

Miscellaneous.



From the New-York Evening Post.

The following lines were written by a young lady, 15 years of age, after seeing Miss Martha Honeywell, who is now to be seen at Peale's Museum, Broadway. Miss H. was born without arms, and with her mouth does the finest work with the greatest ease. She cuts watch papers, (most exquisitely fine) landscapes, and any design presented to her. The Lord's prayer surprises us the most.

When first thy name assail'd my ear,
My heart was fill'd with fear and dread;
Methought affliction so severe,
Would sink to earth thy hapless head.

But when to visit thee I came,
I saw thy eyes so full, so meek;
I view'd the bright good humor'd smile,
That mantled on thy glowing cheek.

Instead of fear, instead of dread,
My heart with admiration glow'd,
And thy example, Martha, dear,
Teaches us to adore our God.

For who could murmur or repine,
At common ills or common woes;
Whene'er so hard a fate as thine,
Is met with calmness and repose.

What skill, what taste, what neatness shine
In all thy various works of art;
They surely show the hand Divine
Has stamp'd his image on thy heart.

Thy resignation and thy trust,
Shall meet high heaven's approaching rod;
And when thy body joins the dust,
Thy soul shall wing its way to God.

LEGAL WHISKERS.

As o'er their wine and walnuts sat,
Talking of this and then of that,
Two wights, well learned in the law,
That is, well skilled to find a flaw;
Said one companion to the other,
"How is it, most respected brother,
That you of late have shaved away
Those whiskers which for many a day,
Had ornamented much your cheek?
Sure 'twas an idle, silly freak."
To whom the other answer gave,
With look half merry and half grave,
"Though others be by whiskers graced,
A Lawyer can't be too barefaced."

Raleigh, Sept. 4.—On Tuesday last, William L. Wolf, a lawless and desperate fellow, was taken up in this city and ordered to prison as a vagrant. On arriving at the jail, he was directed to enter one of the lower apartments; which he refused to do, and immediately ascended the stairs, seized a large bar of iron, and threatened to kill any person who should attempt to bring him down. A man by the name of Merrill Miller then ascended for the purpose of taking him. On approaching him, he gave Miller a severe blow on the side of the head with the bar, which fractured his skull; when Col. Wiatt, the jailor, fired at Wolf with a pistol, and lodged a ball and two buck shot in his abdomen. He lingered until 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon, when he expired. A coroner's inquest was held over his body, which rendered a verdict, that his death was occasioned by three wounds received from a pistol fired by John T. C. Wiatt while in the discharge of his duty as jailor. Miller lies dangerously ill, and his recovery is considered somewhat doubtful.—*Star.*

Fire.—A fire occurred in the Branch of the State Bank at Edenton, on the 23d ult. which but for its timely discovery, would soon have consumed the whole building, with its valuable contents. Fortunately, no papers of

importance were destroyed, and although some of the books were considerably burned, the Edenton Gazette states, that they were not so much injured but that the contents may be made out. The Cashier, Mr. Pullen, was absent on a visit to Raleigh.

Newbern, Sept. 6.—Since our last, we have been gratified to learn, that Lieut. Eliason, of the U. S. Engineers, has been ordered, by the War Department, to superintend the contemplated operations near Ocracock for deepening the Swash: and that the work will be commenced as soon as the necessary machinery can be procured.—*Spectator.*

Death by Poison.—A Pennsylvania paper gives an account of the whole family of a Mr. William Clarke of Union town being destroyed by poison. On the evening of the 1st of August they sat down to their supper of mush and milk in perfect health. A short time afterwards they were all seized with nausea and vomiting. They remained in this situation the whole night, feeling little alarm at the circumstance and drinking plentifully of cold water. The next morning a physician was called, but his prescriptions were attended with no relief. At 10 o'clock in the forenoon, Oliver a boy six years of age died—the physicians opened the body and declared that the death was occasioned by *mineral poison*. On the night of that day, Albert a boy aged three years died, and on the third day which was Sunday, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, Mrs. Clarke the mother, breathed her last. Finally, on Monday evening, the father of the family Mr. Clarke, expired. The boy who died first was buried on Sunday, the three others were committed to the grave at one time, on Tuesday, in the Baptist burying yard in Union Town. One child about nine months old is the only survivor of the family. How the poisonous substance found its way into the food is not conjectured.

Renovation.—It is stated that a Mrs. Galusha, of Monmouth, Maine, now 83 years of age, has had, within the last three years, an entire set of new teeth, a new head of hair, and her sight, of which she had been for some time deprived, has been so perfectly restored, that she is now able to read the finest print without the aid of spectacles.

