

MISCELLANEOUS.



THE BRIDE.

A Ballad—by Charles Jeffreys.

Oh! take her, but be faithful still,
And may the bridal vow
Be sacred held in after years,
And warmly breathed as now.
Remember 'tis no common tie
That binds her youthful heart:
'Tis one that truth should only weave,
And only death can part.
The joys of childhood's happy hour,
The home of riper years,
The treasur'd scenes of early youth,
In sunshine and in tears.
The purest hopes her bosom knew,
When her young heart was free,
All these, and more, she now resigns,
To brave the world with thee.
Her lot in life is fixed with thine,
It's good and ill to share,
And well I know 'twill be her pride,
To sooth each sorrow there.
Then take her, and may fleeting time
Mark only joy's increase,
And may your days glide sweetly on
In happiness and peace.

THE WIFE.

Specimen of a Malthusian.

My dear, do pull the bell,
And pull it well,
And send those noisy children all up stairs,
Now playing here like bears.
You George and William go into the grounds,
Charles, James and Bob are there—
and take your string—
Drive horses, or fly kites, or any thing,
You've quite enough to play at hare and hounds.
You little Mary, Caroline and Poll,
Take each your doll,
And go, my dears, into the two back stair,
Your sister Margaret's there—
Harriet and Grace, thank God, are
both at school,
As far off as Ponty Pool.
I want to read—but really can't get on—
Let the four twins—Mark, Matthew,
Luke and John.
Go—to the nursery—go—I never can
Enjoy my Malthus among such a clan.

West Indies.—The intelligence from England which we publish to-day, is of deep interest to the people of this country, especially to those of the South. We allude of course to the important measure which the British Government is about to adopt in relation to its West India Colonies. It is the consummation of that policy which it has been pursuing for some years past, and which bears indubitable evidence of a determination not to stop short of the measure now proclaimed. The event must have been anticipated by all who are conversant with the sentiments and views of British statesmen, and the feelings of the people of Great Britain in relation to the subject, but it was not expected that it would have been brought about at so early a period; though considering that the planters are to have their property wrested from them at the point of the bayonet, without compensation, it was not necessary to dally or delay. We feel shocked at the gross injustice and tyranny of the proposed act, and not a little startled at the suggestion of the effect it may produce on our domestic relations, as well as our intercourse with the neighboring colonies. At present, however, it would be premature to enter upon a discussion of this delicate question. In a commercial point of view it will give the sugar growing part of our country a decided advantage over the British islands; and in the meantime the maintenance of 15,000 troops in the islands, to compel the planters to submit to be plundered of their property, will enhance the demand for our bread stuffs. But these are minor considerations.—*Norfolk Her.*

Sugar Trade.—A London paper of Jan. 22, says: An ingenious plan to alter the whole system of the sugar trade has been submitted to Ministers and to the principal houses collected with the Colonial trade in London; it has produced a great sensation. It is contemplated that only one process should take place in the

West Indies—that after the boiling of sugar cane, the proceeds in a fluid state, should be shipped to England to be manufactured here; by a patent taken out, the fluid by one process is to be made into refined sugars—the process of making muscovado sugar, and distilling rum would all be in England. The person who has submitted this plan has taken a patent for the refining, by one process, the fluid into lump sugar in most of the European countries, and we believe in America. The plan will create a complete revolution in the sugar trade; it is entertained by the Ministers, and approved of by the first houses in the West India Trade.

Severe Earthquake.—Capt. Lee, of the schooner Cygnet, from St. Kitts, informs us that an earthquake occurred at that place on the evening of the 8th of February, between which time and the 15th, about fifty violent shocks had taken place. During its progress, a great number of walls and stone buildings were demolished, and deep excavations were left in various parts of the town. The grave yards were torn up, and a field of cane, consisting of several acres, was sunk to the depth of five feet. The inhabitants, in their consternation, took refuge on board the shipping, all of which escaped uninjured. No lives were lost, the dwellings having been vacated upon the occurrence of the first shock, which was too slight to occasion injury. At Nevis, where the earthquake was partially felt, but little injury was done.—*Newb. Sent.*

Arrest of Pirates.—The accounts from Marseilles mention the arrest of two Spaniards accused of being noted pirates in the West Indies, and who had lately arrived at Marseilles from Gaudaloupe. They were accused of acts of the most revolting barbarity. In one of their piratical incursions they plundered vessels to the extent of 4,000,000 francs. Four females found on board one of them were victims to their brutality, and subsequently had their throats cut; and another female with a child had been abandoned on a desert place. On their arrival at Gaudaloupe they indulged in such enormous expences that they were suspected, on finding which they succeeded in getting on board a vessel bound for France, but were recognized at the great theatre of Marseilles and committed for trial.

