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BY GEORGE HOWARD,

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DOMESTIC.

☞ We have received from the publisher, Mr. Thomas W. White, of Richmond, Va. a copy of the Address delivered before the Philanthropic and Dialectic Societies of our University, in June last, by the Hon. George E. Badger, of this city. It occupies a pamphlet of 21 pages, printed in a style that is highly creditable to the publisher.—*Ral. Star.*

Serious difficulties in Alabama.—The North American Gazette, published at Augusta, Geo. states that it was reported the 13th inst. that the United States' troops at the Arsenal near that city, had been ordered to Fort Mitchell, and that they were to march without delay—a state of things in the Cherokee nation requiring their presence.

The Alabama Journal explains the object of this military movement. It says that it is reported, on good authority, "that it is the intention of the Government to remove all the white settlers from the Creek lands, and that a sufficient force had been sent on for that purpose." A meeting has been held in Montgomery, by the citizens generally, without any reference to party distinctions, at which resolutions were adopted, declaring that such a measure "will be an unwarranted and dangerous assumption of power, and absolutely subversive of the sovereignty and laws of the State;" and pledging themselves to "prevent, by all proper means, a mode of proceedings so repugnant to the Constitution and laws." The Journal intimates that force will be opposed to force. It will be recollected that the Legislature of Alabama has, by various acts, extended the jurisdiction of the State over the territory occupied by the Creek Indians, which territory has been laid out into counties, and courts of justice have been established therein.—*ib.*

☞ At the Anti-Masonic Convention, held in Boston a few days since, Ex-President John Q. Adams was nominated as the candidate of that party for the office of Governor of Massachusetts—which nomination has been accepted by that gentleman.—*ib.*

☞ At the Superior Court of Jones county, which terminated its session on the 14th inst. Isaac D. Lipsey, who was indicted for the murder of Agrippa Roberts, of Onslow county, in an affray which took place at an electioneering muster in Onslow, was found guilty of manslaughter and sentenced to be branded with the letter M, on the brawn of his thumb and to be imprisoned six months.—*Ral. Con.*

Portsmouth and Roanoke Rail road.—We learn from the Norfolk Beacon that this important work is in a rapid state of forwardness. Surveys and plots of the whole country between Suffolk and the Roanoke have been made, the levels taken, and it only remains for the engineer to designate the most judicious line, when the directors will bend every energy to the grading and construction of the road. It is confidently believed that, should there be no heavy rains for two or three weeks to come, the road between Portsmouth and Suffolk will be ready to

receive the rails, and that by Christmas it will be ready for travelling. The iron rails and the locomotive engine have long since been ordered from Liverpool, and are expected to arrive in a short time.

Riot.—The Muncy (Pa.) Telegraph mentions a serious riot which recently took place near Dunnsburgh, Lycoming county, between the persons employed on the work of the great dam, and the boatmen who brought stone to the work. The battle lasted from Saturday morning until Sunday noon. Two companies of cavalry and several of infantry and militia were brought to the battle ground. One man was shot dead, and others were grievously pelted.

Remarkable Preservation.—On the 4th inst. the schooner New Connecticut, loaded with wheat and flour, was capsized about 12 miles below Erie, Pa. She was immediately abandoned by the captain and crew, leaving a passenger, Mrs. Appleby, in the cabin, whom they were unable to relieve. After having been four entire days in the cabin of the capsize vessel, in water up to her neck, to the astonishment of all, Mrs. A. was taken out alive! She kept from drowning by suspending herself on the surface of the water from a hook in the ceiling, by her shawl. She had nothing to subsist on but a biscuit, cracker, and onion, which floated within her reach. Her brother had been sent for, to receive the corpse when it should be taken from the raised vessel. She is now at Portland, says the Erie Gazette, doing well.

Suicides.—Mr. Charles Titlo, of Centre county, Pa. put a period to his life by hanging himself in his brother's shop, near Mill Heim, on the 15th ult. He was a young man of good character, and had been married but a short time.

At Middletown, Conn. a lad aged about 14 years, lost his life recently from a singular curiosity to know the effects of hanging. While engaged in trying his experiments, the rope slipped in such a position as to deprive him of sensation, and when found was dead.

☞ Mordecai M. Noah and Thomas Gill, have issued proposals for publishing a new daily paper, in the city of New York, to be called the Evening Star.

Manufactures.—The Charleston S. C. Irishman and Southern Democrat makes the following prediction respecting the progress of manufacturing in the South: "Strange as it may seem, Virginia, North and South Carolina and Georgia are destined to become the most extensive manufacturing States. It is the only way the slaveholders can compete with the virgin soil of the new States. It will raise up a market for provisions which will lead to proper husbandry and manuring, and increase of population. The rail road will raise up towns in healthy spots remote from the sickly banks of the rivers. A few millions of capital will give a start to the South that will add to her wealth, population, refinement and security. The experiment is fairly begun in Georgia, and it is too profitable to be relinquished."

