

# The Smithfield Herald.

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AN EXCELLENT ADVERTISING MEDIUM

VOL. 17.

SMITHFIELD, N. C., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1898.

NO. 28

**WE PAY THE FREIGHT AND \$10.00 IS ALL IT COSTS.**

This picture shows you how to get a new set of teeth. It is a picture of a man and a woman sitting at a table. The man is holding a book and the woman is looking at it. They are both smiling. The text around the picture says: "We pay the freight and \$10.00 is all it costs. This picture shows you how to get a new set of teeth. It is a picture of a man and a woman sitting at a table. The man is holding a book and the woman is looking at it. They are both smiling." Below the picture is the name "JULIUS HENNING & SONS" and the address "100 N. 2nd St. Baltimore, Md."

## THE LAST LEGISLATURE.

### What the Caucasian and Progressive Farmer Said About It When It Was in Session.

The last Legislature was worse than the one preceding it, and if the Republicans succeed, the next Legislature will be worse than the last. It is not necessary to produce Democratic witnesses in order to prove what a disgrace was our last legislature. We need only cite, or quote, what was said by the two leading Populist papers at Raleigh—the Caucasian and the Progressive Farmer. These two papers had ample opportunity to know all about our last Legislature—being published in the city where the Legislature was in session—and we copy from them the following extracts:

"Up to this date the Legislature is a damnable disgrace to the State."—Caucasian, February 27th, 1897.

"The good done by the Legislature could be printed in a small pamphlet. The bad done and the good omitted would fill several large volumes."—Progressive Farmer.

"There is some talk of an extra session of the Legislature. Please don't, Governor Russell. We can endure famine, pestilence, drought, war; but don't inflict any protracted agony on the State such as an extra session."—Progressive Farmer, March 2, 1897.

"As to the Legislature of 1897, the one now in session, we have to say as a fact that it has won the contempt of the people generally of all parties, and we have to say as an opinion that we do not believe that it can overcome that contempt in two years' time and hence cannot get the approval of the people."—Caucasian.

"The Legislature only has about ten days now to complete the work, and it hasn't begun the work yet. Let the miserable pie hunters go to work or go home."—Progressive Farmer, February 23, 1897.

"To a man up a tree it appears that the Pops nominated some extremely sorry timber for the Legislature last year."—Progressive Farmer, February 26, 1897.

"About ten more days remain of the legislative session. Unless there shall be, within this time, an almost miraculous change, the record of the Legislature will be nothing, absolutely nothing. All it will have done when its adjourns will be the spending of \$63,000 or \$70,000 of the public funds for which nothing will be returned."—Caucasian, February 25, 1897.

"Of course there are some good men here, who cannot, in justice, be held responsible for the record, but we are speaking of the Legislature as a whole, and unless that record shall be phenomenally changed within a week it will be the imperative duty, and we think it will be the pleasure of the people, to see such a crowd is never sent up to make laws again."—Caucasian, February 27, 1897.

"The various committees to whom bills are referred seem to be composed of men who are either generally indifferent or pliantly ignorant. It is almost impossible to get their attention to any bill that does not carry some job with it."—Caucasian, February 27, 1897.

"Let the investigation of the charges of bribery by promises of patronage and money to influence voters for Pritchard proceed. Pritchard's friends say the charge is not true. We believe that some of the charges are true. Investigate or stand convicted."—Progressive Farmer.

"Thus the people's money is being divided out to pay political reward. There is no help for it now. But the tax-payers of North Carolina will speak in thunder tones at the polls when there is another election. No party, no man has ever been able to run rough shod over the people of the State, but a short time."—Progressive Farmer, February 23, 1897.

Truth wears well. People have learned that DeWitt's Little Early Risers are reliable little pills for regulating the bowels, curing constipation and sick headache. They don't gripe. J. W. Benson, Hood Bros., J. R. Ledbetter.

