

# SMITHFIELD JOURNAL

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SMITHFIELD JOHNSTON COUNTY N. C., DECEMBER 3 1885.

NO. 27

## PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

**James H. Pou,**  
Attorney-at-Law,  
SMITHFIELD, JOHNSTON COUNTY, N. C.,  
(Office on East side of Court House Square in Building formerly occupied as Law office by J. R. Watkins Esq.)

Will Practice in the Courts of the Judicial District, with all Magistrates Courts in any part of Johnston County. **SPECIAL ATTENTION TO THE COLLECTION OF CLAIMS.**

**EDWARD W. POU, JR.,**

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR  
—AT LAW—  
SMITHFIELD, N. C.

Will Attend the Courts of Johnston and Adjacent Counties.  
Office in Court House.

**J. H. ABELL,**

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,  
SMITHFIELD, N. C.,  
OFFICE IN THE COURT HOUSE.

Special attention paid to collections and set-  
tling estates.

Practices in the Courts of Johnston Wake  
and Wayne.

**P. T. MASSEY,**  
**POU & MASSEY,**

Attorneys-at-Law and Real Estate  
Agents,  
SMITHFIELD, N. C.

If you wish to buy land or to sell land, per-  
haps we can aid you.  
We can negotiate loans, for long or short  
terms on real estate in Johnston county.  
Persons wishing to lend money or to borrow  
money on mortgage of land may find it to their  
interest to call on us.

**ED. S. ABELL,**

Attorney-at-Law,  
SMITHFIELD, N. C.

Special attention paid to practice in County  
of Justice of the Peace; any portion of John-  
ston County. 41-610

**S. R. and J. A. MORGAN,**  
Carriage Manufacturers  
—AND—  
**UNDERTAKERS,**

VEHICLES at Rock Bottom  
Prices.

Dealers in Columbus and Cincinnati Bug-  
gies, Buggy and Wagon Harness, Saddles,  
Bridles, etc. kept in stock; very low for cash.  
Caskets and Burial Cases furnished on short  
notice.

Consult your interest and give them a call  
and examine their stock before purchasing  
anywhere. Satisfaction guaranteed.

## ORGANS.

A first class, honest Organ  
**WARRANTED FOR EIGHT YEARS**  
WITH PROPER CARE.

FIRST PREMIUM at ATLANTA, Ga., in 1883

**PRICES FROM \$20. \$120.**

Twenty per cent LOWER than sold by travel-  
ling Agents.

Inquire for me at T. R. Hood & Co's  
Drug Store.

**STELLA KIRKMAN,**

Smithfield, N. C.

**Club House,**  
MARKET STREET,  
SMITHFIELD, N. C.

I have opened a first-class Restaurant (THE  
Club House) and promise those who  
favor me with their patronage that my tables  
will be supplied with the best the market af-  
fords. Meals served at all hours of the day  
or night. I shall keep Oysters on hand for  
sale, cooked or raw, during the season. Come  
to see me.

Respectfully,  
**A. Thain,**

Red Front, Opposite New Drug Store, 16.

Important Land Sale! By virtue of an  
authority conferred on us by a trust deed ex-  
ecuted by Wm. Minant and S. C. Minant, and  
registered in the office of the Register of  
deeds of Johnston County, N. C., in book "W",  
N. 4, on pages 28 and 29; we will sell:  
1. On Saturday 12th day of December, 1885,  
at 12 o'clock, on the premises, near Selma,  
Alabama, that very desirable home and farm on  
which Wm. Minant now lives, comprising 232  
acres, and known as the John Minant place;  
sale to begin at 12 o'clock.

2. Also by the same authority, we will sell  
on Thursday, 17th day of December, 1885, on  
terms to be made known on day of sale, all the  
home of Wm. Minant, in Wilder's township,  
270 acres of the tract which Wm. Minant for-  
merly lived, the same being all of his former  
1-1/2 place, except 100 acres, including houses,  
cubicles, etc. This November 19th, 1885.  
—H. W. ADAMS & J. Trustees.

