

European Powers, and succeeded in bringing over the majority of the Divan to his opinion. Accordingly, since that time, nothing was talked of at Constantinople, but of extraordinary levies, and of the march of 100,000 men to reinforce the army encamped on the right bank of the Danube.

SPAIN.

A letter from Spain says, the state of that country is as deplorable as ever. Their serviles are writhing under the yoke of the French, and, in the violence of their hatred, would, it appears, make common cause with the Constitutionists. Hence, the monks begin to preach union among Spaniards. Nothing can be more melancholy, more pitiable, than the situation of the King of Spain, and of his ministry. The Spanish army, properly so called, is but of a very few thousands; yet even these are in a state of starvation, receiving no pay. They naturally enough murmur at this, and the Minister of War has threatened to resign, unless some portion of the arrears be paid to keep the soldiers' body and soul together.

FRANCE.

The Minister Corbieres has already laid before the Chamber of Peers the plan for rendering the Lower Chamber septennial; and M. Damas a plan for recruiting the army at the rate of 60,000 men, instead of 40,000 a year; thus making the peace establishment of France consist of 350,000 soldiers!

Such was the state of Spain, that a reinforcement of 5000 additional French troops was, it is said, to enter it immediately.

ENGLAND.

London dates to the 23d April, have been received.

It is calculated the prorogation of Parliament will take place as early as the 15th of June.

The British government has received intelligence from the Cape of Good Hope, which announces the capture of a Spanish slave ship, the *Virgin*, of 14 guns, and a crew of 130 men, by the *Barracoota* sloop of war. It appears that the Spanish ship was fallen in with by the *Barracoota* shortly after the latter left Algoa bay, and regularly attacked. The Captain of the *Virgin*, however, refused to submit until several of his crew were killed. The *Barracoota* then took possession of her, and carried her to the Cape. Between 300 and 400 slaves were found on board the prize.

From the official excise returns, furnished by order of the British House of Commons, every man, woman, and child, in London, seems to drink, on the average, two barrels of beer a year. The quantity of strong beer brewed in England, in a year, would float all the navy in commission.

The new levy is to be raised by recruits, one half from England, and the other half from Ireland.

It is now positively asserted that Guebbard, the banker, has taken the first Spanish loan of 50,000,000 francs, and on the first of April he was shortly expected at Madrid, to contract for another loan of equal amount.

The discovery ships under the command of Capt. Parry, were to sail on the 10th of May.



HALIFAX:

FRIDAY, JUNE 11, 1824.

We are authorised to state, that the following gentlemen are candidates to represent this county in our next General Assembly. For the Senate, Col. *Isham Mathews*. For the House of Commons, Mr. *Willis Alston* and Mr. *Robert A. Jones*.

For the town, *Jesse A. Bynum*, Esq.

To Correspondents.—A "Subscriber" in our next.

Although "Callimachus" complains of the delay attending the publication of his first favor, we are again under the necessity of deferring the article received yesterday until our next. We would not hesitate to put ourselves "to a little inconvenience to oblige" our Correspondents, particularly when applied to in behalf of "A subscriber," yet our limited columns, and a due regard for the feelings and inclinations of our readers, forbid the introduction of too many lengthy articles, on any subject, at one time. We give no precedence to any communications; first received will be first inserted: this course we have adopted, and shall adhere to it, unless circumstances shall require an alteration.

"Philo-Numa," is inadmissible. We consider the Presidential question too important to be trifled with. The character and qualifications of the several candidates for that dignified office, have become subjects of intense interest to the people; and we cannot imagine that anything, having a tendency to ridicule the pretensions of either of them, would be acceptable to our readers. If he will favor us with his opinions, in an *argumentative* form, we shall with pleasure give them an insertion.

Mr. Crawford.—The National Intelligencer, of the 5th inst. says: "We avail ourselves of this opportunity to say, that Mr. Crawford's health is in a state of improvement, within the last week, and that his health has never been as low as has been represented in the *New-York* and some other prints.

Mr. Edwards.—The Committee of Investigation, appointed to examine the charges alleged against the Secretary of the Treasury, by Mr. Edwards, were expected to resume their duties on Monday last. On the arrival of Mr. E. at Washington, he addressed a note to the Editors of the *National Intelligencer*, from which we have extracted the following passages:

"My present task is to show, 1st, that my conduct, in regard to the Bank of Edwardsville, has been fairly stated; 2d, that I did not swear falsely; and 3d, that the facts which I have alleged argumentatively, in my vindication against Mr. Crawford, are true. All of this I am able to do, and shall do, if I can have a fair opportunity afforded me for that purpose. As to Mr. Crawford's intentions in regard to these several acts, I have not put that in issue by anything that I have said in my vindication. It was not necessary for me to do so. None can admit those facts to be true, and deny the justness of the arguments I have deduced from them.

