

MISCELLANEOUS.



LIFE.

By James G. Brooks.

Life hath its sunshine; but the ray
Which flashes on its stormy wave
Is but the beacon of decay,
A meteor beaming o'er the grave;
And though its dawning hour is bright
With fancy's gayest coloring,
Yet o'er its cloud encumbered night
Dark ruin flaps his raven wing.

Life hath its flowers; and what are they!
Thy sting relentless memory!
Which wakes not, pierces not, until
The hour of joy hath ceased to be;
Then, when the heart is in its pail,
And cold affection gathers o'er,
Thy mournful anthem doth recall
Bliss which hath died to bloom no more.

Life hath its blessings; but the storm
Sleeps like the desert wind in wrath,
To sear and blight the loveliest form
Which sports on earth's deceitful path;
O! soon the wild heart's broken wail
So changed from youth's delightful tone,
Floats mournfully upon the gale,
When all is desolate and lone.

Life hath its hopes; a fleeting dream,
A canker'd flower, a setting sun,
Which casts a transitory gleam
Upon the even clouds of dun;
Pass but an hour—that dream hath fled,
The flowers on earth forsaken lie!
The sun hath set, whose lustre shed
A light upon the shaded sky.

From the Ohio Repository.

SWEET HOME ADIEU.

Farewell my home, a long farewell,
Sequestered spot adieu;
No tongue my present grief can tell,
No words can speak them true:
The fatal day at last has dawn'd,
That bids me part from you,
Each moment warns me to be gone,
My home, sweet home, adieu.

My fleeting hours of bliss are past,
Caus'd by my wish to rove;
These present moments fly as fast
As I from here remove;
And when departed far away,
No more your charms to view,
A throbbing heart will often sigh—
My home, sweet home, adieu.

Time, time may dry the briny tear,
That lingers on my cheek,
Yet memory oft my heart will tear,
In some strange land to weep:
Once more I'll turn my tearful eyes,
To take a glimpse of you,
While a full heart of sorrow sighs—
My home, sweet home, adieu.

News from the West.—We understand that letters have been received from Gen. Scott, who had reached Cincinnati on the 6th inst. on his return to New York. On the 21st ult. he signed an important treaty with the body of the Sac and Fox Indians—and on the 23d and 24th, put all the troops in motion for their former respective stations.

We understand, that by the treaty with the Sacs and Foxes, Black Hawk, the Prophet, and 11 other principal chiefs and leaders of the same, or Hostile Band, are to be held as hostages for the future good conduct of their band, during the pleasure of the President of the United States. We have gained a fine country 300 miles on the Mississippi, and of an average depth of 53 miles, worth in 30 years \$10,000,000. This was taken partly on the principle of conquest, to indemnify the expences of the war, and partly on the principle of purchase. The United States are to pay \$20,000 annually for 30 years—making \$600,000, and about \$45,000 in other forms—which will make in 30 years, \$645,000. Add, for the expences of the war, say \$800,000, and we shall have for the whole cost of the country \$1,465,000—which will leave a balance in favor of the United States, of more than 3 millions. The Indians left the Commissioners perfectly satisfied. On the 15th, they had signed a previous treaty with the Winnebagoes—only a little less important one than the second treaty.—*Rich. Enq.*

The Cherokees.—The Cherokee Phoenix says:—Gen. Coffee, commander of the Georgia Guards, sent a detachment

of the Guard, on an expedition we understand to arrest the Principal of the Cherokee Nation at the Head of Coosa, on a charge of passing some laws at the late Council appointing some sheriffs and constables in Ahmohee and Aquohee districts. However, we are enabled to state that the mansion of the Chief, was not besieged, but a few interrogatories, and responded to as often by the Chief, the Guard came off without a prisoner.

New Invention.—We have witnessed within a few days past, a Torpedo to be used in blowing up houses during a fire, it is very simple and we doubt not it will be found to answer the purpose intended without the usual risk attending such operations; it is made of tin, in a cylindrical form. Its length is about 14 inches, its diameter 13. On the side there is a tube communicating with the inside of the canister, through which the powder is deposited and the match is secured. The match is about sixty feet long, and is kept in a state of preservation by a box which is formed on the side of the Torpedo, surrounding the tube. The box is of sufficient dimensions to contain the match when properly wrapped up. It was invented by the Rev. Jarvis B. Buxton, Rector of St. John's church, in this place. We are pleased to learn that our Police have taken measures to supply the town with a number of this highly useful (as we think) invention.

Fayetteville Journal.

The Baptists.—The Philadelphian states that a Baptist Association met in Orange county, N. C. not long since, and passed the following resolution almost unanimously:—

"On motion, resolved that this Association disapprove the societies of the day, viz: the Bible Society, the Temperance Society, the Tract Society, the Sunday School Society, the Missionary Society, the Baptist Convention, and all religious newspapers."