NOTICE! By virtue of the authority con-  
ferred on us by a trust deed, executed to me  
on the 10th day of March, 1885, by J. R.  
Watkins, and duly registered in the Register's  
office of Johnston County in book O, No. 4,  
pages 406 and 407, I shall sell at public auc-  
tion, for cash, at the Court House door in the  
town of Smithfield, on the 7th day of Decem-  
ber, 1885, a certain tract of land in Benton-  
ville Township, Johnston County, adjoining  
the lands of Green Flower, Rufus Bell and  
John Stephenson containing 504 acres, and  
fully described in said mortgage. This 4th  
day of November, 1885.

D. H. GRAVES, Mortgagee.  
J. H. ABELL, Attorney.

## Smithfield Herald.

No Need of a Quarrel.

BY S. M.

There seems to be some apprehension  
among some Democrats, as there is a vivid  
hope among Republicans, that a conflict  
will be "precipitated" somehow or other be-  
tween the President and his party during  
the next Congress. The prophets of evil  
think or pretend to think, that the irri-  
tation against the President, of which  
there are sporadic local symptoms, will  
break out virulently when the floodgates  
of talk are opened at Washington next  
month.

Now, of course nobody can tell what the  
President may do or what Congress may do,  
but it should be borne in mind that he  
live for competitive examinations, unsatis-  
factory distribution of offices and delay in  
distributing them are the only causes of  
dissatisfaction in Mr. Cleveland. None  
of these things is matter for the Democrat  
in Congress to make a row about. The  
competitive examinations are prescribed by  
a statute which cannot now be repealed,  
and the delay may be a little disappoint-  
ing but sooner or later, and on the whole  
pretty soon, the offices will be in Demo-  
cratic hands; and as to the appoint-  
ment already made, it is absurd  
to suppose that anybody but the Republi-  
cans wants to be disagreeable about  
them. Take out a few Mugwump appoint-  
ments, given for supposed value received  
and Mr. Cleveland's appointments have  
been Democratic. In a few notable in-  
stances the party would have preferred  
other Democrats than those he selected,  
but as long as the President appoints  
Democrats, and not Republicans, his party  
is not going to quarrel with him. That  
he has stepped on the toes of a number  
of Congressmen is very probable, but Con-  
gressmen with sore toes will keep them  
to themselves if they have any sense of prop-  
riety.

This matter of the offices, important as  
it is, after all a minor one. The Democrats  
in the Forty-ninth Congress can have no  
intention of quarrelling with the Presi-  
dent about offices. The Republicans have  
the patent for doing that sort of thing.  
That the Democrats in Congress will dis-  
agree with some of the President's recom-  
mendations is as likely as that he will object  
to some details of their legislative work.  
Disagreements of this kind are inevitable.  
They have frequently occurred between  
Republican Congresses and Republican  
Presidents. They are not fatal or even  
dangerous. They are differences of opinion  
not quarrels.

There will be grave differences of opin-  
ion among the Democrats in the next Con-  
gress, but we hope they will be able to get  
along without quarrelling either among  
themselves or with the President. With  
the Republican Senate they may have to  
quarrel.

## THE NEXT GOVERNOR.

Will it be Honest Joe Davis?

[State Chronicle.]

"It's too soon to talk about the next  
Gov." said a well informed gentleman on  
W. & W. train a few days ago, "but I've  
traveled nearly all over the State since  
the last election, and there seems to be a  
conviction among the people that Honest  
Joe Davis will succeed Scales. There's  
no gush about it, no enthusiasm, but a  
conviction that he is the coming man."

## Slings and Arrows.

The receiver appointed for Mahone's  
Richmond Whig is still looking for some-  
thing to receive.—Philadelphia Times.  
Mr. Blaine is still more out of politics  
since the New York and Virginia elections  
than he was before.—Paterson Guar-  
dian.

