

ions of this act into effect.)

14. Authorising and pointing out the method how the state road, running through Haywood county, may hereafter be altered. (Appoints commissioners for said road, and provides in what manner alterations are to be made thereon.)

15. Respecting military land warrants.) Constitutes the Governor, the Public Treasurer and Comptroller a board to pass on all claims for military land warrants, which shall be preferred on or before the 1st July next; after which time no such warrants are to be issued under the authority of this state.)

16. Altering and amending the act of 1823, entitled "An act for the relief of such persons as became purchasers of the Cherokee lands, sold under the authority of this state." (Grants a stay of proceedings on the bonds given by the purchasers of said lands until the next General Assembly; and authorises the Treasurer to receive from such purchasers one eighth part of the original purchase money, together with the interest thereon.)

17. Authorising the Public Treasurer to purchase Bank Stock. (Authorises the Treasurer to purchase stock in any of the banks of this state, to such amount and at such times as he may deem advisable, at a price not exceeding par value.)

18. Directing the erection of a Treasury Office, authorising the Treasurer to employ an Assistant Clerk, directing improvements in the office of the Secretary of State, and fixing hours of business to be observed by the heads of Departments. (Appropriates 2,500 dollars for the erection of a brick or stone building, on the south east section of the Capital Square for the accommodation of the Treasurer, as an office; directs the Secretary of State to cause certain improvements to be made in his office; authorises the Treasurer to employ from time to time, as occasion may require, an additional clerk; and fixes the hours of attendance, at office, of heads of Departments and other officers at the seat of government, at from 9 to 12 o'clock, A. M. and 2 to 5 o'clock, P. M. every day in the year, Sundays and the 4th July excepted.)

19. Supplemental to an act, passed at the present session, entitled "An act to amend an act passed in the year 1819, to create a fund for internal improvement, and to establish a board for the government thereof." (Allows the Civil Engineer one dollar and fifty cents per day, for travelling expenses.)

20. Further prescribing the duty of the Public Printer. (Makes it his duty to attach to the acts of Assembly a statement of the revenue of the state, and publish the same in the state paper.)

21. Regulating the inspection of saw mill lumber. (Prescribes the quality of lumber which shall be considered merchantable; renders any inspector, who inspects lumber contrary to the provisions of this act, liable to a fine of 100 dollars; and excludes all persons, except authorised inspectors, from inspecting lumber, under a penalty of 100 dollars' fine.)

22. Amending the act of 1821, to consolidate into one the several acts relative to the appointment of Trustees of the University and for other purposes. (Authorises the annual meetings of the Board of Trustees to controul and restrain the

business to be transacted by the special meetings thereof)

23. Amending the act of 1823, entitled "An act to amend the militia laws of this state relative to the cavalry (Provides that each troop of cavalry shall consist of not less than 24 dragoons, exclusive of non commissioned officers.)

24. Providing against the introduction and spreading of contagious or infectious diseases in this state. (Authorises the officers of police of incorporated towns to take such precautionary measures, and provide such penalties for the breach of them, as they may deem necessary, to prevent the introduction of contagious diseases into their respective towns.)

25. Repealing the act of last session, to amend the laws making provision for widows. (Repeals the act of 1823, and allows the widow one bed and necessary furniture, one wheel and pair of cards, if such articles be among the goods of the husband.)

26. Fixing certain fees of the Clerks of the County and Superior Courts. (Allows the Clerks of said Courts, for every copy and exemplification of record, ten cents per copy sheet, in addition to the fees heretofore allowed.)

27. Giving the assent of North Carolina to and enforcing in this state certain acts of the Legislature of Tennessee, relative to the Smoky Mountain Turnpike Company, and authorising a subscription on the part of this state to the stock of said company. (Authorises the Public Treasurer to subscribe for 100 shares, at 20 dollars each, of said stock.)

28. Extending the provisions of the act of 1822, granting further time to perfect titles to lands within this state. (Extends it to January, 1826.)

29. Repealing, in part, the act of 1820, further pointing out the duty of guardians.

30. To provide for revising and consolidating the several acts concerning administrators and executors. (Appoints William Gaston commissioner to revise and consolidate said acts, and report them to the next General Assembly.)