## The Forgotten Friend.

Ole Pomp' has dropped his fiddle  
An' hit's cracked across de middle  
An' his bow an' lyin' lonesome  
In a cawnah ob de flo',  
An' de chunes fawebah singin'  
When his elbow was a-swingin'  
Has spread dey wings and tracked him  
To de silbah-shinin' sho'.  
Oh, dey's grief on de plantation  
An' in de whole creation,  
Faw de music dat was sweetah  
Dan de pattah ob de rain  
When de melon vines an' dyin'  
An' de cotton an' a-sichin'  
Faw de watah, faw we'll nebbah  
Hea' ole Pomp' play again.  
His little pickaninny  
An' his old black Virginny  
Sit a-rockin' an' a-moanin'  
In de cabin by de side;  
But de broken-hearted fiddle  
What an cracked across de middle  
An a-lyin' lone an' silent  
Whur he dropped it when he died.  
—Chicago Record.

## 1870 and 1898 Contrasted.

The present crisis in North Carolina is the most momentous in its annals. The period embraced between 1868 and 1876 is by some regarded as a parallel period. They differ, however. Our State was not redeemed from the Radical and Military rule that dominated the State in the Reconstruction period and some years thereafter, until 1876 when Vance led us to victory and the Democratic party was restored to power, and for twenty years they administered the government with wisdom, prudence and discretion.

The contrast between the two periods is a striking one. In 1870 the negroes had not been reduced into subjection by the low white Republicans as now. They were inclined to destroy property in 1870, and sometimes our lives were imperiled and sometimes sacrificed. Burns were burned in all of the counties and the incendiaries went unpunished. The negro vote was not solidified then as now and the progress of negro equality has made great strides since then. The antagonism between the races has greatly intensified since then. Insolence was then unusual, and the nameless crime was then unknown.

Since 1868 the negroes have made great progress, and we fear their progress has not been in the right direction. Their education has been advanced in the schools, but their moral development has retrograded. They have less self-reliance, self-respect, gratitude, virtue. There has been an apparent increased development in their bestial passions, in their vices and in their superstitions, until they have become the dupes and catspaws of the most vicious class of white men on earth, who herd them like cattle, inflame their feelings of animosity against the white race, and use them as a ready factor in party politics, and these vile leaders flatter their vanity and cajole them with promises of social equality and political distinction.—Elizabeth City Economist.

## An Editor Loose.

This is the way the editor feels when he does his sentiment in blank verse:

"I would flee from the city's rule and law—from its fashions and forms cut loose—and go where the strawberry grows on its straw and the gooseberry grows on its goose; where the catnip tree is climbed by the cat as she clutches for her prey—the guileless and unsuspecting rat on the rattan bush at play; I will catch with ease the saffron cow and the cowler in their glee, as they leap in joy from bough to bough on the top of a crowslip tree; and list while the partridge drums his drum and the wood chuck chucks his wood, and the dog devours the dogwood plum in the primitive solitude.

"O let me drink from the moss-grown pump, that was hewn from the pumpkin tree! Eat mush and milk from a rural stump, from folly and fashions free—new gathered mush from the mushroom vine, and milk from the milkweed sweet—with pineapple from the pine. And then to the whitewashed dairy mill I'll turn, where the dairymaid hastening hies, her ruddy and golden-bered butter to churn from the milk of her butterflies; and I'll rise at morn with the earliest bird, to the fragrant farmyard pass, and watch while the farmer turns his herd of grass-hoppers out to grass.—Pacific Union.

## RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED.

### By Eight Thousand Voters at the White Man's Convention in Goldsboro, October 28th.

We, a portion of the citizens of Eastern North Carolina, in Mass Meeting assembled, being mindful of the obligations we are assuming, and being desirous of informing our fellow citizens of the conditions of affairs in our section of the State, do publish to the world the following plain statement of facts:

First. The population of this section of our State is divided into two distinct races—the Anglo-Saxon and the African.

Second. That in some counties the whites exceed the blacks, and in others the blacks largely exceed the whites, but in all of them the negro is found in large numbers.