Since the triumph of Jones, of Eng-  
haukton, Logan's confidence in his own  
mastery is said to be badly shattered.—  
Buffalo Courier.

It is a question whether there ever was  
a United States Cabinet whose combined  
avoided spots would equal that of the present  
one.—Albany Express.  
The new Civil Service Commission has  
already entered upon the performance of  
its laborious duties. It is regularly draw-  
ing its pay.—Detroit Tribune (Rep.)

The President caught his last Boston  
Mugwump, not by putting Saltonstall  
nor Saltonstall, but by a liberal amount of  
Sugarstall.—Macon (Ga.) Telegraph.

When he reflects upon Burlington  
county Governor Abbott; almost wishes  
that Pochontas had not been there when  
Powhatan made his famous effort to exter-  
minate the Smith family in America.—  
Newark News

This is a free country! sure, but you  
can't get Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup free of  
charge, it costs you a quarter every time.

## The Primitive Baptists.

State Chronicle.

Edgecombe, probably more than any  
county in the State, is the stronghold of  
the Primitive Baptist church. In the  
county there are twelve churches of this  
denomination and ten resident ministers.  
In some sections of the State so little is  
known of the faith, the aims, the character  
of the members of this church, that a few  
facts relative to them may not be unin-  
teresting. The modicum of their belief is  
Predestination. They believe, and nothing  
can shake their faith, that man has lit-  
tle or nothing to do with his own salvation.  
They believe that when a man is pre-  
destined to be saved his life is predestined  
and that a man who lives a wicked life is not  
elected. They do not believe in Sunday  
Schools, although they teach their child-  
ren to read the bible. They do not be-  
lieve in Foreign Missions. They think  
God will reveal himself to all nations in his  
own good time. They believe in immer-  
sion, in close communion, in a spiritual  
manifestation, in brotherly love and they  
carry out the teaching of the bible that the  
church should settle disputes between  
members. If two members have a law  
suit they attempt to settle it. This often  
leads to no end of trouble and strife. In  
Edgecombe it is a by-word with the mer-  
chants that if a man is a Primitive Bap-  
tist he will pay his debts. With the politi-  
cians it is known that if a man is a Prim-  
itive Baptist he will vote the Democratic  
ticket. Having a personal acquaintance  
with several hundred of this faith the  
writer knows but one who votes the Republi-  
can ticket, and does not recall half a dozen  
who are not strictly and conscientiously  
honest. "Pay all thou owest" is literally  
interpreted by them.

It was once believed--and in some quar-  
ters the same belief may still obtain--that  
as a church they are opposed to education  
and educated ministers. Their position is  
that it is not necessary for a man to be  
educated to preach, but that educated men  
are more effective. In the town of Wilson  
two of the most scholarly men in the place  
are ministers of the Primitive Baptist faith.

In Edgecombe they have a larger mem-  
bership than any other denomination, and  
very many who hold their belief do not  
belong to the church.

Their ministers receive no regular sal-  
ary, but the members give them contribu-  
tions. They are bitter in their denuncia-  
tion of men who preach for money. They  
claim their's as "the" church and fellow-  
ship none others, although they recognize  
the good in the other churches. They  
don't believe in revivals, or camp-meetings,  
or confessions.

In the main their members are unedu-  
cated but this writer knows quite a num-  
ber of them who were educated at the Uni-  
versity and other Colleges in the State, and  
whose education is unsurpassed by people  
of other denominations. We are not quite  
certain but we believe they do not publish  
a census of their membership, holding that  
a few who hold to the ancient landmarks  
make a better church than a large mem-  
bership not elected and called.

## An Old Citizen Speaks.

Mr. J. M. Norris, an old resident of  
Rome, Ga., says, that he had been badly  
troubled with Kidney Complaint for a  
great many years and with Ezecias for a  
three years; at times could scarcely walk  
and he tried many remedies without  
benefit, until he began taking Electric Bit-  
ters and anointing his hands and feet with  
Bucklen's Arnica Salve. This treatment  
afforded him great relief and he strongly  
recommends Electric Bitters to all who  
suffer with Kidney Complaints, or need a  
Blood Purifier. Sold by T. R. Hood &  
Co.

