

PEOPLE'S DUTY IN THE LIBERTY LOAN

All Must Do Their Part, Says Dr. Hillis.

CIVILIZATION IN BALANCE

By Rev. Dr. NEWELL DWIGHT HILLIS, Pastor of Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, N. Y.



REV. DR. NEWELL DWIGHT HILLIS.

It is the people's duty to subscribe to the liberty loan, said Dr. Hillis, pastor of Plymouth church, Brooklyn, in the seventh of his series of sermons. If the soldier protects the state, the business man must arm the soldier; otherwise the republic and free governments cannot survive.

Like an advancing storm suddenly a crisis has come upon our beloved country. Not since Fort Sumter was fired upon has the sky been so black.

More terrible still the breakdown of Russia. The first revolution destroyed autocracy. Now the republic is threatened by mobocracy, with trampled cornfields and bloody streets.

Missouri river, but their rich black soil rests on sand. Once the treacherous current of the Missouri changed its course, and after long prosperity the farmer awakened to find the flood was cutting away the sand, and, feeling for his life, from a distance he watched his house and barns fall into the dark flood.

The Two Billion Liberty Loan. At the strategic moment the American people have entered the battle scene. We are 100,000,000 of folk, but we have but one thought and one purpose—namely, "Government of the people, by the people and for the people" shall not perish from the earth at the hands of Germany.

This liberty loan is to buy equipment for our soldiers. We stop a flood with dikes; we stay an invading host with soldiers. The French and British armies of 4,000,000 men mean many millions of workers producing clothing, shoes, tents, rifles, cartridges, automobiles, trucks, machine guns, cannon, wooden and steel ships to transport food and munitions across the English channel and the Atlantic ocean.

Once more recall Edmund Burke's words, "Civilization belongs to the noble dead, the living and the unborn." At great price our fathers bought our liberties. Five wars, hundreds upon hundreds of battlefields won us freedom on the land in 1776; freedom on the seas in 1812; the sanctity of frontier lines in 1846; liberty for the slaves and unity for the nation in 1861; the rights of little lands like Cuba and Belgium in 1898.

From the viewpoint of self interest and prudence our people should with instant decision buy these bonds and support their government. It is perfectly plain that we must fight Germany with our allies or later on single handed fight her army and navy.

and Belgium singly and obtain iron and coal and wheat from Russia, the time would soon come when in our unprepared condition our cities on the coast of the Atlantic, of the gulf and of the Pacific would be attacked.

The crisis is imminent. We hate war. We believe in the schoolhouse and not the fort, in the book and not the bombshell, in the home rather than the arsenal and in free, happy, industrious cities and not in Krupp gun works. But when the burglar breaks into your house and points a pistol it is useless to recite a text beginning "Blessed are the peacemakers."

The Victory Far Off, but Sure. You stay the North sea with a dike, the lion with a hot iron, the soldiers, drunk with greed, lust and avarice for other men's houses and territory, by bayonets and bullets. Forced into this war, we propose to make it the last war that shall curse our earth.

"LIBERTY LOAN" FOR HUMANITY AND LIBERTY

Dr. Hillis, Pastor and Patriot, Helping Government to Make Plain to the People the Loan's Meaning.

Rev. Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis of Plymouth church, Brooklyn, is making a tour of the country under the auspices of the American Bankers' association for the purpose of arousing the interest of the people in the "Liberty loan" of 1917.

In conjunction with this great work Dr. Hillis has volunteered to assist. It is well for the people of the country to remember that the business stability and the future prosperity of the country depend on the willingness with which the money asked for by the government is subscribed by individual citizens.

"How could such a silent couple as they are ever make love?" "Easily. She has a speaking countenance and his money talks."—Balt more American.

"MY COMPANY FIRST," THE RECRUIT'S MOTTO

By CAPTAIN GEORGE L. KILMER.

After the war novice has taken his stand on the motto "My country first" and prepares to fight for it he must face the call of another slogan less appealing at the start, but one to grow on him—"My company first!"

Getting down to the company plane of thought and action plays havoc with imaginary ideals. But right here the individual is put to test as a soldier. The officers and the crowd "size" him up. Culture and manners are re-



Photo by American Press Association.

spected provided the novice makes good at coarse work, trench digging, hiking and running, as well as at drill and on parade.