Third. It is not claimed even by his white leaders that the negro is capable of administering a government. On the contrary the man who is the present Republican Governor of the State has declared in the most emphatic language that he is wholly unfitted for it.

Fourth. That in many of the counties, cities and towns of Eastern North Carolina the local governments have been turned over wholly, or in part, to the negroes. Among these we mention Bertie, Craven, Edgecombe, Halifax, New Hanover, Warren, Greenville, New Bern and Wilmington. In these counties, cities and towns negroes may be found holding the offices of Register of Deeds, Deputy Sheriffs, Constables, Justices of the Peace, School Commissioners, Town Commissioners, Policemen and the like. In several other counties many of these offices are filled by negroes, and that many of the postoffices are filled by them.

Fifth. That counting the offices of Register of Deeds, Deputy Registers, Deputy Sheriffs, Constables, Justices of the Peace, School Commissioners, Town Commissioners, Policemen, Postmasters, Collectors, storekeepers, gaugers, and the like there are now in office in counties and towns of Eastern North Carolina, nearly one thousand negroes, there being nearly three hundred negro magistrates alone.

Sixth. That as a consequence of turning these local offices over to the negroes, bad government has followed; homes have been invaded, and the sanctity of woman endangered. Business has been paralyzed and property rendered less valuable. The majesty of the law has been disregarded and lawlessness encouraged. In many localities men no longer rely upon the officers of the law for protection, for they are known to be incompetent or corrupt. Conditions have become so intolerable in these communities that they can be no longer tolerated or endured.

Seventh. That this negro domination was made possible, and these deplorable conditions were brought about through a division of the white men at the ballot box. Had the white men remained together as they did for many years, these things could not have been.

Eighth. That knowing these evils came about through a division of the white men, the White Man's Party has been zealously working for months to re-unite the white men at the ballot box, where these wrongs can be righted and these evils remedied.

In view of these things it is resolved:

1. That the Republican leaders have a second time clearly demonstrated their inability and their unfitness to govern North Carolina.
2. That the time has come when those who have followed these leaders should no longer do so, and that all men who love their State and their homes should unite in one supreme effort to redeem the State and to place honest, capable white men in office in State, County, City and Town.
3. That our appeal has been, is now and shall continue to be to the ballot box and to honest white men. We have contemplated no violence, but are determined to use all proper means to free ourselves of the negro domination, which is paralyzing our business and which

## hangs like a dark cloud over our homes.

4. That we declare it is not our purpose to do the negro any harm. It is better for him, as well as for us that the white man shall govern; that while we propose to protect and encourage him in all his rights and duties of citizenship we affirm that North Carolina shall not be segregated. It is of all the States of the Union, peculiarly the home of the Anglo-Saxon, and the Anglo-Saxon shall govern it.

5. That we affirm that no such conditions exist in the State as to justify Senator Pritchard in calling upon the President to send troops to this State, or in the Governor in issuing his brutal proclamation, and we hereby condemn in the most unmeasured terms the conduct of Senator Pritchard and Governor Russell in attempting to make it appear to the outside world that the descendants of the men of Mecklenburg, Halifax, Albemarle, the Cape Fear, of Alamance, Guilford Court House and King's Mountain need the military power of the Government, which they helped to create and organize to compel them to observe the law. The white men of this State, above all others, are interested in maintaining law and order, and for them to be charged by Senator Pritchard and Governor Russell with having a purpose of becoming insurrectionary citizens is a vile slander, and we denounce them. They have been leaders in establishing negro domination among us, and they are, therefore, responsible for the conditions now existing, and in appealing to the President to send troops into this State to aid them in maintaining negro domination, they have shown that they care less for the honor and reputation of their State than they do for their official positions.

6. That it is in the power of the Legislature to restore to the white men of Eastern North Carolina the management and control of their local government; that if the Democratic party shall be placed in control of the Legislature this will be done. If the Republican party is placed in control it will not be done. We, therefore, appeal to our white brethren in every section of the State to go to the ballot box on the day of election and vote for Democratic candidates for the Legislature.

