

List of the Members of the General Assembly of N. C. for 1828

COUNTIES.	SENATORS.	COMMONERS.
Anson,	*Clement Marshall,	*John Smith, *William A. Morris.
Ashe,	*John Hardin,	Anderson Mitchell, *James Calloway.
Buncombe,	Athan A. M'Dowell,	*David L. Swain, John Clayton.
Bertie,	George O. Askew,	*Joseph Watford, *William S. Mhoon.
Bladen,	*M. M'Innis,	John J. M'Millan, *Alfred Waddell.
Brunswick,	*Jacob Leonard, Jr.	*Thomas B. Smith, *William L. Hall.
Beaufort,	J. O. K. Williams,	Thos. W. Blackledge, *Thos. Latham.
Burke,	Merritt Burgin,	David Newland, *Mark Brittain.
Cabarrus,	L. H. Alexander,	John C. Barnhardt, William M'Lean.
Columbus,	James Burney,	Luke R. Simmons, Caleb Stephens.
Carteret,	*Otway Burns,	David W. Borden, *John S. W. Hellen.
Currituck,	Samuel Salyear,	Enoch Ball, *Benjamin T. Simmons.
Chowan,	William Walton,	William Byrum, *Josiah M'Keil.
Chatham,	Joseph Ramsey,	*Joseph J. Brooks, Nathaniel G. Smith.
Cumberland,	*Arch'd M'Dearmid,	Joseph Hodges, *Alex. M'Neill.
Camden,	*Haywood S. Bell,	*Wilson B. Webster, Thomas Dozier.
Caswell,	†Bartlett Yancy,	C. D. Donoho, *James H. Ruffin.
Craven,	Richard D. Spaight,	Charles J. Nelson, *John M. Bryan.
Duplin,	*Stephen Miller,	*William Wright, Joseph Gillespie.
Davidson,	John M. Smith,	Thomas Hampton, Absalom Williams.
Edgecombe,	Louis D. Wilson,	Benj. Sharpe, Benj. Wilkinson.
Franklin,	*H. T. G. Ruffin,	*William Branch, *Richard Ward.
Granville,	*Thomas T. Hunt,	*Robert Potter, *James Wyche.
Gates,	Abraham Harrell,	W. W. Stedman, Lemuel Riddick.
Greene,	Jesse Speight,	James Harper, Joseph Ellis.
Guilford,	Jonathan Parker,	F. L. Simpson, *Geo. C. Mendenhall.
Halifax,	Isham Mathews,	*Rice B. Pierce, George E. Spruill.
Hertford,	David O. Askew,	Bridger I. Montgomery, J. H. Wheeler.
Hyde,	*Littlejohn Pugh,	John B. Jasper, Wallace Styron.
Haywood,	Thomas Love,	Benj. S. Brittain, *Ninian Edmonston.
Fredell,	Abner Franklin,	*Joseph M. Bogle, *Richard Allison.
Johnston,	David Thomson,	Hillory Wilder, *Josiah O. Watson.
Jones,	Risden M. M'Daniel,	O'Brien Cox, *Emanuel Jarman.
Lincoln,	Michael Rinehardt,	*Bartlett Ship, *Andrew H. Loretz.
Lenoir,	*Hardy B. Croom,	George Whitfield, Wm. B. Kilpatrick.
Moore,	Alexander M'Neill,	Wm. Wadsworth, *Josiah Tyson.
Montgomery,	Edmund Deberry,	*Reuben Kendall, James Lilly.
Mecklenburg,	William Davidson,	Wm. J. Alexander, J. Blackwood.
Martin,	Joseph J. Williams,	Jesse Cooper, *David Latham.
New-Hanover,	*William B. Mears,	John Kerr, *Wm. S. Larkins.
Nash,	Wm. W. Boddie,	*Gideon Bass, Frederick Battle.
Northampton,	†John H. Patterson,	*Joseph M. S. Rogers, Roder'k B. Gary.
Onslow,	Edward Ward,	Frederick Foy, Edward Williams.
Orange,	*James Mebane,	*Hugh Waddell, John Stockard.
Person,	*Maurice Smith,	Thomas Webb, *Elijah Hester.
Pasquotank,	John L. Bailly,	John Pool, *Wm. Gregory.
Pitt,	John Joyner,	Marshall Dickinson, *Alfred Moya.
Perquimons,	Willis Riddick,	*Daniel Rogerson, *Thomas Wilson.
Rowan,	John Scott,	Hamilton C. Jones, John Clement.
Randolph,	Alexander Gray,	Hugh Walker, *Thomas Hancock.
Rockingham,	Edward T. Brodnax,	Thomas Settle, *Wm. Bethell.
Robeson,	Archibald M'Eachin,	Malcolm Purcell, *W. Alford.
Richmond,	*Tryam M'Farland,	*Nathan Gibson, Neill Nicholson.
Rutherford,	Martin Shuford,	*James Webb, *James Graham.
Sampson,	Hardy Royal,	David Underwood, Thomas Boykiy.
Surry,	*Meshack Franklin,	*Mordecai Fleming, *Alfred Moore.
Stokes,	Emanuel Shober,	*Gabriel T. Moore, *Henry Martin.
Tyrrell,	John B. Beasley,	Daniel N. Bateman, F. Davenport.
Washington,	S. Davenport,	*Abner N. Vail, *— Sanderson.
Wilkes,	*James Wellborn,	Nathaniel Gordon, *John Saintclair.
Warren,	*Richard Davis,	*William G. Jones, Ransom Walker.
Wayne,	Gabriel Sherrard,	*John W. Sasser, *James Rhodes.
Wake,	Charles L. Hinton,	Samuel Whitaker, *Wesley Jones.

