial Association

Oldest and Strongest in the County

NOTICE

The Auction Sale for the Feed Grain Bins will be held Saturday morning, September 1st, at 10:00 o'clock.

SALE

MY ENTIRE HOUSEHOLD EQUIPMENT

One cook stove, one oil stove for cooking; four heating stoves, two full beds, one three-quarters, one cot—all steel, mattresses, pillows, linoleum and wool rugs, chairs, tables, curtains, mirrors, shades. Enamel sloop jars, bowls, pitchers, cooking utensils, dishes, solid oak ice box—hundred pound capacity, two zinc tubs, one dresser, one wash stand, one electric waffle iron and other articles. I am moving away but it is only temporary, and I will surely be back. No auctioneer—every article will be reasonably priced for your inspection. Sale begins Saturday, September 1st at 12 o'clock and continues til sun down, and may continue through Monday, September 3rd, beginning at 12 o'clock. Cut out and pin this ad on your calendar and don't miss sale.

MRS. W. L. HIGDON

Ashear House, Back of Baptist Church

Gneiss

By Mrs. F. E. Mashburn

(Thursday, August 23)

Dear Readers: So many little changes have been, and are being made in this section I hesitate to begin to tell you lest I leave out some vitally important one. So will you inform me if I have omitted something worthwhile.

Often overhead you see a plane diving earthward, or rising again. 'Tis Elbert Hedden flying. He comes so low you wonder if he is inspecting the sanitary condition of your backyard. He and Mrs. Hedden and two small daughters live in a nice new home which has been constructed near the site of his father, John Hedden's old home. This house is not only well finished and furnished inside and painted on the out, but has a kitchen sink and running water. Near the house is a good saw mill. With the aid of two trucks and cooperative workmen Elbert has been able to deliver ties, logs, and many cords of acid and pulp wood during the present emergency.

Quince Hedden and workmen with one truck have done a splendid job of getting out acid wood. Ed Crisp and Gus Hedden have also labored in this work in the Walnut Creek section. I know not the report to give of the important work done by the Champion Fiber company on Buck Creek.

Terry Bolick of Buck Creek has driven a bulldozer making roads to the top of the mountain above Tom Fore, also on W. A. Keener and Ben Hedden place and up to the Burgin Moses Place, and elsewhere has been building roads for the trucks to haul over. He works for the Champion Fiber company.

"Aunt" Ann Jones is about as usual—sailing along in her nineties.

George W. Gregory, who has spent sometime in the Baptist Hospital at Winston-Salem and also at the Angel Hospital at Franklin, is critically ill.

Mrs. Luna Jefferies has returned to her home in Tennessee after visiting her friends, Mrs. Gertrude Strain and Miss Molly Trentham at Mrs. Strain's summer home on Walnut Creek.

stream, stirring slowly in one direction. Continue stirring until the mixture is a honey-like texture. Let it stand for 10 to 15 minutes until the mixture becomes thick like salad dressing and then pour into molds or wooden boxes, lined with waxed paper. After 24 hours it is ready to cut. Cure soap for several weeks before using and never let it freeze.

The formula for cooked soap is 2 quarts of melted fat, 1 can of lye, 1 cup of liquid ammonia, 1 quart of water, and 1 tablespoonful of borax dissolved in one-half cup of hot water. Dissolve the lye in water and let stand until lukewarm. Add slowly to the fat, stirring constantly until jelly like. Cook slowly. Add borax water and mix thoroughly. Remove from fire, add ammonia, and stir until about the consistency of honey. Pour into molds and cure for 6 weeks.

N. C. Firms And Workers Aid In Atomic Bomb Production

Several North Carolina firms, at least four or five, have been and are still engaged in making component parts or supplies and materials used in the production of the atomic bombs, some of which have spread havoc in parts of Japan, it is revealed by Dr. J. S. Dorton, state director of the War Manpower Commission.