31. Amending the act of 1810, prescribing the manner in which the public printing shall be regulated.

32. Extending the provisions and penalties of the act of 1819, more effectually to punish the making, passing, or attempting to pass counterfeit bank notes. (Provides that the counterfeiting of notes of the Bank of the United States shall be punished in the same manner as for counterfeiting notes of the banks of this state.)

33. Continuing in force certain parts of the act of 1822, for the promotion of Agriculture and family domestic manufactures, and for other purposes. (Continues so much of said act as relates to the establishment of a Board of Agriculture; confines the expenditures of the board to the publication of a volume of essays and reports on agricultural subjects, including the expense of taking and publishing a geological and mineralogical survey of the state; and allows the several counties a further time of 2 years to form agricultural societies, and to obtain their proportionable part of the fund set apart for the promotion of agriculture.)

PRIVATE ACTS.

To amend the act of 1821, establishing an Academy in the town of Halifax.

Authorising the town commissioners of Halifax to make a settlement with the commissioners appointed, under the act of 1818, to sell and lay off the town lots, and for other purposes.

Amending the several acts now in force to prevent the obstruction of fish passing up the Roanoke and Cashie rivers, and their waters, and the Albemarle Sound.

RESOLUTIONS.

Altering the time of holding the Superior Courts of Northampton and Halifax.

Making provision for the expected visit of Gen. Lafayette to this State.

Appointing the Hon. John L. Taylor, Rev. Dr. Caldwell, Peter Browne, Esq. and the Hon. Duncan Cameron to prepare a plan or system of public Education for the instruction of the poor of indigent parents, and that they report to the next General Assembly.

That the Comptroller of this State be requested to obtain from the Clerks of the County Courts and Wardens of the Poor in each County in this State, or from any authentic source, a Statement exhibiting the amount of the taxes and sums of money levied and disbursed in their respective Counties annually for the support of the Poor during the last five years, and report to the next General Assembly.



HALIFAX:

FRIDAY, JANUARY 14, 1825

Election.—On Thursday, 6th instant, the election for a Representative to Congress from this district took place. In our next paper we will give a particular account of the number of votes taken: report says that Geo. Outlaw, sen. is elected by a majority of about 200 votes over Willis Alston.

The enigma of W. H. D. in our next.

Public Dinner.—On Monday last, the citizens of this town, to evince their approbation of the public services of His Excellency Gov. BURTON, late Representative to Congress from this district, and to congratulate him on his elevation to the Gubernatorial Chair of this state, appointed R. Eppes, Esq. R. Potter, Esq. and Dr. R. H. Wilson, a committee to wait on him, and request his attendance at a public dinner to be given on the following day at the Mansion-House in this place. The invitation with His Excellency's answer is subjoined:

HALIFAX, MONDAY, }
Jan. 10, 1825. }

To His Excellency Gov. Burton;
The undersigned are appointed, by the citizens of Halifax, a Committee, to wait on your Excellency and request the honor of your company, at a dinner, on to-morrow, at the Mansion-House in this place. The undersigned are happy in being the organ of this communication, and in having this opportunity of expressing the high gratification which they feel, that in the late decision of the Representatives of the people of this State, should be found so

perfect a coincidence of feeling and opinion with your fellow-citizens of the town of Halifax.

Accept the assurance of our best wishes for your prosperity,
R. EPPES.
R. H. WILSON.
R. POTTER.

GROVE, }
Jan. 11, 1825. }

GENTLEMEN: With great pleasure I accept your polite invitation, on the part of the citizens of Halifax, to dine with them to-day at the Mansion-House; and I beg leave to assure you that the interest taken by the citizens of Halifax in my recent appointment to office, is a circumstance highly gratifying to my feelings.

Accept for yourselves, and for the citizens of Halifax, the sentiments of regard and respect with which I am, gentlemen your ob't servant,

H. G. BURTON.
Messrs. R. Eppes, R. H. }
Wilson, and R. Potter. }

Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather, according to previous arrangement, a numerous and highly respectable number of citizens assembled at the Mansion-House on Tuesday, the Hon. J. J. Daniel and R. Eppes, Esq. presiding, and partook of a sumptuous repast, prepared by E. P. Guion, in his usual rich and elegant style. During the entertainment the following toasts were drank:

By the President.—Our guest, Gov. Burton: his public services deserve our thanks; his private virtues our respect and esteem.