## A Word With the Farmers.

Southern Cultivator.

Where is the cotton planter to end with  
all the ills befalling him of late years? In  
a decade how many cotton crops have been  
made to profit to the producer, let me ask  
in all candor; and yet is there a whit of  
abatement of energy and vigor to plant it?  
I think not. Farmers can lesson any crop  
but cotton. Let corn, wheat, oats or any  
other product--say tobacco--decline to a  
non paying basis and cotton never see  
them abandoned; but cotton never. People  
hold to it with a sort of dying grasp; all  
the best land, best manure, best outfit of  
every kind set apart to cotton and the man  
with half an eye to business knows perfect-  
ly well he can't make a cent at it, and he  
is only working his vitals and senses away  
to benefit none but speculators, who care  
no more for him than the dust under his  
foot.

The brother farmers, sons of toil--fruit-  
less, hootless, foolish toil, toil of no use to  
you or your family or country nor God or  
man, let us, seeing these things, turn our

backs upon cotton and plant something to  
eat, and raise grass, stock, potatoes and  
pigs and have time to play with our child-  
ren and put on clean clothes once a week  
at least. Let us as a body of farmers quit  
planting cotton so largely and if we make  
but little money we need all the less.

Is the cotton planter as a general thing  
any better off to-day than ten years ago?  
I candidly think not. There comes up the  
inquiry what are we to do for a living see-  
ing wheat, corn and meat are low, how  
are we to make a living but by cotton plant-  
ing? Well, that is a serious question, and  
one that enters into the very joints and  
marrow of us all. We can plant much less  
cotton at any rate, and raise all manner of  
other products that can be grown on our  
land, and have all manner of crops growing  
and out of so many some are bound to pay. Try tobacco, a few  
acres sorghum, plenty of corn, wheat and  
oats, plenty of pastures, fruits and vegeta-  
bles, poultry and stock; all these and more  
and we can be the easiest living, happiest  
people under the sun. The cotton speculator  
and all the land sharks will be injured,  
but our salvation will be at hand.

## Most Excellent.

J. J. Atkins, Chief of Police, Knox-  
ville, Tenn., writes: "My family and I  
are beneficiaries of your most excellent  
medicine, Dr. King's New Discovery for  
consumption; having found it to be all that  
you claim for it, desire to testify to its vir-  
tue. My friends to whom I have recom-  
mended it, praise it at every opportuni-  
ty."

Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption  
is guaranteed to cure Coughs, Colds,  
Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup and every af-  
fection of Throat, Chest and Lungs.  
Trial Bottles Free at T. R. Hood & Co's  
Drug Store. Large size \$1.00.

## NORTH CAROLINA

### EXPERIMENT STATION.

Bulletin 4, 1885.

The Station is always glad to direct  
attention to all cheap ingredients of fertilizers,  
and especially to home-produced materials  
and the mixtures made from them. We  
have recently completed the following  
analyses of such articles:

3189. Messrs. Harvey & White of  
Kinston, are grinding an excellent quality  
of shell-marl for the market. A sample of  
their product contained 11.38 per cent. of  
lime, equal to 73.85 per cent. of carbonate  
of lime.

3067. Tobacco stems are a valuable fer-  
tilizing material, as is abundantly shown  
by this analysis. Ground Tobacco stems,  
sent by R. P. McAnally, Walnut Cove,  
contained:

Potash, 6.08 per cent.  
Nitrogen, equal to Ammonia, 2.04 "  
Phosphoric Acid, 1.00 "

2937. Messrs. Dey & Brother of Beau-  
fort, who work manure into oil and  
fertilizing material, sent the most perfect,  
best prepared and richest specimen of fish  
scrap we remember to have seen. It con-  
tained:

Nitrogen equal to Ammonia, 13.38 p'r cent.  
And Phosphoric Acid 4.09 "

3066 and 3012 are samples of Kainite,  
or German potash salts, which is growing  
yearly more popular. These samples con-  
tained 13.38 and 13.25 per cent. of potash  
respectively.