The Jews.—A great number of religious Jews in Poland are making preparations to visit Jerusalem, in the belief that the time predicted by the Prophets has nearly arrived, in which they shall be restored to the possession of the country. The Jews generally are, it is said, watching the movements of the Egyptian army with great eagerness, in the belief that some arrangement will be made which will enable them to return to Judea, and this belief has led to actual association in Poland.

Taliacotian operation.—A fortnight ago Mr. Morris, surgeon, of Rochdale, performed the Taliacotian operation (for a new nose) upon Benjamin Wilson, of Zacara, in the same place; the patient is now doing very well, and will evidently look much better for his new member. Mr. Morris formed the new nose from integuments covering the forehead.

Caution to Scolds.—Mrs. Rachel, wife of Deacon Moses Meekly, of S—, Vermont, while engaged in a most violent and outrageous fit of passion, on account of some mishap in the family, fell suddenly upon the floor and died instantly! On examination it was found that a blood vessel was broken.

When the sad tidings to the Deacon sped,
"Heaven's will be done," was all the Christian said.

Practical advantage of Science.—The following illustration of the utility of science in the common occurrences of life, is from the Genessee (N. Y.) Farmer:—"A pen-knife, by accident, dropped into a well 20 feet deep. A sunbeam, from a mirror, was directed to the bottom, which rendered the knife visible; and a magnet, fastened to a pole, brought it up."

Mrs. A. C. Howard,
HAS just received direct from New York, her FALL SUPPLY of Goods in her line of business, consisting principally of—
Pattern Bonnets, latest fashions,
Leghorn, Dunstable and Navarino bonnets,
Satin—figured, watered and plain Silks,
Worsted, Gauze and Adelaide handkerchiefs,
Blond gauzes, quilling and edging,
Head dresses and ornaments—Puffs and Curls,
Carved tuck combs, turn back and side do.
A great variety of flowers, ribbons, &c.
Mrs. H. continues to carry on the Millinery and Mantua making business as usual. Orders from a distance punctually attended to.
Tarborough, Dec. 1, 1832.

Henry Johnston,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
TAKES this method of informing his friends and customers, that he has just received from New York a part of his
FALL SUPPLY
Of the finest and most fashionable Goods,
In his line of business, suitable for the season—
—SUCH AS—
Superfine cloths and cassimeres, the most fashionable colors,
Brown Petersham, for over coats, a very sup'r article,
Goats hair, and Ladies camlets, for cloaks,
Plain and figured velvet vestings,
Plain and fancy silks, beautiful article,
Dark and light Valencias,
Plain white and figured Quiltings,
Best quality buckskin gloves, black and fancy stocks,
Linen collars and bosoms, best pungee silk Handk'fs,
Black and white cravats, suspenders, &c.
All of these goods will be sold very low for cash, or on a short credit to punctual customers. Gentlemen wanting such articles are particularly invited to call and examine for themselves, as he is confident he can please all such. Persons furnishing their own cloths, can have them made and trimmed at the shortest notice and in the most fashionable manner. All orders from a distance will be punctually attended to.
Tarboro', Oct. 1, 1832.

Land for Sale.
THE Subscriber offers for sale on the most liberal terms, that well known and desirable place where his father James Garrett lived, 3 miles west of Tarborough, on the main stage road leading from that place to Fayetteville—
Containing about 300 Acres,
Nearly all of which is well adapted to the culture of Corn and Cotton, and upon which, in a pleasant and healthy spot, are nearly all the buildings requisite to the comfort and convenience of a family. The premises may be viewed by applying to H. W. Garrett, who will make known the terms, &c.
WM. GARRETT.
March 2d, 1833. 27

Bank of Newbern,
January 7th, 1833.
AT the late annual meeting of the STOCKHOLDERS of the BANK of NEWBERN on the first Monday of this month,—It was Resolved, That a Dividend of twenty-five per cent. on each and every Share of the Capital Stock of said Bank be, and the same is hereby declared and made payable to the Stockholders, or their legal representatives, on and after the first day of March next, under the following rules and regulations, to wit: First—all payments shall be made at the Principal Bank to the Stockholder, or his Attorney, duly appointed, on production of the original certificate. Second—Payment of Dividend of Capital shall be evidenced by the receipt of the Stockholder or his Attorney, in a Book prepared for that purpose. Third—All payments of Dividend of Capital shall be endorsed on the Certificate of Stock, by the Cashier at the time of making payment. Fourth—The transfer Book shall be closed on the twentieth day of February next, and remain closed until the first day of March following, and no Share on which a Dividend of Capital may be paid, shall thereafter be transferred on the Books of this Bank. Extract from the Journal of the Stockholders.
JNO. W. GUION, Cashier.
January 18th, 1833. 24

Cotton Gins.
THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he continues to manufacture and repair COTTON GINS, at his old Stand in Tarborough, near the Bridge. Having carried on the above business for several years in this place, and his work being generally approved, he deems it unnecessary to give any particular reference. He will continue to execute his work in the most faithful and expeditious manner, and at his usual moderate charges.
JOHN WILSON.
Tarborough, Jan. 1833.