Lacking a chance at hard practice with ax or spade, the beginner can make progress by the simple process of club swinging movements. Club swinging develops muscles of limb, chest, abdomen and back. Help may be had also by horizontal bar exercises, jumping and climbing.

Financing the Farmer. Under the new Federal farm loan act, now being put into operation, the farmers of the country will find it much easier to secure money to make needed improvements or for the purchase of live stock, while it will be easier also for landless men to purchase a farm.

While American money invested in foreign securities, which have been made so attractive recently, may be advantageous to the investor, the advantage stops there. Investment in the bonds issued by the farm land banks brings the additional benefit of increased national prosperity.

The new rural credits system offers an opportunity for investments in such a way that Americans not only invest their money, but keep it at home for the development of agriculture and industry. One hundred dollars invested in a farm loan bond not only aids the farmer to increase the size and quality of his crops, but enables him likewise to buy more improved machinery.

Belgium Declines Dismemberment.

London, June 5.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph from Amsterdam says:

"According to the Taegliche Rundschau, the recent visit to Brussels of Dr. Von Bethmann-Hollweg, the German Imperial Chancellor, to discuss with General Falkenhausen, the Governor of Belgium, a plan for the partition of Belgium, revealed the absolute refusal of all the Belgian officials to have anything to do with it.

Croup, Whooping-Cough Relieved. Children's diseases demand preparedness. When the child wakes you at night, gasping and strangling for breath, how thankful you are to have Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey at hand.

The Kid Has Gone to the Colors.

The Kid has gone to the Colors And we don't know what to say; The Kid we have loved and cuddled Stepped out for the Flag to-day.

He paused to watch the recruiting, Where, fired by the fire and drum, He bowed his head to Old Glory And thought that it whispered, "Come!"

The Kid, not being a slacker, Stood forth with patriot joy To add his name to the roster— And God, we're proud of the boy!

The Kid has gone to the Colors; It seems but a little while Since he drilled a schoolboy army In a truly martial style.

His dad, when he told him, shuddered, His mother—God bless her!—cried; Yet blest with a mother nature, She wept with a mother pride.

Was grandad—for memory ran To years when he, too, a youngster, Was changed by the Flag to a man!

—W. M. Herschell.

NEVER NEGLECT A COLD. A chill after bathing, cooling off suddenly after exercise and drafts, give the cold germs a foot-hold that may lead to something worse.

Eat More Mutton. Mutton should be used to a greater extent. It is as cheap as beef and the stewing cuts are the cheapest meats that can be purchased.

Mutton has not been used to any great extent as food by the American people. This is due largely to the strong taste and odor caused by improper methods of killing.

Gall Stones, Cancer and Ulcers of the Stomach and Intestines, Auto-Intoxication, Yellow Jaundice, Appendicitis and other fatal ailments result from Stomach Trouble.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING QUALIFIED AS ADMINISTRATOR ON THE ESTATE OF J. U. BENSON, deceased, hereby notifies all persons having claims against said estate to present the same to me duly verified on or before the 16th day of May, 1917.

B. J. BENSON, Administrator. JAMES RAYNOR, Attorney.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING QUALIFIED AS ADMINISTRATOR ON THE ESTATE OF J. C. LEE, deceased, hereby notifies all persons having claims against said estate to present the same to me duly verified on or before the 25th day of May, 1917.

MINNIE LEE and WILLIE ELDRIDGE, Administrators.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING QUALIFIED AS ADMINISTRATOR ON THE ESTATE OF MARY JONES' line and runs with said line W. to a stake in Bullock's Branch; thence up said branch and S. to a stake in Britton Stephenson's line; thence N. with said line to the beginning, containing 7 1/2 acres, more or less.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING QUALIFIED AS ADMINISTRATOR ON THE ESTATE OF J. R. BARBOUR, E. J. WELLS, Commissioners.

A FEW MORE COPIES OF "THE Story of Europe and the Nations at War" now on sale at The Herald Office.

NOTICE.

State of North Carolina, Johnston County, Pine Level Township.

W. J. BALDWIN Vs. J. L. Creech.

The defendant above named will take notice that a summons in the above entitled action was issued against said defendant on the 11th day of May, 1917, by W. F. Gerald, a Justice of the Peace of Johnston County, North Carolina, for the sum of \$29.65 (twenty-nine dollars and sixty-five cents) due said plaintiff by note, which summons is returnable before said Justice at his office in Pine Level, in said County and in Pine Level township, on the 15th day of June, 1917.

