

Farm and Home Problems in Johnston

CANNING CLUB NOTES

By Mamie Sue Jones
County
Home Demonstrator

FARM NOTES.

By A. M. Johnson
County
Farm Demonstrator.

CLUB NOTES.

1. Club girls, we want to begin now to do our part towards helping Johnston County win the \$300 prize which is offered for the best exhibit of field and garden crops, at the 1918 State Fair.
2. Keep a daily record of your work. If you have not received a record book, write me at Smithfield.
3. If you cannot get the Stone tomato seed, write me and I will get them for you. You can get the Burpees Stringless Green Pod bean seed from T. W. Wood & Son at Richmond, Va., for ten cents a package and forty-five cents a pound.
4. Plant potatoes in your war garden. They can be used in making bread. Potatoes are very valuable as a food, because of the many ways in which they can be prepared. With the potato as a foundation, you can prepare a dish with little difficulty that will supply the needs of the body.
5. If you want a canner for home use, I will be glad to order it for you.
6. For an early garden, select a southern slope where there is sandy soil. For the late garden select a flat land where the soil is heavy.
7. This year the home garden should be made to produce more than ever before. In order that the land may be occupied a full season, it is necessary to begin with a cool season crop that can be planted early. If the first crop occupies the land until mid summer, it may be too late to plant a warm season crop. Early spring crops as radishes, leaf lettuce, spinach, green onions, mustard and cress may be followed by tomatoes, peppers, egg plants, sweet potatoes, squash, cucumbers, beans, or sweet corn. Early peas, beets, potatoes may be followed by late cabbage, cauli-

FARM NOTES.

- (A. M. Johnson.)
1. Buy all the War Savings Stamps you can or sign a pledge card that you secure so many before December 31, this year.
 2. Buy some Federal Land Bank Farm Loan Bonds which pay four and one half per cent. interest.
 3. Buy your fencing and machinery now for the indications are that they will be no cheaper soon.
 4. Wilson's Mills Township will meet to elect a township board of Agriculture Friday, April 5, at three o'clock, at the State high school. War Savings Stamps and club work will also be discussed.
 5. Bays and girls, serve your country by joining the pig, poultry or corn clubs right now. Write to me and I will enroll you and help you get started. Duty is calling you to do your share. There will be big prizes this year and one big county meeting for the club members at Smithfield about September. This will be a sort of a genuine good time picnic for club members only.
 6. Any one who has not received their prize money for their exhibits at the county fair last November, let me know now.
 7. Attend the township meetings and you will be informed about the latest activities affecting the farm.

flower, rutabaga, or winter radish. It is possible to grow three crops in one season, if the ground is properly prepared. Some examples of the first crops are, leaf lettuce, spinach, and green onions from sets. These crops may be followed by string beans, early sweet corn, and cucumbers. The last crops are fall radish, fall turnips, and fall spinach.

interested in the grain belt around the Black Sea, which for the present goes under the name of the Republic of Ukraina. This is the winter wheat country. She is also interested to a lesser extent in the country of the Cossacks, which is the country where spring wheat and Durum wheat are grown. In northern Russia there is timber and mining, but the agriculture doesn't amount to anything. The really rich part of Russia is the southern part. The best thing which could happen to Germany and Austria is to come to some sort of a working agreement with southern Russia—or Ukraina, as it is now called.—Wallace's Farmer.

LATEST WAR NEWS.

The beginning of April, a month whose dates are written large on the pages of American history, finds the soldiers of the United States hastening to take their places in the zone of fiercest fighting. There have been American troops involved in the struggle in Picardy since the morning of March 23, but General Pershing now is leading more than 100,000 of his men but just how many is as yet not known, to a point assigned to them by General Foch, the leader of the allied forces in France. These men may even now be in the battle line, and America awaits news from them with confidence that they will compare well with the veterans of France and Great Britain.

A report from General Pershing to the War Department states that the situation along the battle line is improved. He did not give any information regarding the movement of his troops.

Sale Bills If you need some come in and see US

FOR SALE—15 FRESH MULES, 5 second hand mules. Must be sold in the next 10 days. See Sam Musgrove at Clayton, N. C. for a bargain.

IF YOU WANT TO SELL YOUR farm to the best advantage see us. Abell & Gray, Smithfield, N. C.

TWO CAR OF FINE LATHS FOR sale. W. M. Sanders.

FOR SALE—15 FRESH MULES, 5 second hand mules. Must be sold in the next 10 days. See Sam Musgrove at Clayton, N. C. for a bargain.

TWO CAR LOADS BUGGIES JUST unloaded. Cotter-Underwood Company, Smithfield, N. C.

TWO CARS 7 PER CENT. COTTON seed meal for sale. W. M. Sanders.

TWO CARS OF STOVES AND Ranges just received. Cotter Hardware Company.

FOR SALE—15 FRESH MULES, 5 second hand mules. Must be sold in the next 10 days. See Sam Musgrove at Clayton, N. C. for a bargain.

WHY SUFFER FROM ECZEMA! Get a jar of Dr. Muns' pile and eczema ointment.

4 1-2 BUSHELS SOY BEANS, \$4.25 per bushel. 100,000 Nancy Hall and Porto Rico Potato Sprouts for sale \$1.75 per 1000, cash with order, S. D. Page, Falcon, N. C.

Russia as a Farming Country.

