

MISCELLANEOUS.



Former Dobbin's complaint.

Three daughters I have, and so prettily made,
As handsome as any you'll see;
And lovers they court, but still I'm afraid,
They always will hang upon me.

In writing of letters and talking of love
They are foolishly spending their time—
One gives them a ribbon, and one a new glove,
And thus they are passing their prime.

These bucks of the town with their elegant coats,
I'm sick of their horses and chairs,
They plunder my hay and they pilfer my oats—
Am I keeping a tavern, my dears.

This courting, & courting, and never concluding,
Is nonsense—(I'm sorry to say.)
Your kissing and wooing is rather intruding,
Unless you will—*take them away.*

Reflections of Fifty-nine.

I'm growing old, I'm growing old,
My life's short tale is nearly told;
The locks that on my temples lay,
And my dark beard is turning gray;
My cheek and brow is furrowed dim,
And objects indistinctly swim
Before my vision, once so bright,
But now fast fading into night;
My nerveless limbs are parched and stiff,
And feeble tottering, seem as if
To court the earth, from whence they rose,
Anxious for their last, long repose.

Thus, as through all creation's range,
Time or myself hath wrought a change.
The step infirm, the form inclined,
The pensive, contemplative mind;
The sobered thought, the judgment cooled,
The tamed desire by reason ruled;
Prone to content, and loth to roam,
Pleased with the charms of blissful home.
These are the marks of Fifty-nine—
Reader, what years and thoughts are thine?

"There is nothing in life so shocking
As a fine girl with a hole in her stocking."

Ludicrous Accident on the Petersburg Rail Road.—The Salisbury Watchman says:—A friend of ours related to us the following amusing fact. One day this week as the train of cars was passing down from Petersburg, the passengers perceived that their speed began sensibly to diminish; they supposed the engineer was letting off steam; at length they came to a stand still and much to their astonishment, they discovered that the Locomotive had disappeared. But how, or where it had gone, or what had become of it, no one could for a moment imagine. It was at length, however, discovered, that the locomotive had some how or other become disengaged from the train of cars and had made off like a streak of lightning without any one's perceiving it. This occurred a few miles from Belfield, and this self moving machine ran eight miles without stopping; the fire at the end of this distance dying away, it then called a halt and waited for the company. As may be supposed the natives were not a little surprised at the strange apparition of this flaming monster rushing over the road unattended by any human being—some thought it was the tariff—some nullification—some said it was one of Gen. Jackson's expresses, and some thought it was Lucifer himself, in the shape of a steam engine, taking a little brush against time. How it was that the Engineer and Co. had quitted their charge at the moment we did not learn. When he perceived how matters were, he tore off on foot after the engine, and coming to a house, he mounted a horse and went in pursuit. The passengers thus being left in the lurch, put their shoulders to the wheel, and by dint of great exertion got the train up the ascent at which they had happened to be when the adventure occurred. Here a descent commencing they all got in, and without horse power or steam or any other agent than the all-pervading force of gravitation, they were merrily whirled along to Belfield, distance about a mile and a half.

Novel Trial.—The last Huntsville (Ala.) Democrat contains an account of the trial of a negro girl, 11 years of age, for the murder of an infant, by drowning it. There was no evidence against her

except her own confessions, which were, that the child became cross and scratched her, and she determined to drown it; that she went to a creek near at hand, and cast it into the water; after she had thrown it in, the child held up its hands for help, whereupon she became sorry for what she had done, and attempted to rescue it, but in vain. It appeared by ample testimony, that the girl was not only destitute of any notion of human laws, but of a God, and of future rewards and punishments; and upon the ground of want of moral accountability, the jury acquitted her. Being asked if she knew that she had done wrong? she replied in the affirmative, but upon being asked what punishment she expected to receive? she said she did not know, but supposed her mistress would whip her.

In consequence of the governor of the Virginia State Prison having issued a notice that tailoring would be done in that establishment by the convicts, in the most fashionable manner, at a lower rate than could be obtained at other places, the tailors held a meeting, supported by other mechanics, for the purpose of determining on the best mode to put a stop to this unjust proceeding.

Widigans, a tailor, of Europe, has invented a dress, consisting of cravats, waistcoats, pantaloons, coats and gaiters, all in one piece, and not requiring a minute to put it on.

A patent has recently been taken out for an improvement in the hanging of chaises. It consists principally of a spring, by means of which the centre of gravity of the chaise is thrown back when it is going down hill, and forward when it is going up, to the great relief of the horse—thus obviating one of the most important objections to the use of a chaise instead of a wagon.

Fattening Hogs.—A popular work on Agriculture says:—The business of fattening hogs is usually performed from the commencement of October. Some farmers, and those who understand their true interests, commence somewhat earlier. The beginning of September is, however, sufficiently early to make them fat, provided they be of proper breed, before the weather becomes extremely cold. We wish farmers would ponder upon the propriety of this course. We believe very much is lost by neglecting to fatten hogs while the weather is best fitted for the business. In severe cold weather hogs cannot be expected to fatten as quick as while it is warm.

Agricultural Thrift.—The Lexington (Ky.) Intelligencer of the 24th ult. observes:—Gen. James Shelby, of this county, sold a few days since, a drove of 160 mules, raised on his plantation, for the sum of \$11,840 cash in hand. Fourteen of these mules were purchased by the agent of a gentleman of Cuba, and were sold for \$130 each, making the sum of \$1,820 for the fourteen.