7. That a learned and pure judiciary is necessary to the preservation of the rights of the weak, as well as the strong. The Democratic candidates for this high position are men learned in the law, and of eminent fitness for this great office. We, therefore, appeal to all white men who desire learned and pure men to sit upon the bench to work and to vote for Democratic candidates.

8. That the President and Secretary of this meeting are hereby directed to cause this statement of facts, and these resolutions to be published in all the papers of the State, and that the Democratic Executive Committee be requested to give them the widest possible circulation among the people.

## A Narrow Escape.

Thankful words written by Mrs. Ada E. Hart, of Groton, S. D. "Was taken with a bad cold, which settled on my lungs; cough set in and finally terminated in Consumption. Four Doctors gave me up saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Savior, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth, I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial, took in all eight bottles. It has cured me, and thank God, I am saved and now a well and healthy woman." Trial bottles free at Hood Bros. Drug Store.

Regular size 50c. and \$1.00. Guaranteed or money refunded.

Richardson, the novelist, generally devoted two or three years to the composition of a novel.

Old fashions in dress may be revived, but no old-fashioned medicine can replace Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. For sale by J. W. Benson, Hood Bros.

## Red Hot From the Gun

Was the ball that hit G. B. Stedman of Newark, Mich., in the Civil War. It caused horrible Ulcers that no treatment helped for 20 years. Then Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him. Cures Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Boils, Felons, Corns, Skin Eruptions. Best Pile cure on earth 25c. a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by Hood Bros., Druggists.

## CUBA'S ANCIENT CAPITAL.

### Santiago, the Scene of the Recent Conflict, Has that Honor.

Recent events have invested Santiago with so much up-to-date interest that we are more apt to overlook the past traditions of the ancient capital of Cuba, says the Atlanta Constitution.

Santiago harbor is alleged to have been discovered by Columbus in 1502, on one of the subsequent voyages which he made to this hemisphere after first unbaring its mysteries in the celebrated voyage which he made in 1492. According to ancient chronology, Santiago itself was founded by Diego Velasquez in 1514.

On the most conspicuous hill overlooking the harbor Morro Castle was built in 1640 by Pedro de la Rosca. Subsequently, in 1661, it was destroyed by the English, who captured Santiago in that year. When Spain's authority over Santiago was once more restored, there was no delay in re-building Morro Castle, and the work was soon finished, under the directions of Philip IV. This is identically the same fortification in which Lieutenant Hobson was recently imprisoned, which might long ere this have been leveled with the dust were it not for the fact that the officers of the American squadron had reason to believe that its destruction might compass the death of the hero of the Merrimack.

Somewhat more well informed writer in the Chicago Daily News states that the cathedral of Santiago is the largest, as well as, perhaps the oldest in Cuba, and that in the theatre which fronts the Plaza de Armas the renowned Madame Adeline Patti made her musical debut many years ago. We do not mean to class the rebut of the noted singer among the ancient traditions of Santiago; we mention it in this connection for the sake of convenience. The same writer, from whom we quote, goes on to say that from Santiago in 1518 Juan de Grijalva set out to conquer Yucatan, and that also from this same port in subsequent years, Cortez sailed for Mexico and De Soto for Florida.

There is only one other town in Cuba which claims to be older than Santiago, and that is Baracoa. According to the traditions of this town, it was founded in 1514, or two years before Santiago was founded, but there is nothing definite upon which the truth of this contention can be based. For many years Santiago was the seat of Spanish authority in Cuba, and even to-day it is one of the most important cities on the island, its population amounting to something over 200,000.