Russia as a nation behaves so outrageously that we sometimes forget that as a farming country she is much like the United States. Russia and the United States together produce just about half of the wheat of the entire world, the United States producing about 800,000,000 bushels a year and Russia about 600,000,000. The two countries produce about half the oat crops of the entire world, with a production of about 1,000,000,000 bushels each. By herself, Russia produces half the rye of the world and about a third of the barley, ranking much higher than the United States in both rye and barley. But the United States more than makes up for Russia's leadership in barley and rye by her leadership in corn, the United States producing three-fourths of the corn of the world, whereas Russia does not produce nearly so much as the state of Iowa. Taking it all in all, we can say that Russia and the United States together produce over half of the food of the civilized world.

The farmers of Russia are not at all like the farmers of the United States. Most of them can not read or write; they are naturally intelligent, but lack both the education of books and of traveling. They know nothing outside of their own little farming community. It is not altogether the fault of the peasants that they are so ignorant. Up until within about sixty years ago, they were held as slaves, and since that time the government of Russia has done its best to keep them in ignorance. Now that the revolution has taken place, however, these people will no doubt gradually learn to know more.

It is very interesting to study a map of Russia. The best farming section lies far to the south, in the provinces near the Black sea. There is the province of Kherson, for instance. Here, where the rainfall is even less than in western Nebraska, the Kherson variety of oats originated. The Kherson variety, and its descendants, the Iowa 103 and the Iowa 105—are no doubt the most popular varieties of oats in the corn belt of the United States today. Another interesting thing about the province of Kherson is that Troitzky, the Bolshevik prime of Russia was born there.

The farming country of Russia corresponds very closely to Nebraska, South Dakota, North Dakota, Manitoba and Saskatchewan. All of the grain growing section of Russia has a rainfall of from twelve to twenty inches annually, averaging considerably less than the corresponding wheat-growing section of the United States. In both the United States and Russia, most of the winter wheat is grown south of the line where the average January temperature is 18 degrees Fahrenheit. This line in the

corn belt of the United States throws most of Iowa and Nebraska into the winter wheat region, as well as all of Kansas, Missouri, Illinois and most of Wisconsin. In Russia this line of temperature throws all of the Black Sea provinces into the winter wheat region, and the spring wheat region is made up chiefly of the northern part of the territory of the Don Cossacks and the provinces of Saratov, Samara and Orenburg.

Russia has been growing wheat much longer than the United States, and it is not a strange thing, considering the likeness of climate, that practically all of the winter wheat grown in the western United States originally came from the Black Sea provinces of Russia, such as Taurida, Ekaterinoslav and Kharkov. In these provinces, the winter temperature is about the same as in Iowa. The summer temperature is almost but not quite so hot. The rainfall averages around seventeen inches annually—which is considerably less than in Iowa.

The soil of the great wheat belt of Russia is very similar to the soil of the wheat belt of the United States. It is black and rich, of the type which seems to be formed only under climate conditions of a rather light rainfall and a hot summer.

The part of Russia in which Germany is really interested is not Petrograd, nor any of that part of Russia north of latitude 55. She is chiefly



Uncle Sam's Postman Has a New Job

He is now also a recruiting officer to enlist the financial support of the youngsters. Let him be your children's adviser in the matter of thrift. Let him show them what it means to substitute interest-bearing Thrift Stamps for the penny savings bank. Let him be the medium to put your children into actual contact with their country's government.

The Thrift Stamp represents to the children what the Liberty Bond represents to adults. The penny embodies war power just as the dollar,—for pennies make dollars. The Thrift Stamp idea is designed to reach those who think in terms of cents. The power of the penny is shown by the fact that the government hopes to raise two billions of dollars from the sale of these stamps.

Thrift Stamps make a reality of the children's patriotism by allowing them to aid the government with money for war purposes. A child's savings may be a means to shortening this war by days, and every day means the redemption of colossal waste.

Thrift Stamps cost 25c each. Books of 16, with a few cents added, are at any time exchangeable for certificates which will be worth \$5.00 in 1923. These Stamps are received as payments on Liberty Bonds. You may obtain them at any Post Office, your mail carrier, and at most stores.

This Advertisement Paid for and Donated by

F. H. BROOKS and T. S. RAGSDALE

This Is The Week

|| For the Big Drive in

Johnston County

For



W.S.S.
WAR SAVINGS STAMPS
ISSUED BY THE
UNITED STATES
GOVERNMENT

Let every one make a pledge this week for this fund, If you cannot join the Limit Club and take a thousand dollars, take five hundred, one hundred, fifty, or twenty-five dollars. Anyhow, get in and do not only your "Bit" but do your "Best."

Every Township is Being Worked This week and YOU will Have an Opportunity to HELP

County War Savings Committee

Teach Children to Beware of Flies

Explain to them how flies are hatched in filth. How, after crawling around in outhouses, privies, manure piles and over dead animals and decayed matter, they come into the home and wipe their nasty feet on the family food, leaving a trail of disease germs everywhere.

Flies Cause Infantile Paralysis, Typhoid and Other Fevers

The best doctors in the world will tell you that flies are the cause of a great deal of sickness, especially summer complaint, infantile paralysis, dysentery, typhoid and other fevers. Don't let flies bring sickness into your home.

RED DEVIL LYE KILLS FLIES

Keep a can of RED DEVIL LYE in your outhouse and sprinkle it on the filth freely, once or twice a week. It consumes the filth, destroys the fly eggs and prevents odors and sickness.

FOR SALE AT ALL GROCERS Write for Free Booklet "PREVENT" WM. SCHIELD MFG. CO., ST. LOUIS, MO.