TOWNS.

Newbern,	William Gaston,	Wilmington,	John Walker.
Fayetteville,	John D. Eccles,	Hillsborough,	*Frederick Nash.
Edenton,	James Bozman,	Halifax,	Jesse A. Bynum.
Salisbury,	Charles Fisher.		

* The names of the new members are marked thus *.
† Died a short time after his election.

Sugar Cane.—We have seen a specimen of the sugar cane raised in the neighborhood of this town, (says the Newbern Spectator,) which proves, we think beyond a doubt, that this valuable article may become one of the staple products of this State. The cane we saw green on the plantation of George Pollock, Esq. on Trent river—it has fourteen joints, ten of which, it is supposed, will yield sugar; it is four feet long and five and a half inches in circumference. Our agricultural friends can examine it at the Newbern Bank. We are informed two rows of the rattoons planted in April last, twenty-five yards long and three feet apart, produced 147 stalks already cut, and that about 50 remain to be cut—these were the products of 33 hills only, several not yielding any, owing, it is supposed, to the rattoons not being perfect. They

were not at all affected by the sharp frost on the 10th inst. and appear less sensible to the frost than the Cotton. The ground was highland, made rich by manure, and produces about 800 lbs. of cotton to the acre. This is a specimen of the ribbon cane.

Vegetation.—Owing to the last remarkable mild winter and moist spring, vegetation has been uncommonly prolific the past season, and fruits have come to maturity much earlier than usual—consequently fruit trees have, and are now, exhibiting a second show of blossoms, in different parts of the United States. In some instances they have borne a second crop. In Savannah, last week, well grown and perfectly ripe peaches and grapes, of the second growth, were offered for sale. In N. Hampshire second crops have also been produced.



Tarborough,

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1828.

A new Post-Office has recently been established in this county, at "Sparta," E. Price, Post-master.

Presidential Election.—Yesterday the Polls were opened in this State, for the purpose of electing Electors to vote for President and Vice-President of the United States. In this place the poll stood as follows:—for the Jackson ticket 121, for Adams 5.

Returns come in slowly from other States—in Virginia the Jackson ticket is far a-head; the Enquirer gives the votes in several counties, making an aggregate of 16,676 votes for Jackson, and 7339 for Adams.

In Pennsylvania, it is supposed that the Jackson ticket will succeed by a majority of at least 50,000 votes.

In New-York, so far as heard from, the Jackson ticket has prevailed in 13 districts, the Adams ticket in 7—both parties, however appear confident of obtaining a majority of her electoral votes.

In Maine, the Jackson elector in the Cumberland district, succeeded by a majority of 173 votes.

In Ohio, so far as heard from, the Jackson ticket has received 31,266 votes, Adams 27,375.