The Battleground Grange is in the habit  
of mixing a lot of fertilizer each year for  
its members. Here is an analysis of a  
sample of their mixture sent by Mr. W.  
P. Davis.

It cost \$30 per ton.  
2708 contained:

Sand and insoluble matter, 16.75 per cent.  
Total Phosphoric Acid, 4.66 "  
Ammonia, 1.31 "  
Potash, 3.10 "

2978. A compost of "250 bushels cot-  
ton seed, 1 ton acid phosphate, 1 ton  
kainite and 2 two-horse loads of lot scrap-  
ings" from Mr. W. H. McLaurin, Laurin-  
burg, contained 87.0 per cent. of sand and  
insoluble matter, 1 per cent. of phosphoric  
acid and 0.42 per cent. of ammonia. The  
ingredients were evidently badly mixed,  
for the sample sent was nearly all earth  
and does not represent the above ingredi-  
ents.

Mr. N. W. Crawford of Elizabeth City,  
is a systematic mixer of his own fertilizers,  
and with good success, as the results show.  
The Station has made these analyses for  
him.

2767. A mixture of "300 lbs. cotton  
seed meal, 125 cotton seed hull ashes, 400  
acid phosphate, 175 kainite and 500 lbs.  
rich dirt from around an old dead horse  
buried 18 months before," making 1,500  
lbs., which cost \$10.52. We calculate,  
omitting the "dirt" at first as of unknown  
composition, that the mixture should con-  
tain at least:

1.6 per cent. of Ammonia.  
5.00 " " Phosphoric Acid.  
4.00 " " Potash.

The mixture was actually found to  
contain:

1.31 per cent. of Ammonia.  
6.23 " " Phosphoric Acid.  
4.35 " " Potash, which indicates  
that the "dead horse dirt" must have con-  
tained before mixing:

0.93 per cent. of Ammonia.  
3.66 " " Phosphoric Acid.  
1.30 " " Potash, and to have been  
worth therefore, \$3 to \$10 a ton. This  
illustrates happily one of the economies  
of the farm.

3240. This spring Mr. Crawford used  
a mixture of 200 lbs. of dissolved bone,  
200 of acid phosphate, 200 of cotton seed  
meal, 140 of kainite, 160 of land plaster,  
160 of cotton seed hull ashes and 500 of  
hen house manure, making 1,500 lbs. at a  
cost of \$9.10. The manure, etc., was pul-  
verized and sifted through a coal sifter and  
the ingredients were sprinkled down on a  
plank floor in layers. The kainite was  
dissolved in water and sprinkled on each  
layer, "chopped together and run through  
the coal sieve again." The sample analy-  
sed.

Phosphoric Acid, 6.38 per cent.  
Ammonia, 1.37 "  
Potash, 3.49 "

Calculated omitting the hen-house ma-  
nure:

Phosphoric Acid, 5.50 per cent.  
Ammonia, 1.00 "  
Potash, 3.30 "

From which it can be shown, as in the  
preceding case, that the mixture gained  
materially from the hen-house manure.

3005. This autumn Mr. Crawford used  
the following mixture under turnip: 1  
part bone meal, 1 part "rich dirt," 2 parts  
of dry, sifted hard-wood ashes, "wet with a  
solution of kainite and let stand 2 weeks,"  
contained:

Phosphoric Acid, 6.10 per cent.  
Ammonia, 0.90 "  
Potash, 3.90 "

## CHAS. W. DABNEY, JR.,

DIRECTOR.

## HENDRICKS DEAD

THE VICE PRESIDENT PASSES  
QUIETLY AWAY.