In thus using them I expressly disclaimed "any other construction of them than the most innocent of which they were susceptible;" and, considering Mr. Crawford's present state of health, I am extremely reluctant to push any controversy with him beyond what is necessary to my own defence. I, therefore, shall be content, as it relates to him, that those facts shall be fairly decided on, without reference to any "bad intentions." But I shall insist, before the nation, that each fact ought to be distinctly decided on. If I have misstated any fact, let it be specifically alleged, so that I can meet it fairly. If, on the other hand, any one or all of the facts I have alleged be true, the people must see that I ought to have the benefit of such a decision. I feel no solicitude but about two facts, which have not been decided on by the committee; and these shall be so distinctly alleged by me, and accompanied with such proof to establish them, as to show that I am entitled to a decision in my favor.

My fellow-citizens must see the difficulties and disadvantages I have to encounter; but, knowing myself that the facts I have alleged are substantially true, as above suggested, I will maintain them firmly, trusting to a final decision by a just and enlightened people. Beyond this, it is not my wish to go. But, if there shall be a determination to push matters further, I can have no objection, and the public may rest assured that I shall not be intimidated from pushing a scrutiny to the utmost limit. I wish it, however, to be understood, that it will be defensive on my part."

Washington, June 3.—The Board of Claims, under the article of the Treaty of Ghent respecting the restoration of slaves carried out of the country after the close of the late war, was to have assembled here on Tuesday. Mr. Cheves, and Mr. Seawell, the American Commissioners, attended accordingly; but, the British Commissioner not being ready to proceed in the prosecution of the business of the Board, an adjournment took place to the 28th instant.—*Nat. Int.*

The Spanish Claims Loan.—We understand that the loan of five millions of dollars, authorized by the act of Congress to provide for the payment of the awards of the Commissioners under the Treaty with Spain, has been taken by Mr. Biddle on the part of the Bank of the United States.—*ib.*

Banditti apprehended.—On Sunday evening last, (says the *Petersburg Republican*,) four suspicious looking black men, pretending to be free, went on board a small vessel, belonging to Capt. Collins of this place, and made enquiry where the vessel was bound to, &c. Capt. C. apprehending they were runaways, obtained a sight of their papers, which furnished sufficient internal evidence that they were forged. This circumstance induced the Captain to attempt taking possession of them, by getting them into the hold, in which he succeeded.

Information of the circumstance having been communicated to the Police Master of this town, the four fellows (and a more gallows looking set never cheated the halter of its rights) were brought before that officer yesterday, when, from the confession of one of them, we are

enabled to present the following brief particulars:

The negroes apprehended, are named Jim, Jack, Willis and Sam—Sam belongs to Col. Josiah Riddick, of Suffolk, in this state, and has been runaway ever since December last. Jim and Jack belong to a Mr. Parker, of Gates county, N. C. and have been run away several months; and Willis belongs to Messrs. Tompkins and Whitfield, negro traders, of Warren, Georgia. Willis formerly belonged to a Mr. Gilliam, who keeps tavern at Gates court-house, who sold him to Messrs. T. & W. He was rescued from his owners, together with 17 others, sometime in April last, in N. C. by two runaways, one of whom, named Bob, alias Sam, belongs to Mr. Ricks, of Southampton, in this state, and who is now going at large.

From the confession of Jack, it appears that Jim was the person who shot a Mr. Cross, of Gates county, N. C. in February or March last, an account of which was published at the time. Jim had been previously shot by Mr. Cross, when he was attempted to be taken up on a charge of having broken open a smoke house, and stolen a parcel of bacon therefrom. The marks of the shot are fresh in one of Jim's thighs. Jack has also several shot wounds, but they do not appear to have been recently inflicted.

These four fellows are supposed to belong to a considerable gang, six of whom were seen together a few days ago, and were traced to within 15 miles of this place, by their depredations in Southampton, Sussex, &c. They were armed, one of them with a very large gun, the barrel of which had been broken in two about half way. It was loaded with shot, slugs, old buttons, &c. Another had a pistol, and a third a most dangerous knife, evidently intended for the purposes of a dirk, having been ground to a very sharp point.

As Capt. Collins is a very poor man, we would suggest to such printers as may have advertised any of the above named negroes, to forward us a copy of the same, for the benefit of Capt. C. whose example should be imitated by all masters of vessels.

New-York Races.—On Thursday terminated the Spring Races on the Long-Island course, very much to the satisfaction of the winning party, and without great regrets to the losers. No \$20,000 bets, ruinous stakes, sectional excitements, or falling in love with horses; no great display of white hats from the South, or dandies from the East; all was easy, pleasant, and something in the bang-up style.