Summary Justice.—On the night of the 24th ult. a fellow who had entered the store of Messrs. Kilgour & Taylor, of Cincinnati, Ohio, for the purpose of plunder, fell through the hatchway, from the second story to the cellar, and had his brains dashed out by the fall. The body was interred the following morning, but was immediately afterwards taken up and exhibited, in order that it might, if possible, be recognized by some acquaintance; but the features of the face being much disfigured, the task of recognition was rendered difficult. After the body had been exhibited several hours, it

was identified as that of John Johnson, the father of a large and respectable family. The Cincinnati Advertiser furnishes the following additional particulars:—

The man was an old resident of Cincinnati, and had considerable property; how that property has been obtained is now but too plain. His house was taken possession of by the police on Sunday evening, immediately after his being identified, and on yesterday underwent an examination, when quantities of dry goods, groceries, &c. for there was a little of almost every thing, were found. Many of the goods were immediately claimed by merchants who had been robbed of them. A large quantity unclaimed, were sent to the Mayor's office, where they can be seen. Many hundreds of persons in the course of the day yesterday, went to see the dwelling of Johnson, and in the afternoon we went for the same purpose. The house is four story in front, upon Water street, and how many subterranean stories upon the river bank, we cannot say; we only went down three, the last, by a ladder; but never did the ingenuity of man contrive a building better calculated for the business which was carried on in it. There are numerous apartments dark as dungeons, comparatively, all the light they received being from a narrow passage of some 60 feet in length.

We understand from the police, that two apartments were discovered one of which was without door or window, under the roof, and entered by a trap door opening from the roof; another had a door so ingeniously contrived as not to appear to be an entrance, the key hole, which is small, being situated in what would be taken for the middle of the door, although it is in fact the edge. The house has been some fifteen years building, and not yet finished.

Johnson was a man of liberal education and general information; has brought up a family of six or eight children, three or four of whom were daughters, to whom he gave the best of education, and who became connected, by marriage, with some of the most respectable families of the West.

☞ A short time since, as Mrs. Ames, of the vicinity of Rondsburgh, Vt. was returning home from that village, she was attacked by a hardened villain, dragged from her horse, when he drew a knife and threatened her with instant death if she resisted; she notwithstanding resisted until he had nearly pulled her clothing off, when she fell down exhausted, and he then accomplished his hellish design. He then drew the knife again to kill her, she begged him to spare her life, to which he finally consented on condition that she would not reveal the act. She went to a neighbor's, gave the alarm, and the monster was shortly after apprehended and committed to jail.—When taken he did not deny the crime, but expressed astonishment at the woman breaking her word.

☞ It is stated in the Hartford papers that the trial of Miss Prudence Crandall, under a late statute of Connecticut, for instructing colored persons from other States, was held last week at Brooklyn. The jury did not agree—7 being for convicting and 5 in favor of acquitting.

Lawyer's Fees.—It is stated that the four attorneys employed in the great Quaker case lately decided in Trenton, N. J. received for their services a compensation of \$2,500 each.

☞ At the late commencement at Mississippi College, in the town of Clinton, in the State of Mississippi, the following young ladies graduated with the usual honors: Narcissa Pleasants, Adaline Brown, Jane and Mary Mills, Margaret

Teediman, Charlotte Wolcott, Maria Andrews, Frances Roberts, Virginia Flourney, and Harriet N. Battle. It would seem from this, that the South are at least one step before their northern friends in female education.

Cotton Seed Oil Manufactory.—An extensive manufactory, for the purpose of extracting oil from cotton seed, has recently been erected at Natchez, Miss. The experiment, so far, has been attended with complete success.

Interesting to Physicians.—We find the following in the N. Y. Evening Post: By an accidental discharge of a musket, the side of a young man was so much torn as to perforate the abdomen; and by the skill of an army surgeon, assisted by the efforts of nature, it was nevertheless so healed as to leave the patient in perfect health, with the opening remaining, as if for the express purpose of affording medical knowledge, and teaching men the art of preserving health by due regulation and a just choice of food.

We are happy in having it in our power to inform our readers, that the skillful surgeon above alluded to, Dr. William Beaumont, is now preparing for the press an account of this very unique case, with the result of a continued series of experiments upon the healthful subject whose body has been thus laid open and its internal operations exposed, as if for the benefit of the human race.

☞ A white man named Windor, has been arrested and committed to jail in Fairfax county, for trial, on a charge of seditious conduct and improper tampering with some of the blacks of the county. They informed against him themselves.—*Norfolk Her.*

☞ The case of Whipple, at Lowell, (Mass.) has produced great excitement. A committee appointed by the citizens of that place to investigate the facts, visited this city yesterday, and from the knowledge they have obtained, appear to be satisfied that Whipple set fire to his own store. He visited Boston the day previous to the fire, and took lodgings at Mr. Wilde's. In the afternoon he hired a horse and wagon under pretence of going to Wilmington, to purchase shoes, but did not return until the next morning, when he said he lost his way and was kept out all night. The horse and wagon were seen in Lowell that night, and it is supposed were taken there by Whipple for the purpose of carrying away the goods of which he alleged his store was robbed. The insurance upon his stock was \$7000; he had reduced his goods to the value, as is estimated, of about \$5000, from which he took the most valuable portion, and then fired his store with the intention of recovering the whole amount of insurance. When he found that strong suspicion had been excited against him, he resolved upon committing suicide, and effected it by plunging into the canal near his house. On the morning of his decease, he arose as usual, dressed himself with care, and left his chamber in an apparently unconcerned manner. The water was only four feet deep where he was found, and he had not been in it more than fifteen minutes, but all efforts to resuscitate him proved unavailing. His coat was folded carefully, and laid by the side of his hat upon the bank of the canal. His house was searched, but no goods were found in it, nor has any thing yet transpired to lead to the discovery of the missing property. *Boston Post.*

☞ A gentleman in Boston, on examining his well of water, on the 12th ult. discovered a box containing several pounds of butter, which had been in the well eleven years. It was found to be in a good state of preservation.