NOTICE.
BROKE JAIL, of Edgecombe county, on the night of the 3d February, 1833, negro ADAM, said to be the property of James B. Tartt, of Alabama. Said negro is about thirty years of age and has a dark complexion...he was brought here from the jail in Chatham county, and it is probable he will attempt to get back in that neighborhood...any information respecting him will be thankfully received.
FRED. BELL, Jailer.
March 12, 1833. 29

E. P. NASH & CO.
Booksellers, Stationers,
And Blank Book Manufacturers,
NORFOLK, VIRGINIA.
May 1, 1832. 32

NOTICE.
THE Subscribers are now receiving, in addition to their former stock, the following articles, which they offer on good terms
For Cash or Produce.
6 hhds St. Croix SUGAR—10 casks CHEESE,
50 sacks Liverpool SALT—10 hhds RUM,
20 barrels WHISKEY—40 bags COFFEE,
50 pieces BAGGING—10 tons IRON, assorted,
20 kegs NAILS—50 coils bale ROPE,
1000 bushels alum SALT—1000 do. ground do.
The above articles were purchased in New York and Boston, and are now offered at a small advance on the first cost.
D. RICHARDS & CO.
Tarborough, 15th Dec. 1832.

Rocky Mount Hotel.
THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public that he has commenced keeping
A House of Entertainment,
At his residence at the Falls of Tar River, 18 miles from Tarborough and 55 from Raleigh, on the stage road between those towns. He will provide every thing abundantly, necessary for the comfort and convenience of man and horse, and hopes to merit and receive a share of public patronage.
ISAAC W. HORNE.
Jan. 1833. 23

The Thorough Bred Horse,
MARION,
WILL STAND the ensuing season at my stables, two miles from the town of Halifax, N. C. and will render service at Twenty Dollars the Leap, to be paid as soon as the service is performed; Forty Dollars the season, payable at its expiration, which may be discharged by Thirty-five Dollars cash—Sixty Dollars insurance, payable when the fact is ascertained or the mare parted with. One Dollar cash to the Groom. Mares that failed to Marion last spring will be insured at the price of the Season this year. A company of six mares will be served at the price of five. The season will commence the 1st of February and end the 15th of July. Good pasturage gratis and mares grain fed at Twenty-five Cents per day when required. Every attention will be given to prevent accidents or escapes, but no responsibility for either.

DESCRIPTION.
MARION is a beautiful dark bay, black mane and legs, full five feet two and three quarter inches high, stands well on his feet, and for beauty, elegance of carriage, symmetry of form, and purity of blood, he is surpassed by none, and equalled but by few.
PEDIGREE.
MARION was sired by old Sir Archie, his dam by old imported Citizen, his grandam by imported Alderman, his g. g. dam by the celebrated (Ashe's) Roebuck, his g. g. dam by the late Col. Heshert Hayne's King Herod, his g. g. g. dam by the imported horse Partner.
HE is descended from the very best stock both of this country and England, his get are large, likely, much admired and selling at high prices. Maria West sold for \$1750, Z A for \$2,000, besides others at \$400 and \$500. Those who wish to raise thorough bred would do well to patronize Marion. His whole stock were runners of the first order. He was full brother to the celebrated colt Pawnee, and his dam was full sister to the dam of Shawnee, who was without doubt one of the best horses of his size ever raised in this country. For performances, &c. see Turf Register (page 163, No. 4, Vol. 3.)
BENJ. S. LONG.
Jan. 5, 1833. 27-5

PROPOSALS,
For publishing by Subscription, a concise HISTORY OF THE
Kehukee Baptist Association,
From its original rise to the present time,
BY ELDER JOSEPH BIGGS.
Under the supervision of a Committee appointed by the Kehukee Association.
THIS work will be divided into two parts—
Part 1st, will contain the History of the Kehukee Association from its first organization until the year 1803, as compiled by Elders BRUKITT and READ, (omitting such parts of it as are considered superfluous.) Part 2d, will embrace a continuation of the History of the Association, until the present period, by Elder JOSEPH BIGGS, &c.

CONDITIONS.
The work will be printed on good paper, with a fair type, and will make about 300 pages, duodecimo. It will be furnished to Subscribers, neatly bound and lettered, at \$1 per single copy, or \$10 per dozen.
Persons holding Subscription papers will please send them on or before the 1st of April next, to Elder JOSEPH BIGGS, Williamston—or, to George Howard, Tarboro', N. C.
Dec. 4, 1832.

NOTICE.
AN APPRENTICE to the Printing business is wanted at this Office. A boy who can spell and read well, will meet with good encouragement if application is soon made.
March, 1833.