

Superior Court, Franklin county.—At the Superior Court of Franklin county, lately held at Louisburg, the following trials took place:

— Stacey, charged with the murder of — Weatherford, was found guilty of manslaughter, and branded.

Elizabeth Scott, who, together with Oliver Lewis and Lemuel Lewis, was indicted for the murder of Hinton Pugh, was found guilty of manslaughter and branded.

The case of Oliver Lewis was continued to the next term of the Court.

Wm. L. Wolf, whose trial had been removed from Wake to Franklin, was tried on the charge of having entered the store of Mr. Richard Smith, of Raleigh, at night, and taking therefrom about 480 dollars, and acquitted.

Wolf still remains in confinement, under a charge of house-breaking.—*Ral. Star.*

North-Carolina Gold.—There was shewn to us a few days since, by a merchant of this place who has just returned from Mecklenburg, a lump of this precious metal, which is as pure as any that has ever been found in North-Carolina; it weighs about 110 pennyweights, and it evidently appears to have been acted upon by a convulsion of nature; it was found in Mecklenburg county, near the waters of Richardson's creek, by a negro girl of Mr. T. Doster's, while ploughing in the field.

Cheraw Gazette.

Raleigh, April 16.—Robert Cannon, Esq. of this city, whilst riding out on the day before yesterday, was thrown with great violence from his horse, who was in full speed, having been alarmed by the barking of a dog that set upon him in the street. Mr. Cannon was taken up in a state of perfect insensibility, and was so contused by the fall, as to create serious apprehensions, but we are happy to state, that he is now in a fair way of recovery.

About the same moment of time, in a different part of the city, Mrs. Rorke, was precipitated from a gig, by the breaking of the swingle-tree, and unfortunately fractured her leg.

Register.

Chesapeake and Delaware Canal.—We understand that all the contracts offered last week for this important work were immediately taken, on the most favorable terms for the company. The applicants were nearly all persons of the greatest respectability, who had been engaged in similar operations in this state and the state of New-York. Their number, too, greatly exceeded that which the work required.

Under these favorable circumstances, and under the superintendence of the distinguished Engineer whom the Directors have selected, we have no doubt that this work will proceed with a rapidity, and be executed in a manner, which will increase alike the reputation and resources of our city.

Phil. Nat. Gaz.

New steps in dancing.—A Signor Montaes, who sometime ago received in advance a large sum of money in Providence, to teach certain young ladies the "poetry of motion," as Mr. Somebody calls dancing,—after borrowing several small sums and trifling articles from various persons, thought proper to decamp in the French fashion, and

left his pupils to take such steps for the recovery of their money as in their wisdom they might see fit. The light-toed hero directed his "motion" towards our city, where he had the luck to procure an engagement for a few nights with the worthy managers of our theatre: But, as the d—l would have it, before the termination of his services on the stage, he gave "damning proof" at his boardinghouse that his fingers were as light as his heels; and were it not for the exertion of several able counsellors, and the labors of that prince of honest fellows, Mordecai M. Noah, it is confidently asserted that he would have had the satisfaction of stepping on the Penitentiary Mill, for the edification of such gentlemen and ladies as might choose to gaze at him through the massy bars of the prison. After his deliverance from temporary captivity here, Signor Montaes bent his way to Philadelphia; but, not having the fear of bailiffs or stepping-mills before his eyes, he made forcible entry into, and filched from the trunk of a sea-captain, (who was on the point of sailing,) a masonic medal of handsome workmanship and considerable value, and also a pair of pistols—for which slight-of-hand manoeuvre he was duly sentenced, in an hour and a quarter after his arrest, to step twelve calendar months in the City Penitentiary, to the tune of drivers' whips, minute bells, and clinking irons. In this situation, he will, no doubt, "do the state some service."—*New-York Patriot.*

Trial for Murder.—On the 13th inst. at the court of Schuylkill county, Pa. John Zimmerman was tried for the murder of his own daughter in December last. The jury returned a verdict of murder in the first degree, but the court granted him a new trial. Zimmerman had taken offence at his daughter, because she had made a promise of marriage to a man that he did not like. In consequence of this he, after driving the rest of the family from the house, dragged his sick daughter out of bed, trampled upon, and finally killed her.

Robbery.—As the watchmen were taking their last round in Norfolk, on the morning of the 11th inst. they were suddenly startled by a black fellow rushing out of Messrs. J. & W. Southgate's warehouse, who immediately levelled the first watchman with an iron bar; the other watchman, who had by this time come up, gave the villain a heavy blow over the head with his club at the moment he was raising the iron bar, to prostrate him as he had done the other. The blow staggered the negro for a moment, but recovering himself, he rushed by the watchmen and jumping into the dock landed on the next wharf, and made his escape: he was subsequently taken and lodged in jail. About 30lbs. of coffee had been taken away, which was found in a batteau in the dock.