In New-Jersey and the New-England States the Administration ticket appears to take the lead with the exception of one district in Maine. It is now more than probable that Mr. Adams will only receive 50 votes in New-England, 16 in New-York, 8 in New-Jersey, 3 in Delaware, and 7 in Maryland, making an aggregate of 84 votes out of the 261.

It is conjectured, that Mr. Adams will not receive one vote south of the Potomac nor west of the mountains—Ohio, Kentucky, Indiana, and Louisiana are still, however, claimed with apparent confidence by his friends, and possibly he may obtain them; but even all these are insufficient to elect him. Our former estimate is subjoined, that our readers may see we were not too sanguine in our calculations:

FOR JACKSON.	ADAMS.
New-York, 20	Maine, 9
Pennsylvania, 28	New-Hampshire, 8
Maryland, 4	Massachusetts, 16
Virginia, 24	Rhode-Island, 4
North-Carolina, 15	Connecticut, 8
South-Carolina, 11	Vermont, 7
Georgia, 9	New-York, 16
Tennessee, 11	New-Jersey, 8
Alabama, 5	Delaware, 3
Mississippi, 3	Maryland, 7
Missouri, 3	Ohio, 16
Illinois, 3	Kentucky, 14
Indiana, 5	Louisiana, 5
Total, 141	Total, 120

General Assembly.—The Legislature of this State will convene at Raleigh on Monday next—in the preceding columns will be found the names of the members. From the following articles it appears that a busy and important session is anticipated:

Washington, Nov. 1.—This week the Superior Court of Law and Equity, for the county of Beaufort, held its fall session in this town, the Hon. Judge Martin presiding. We understand that the law docket was unusually small, and the state docket, tho' larger than ordinary, was entirely for minor offences. This is Judge Martin's first visit here; but the ability, energy, and pleasantness he has evinced, will ensure for him a large share of the confidence and respect of the people of Beaufort.

North-Carolina may justly be proud of the brilliant array of ta-

lent, unspotted integrity, and unsurpassed amenity of manners, now upon the Bench of her Superior Courts. In the hands of her Superior Court Judges, every thing dear to freemen may be safely confided. We wish we could say as much in favor of the existing Supreme Court of our State. That high tribunal seems, as far as we have heard or can judge, to have fallen, in the general confidence and respect, to rise no more. Lawyers as well as the mass of the people say, that the Superior Court Judges give us sounder law, and err less frequently, than the Judges of the Supreme Court do. So apparent has this become of late, that it is now the almost universal wish, that the ensuing session of the Legislature may abolish the present Supreme Court, and restore the Court of Conference, and let the Superior Court Judges receive an enlarged and liberal compensation, for transacting the business of their present Courts, and for settling in a Court of Conference all disputed questions of law, arising upon their circuits.

From the Fayetteville Observer.
The above paragraph we have copied from the Freeman's Echo, a respectable paper printed at Washington, in this State. With the remarks upon the Superior Court Bench, we heartily concur; the public opinion is decidedly confirmatory of them. But we hope that the Editor is not correctly informed as to the feeling towards the present Supreme Court, and especially that no attempt to abolish it may be successfully made. It is true that we have heard some complaints of the Supreme Court, and it would seem to be hardly possible for an institution of the kind to give universal satisfaction, and to escape without complaints; but we have no idea, that a feeling of dissatisfaction so general as to threaten the abolition of the Court, and a return to the old and much detested Judicial System can exist.

The next will be an important session of the Legislature. Not only, if the "Echo" be correctly informed, will this matter come before it, but the Banks will have to run the gauntlet; the Rail Road system will no doubt be discussed, and we hope acted upon, at least so far as to authorise an experiment to be made at this place, from the town to the landing at Campbellton. A United States Senator will be chosen, as Governor Branch's term will expire on the 3d of March next. And there will doubtless other matters of importance arise during the session, which will commence on Monday the 17th inst.

Petersburg, Nov. 7.—The market—the accounts of an improvement in the price of Wheat in England, brought by the James Cropper, have caused considerable excitement in our market. Prime Wheat was selling freely yesterday at \$1.50; we have accordingly quoted it at that price, though we have understood one or two loads sold at an advance of three cents. Cotton—our quotations are fully maintained; about 300 bales arrive daily, and the