The New Nose.—The important operation of making a new nose has been recently performed in this village by Dr. Batchelder, the late professor of surgery in one of the eastern medical colleges, with complete success. The operation consisted in taking a piece of flesh from the forehead and bringing it down, applying and fastening it to the face where the nose should be, the part to which it was to be applied having been previously scarified. We have examined the face of this unfortunate individual and find that it is not only true that such an operation has been performed but that it was done with so much

exactness that the wounds healed almost entirely by the first attention, leaving the smallest possible vestiges of the performance, the scars are therefore much less apparent than could have been expected. The cicatrix upon the forehead, whence the adventitious nose was taken, is very small, and may be entirely concealed by the hair of the forehead, with the exception of that portion which extends to the root of the nose which was designedly made in the place where there is usually a natural wrinkle for which without the closest inspection it would be taken. The bones of the nose, which form the partition between the nostrils and also the one forming the left side of the nose were destroyed by the disease (a cancer) but the operation was so conducted as to fill up the deficiency occasioned by the loss of these bones, and to give the nose an aquiline appearance so that the horrible deformity caused by the loss of the facial handle has disappeared, while the new proboscis stands forth with becoming modesty.

Oneida N. Y. Observer.

Social System.—Miss Frances Wright, the authoress of "Travels in America," who has formed a settlement in Tennessee, with purchased negroes, intends to liberate them as soon as the purchase money, with interest, is refunded by their labor. As a visionary theorist, she has thrown Robert Owen in the back ground; she has adopted many of his licentious opinions, and added to them principles of infidelity, shocking in the extreme. A "Community" is formed under her patronage, somewhat similar to the one formed by Robert Owen, at New Harmony. For this community she has written and adopted a constitution, which abolishes the institution of matrimony; allows a promiscuous intercourse of the sexes; advocates the amalgamation of the black and white population; and denies a state of existence after death. Many, once favorable to her enterprize, which was first undertaken under the guise of philanthropy, have become disgusted, and left her settlement.—*Lockport Jour.*

A young woman was found last week at Philadelphia, disguised in man's apparel for the purpose of ascertaining the haunts of her husband, of whom she was jealous.

Snuff.—Dr. D. M. Reese, a respectable physician of New-York, in a work recently published, says he has known two instances of death from *eating snuff*, a habit which is perhaps increasing among the ladies of our country with a rapidity only equalled by the ravages of ardent spirits, and which is no less ruinous to health and destructive to life. This practice has its origin in using the Scotch snuff as a tooth powder—a fondness is soon acquired for it, and hundreds among us, especially among our females, get drunk upon it every day of their lives. The effects are paleness of countenance, torpor of body, stupor of mind, diseases of the stomach, lungs, &c.

Notice.



STRAYED from the Subscriber, at Greenville, Pitt county, on Friday, 5th inst.

A spare made Bay Horse,

Blaze face, one of his hind feet white and when travelling drags his hind feet considerably. Said horse broke his bridle and went off with the saddle on him—he was brought from Tennessee last fall, and it is supposed he will make his way in that direction. Any person taking up said horse and notifying the Subscriber thereof, or delivering the horse to him in Pitt county, eleven miles east of Greenville, shall be suitably rewarded.

JAMES M. DANIEL.

Sept. 9, 1828.

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Notice.

ALL persons are hereby forewarned from trading for a note of hand, given by the Subscriber to G. Shurley, for \$100, dated 29th March last, and due twelvemonths after date—the consideration for said note having failed.

WM. R. DUPREE.

Aug. 28, 1828.

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Notice.

THE Subscriber informs the public, that the Note of hand for \$100, given him by Mr. Wm. R. Dupree and which they are cautioned against receiving, was traded off a few days after it was given, and I have nothing further to do with it.

GER. SHURLEY.

Aug. 30, 1828.

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PROPOSAL,

For publishing in Petersburg, Va. a Newspaper, to be issued every Monday, to be entitled

THE TIMES.

FRANCIS G. YANCEY, Editor.
HENRY WHYTE, Publisher.

Devoted to Agriculture, Manufactures, Commerce, the Mechanical Arts, Sciences, Literature, Poetry, and General News.

THE TIMES will be of the largest size of Newspapers, exceeding in dimensions any journal at present published south of Washington City. It will be printed on paper of the best quality, with entire new type, of elegant modern cast. Its pages will be compact, filled with the most valuable matter, under the heads above enumerated: and the Editor and Publisher pledge themselves that neither expense nor labor shall be spared to render it useful and entertaining to the planter and farmer, the merchant in town and country, the professional gentleman, the manufacturer, the mechanic, as well as the lover of miscellaneous reading. They will endeavor especially to make it acceptable as a Family Newspaper. The state of the markets will be particularly attended to; every kind of information industriously sought, and the prices of domestic produce, as well as of foreign goods, given with the utmost attainable accuracy. To insure the readers of the Times the earliest intelligence, a correspondence will be established with Europe and all the principal cities of the United States, besides a general exchange with the interior newspapers; and slips will be issued immediately after the arrival of every mail with interesting news.

THE price of Subscription will be Three Dollars per annum. Advertising by the year \$15, limited to two squares—\$20 for three squares. Transient advertisements inserted at the customary rates.

With this exposition of our views and intentions, we respectfully solicit the support of our friends and the public. Those inclined to favor the undertaking, will please call upon either the Editor or Publisher, and subscribe their names. As the terms are as low as can possibly be afforded, and as considerable capital is required in the commencement, subscriptions in advance will be gratefully acknowledged. The first number is expected to appear early in August; before which, it is requested that all the lists may be returned.

Petersburg, June 24, 1828.