THE DEATH VERY SUDDEN AND UNEX-  
PECTED.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., November 25.—  
Vice President Hendricks died very sud-  
denly at his residence a few minutes before  
5 o'clock this afternoon. He came home  
from Chicago early in the week and com-  
plained of feeling unwell, but nothing  
serious was thought of it at the time.  
Last night he and Mrs. Hendricks attended  
a reception at the residence of Hon. John  
J. Cooper and after he came home he com-  
plained of pains in his side and stomach.  
This morning he was no better and his  
family physician, Dr. Thompson, was called  
in. He gave him an emetic and  
later in the day an injection. Mr. Hen-  
dricks stayed in his room all day and was  
most of the time in bed, although he sat  
up at frequent intervals. He received no  
callers, but about 5 o'clock Mrs. Hendricks  
left his bedside to see a caller for a few  
minutes in the parlor. She was delayed  
longer than she expected and when she re-  
turned to the room she found that Mr.  
Hendricks was dead. The end of a busy  
and eventful life had come, peacefully and  
quietly. On his face there was no indica-  
tion of pain or suffering and his eyes were  
only half-closed, as if in gentle sleep. He  
died of paralysis of the brain.

WASHINGTON, November 25.—The an-  
nouncement of the death of Vice-Presi-  
dent Hendricks has cast a deep gloom over  
the capital. Mr. Hendricks' health had  
improved so much during the last year or  
two that his friends looked to his contin-  
uance in public life for many more years  
and the news of his sudden death came  
with a shock. The first news of the sad  
occurrence was an Associated Press bulletin  
from Indianapolis. The President and  
members of the cabinet were informed at  
once and the President immediately called  
a meeting of the cabinet to take suitable  
action.

A Valuable Medical Treatise—  
The edition of 1886 of the sterling  
Medical Annual, known as Hostetters  
Almanac, is now ready, and may be ob-  
tained, free of cost, of druggists and general  
country dealers in all parts of the United  
States, Mexico, and indeed in every civil-  
ized portion of the Western Hemisphere.  
This Almanac has been issued regularly  
at the commencement of every year for  
over one-half of a century. It combines,  
with the soundest practical advice for the  
preservation and restoration of health, a  
large amount of interesting and amusing  
light reading, and the calendar, astronomi-  
cal calculations, chronological items, etc.,  
are prepared with great care, and will be  
found entirely accurate. The issue of  
Hostetters' Almanac for 1886 will probably  
be the largest edition of a medical work  
ever published in any country. The pro-

ductors, Messrs. Hostetter & Co., Pitts-  
burgh, Pa., on receipt of a two cent stamp,  
will forward a copy by mail to any person  
who cannot procure one in his neighbor-  
hood.

Invalids who are wasting away from a  
want of proper action of the Liver, Stom-  
ach and Bowels, will find Dr. Richmond's  
Samaritan Nerve a constitutional specific  
and a fountain of vitality and vigor; as  
refreshing and exhilarating as a cool, grate-  
ful spring of water to the parched and  
fainting traveler in the desert. \$1.50.

"One fire burns out another's burning,"  
and most pains suffer more to be cured,  
but Sarsaparilla Oil is painless and certain.  
It costs only 25 cents.

## AN ACT

TO  
REPEAL SECTION ONE THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED  
AND FORTY-FIVE OF THE CODE, AS TO HAS-  
TATING THE REGISTRATION OF DEEDS.