## Pigeon Quaker.

A gentleman who was traveling recently near Chester, Pa., came across a farmer whom he took to be a Quaker, and determined to please him by talking to him in the Quaker dialect. As he told the story afterward, this is how he succeeded:

"How do thee do, sir? Is—that is—are thee meditating?" If he was delighted, he controlled his emotion admirably. All he did was to gape and inquire: "Hey?" "The fields, the birds, the flowers." I pleasantly pursued, are enough to bring thou dreams—I mean dreams to thou." "He was looking at me now and critically. I felt that my syntax had been very idiotic instead of idiomatic; so wiping the sweat from my brow and hat, I eyed him calmly and observed: 'Those cows are they thy's—or the's—that is thou's—durn it! I mean thine's.'" "It was very unfortunate. He crawled down from the fence, nibbled at a plug of tobacco, and as he ambled away, muttered indignantly: 'Go to Bedlam! I'm a farmer, but thank heaven! I'm not a loonatic.'"—Ex.

## Disfranchisement.

The Republican fusionists are driven, in their extremity, to charge that it is the purpose of the Democracy to "disfranchise poor whites and negroes." Realizing that all other falsehoods have failed to serve their purpose of further deceiving the people, they have seized on this and are using it in all manner of ways, and almost in as many varieties of language, from the vulgar vernacular of their party to the grotesquely and absurdly inconsistent.

The people know the constitution can only be amended or altered by the votes of those now entitled to vote. To disfranchise any one must vote himself on the proposition. Was the desire ever so strong to deprive any class of voters of their right to vote, it could only be done by their own consent, by the alteration of the constitution both of the State and the United States. And on this proposition to alter the State constitution the very persons it is said to disfranchise would have to vote for or against. No honest man fit to be out of an asylum, can assert the contrary.

But under the decision of the present Republican Supreme court of the State, the Legislature can provide such government for the towns and counties as will secure white control; and this can be done in one town or county and not in another. In the counties controlled by white men, no interference need be expected, but where negroes do or threaten to dominate by virtue of their superior numbers, there may be not the slightest doubt in the world but that the next Legislature, if Democratic, will prescribe such form of government as will secure the control of affairs in the hands of the intelligent white citizens. It is best for all races that this should be done, it is absolutely essential to the protection of life and property that it be done. Governor Jarvis, in his speech at Asheville, told the people of that county: "It 1876 we (speaking of the east) come to you asking you to give up something. This time we do not ask you to give up anything. If you are satisfied with your county government you need not change it."

And this was said and intended to apply to every county in the west having full white majorities and which stand in no fear of negro control. So this last charge of the enemy falls to the ground. White men need not be deceived anywhere. Nor do we wish to deceive colored men. The rule of the latter in any section of North Carolina, even constructively, must end. By this the negro will not be injured or deprived of any just opportunities to enjoy the fruits of his labor or the pursuit of happiness. It is best for him as well as for the whites that Democratic purposes in this matter should prevail. They will prevail, so surely as the white men of the State prove true to their highest interest.—Raleigh Post.

## There is Negro Domination.

Mr. W. E. Fountain, ex-Chairman of the Populist State Executive Committee, at the Goldsboro mass meeting of white men, said: "I endorse every word that Mr. Simmons has said. His words are all true. I endorse every word in the resolutions introduced by Governor Jarvis. Its statements are true. There is Negro Domination in Eastern North Carolina. I endorse the position of Major Guthrie.

"I am not a politician, although I have recently been chairman of the Populist Executive Committee of the Second Congressional district.

"My motives in joining the Populist party were good. The conditions that now exist in North Carolina cannot continue. It is paralyzing the business interests of the State, and white men without regard to party ought to come together and change it.

"I am a business man. In my recent efforts to interest capital from abroad to invest in North Carolina, in building up our business and developing our resources, I have been met everywhere with this negro question, and told by those whom I have sought to interest, that they would not invest a dollar where the negroes had sway as they did in North Carolina."

**ROYAL Baking Powder**

Made from pure cream of tartar.

Safeguards the food against alum.

Alum baking powders are the greatest menaces to health of the present day.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

## Philadelphia's Jubilee.

Philadelphia, Pa., October 27. For three hours to-day William McKinley, commander-in-chief of the United States army and navy, saw his victorious soldiers and sailors pass in review before him. It was military and naval day of the great peace jubilee. Twenty-five thousand men were in the most brilliant and spectacular pageant the country has witnessed in many years.