Charge of Libel.—John Reynolds, a clergyman of the Methodist denomination, was arraigned on Thursday in the Municipal Court of Boston, on an indictment for a libel upon William Apes, a colored man, professing to be a minister of the same church. The indictment charges the defendant with having published in the Boston Commercial Gazette, an article alleging that the said Apes was a deceiver and impostor, guilty of crimes and offences, and buying lottery tickets, and misappropriating money collected by him from religious persons for charitable purposes. Mr. Reynolds appeared and avowed himself the author of the article, and pleaded Not Guilty. The case was postponed to the next term of the Court, to enable the defendant to provide for his defence.

Match Race.—The New York Standard of the 15th says: The match race, on Long Island, between Virginia Taylor and Miss Mattie, 4 mile heats, for \$2,000, came off yesterday; the first heat was tolerably well contested, but Miss Mattie won with ease. It was evident after the heat, that the Southern horse was much distressed. Upon the call for the second heat, there appeared to be much delay; we at one time supposed the Southern horse would have been withdrawn. She appeared however to revive when brought to the stand. The start was a pretty one, and the Southern mare got the track—she retained it but a short time, and after one or two unsuccessful attempts to take the lead, Miss Mattie bade her a final "good bye," and about half way on the last mile, as she would not answer whip or spur, her rider walked her off the course.

Economy.—A London economist has discovered that bread, in the process of baking, emits a vapor which can be condensed into a spirit of great strength; a quarter loaf yields several drams of clear spirit, from which it is estimated that 300,000 gallons per annum may be produced from what has been wasted. It is added that a baker in London has exhibited a placard having upon it, "Bread sold here with the gin in it."

HENRY JOHNSTON,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

TAKES this method of informing his friends and customers, that he has just received from New York a part of his

FALL SUPPLY

Of the finest and most fashionable Goods, In his line of business, suitable for the season—
—SUCH AS—

Superfine cloths and cassimeres, the most fashionable colors,
Brown Petersham, for over coats, a very sup'r article,
Goats hair, and Ladies camlets, for cloaks,
Plain and figured velvet vestings,
Plain and fancy silks, beautiful article,
Dark and light Valenciens,
Plain white and figured Quiltings,
Best quality buckskin gloves, black and fancy stocks,
Linen collars and bosoms, best pungee silk Handk'fs,
Black and white cravats, suspenders, &c.

All of those goods will be sold very low for cash, or on a short credit to punctual customers. Gentlemen wanting such articles are particularly invited to call and examine for themselves, as he is confident he can please all such. Persons furnishing their own cloths, can have them made and trimmed at the shortest notice and in the most fashionable manner. All orders from a distance will be punctually attended to.
Tarboro', Oct. 1, 1832.

Greenwood Races.

THE Races over the Greenwood Course, Scotland Neck, Halifax county, North Carolina, will commence on Wednesday, the 7th day of November next, and continue three days—four days should a colt race be closed.

First Day—The Proprietor's Purse, One Hundred Dollars, money up—mile heats—entrance Ten Dollars.

Second Day—The Jockey Club Purse, One Hundred and Fifty Dollars—two mile heats—entrance Fifteen Dollars.

Third Day—The remainder of the Jockey Club Purse, Two hundred and Fifty Dollars—three mile heats—entrance Fifteen Dollars.

Fourth Day—A colt race, Fifty Dollars entrance—three or more to make a race, to close on the evening of the first day.

All entries to be made with the Proprietor on the evening previous to each day's race.

Accommodations to be had of the Proprietor residing within a half mile of the track, who will not spare any pains to give satisfaction.

Good Stable and Litter furnished race horses gratis.

WILLIAM NICKELS, Proprietor.

Sept. 24, 1832.

LOOK HERE.

THE Subscriber is under the disagreeable necessity of requesting those who owe him, to owe him if possible no longer than May Court. This he requests not from choice, but necessity compels him to require either cash or note for the debts due him in this vicinity by that time.

C. WINDHOM.

May 20th, 1832.

Millinery, &c.

THE Subscriber informs her friends and the public, that she has just received her Spring Supply of articles in her line of business, viz:

Pattern Silk and Satin-straw bonnets,
Leghorn, Dunstable, and Navarino do.
An assortment of wreaths and flowers,
Head dresses, ornaments, &c.
Watered and plain silks,
Elegant hair puffs and curls,
Gauze and crape shawls and handk'fs,
A great variety of ribbons, &c. &c.

The Subscriber still carries on the Millinery & Mantua-making business, in all its variety.

A. C. HOWARD.

May 5, 1832.

Gins and Fanning Mills.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the public, that he continues to manufacture at his shop in Tarborough, near the bridge,

Gins and Fanning Mills,

Of the latest and most approved construction. He will make his work, as heretofore, in the best manner and as expeditiously as possible. Persons will please apply to Mr. BENJ. M. JACKSON, in my absence.