His Excellency, in reply, observed—Gentlemen, I am not insensible of the too favorable sentiment just expressed; it certainly merits my warmest acknowledgments. At the same time I freely confess, that next in my estimation to a good conscience, do I value the approbation of good men. I will give

The town of Halifax: the spot in North-Carolina where first the principles of free government were reduced to system—may its inhabitants ever enjoy that respect and esteem to which their patriotism and hospitality so justly entitle them.

By the Vice-President.—The town of Halifax, the birth-place of our Constitution: venerable for its antiquity, celebrated for the hospitality and patriotism of its inhabitants, [The Vice-President stated, that he was in part anticipated by our guest, but that we could not have too much of a good thing.]

By R. Potter, Esq.—North-Carolina: may the time soon arrive when her sons shall no longer have occasion to remind her of the ancient maxim—
"KNOW THYSELF."

By Dr. R. H. Wilson.—Gen. Lafayette: may the sentiments of North-Carolina towards this distinguished man be judged of by the world, from the general expressions and feelings of her inhabitants, and not by the vote of one of her senators.

By T. Burges, Esq.—Nathaniel Macon: "an honest man is the noblest work of God."

By R. A. Jones, Esq.—Nathaniel Macon: we esteem him as the Phocion of our state, but we regret that under a mistaken sense of duty, he should have given a vote contrary to the feelings and opinions of North-Carolina.

By D. C. Fenner.—The county of Halifax: it has recent-

ly furnished two Governors and a Senator to Congress—may it ever continue as conspicuous in the state.

By T. Burges, Esq.—Our next President: may he possess the wisdom and the virtues of Washington.

By R. Potter, Esq.—[After a sentimental song from Mr. Anderson.]—Geo. Anderson, the minstrel of Halifax: "he who hath not music in his soul, is fit for treason, stratagem and spoil."

By Geo. Howard.—The town and county of Halifax: may the virtue and intelligence of their citizens be brilliantly reflected in the conduct of their public officers.

Volunteer.—The ladies: "we love the lassies, God forgie us."

Volunteer.—Our landlord & his better half: we tender them our thanks for their sumptuous entertainment.

The company rose from the table at an early hour, and we are pleased to observe that nothing occurred to mar the festivities of the day.

Congress.—In the House of Representatives on Thursday, a Message from the President was read, inviting Congress to raise a Committee for the purpose of investigating his individual accounts, which are of long standing, with the public. We hope sincerely that the wishes of our venerable Chief Magistrate may be gratified—that he may be permitted to retire without a thorn to rankle in his bosom—that, as he asks nothing from the generosity of his country, that she will be found at least prepared to render justice at the call of one of the most ancient, faithful and devoted of her servants.

Petersburg Int.

Foreign.—Accounts both from Liverpool and Havre, received by the regular packet ships arrived at New York, reach nearly to the end of November. The most interesting News is that portion which relates to the affairs of the GREEKS—the present intelligence more fully confirming the previous reports of their successes; and adding as the result, that the Maritime Commander of the Greeks, having crippled the Turkish Admiral and driven him through the straits, had taken position at the mouth of the Dardanelles, with the view of keeping the Ottoman fleet in the sea of Marmora, and intercepting the military supplies from Constantinople. Thus, in vulgar parlance, the Greeks, are taking the Bull by the horns: they are in effect tying up the strong arm of the Turkish power. This movement is perhaps the most fortunate in their whole career of good luck. What the straits of Thermopylae have so frequently proven in their contests on land, the straits of the Dardanelles may soon become in their operations by sea, being the point at which one hundred vessels may do the service of a thousand sail; and while their flag floats triumphantly in sight of ancient Troy, the inhabitants of the Morca and of the Isles of the Archipelago may sleep secure! The once powerful, but now disjointed Despotism of Turkey seems indeed "fast tottering to its fall." In vain has the "sacred standard" of the Prophet been displayed, the corps of Janissaries is extinct. In vain has the Grand Sultan ordered the women to wear "longer veils and petticoats," and to ex-