The first day *Flirtilla* took the purse; the second day, *Slow and Easy*; and yesterday *Lady Vixen* carried off the stake—all mares, and swift a-foot.

Nat. Adv.

Pennsylvania.—Great exertions are making in this state, to get up a Presidential ticket in favor of Mr. Crawford. Meetings have been held for that purpose in the counties of Chester and Montgomery, and the 29th day of July appointed for the meeting of Delegates at Carlisle.

MARRIED,

In this town, on Tuesday last, by Thomas Ousby, Esq. Mr. William M. Deford, merchant of this place, to Miss Rebecca Weston. In Scotland Neck, on Thursday, 3d inst. at the seat of Mr. Peyton

R. Tunstall, by David Clark, Esq. Mr. David Williams to Miss Mary Tunstall.

In Montgomery county, on the 18th ultimo, Geo. C. Mendenhall, Esq. attorney at law, of Guilford county, to Miss Eliza W. Dunn.

At Newbern, on the 20th ult. Mr. Lucas B. Herriage to Miss Eliza Wiley, daughter of the Rev. Rufus Wiley.

In Richmond county, on the 11th ult. Mr. Dougald M'Laurin to Miss Lally M'Nair.

DIED,

In Raleigh, on the 1st inst. Mrs. Martha Hawkins, consort of Col. Joseph Hawkins, Comptroller of the State.

At Salisbury, on the 24th ultimo, Mrs. Margaret Ferrand, wife of Dr. Stephen L. Ferrand.

In Montgomery county, on the 3d ultimo, Mrs. Cecelia Kindall; and, on the 12th, her husband, Mr. Samuel Kindall. They both diseased suddenly, with an attack of pleurisy.

In Chowan county, on the 17th ult. Mr. Thomas Miers; on the 25d Mrs. Elizabeth Hoskins, consort of Lemuel Koskins, Esq.; and, on the same day, Mrs. Ann Fitt, widow of Samuel Fitt.

Price Current.

JUNE 4.	Peters'g.	Norfolk.
Bacon, - -	8 to 9	8 to 8 1/2
Brandy, Apple,	56 60	53 55
— Peach,	60 62 1/2	55 60
— Cogniac	130 150	110 126
Corn, - - - -	150 175	155 160
Cotton, - - - -	13 15 1/2	12 15
Coffee, - - - -	20 25	20 23
Flour, superfine,	500 525	525 575
— family, -	700 800	
Gin, Holland, -	100 110	100 106
— American,	39 40	39 42
Iron, per ton, -	\$85 100	\$90 96
Molasses, - - -	30 32	22 26
Rum, Jamaica,	115 125	90 96
— Antigua, -	75 80	64 70
— New-Eng. -	40 45	36 37
Sugar, brown, -	8 1/2 13 1/2	8 1/2 12 1/2
— loaf, - - -	15 25	15 20
Salt, loose, - -	75 87 1/2	56 58
— sack, - - -	300 325	275
Tea, Y'g Hyson,	120 125	110 116
— Imperial,	150 162	140 146
Tobacco, - - -	\$3 10	\$2 1/2 8
Wheat, - - - -	85 90	80 100
Whiskey, - - -	30 40	29 31

North-Carolina Bank Notes.

At Petersburg, 4 1/2 to 5 disc.
At Norfolk, 5 disc.

New Advertisements.

Mrs. SNEDER,

HAS the pleasure of informing the inhabitants of Halifax and the adjoining counties, that she has opened a fashionable assortment of MILLINERY, in the house west of Messrs. J. Halliday & Co.'s store—consisting of Leghorn and Straw Bonnets, of the newest patterns—artificial flowers, wreaths, and bunches—gimps, black, white, and colored—curls, caps, turbans, &c. &c.

Mantua-making done in the most fashionable stile.

Halifax, June 9, 1824. 12-1f

FISH & OIL.

THE Subscribers have just received on consignment, in addition to their former stock twenty barrels Mess SHAD, of a superior quality; also a fresh supply of Roe and Cut HERRINGS, some in half barrels; and about three dozen bottles CASTOR OIL, which will be sold low for Cash.

J. & J. W. Simmons.

Halifax, June 10, 1824.

Drs G. T. & R. Kennon,

HAVING located themselves in this place, offer their professional services to the citizens of Halifax and the adjacent country.

Halifax, June 6, 1824. 12-8t

H. G. W. Fowler,

TAILOR,

RESPECTFULLY informs the Public that he has commenced business at LITTLETON, where he hopes, by a faithful and punctual execution of the work entrusted to his care, to merit a portion of public patronage. Persons having business with him will please apply at the Post-office.

Littleton, June 10. 12-3t

Blank Warrants for sale

AT THIS OFFICE.