La Fayette.—Several letters have been received at the eastward from Gen. La Fayette. It is understood, from a letter received by Dr. Thacher, of Plymouth, that a sense of duty will keep him a considerable time in Europe, and delay his contemplated visit to the United States. In a letter to Gov. Eustis, of Massachusetts, he says, "But here stands the power of the United States, happily free from European connexions, and co-

vering under its gigantic shield the independence and republican liberties of every Columbian nation. The Message of the President has produced on the European part of the world a most HONORABLE, dignified, and useful impression. I enjoyed it, not only as an American patriot, but also for the sake of the general cause of mankind, in which for political civilization, honesty and steadiness, the United States holds a rank so superior to every other human aggregation."

Singular Circumstance.—Some months since the Indiana papers contained an account of a girl of 13 years of age, from whose face and under the eye "clots of blood" would occasionally ooze, together with pieces of cartilage and bone, leaving no mark or trace on the face; the girl at the same time enjoying good health. Several eminent physicians witnessed this extraordinary case; and one of them, Dr. Shuler, of Vincennes, writes the following letter to Dr. Mitchell on the subject:

"Enclosed are specimens of bone and cartilage, with a clot, that were taken from the girl's face. I regret I have no more to send you. I think you will have received some before this time, from Gen. Evans. The specimens I found are smaller than most that made their appearance. The largest of them owes its whiteness, externally, to having been brushed, and is smoother than most of those which I saw. All the bones had some part of their surface smooth; but this smoothness was generally on one side. The cartilaginous substances appear when dry to be of two kinds; the one pale and transparent, the other yellowish, and more opaque, as you will find by examination. It is probable, I think, if the cartilage and bone were properly analyzed, they would be found to contain a larger proportion of gelatine than the regular bone of the human body; and the yellow places especially to be composed principally of gelatine. The clot enclosed is not a fair specimen, it being smaller and of a darker color than most of the others. Many were of a dusky white and of a fibrous structure. The shades of hue were various, &c.

Dreadful rencontre.—The Florence (Alab.) Gazette states: "on Friday morning, 10th ult. Maj. Kilcrease, of Lawrence county, Tennessee, with two other gentlemen, was riding apparently out of town, when he was met by Col. Lowe, of this vicinity—they were both armed. Col. Lowe had his pistol in his hand; Maj. Kilcrease had his in his holsters. Col. Lowe had approached the Major so nearly before he discovered him, that he had not time to draw his weapon. To avoid the fire, Maj. Kilcrease threw himself from his horse, and, at the same instant, Col. Lowe's pistol was discharged. No injury was done—but, before Maj. Kilcrease could return the shot, (who, when he fell, took with him one of his pistols, and, on foot pursued the Colonel a short distance,) Col. Lowe had got into a house, where he re-loaded his pistol. Maj. Kilcrease, afterwards, walked in the direction of the house in which Col. Lowe then was; with his pistols in his hands. Col. Lowe stepped out, and, at a distance of about twenty yards, they levelled at each other, and Maj. Kilcrease fell, having received a shot in his forehead. He lived

until the 23d ult. when he breathed his last. This was a horrible spectacle to be acted in the face of a civilized community: we wish never again to witness another."

No accounting for taste.—John M'Curdy, (says the New-York National Advocate,) presented himself to the Police, demanding to be sent to the penitentiary. He had done nothing to entitle him to that distinction, but he had just been released from the same place, and finding that he could not obtain work, and being unwilling to steal, he desired to be sent back. "Why don't you go to the poor house?" said the magistrate. "Because my wife is there," said the man, "and I have acquaintances at the penitentiary, and prefer going there." He was adjudged as disorderly, and gratified by a commitment for the term of 6 months. There is no accounting for taste in these times.

Emigration.—A writer in the Baltimore Federal Gazette, complains loudly and strongly of the present mania of his fellow citizens for moving to New-York; he says that merchants, mechanics, lawyers and physicians, are all going to New-York—and he wisely hints, that the time recently employed in investigating the merits of an oppressive "militia bill," would have been more profitably spent in enquiring into the cause of this migrating disease.

Clergymen.—It is calculated that there are 6000 regularly ordained clergymen in the U. S.

MARRIED,

In Pasquotank county, on the 31st ult. Mr. Mark Anthony Delon to Miss Mary Pritchard, daughter of Benj. Pritchard, deceased.

In Duplin county, on the 23d ult. Mr. Daniel Simmons, jr. of Jones county, to Miss Eliza A. Cradey, daughter of Henry Gradey, Esq.

At Edenton, on the 11th inst. Mr. Wm. R. H. Bozman to Mrs. Frances Satterfield.

In Wake county, on the 8th inst. Mr. James Boyd to Miss Rebecca Boyce, daughter of Isham Boyce, Esq.

In Anson county, on the 1st inst. Maj. Alfred Deckery to Miss Sarah L. daughter of Mr. James Turner, deceased.

In Richmond county, on the 8th inst. Mr. John E. Chambers, of Montgomery county, to Miss Judith, eldest daughter of James Ratford, Esq.

In Franklin county, Mr. Richard Russell, of Warren county, to Mrs. Ann Hawkins, widow of the late Gov. Hawkins.