Dr. Dorton admits that he knows very little about what was being produced in this State for use in connection with these bombs, since their production has been one of the greatest secrets of this war, but he does know that some North Carolina firms, as a part of the so-called Manhattan District secret project, have been so engaged. Due to the veil of secrecy little is known about this work and Dr. Dorton is not sure he is at liberty to reveal what he does know, at this time.

He has revealed that 6,208 North Carolina workers have been recruited by WMC's United States Employment Service offices for the Oak Ridge project in Tennessee, 792 as construction workers in building the plants and 5,416 in making some parts of the bombs, in 1943 and 1944. Most of them

were from the western part of the State. It is likely, he believes, that many others went into Tennessee for work on the project.

Recruiting for this project has been difficult, and the turnover in workers large, due, according to reports, to the practice of putting a man on one job and keeping him there, without change or promotion, on the theory that if he worked at more than one place he would learn too much about the secret weapon.

Work for the secret weapon is done in some of the carbon plants and machine tool plants in North Carolina, and probably in other plants, some of which very likely did not know they were contributing to the production of the bombs, Dr. Dorton said.

North Carolina thus had important connection with the new destructive bombs, by supplying some of the materials used in their production, by furnishing several thousands of workers for plants actually producing them and by furnishing the man, Major Thomas W. Ferebee, of Mocksville, who actually launched the first bomb from a superfortress on its way to the destruction of the city of Hiroshima in Japan.

Mrs. F. E. Mashburn and son Samuel have returned from Marietta, Georgia, where they were visiting Mrs. Edward and Miss Annalee Mashburn.

Kenneth Clark of Cullasaja spent the weekend with his friend Richard Mashburn.

A number of our boys who have seen duty on various battle fronts have returned to this township.

On August 12, a decoration day was observed by the people who have relatives and friends buried at the Strain cemetery and the Walnut Creek cemetery. Basket dinner was served. Rev. Frank Holland had charge of the services in the morning and afternoon.

On August 19 Mr. Hull of Franklin conducted the Sunday school at Walnut Creek. The sweet music of the organ was waited through the verdant trees on the gentle breeze calling people to worship and praise the Great God, who has so marvelously given us victory over our foe. Let us follow the teachings of the Savior, the Prince of Peace.

Eugene McIntyre, a Future Farmer student under Mr. Whitmire, of the Franklin high school has just marketed his bean crop at Dillard, Ga.

John Fore recently brought his seven children back to his father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. Tom Fore, returning to the State of Washington, where he and Mrs. Fore plan to work for some time before returning to North Carolina.

Patrons of Walnut Creek and Buck Creek schools will be interested in knowing that both schools will be discontinued. Pupils will be conveyed to Gneiss by bus. Children up to the eighth grade will go to Pine Grove school. Other pupils will transfer to another bus and be taken to Franklin. This year our Legislature passed a compulsory school law which will bring back into school children who have not been attending much, if any, for some time.

Sale of Real Estate for Taxes

Pursuant to an order of the Board of Aldermen of the Town of Franklin in regular session on August 6th, 1945, I will on Monday, September 10th, 1945 at 12:00 o'clock noon at the Courthouse door in Franklin, and thereafter until said sale is completed, sell at public auction in the manner provided by law the property hereinafter described, belonging to or listed in the names of the persons designated for the Town taxes due for the year 1944, in the amounts set forth with cost of this advertisement and sale to be added; to-wit:

Table with columns: Name, Property, Amount. Lists various property owners and their respective tax amounts.