This the 11th day of May, 1917. W. F. GERALD, Justice of the Peace.

NOTICE OF LOSS OF BANK OF SMITHFIELD STOCK.

WHEREAS, the Bank of Smithfield issued to C. M. Wilson Certificate No. 122, for 2 shares of its capital stock, on January 27, 1913; and WHEREAS, the said Bank of Smithfield was converted into the First National Bank of Smithfield since the issuance of said stock, and the Certificate of stock in the old Bank of Smithfield having been lost, stolen, or destroyed, the said C. M. Wilson has made application for Duplicate Certificate of stock, and this is to serve notice that if any one is in legal possession of said stock, they will present the same on or before the 12th day of June, 1917, or a new Certificate will be issued therefor, to the said C. M. Wilson, as provided by law.

First National Bank of Smithfield, Successor to THE BANK OF SMITHFIELD, By R. N. AYCOCK, Cashier.

NOTICE OF LOST CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT.

Whereas K. E. Peedin was the owner of time Certificate of Deposit, No. 3232, in the sum of \$240.00, issued by the First National Bank of Smithfield, on April 26, 1917; and Whereas the said Certificate of Deposit has been lost, stolen, or destroyed, and the said K. E. Peedin has made application to the First National Bank of Smithfield for a duplicate thereof;

First National Bank of Smithfield, By R. N. AYCOCK, Cashier.

SALE VALUABLE LAND.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Johnston County entered at the April Term, 1917, in an action entitled P. B. Johnson vs. G. L. Stephenson and Dollie Stephenson, the undersigned commissioners appointed in said decree, will on Monday, the 11th day of June, 1917, at 12:00 M., at the Court House door in Smithfield, Johnston County, N. C., offer for sale for cash to the highest bidder, the following described lands, to-wit:

FIRST TRACT: Beginning at a stake in the run of Bullock's Branch, and runs S. 86 E. 17.10 chains to a stake in W. C. Walton's line; thence N. 1 E. 36.76 chains to a stake said W. C. Walton's corner; thence N. 61 W. 6.26 chains to a stake on the bank of Middle Creek; thence with the run of said creek to the mouth of Bullock's Branch; thence up the run of said Branch to the beginning, containing 49 acres, more or less.

SECOND TRACT: Beginning at a stake in the run of Bullock's Branch and runs S. 86 E. 21 chains to a stake in W. C. Walton's line; thence N. 1 E. 7.89 chains to a stake in corner of dowry; thence N. 86 W. 17.10 chains to a stake in the run of Bullock's Branch; thence up the run of said Branch to the beginning, containing 15 1/2 acres, more or less.

THIRD TRACT: Begins at a stake in the run of Bullock's Branch, Alvin Stephenson's corner, and runs S. 86 E. 8.58 chains to a stake; thence S. 4 W. 14.51 chains to a stake corner of dowry; thence S. 86 E. 11 chains to a stake; thence N. 4 E. 14.50 chains to a stake; thence S. 87 E. 4.75 chains to a stake A. J. Walton's corner; thence N. 1 E. 12.75 chains to a stake corner of Lot No. 3; thence N. 86 W. 21 chains to a stake in the run of Bullock's Branch; thence up the run of said branch to the beginning, containing 45 acres, more or less.

FOURTH TRACT: Begins at Smyth Caudell's corner, N. B. Honcyutt's line, and runs thence with said line S. 3 W. to a stake; thence W. to a stake in Amos Stephenson's line; thence N. to a stake in Wm. Grimes' corner; thence E. to a stake Wm. Grimes' corner; thence N. to a black-gum William Grimes' corner; thence E. to a stake in Bullock's Branch to a sweet-gum, Smyth Caudell's corner; thence E. to the beginning, containing 25 acres.

FIFTH TRACT: Beginning at Britton Stephenson's corner in Mary Jones' line and runs with said line W. to a stake in Bullock's Branch; thence up said branch and S. to a stake in Britton Stephenson's line; thence N. with said line to the beginning, containing 7 1/2 acres, more or less.

This 7th day of May, 1917. J. R. BARBOUR, E. J. WELLS, Commissioners.