In Warren county, on the 3d inst. Mr. Amos P. Sledge to Miss Nancy Pitchford.

At Hillsboro', on the 4th inst. Mr. James B. M'Dade to Miss Rebecca Eaton.

DIED,

At Edenton, on the 7th inst. Mrs. Lydia M'Kiel, consort of Capt. Josiah M'Kiel; and, on the 9th, Mrs. Lydia Thompson, widow of Mr. Wm. Thompson.

In Caswell county, on the 6th inst. Mrs. H. R. Brooks, formerly of Petersburg.

At Newbern, on the 29th ult. Mrs. Ann Loomis, consort of Dr. Harris Loomis.

In Pasquotank county, on the 27th ult. Mr. Israel Perry, aged 60 years.

In Montgomery county, on the 6th ult. Mrs. Stacy Crowder, consort of Absalom Crowder.

In Wake county, on the 14th inst. in the 6th year of his age, John Louis Taylor, the oldest son of James F. Taylor, Esq.

In North Milford, Conn. Landa Beach and his wife—the latter aged 96; the former 97—their united ages 193 years. They were the parents of seven children, all of whom survive them. Their other living descendants are: grand-children 79, great-grand-children 192, great-great-grand-children 7.—Whole number of descendants 278.

Price Current.

APRIL 16.	Peters'g.	Norfolk.
Bacon, - - -	8 to 9	8 to 8½
Brandy, Apple,	56 60	53 55
— Peach,	60 62½	55 60
— Cogniac	130 150	110 125
Corn, - - -	150 175	165 170
Cotton, - - -	12½ 14½	13 14
Coffee, - - -	23 25	20 23
Flour, superfine,	500 525	575 600
— fine, - - -	450 500	400 450
— American,	40 42	40 42
Iron, per ton, -	\$85 100	\$90 95
Molasses, - - -	30 35	22 24
Rum, Jamaica,	115 125	90 95
— Antigua, -	75 80	64 70
— New-Eng.	40 42	35 37
Sugar, brown, -	8½ 13	8½ 13
— loaf, - - -	15 20	15 20
Salt, loose, - -	75 87½	55 58
— sack, - - -	300 300	275 275
Tea, Y'g Hyson,	75 120	110 115
— Imperial,	120 150	140 145
Tobacco, - - -	\$3 10	\$2½ 8
Wheat, - - -	90 100	80 100
Whiskey, - - -	30 40	29 30

Hertford Academy,

At Murfreesboro', N. C.

THIS Institution is now open for the reception of Students, and the Trustees have the satisfaction of informing their friends, and the Public, that the care of the Male department has been undertaken by the Rev. James Douglass, a gentleman eminently qualified by his literary attainments and exemplary piety.

Mr. Douglass is a Presbyterian Clergyman, lately from the Theological Seminary at Princeton, N. J. He makes none of those promises which parents might indeed expect, which custom sanctions, and which it is more easy and common to publish than to perform. However, the Trustees have no hesitation to say, from their acquaintance with him, and the very respectable testimonials they have received of his character, that he feels too deep an interest in the rising generation, to omit any possible means of giving to his pupils, that intellectual and moral training, which may render them honorable to their families and blessings in their day.

The Female department still continues under the direction of Mrs. Harriet W. J. Banks, a lady whose competency has been fully tested, and generally acknowledged.

JOHN WHEELER, Sec'y.

Murfreesboro', }
April 13, 1824. } 5-3t

DIVISION ORDERS.

MAJOR Gen. Robert R. Johnson, of the seventh Division of the militia of North-Carolina, hereby orders the Muster of the following Regiments, at the times and places hereinafter specified, for the purpose of being reviewed; of which the respective commanders, and all others belonging to the regiments, are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly:

The regiment of Martin, at Williamston, Thursday, the 3d day of June next. The two regiments of Edgecombe, at Tarborough, Tuesday, the 8th day of June. The lower regiment of Halifax, at Crowell's, Friday, the 11th day of June. The regiment of Northampton, at the Court-house, Tuesday, the 15th day of June. The upper regiment of Halifax, at Webb's, Friday, the 18th day of June. The regiment of Nash, at Nashville, Tuesday, the 22d day of June.

On the day preceding the Musters for review, the commissioned Officers of each regiment of infantry, will assemble at the place of Regimental Parade, at 11 o'clock, for the purpose of instruction and discipline: All, except field officers, are required to appear with fire-arms, they with side-arms.

On the days following the reviews, Courts Martial will be held. The regiments of Warren, Franklin, and Wake, will be reviewed in the fall.

By the General,

Edwin D. Whitehead,
Thomas J. Green,
Aids-de-camp.

Be it known, Edwin D. Whitehead, of Nash county, and Thomas J. Green, of Warren county, are appointed my Aids-de-camp, and as such will be respected and obeyed.

ROBERT R. JOHNSON,
Major-General of the 7th Division of the militia of N. Carolina.
Warrenton, April 2, 1824. 5-2t