JOHN WILSON.

Tarboro', Nov. 28, 1831.

\$20 REWARD.

RANAWAY from the Subscriber, on Monday night last, my boy CRAWFORD, about 18 years of age, 5 feet 3 or 4 inches high, swarthy complexion nearly white, broad face and down look, no beard, straight hair not very black, very full breast—took with him a suit of new white cotton clothes, and black fur hat. This boy can read and will probably attempt to pass as a free man. A reward of Ten Dollars will be given, if taken with in this county, to any person who will deliver said boy to the Subscriber, residing eight and a half miles from Tarborough, on the Raleigh road, near Cokey bridge; or, if taken out of the county, Twenty Dollars will be given for his delivery to me, or if secured in any jail so that I get him again. All persons are hereby harboring, employing, or carrying off said boy, under penalty of the law.

SAMUEL P. JENKINS.

May 29, 1832.

E. P. NASH & CO.

Booksellers, Stationers,
And Blank Book Manufacturers,
NORFOLK, VIRGINIA.
May 1, 1832.

MILES NASH & CO.

Commission Merchants,
NORFOLK, VIRGINIA.

RESPECTFULLY offer their services to their friends and the public generally, and hope by strict attention to business to merit a share of patronage.
May 1, 1832.

I have Received
A Consignment of 94 Crates of
Earthenware,

By the late arrivals of ship Madison, Capt. Wood, and Anacreon, Capt. Lenox, from Liverpool, viz:

- 20 Crates assorted white ware,
- 20 " " colored "
- 15 " blue and green edge plates,
- 10 " white chambers,
- 3 " painted ditto,
- 2 " printed ewers and basons,
- 1 " white ewers,
- 9 " white hand basons,
- 3 " colored bowls,
- 5 " " pitchers,
- 2 " painted tea cups and saucers.
- 1 " soup tureens, assorted.

The above are entitled to debenture, and will be sold as low as any Importer can sell them in the U. States.

Also, in Store,

Dinner sets complete, light blue, black, brown, green and pink,
First quality China tea sets, white & gold,
Second do. do. in great variety.
And an assortment of Glassware.

W. K. MACKINDER.

Norfolk, Va. 26th June, 1832.

NEW BINDERY.

WITH a view to the more efficient prosecution of their business, the Subscribers have
Established a Bookbindery.

Having procured the best materials from the North, and employed a Workman who comes well recommended, they are prepared to execute on moderate terms, all orders in this line.

Account Books, Records, &c. ruled and made to order: and every kind of Binding promptly executed in the best and neatest manner, on reasonable terms.

J. GALES & SON.

Being Publishers of the Reports of the Supreme Court, such of the Subscribers to that Work as chuse to send their Nos. to him to bind, will have them carefully attended to, and the Indexes and all deficient numbers supplied.
Raleigh, August 2, 1832.

PROPOSALS,

For publishing WEEKLY in the City of Raleigh an Agricultural Newspaper, under the name and style of the

Farmer's and Planter's Half Sheet.

Our motto is, "Agriculture is the great art which every proprietor of land ought to practise; every statesman to patronise, and every individual of the human family to consider as the chief employment of his species."
Dr. Johnson.

THIS Agricultural paper, will be modelled after one conducted in France with eminent success, by the Count Lasteurie, (Lafayette's son-in-law) and another in England by an association of gentlemen, styled "The Farmer's Weekly Visitor." They are both Half Sheets. The object of so curtailing the dimensions, is to prevent that ennui and fatigue, always produced by too great a bulk of intellectual matter. We will not say a word in regard to the great necessity of improving our agriculture, that is admitted; but it is of great importance, that improvements now confined to particular neighborhoods, should be more generally known, and we propose, as it were through a speaking trumpet, to proclaim them through all the land. In addition we hope to publish a paper into the columns of which, the agricultural citizen, heated and vexed in the dust and whirlwind of the great high road of "general politics," may turn as to a parterre, gay with flowers and adorned with refreshing fountains. Not one word of politics shall enter the columns of our EXCLUSIVELY AGRICULTURAL Journal.

There are a few other papers of an Agricultural type, published in the United States, but they are too local in their nature and do not sufficiently discuss those "matters and things," which appertain to our farming and planting interests. The Editor himself, has been a practical cultivator of all the staples of the South, and he has the promised co-operation of many of the most wealthy and extensive Planters and Farmers of the South. From them he will receive communications of great value, detailing the "modus operandi" of their management.

The "Half Sheet" will be issued as soon as a specified number of subscribers are obtained. Postmasters and others to whom subscription lists are, and will be sent, will be allowed the usual commissions upon collections.

The terms of the "Half Sheet" will be ONE DOLLAR ALWAYS in advance.

The Editor at present resides in an adjacent State, but will be in Raleigh about the first of January proximo. OLIVER RICHARDS
Sept. 1832.