This August the 9th, 1945. E. W. LONG, Tax Collector.

est, North Carolina, estimated to be 5,000 units (160 cubic feet per unit) of chestnut extract-wood, more or less. No bid of less than \$0.75 per unit will be considered. In addition to price bid for stumpage, a deposit of \$0.10 per unit for all wood cut will be required for sale area betterment work. \$500.00 must accompany each bid, to be applied on the purchase price, refunded, or retained in part as liquidated damages, according to conditions of sale. The right to reject any and all bids reserved. Before bids are submitted full information concerning the timber, the conditions of sale, and submission of bids should be obtained from the Forest Supervisor, Franklin, North Carolina. A30-2tc-S13

National Forest Timber for Sale

Sealed bids will be received by the Forest Supervisor, Franklin, North Carolina, up to and not later than 2 P. M., October 1, 1945, and opened immediately thereafter, for all merchantable live and dead timber designated for cutting on an area embracing about 1075 acres within the Dryman Fork Unit, Little Tennessee River Watershed, Macon County, Nantahala National Forest, North Carolina, estimated to be 5,000 units (160 cubic feet per unit) of chestnut extract-wood, more or less. No bid of less than \$0.75 per unit will be considered. In addition to price bid for stumpage, a deposit of \$0.10 per unit for all wood cut will be required for sale area betterment work. \$500.00 must accompany each bid, to be applied on the purchase price, refunded, or retained in part as liquidated damages, according to conditions of sale. The right to reject any and all bids reserved. Before bids are submitted full information concerning the timber, the conditions of sale, and submission of bids should be obtained from the Forest Supervisor, Franklin, North Carolina. A30-2tc-S13

The use of yellow cuprocide has proved of great benefit in controlling tomato diseases in the Mountain area, says Howard R. Garriss, Extension plant pathologist at State College.

The firing of corn during the exceptionally wet weather is principally due to a lack of nitrogen, say Extension agronomists at State College.

Wheat crops can be protected by all-risk crop insurance. The county AAA office has complete information.

Peace brings reconversion problems in agriculture as well as in industry.

Farmers are headed for post-war disaster, if price controls are relaxed now, Guard against a runaway price situation.

Food production still remains a paramount problem because millions of hungry people must be fed.

NOTICE OF SALE UNDER EXECUTION IN THE SUPERIOR COURT

North Carolina, Macon County Earl Emory vs. Floyd E. Snow

By virtue of an execution directed to the undersigned from the Superior Court of Macon County in the above entitled action, I will on Thursday, the 6th day of September, 1945, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Courthouse door in Franklin, Macon County, North Carolina, sell to the highest bidder for cash to satisfy said execution the following described real estate:

BEGINNING on the Northeast corner of C. A. Setser-Baird tract, runs in a Southerly direction with said line to W. L. Setser's Northwest corner of the Dolph Baird tract; thence in an Easterly direction with said line to M. D. Billings' tract; thence in a Northwesterly direction with the Billings' line to the BEGINNING, containing 7.0 acres more or less.

This 6th day of August, 1945. J. P. BRADLEY, Sheriff of Macon County. A9-4tc-A30

NOTICE North Carolina, Macon County.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing wherein MILDRED STOCKTON and PAUL POTTS were partners, trading and doing business under the firm name and style of Potts Funeral Home in the Town of Franklin, in the County of Macon, North Carolina, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent of the partners.

The business heretofore conducted by said partnership will in the future be conducted by said PAUL POTTS under the name and style of Potts Funeral Home, and the said MILDRED STOCKTON will have no further interest therein and will not be liable or responsible for any indebtedness contracted by said business. And the said PAUL POTTS will collect all accounts and indebtedness due to said business and will pay all accounts and indebtedness due by said business.

This the 11th day of August, 1945. PAUL POTTS MILDRED STOCKTON A23-2tc-A30



YOUR Eyes examined in the modern way will mean better and more comfortable fitting glasses for you.

EYE-EXAMINATIONS as a side line to some other activity, seldom are satisfactory.

CONSULT a specialist who devotes all time and interest to examining eyes and fitting of glasses.

FOR fast, accurate, considerate service see: DR. LON BURROUGHS Specializing in examining eyes and fitting of glasses ELLIOTT BLOCK CLAYTON, GA. Hours: 9:30 a. m., to 6:30 p. m. CLOSED Wednesdays.

JFG COFFEE advertisement featuring an image of a coffee cup and the slogan 'YOU GET MORE CUPS OF GOOD COFFEE PER POUND THE BEST PART OF THE MEAL'.