Within a semi-circular enclosure of the big reviewing stand in the magnificent court of honor, the President stood erect and uncovered throughout the entire procession. Here and there, when some particularly renowned body of troops marched by, the President smilingly waved his hat and motioned the crowds across the way to cheer the men who were their heroes as well as his.

Major General Miles, as chief marshal, rode at the front, immediately behind the emergency corps, until he reached his special reviewing stand at Broad and York streets, the northern end of the route. Here he dismounted and from the stand watched his men file past.

General "Joe" Wheeler rode behind the Governors, his gray head bared for some few minutes before and after the presidential stand was reached and bowing repeatedly to the President's waving hat and the applause of the party and the people generally.

Gen. Sumner, Capt. "Bob" Evans, Commodore Philip, Capt. Sigbee, Col. Huntington, with his marines of Gauntanamo fame, all received tumultuous greeting, but, after all, perhaps the loudest ovation was that given Hobson and his Merrimack crew. They rode on a tallboy and as they reached the reviewing stand, all rose, faced the President and bowed their heads.—Wilmington Star.

More than twenty million free samples of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve have been distributed by the manufacturers. What better proof of their confidence in it's merits do you want? It cures piles, burns, scalds, sores, in the shortest space of time. Hood Bros., J. R. Ledbetter, J. W. Benson.

## A Hint That Hit.

"Have you noticed," he asked, "that the Czar of Russia has proposed to have the Europeans put down their arms?" "Yes," she replied; "I hope his proposal will not be regarded with favor over here." "Why?" he returned in some surprise. "Oh," she said, "what's the use of having arms if you don't make use of them?" After a few moments he came out of his dazed condition.—Chicago News.

## Spain's Greatest Need.

Mr. R. P. Olivia, of Barcelona, Spain, spends his winters at Aiken, S. C. Weak nerves had caused severe pains in the back of his head. On using Electric Bitters, America's greatest Blood and Nerve Remedy, all pain soon left him. He says this grand medicine is what his country needs. All America knows that it cures liver and kidney trouble, purifies the blood, tones up the stomach, strengthens the nerves, puts vim, vigor and new life into every muscle, nerve and organ of the body. If weak, tired or ailing, you need it. Every bottle guaranteed, only 50 cents. Sold by Hood Bros., Druggists.

Take Roberts' Tasteless Chilli Tonic. It is guaranteed to cure or money refunded. Price 25 cents per bottle at Hood Bros.

## The Citizens and People

### OF JOHNSTON COUNTY

Will take notice that I have no connection with any other business store in Smithfield, as I have positive proof that a certain merchant wishes to gain the patronage of my friends by representing his business in connection with mine. So in order not to delude my friends and patrons I hereby insert this notice. Thanking you for your past favors, I remain

Yours to serve,  
S. COHEN,  
Smithfield, N. C.

I also wish to notify my friends that I have just arrived from the

## NORTHERN MARKETS

and have bought a complete stock of Men's, Youth's, and Boy's

## CLOTHING.

ALSO A Full Line of Gents' Furnishing Goods.

By giving me a call and getting prices you will be convinced what bargains I have in store for you. Again thanking my friends and patrons of Johnston county, I remain

Yours truly,  
S. COHEN,  
Smithfield, N. C.

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WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER.  
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SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

Located in new building occupied by SMITHFIELD DRUG COMPANY Y.

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SMITHFIELD, N. C.  
FRESH MEATS, BEEF AND ICE.  
Highest Price Paid for Hides.  
BEEF CATTLE WANTED.

TALKING ABOUT TOOTH-BRUSHES,

we would like to show you ours. Just got a big lot the other day—all kinds, for all kinds of people. Good brush, 10 cents. Better one, 15 cents. Best 25 cents. Brush that ever came to this town. It's this way with our toothbrushes, "Your money back if you want it."  
HOOD BROS.,  
Druggists.