The General Assembly of North Carolina do  
enact:

SECTION 1. That the section "one thousand  
two hundred and forty-five of the Code be  
stricken out of the following inserted in lieu  
thereof: "No conveyance of land, nor con-  
tract to convey, or lease of land, for more  
than three years shall be valid to pass any  
property, as against creditors or purchasers,  
in person or by his, her or their assigns, as  
bargainer or lessor, but from the registration  
thereof within the county where the land  
lieth. PROVIDED HOWEVER, that the provi-  
sions of this act shall not apply to contracts,  
leases, or deeds already executed, until the  
first day of January, one thousand eight  
hundred and eighty-six; PROVIDED FURTHER,  
that no purchase from any such donor, bar-  
gainer or lessor shall avail or pass title as  
against any unregistered deed executed prior  
to the first day of December, one thousand  
eight hundred and eighty-five, when the per-  
son or persons holding or claiming under such  
unregistered deed shall be in the actual pos-  
session and enjoyment of such land, either  
in person or by his, her or their assigns, at  
the time of the execution of such second deed,  
had at the time of taking or purchasing under  
such deed actual or constructive notice of such  
unregistered deed, or of the claim of the per-  
son or persons holding or claiming thereunder.

SECTION 2. That any person or persons holding  
any unregistered deed or claiming title there-  
under, executed prior to the first day of  
January, one thousand eight hundred and  
eighty-five, may have the same recorded without  
proof of the execution thereof; PROVIDED,  
that such person or persons shall make an affi-  
davit before the officer having jurisdiction to  
take probate of such deed, that the grantor,  
bargainer or maker of such deed, and the wit-  
nesses thereto are dead or cannot be found,  
and that he, she or they cannot make proof of  
their handwriting. Said affidavit shall be writ-  
ten upon or attached to such deed, and the  
same, together with such deed, be entitled to  
registration in the same manner and with  
the same effect as if proven in the manner  
prescribed by law for other deeds.

SECTION 3. That all deeds, contracts or leases,  
two hundred and forty-five of the Code, and  
section two hereof, shall be acknowledged by  
the grantor, tessor or the person executing the  
same, or their signers, proven on oath by  
one or more witnesses in the manner prescrib-  
ed by law, in all deeds so executed and reg-  
istered shall be valid, and pass title and es-  
tates without livery of seisin, attornment or  
other ceremony whatever.

SECTION 4. That for the probate of all deeds, in-  
cluding the probate examination of any form  
conveyance executed the same, executed prior to  
January first, one thousand eight hundred and  
eighty-five, the clerk shall receive fifteen cents  
for each name, and the register, for recording  
the same, fifty cents for the first three copies,  
and five cents for each additional copy  
thereof.

SECTION 5. That this act shall be in force from  
and after the first day of December, one thou-  
sand eight hundred and eighty-five, and the  
Secretary of State shall cause the same to be  
published in at least three newspapers in each  
judicial district in the State for six weeks be-  
fore said day, and shall furnish to each clerk  
and register in the State a copy thereof, to be  
posted in their offices. The register of deeds  
of each county shall post or cause to be posted  
in four public places in each township of his  
county, for sixty days prior to the time when  
the act shall go into effect, printed notices ex-  
plaining the provisions thereof and notifying  
all persons interested to comply with the pro-  
visions of said act.

In the General Assembly read three times,  
and ratified this 27th day of February, A.  
D. 1885.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,  
Office of Secretary of State,  
Raleigh, October 31, 1885.

I, W. L. SAUNDERS, Secretary of State, here-  
by certify that the foregoing is a true copy  
of the act on file in this office.

W. L. SAUNDERS,  
Secretary of State.

## NEW STORE.

Having just opened a first class stock of  
**HARDWARE,**  
—CONSISTING OF—  
FARM IMPLEMENTS, PAINTS, OILS

LIME, PLASTER, BUILD-  
ING MATERIAL,  
COOK STOVES,

and everything usually found in a first-  
class  
**HARDWARE STORE.**

We invite all who need goods in our  
line to call and examine our stock and  
our quote prices.

**E. J. & J. S. HOLT,**  
39-1/2 Smithfield, N. C.

## VALUABLE LAND

FOR SALE.  
I have for sale a small farm near  
Smithfield, containing 70 acres, 19 acres  
cleared, the balance in original growth.  
For further particulars apply at the  
HERRING office, or see me at my store on  
Railroad street.  
W. L. BLAY.</