A long Text.—A clergyman once going to preach upon the text of the Samaritan woman, after reading it, observed: "Do not wonder, my beloved, that the text is so long, for it is a woman that speaks."

Earthenware, China, Glass and Looking Glasses.

T. J. BARROW & CO.
Importers and Wholesale Dealers,
No. 88 Water st. New York,
In the above goods, respectfully invite the attention of their friends, and the Southern Merchants generally, to their Splendid Stock of Ware, just received by the late arrivals, comprising every variety of Fancy and Staple Goods, which they are enabled to offer on the most liberal and accommodating terms. Looking Glasses of every description constantly on hand.
Particular attention will be given to packing and forwarding in the most careful manner, and purchasers may rely on receiving their goods in good order.
All orders by letter punctually attended to.
T. J. BARROW & CO.
No. 88 Water st. N. Y.
August 10, 1833.

Coffield King,

MERCHANT TAILOR,
BEGS leave to inform his customers and the public generally, that he has just returned from New York, where he purchased his
Supply of Fall Goods,

In his line of business, viz:
Superfine blue and black CLOTHS,
do. do. Claret and Adelaide do.
Brown and steel mixed do.—bottle green do.
Blue and black and fancy striped CASSIMERES,
Brown and drab Petersham, for over coats,
Plain and figured velvet Vestings,
Plain and figured silk do.
Plain black and figured Valencia do.
Plain white and figured Marseilles,
Plain black and fancy Stocks,
Linen collars and bosoms, &c.

All of which he will dispose of low for Cash, or on a short credit to punctual customers. Those wishing to purchase are invited to call and examine for themselves. Gentlemen's clothing made and trimmed in the most fashionable style and at the shortest notice. All orders will be thankfully received and punctually attended to.
Tarborough, Oct. 17, 1833.

Henry Johnston,

MERCHANT TAILOR,
TAKES this method of informing his friends and the public generally, that he has just received from New York, his

Fall Supply of Goods,

In his line of business—such as:
Superfine CLOTHS, of all the most fashionable colors, some of which are entirely new,
Superfine CASSIMERES, of various patterns,
Plain black and figured Velvets for vests,
Figured & plain black Silks, Valencias & Toilets,
Petershams for over coats, very low,
Goats hair and German Camblets, superior article for cloaks—Ladies Camblets, for cloaks,
Gum elastic and worsted Suspenders, sup'r article,
White linen—buckskin Gloves—worsted do.
Silk Handkerchiefs—black and white Cravats,
Stocks of various kinds—fine silk Umbrellas,
Worsted Shirts for gentlemen, beautiful article,
Fine linen bosoms—linen Collars, and various other articles in his line of business.

Those goods are of the latest importations, of the best quality, and will be sold at very reduced prices for Cash, or to punctual customers on a short credit. He takes this opportunity of returning his most hearty thanks for the very liberal encouragement he has received heretofore, and hopes by strict attention to business to merit a continuation of the same. Gentlemen furnish their own cloths, can have them made and trimmed in the very best and most fashionable manner and at the shortest notice, as he has several first rate workmen in his employ.
Tarborough, Oct. 16, 1833.



NOTICE.

I will SELL, or LEASE for three years, my
Tavern House and Appurtenances
In this place, and give possession immediately. One, two and three years credit, if a sale, will be given. Bonds to carry interest.
H. BLOUNT.
Nashville, No. Ca. 10th Oct. 1833. 5

Land for Sale.

BEING anxious to move to the West, I offer for sale the Tract of Land whereon I now live, containing
About One Thousand Acres.

It is a healthy situation, in Nash county, on Stony Creek, about three miles above the great Falls of Tar River, with a commodious two story dwelling house (new,) and other out houses; apple and peach orchards sufficient to make 15 or 20 barrels brandy, besides other fruit trees. The land is of tolerable good quality and well watered. On the said Stony Creek (a constant stream) there is an excellent grist and saw mill, cotton machine, &c. (on solid rock foundation,) all in good order. Long credit can be given if it best suits the purchaser, or negroes will be taken in part payment.
TIMO. TERRELL.
2d September, 1833. 2

State of North Carolina,

EDGECOMBE COUNTY.
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions,
AUGUST TERM, 1833.
Henry Drake & Wife, }
vs. } *Petition for division*
Drewry Forehand, } *of Negroes.*

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendant is not an inhabitant of this State: *It is therefore ordered,* that publication be made in the Tarborough Free Press, for six weeks, that the said defendant appear at our next County Court, to be held for said county, at the Court House in Tarborough, on the fourth Monday of November next, then and there to plead to issue, otherwise the said petition will be taken pro confesso, and set for hearing accordingly.
Witness, **Michael Hearn,** Clerk of our said Court, at office, the fourth Monday of August, A. D. 1833.

MICHL. HEARN, C. C.
Price ady \$3:50. 5-6

Cheap, cheap, cheap.

THE Subscribers have on hand a good assortment of **GROCERIES**, also a general assortment of **DRY GOODS, CROCKERY,** and **HARDWARE**, which they feel disposed to sell at lower prices than can be bought at any store in this neighborhood, for cash or to punctual customers. The public are invited to call and examine for themselves.

D. RICHARDS & CO.
Tarborough, 15th July, 1833.

Notice.

THE Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of **R. & S. D. COTTEN**, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

The business of the late firm will be closed by **Spencer D. COTTEN**, who is hereby authorised to settle and liquidate all the accounts, &c. due from and to the firm.

In withdrawing from the turmoils of a long and laborious business, we should feel ungrateful were we not to tender our thanks to our numerous friends and customers by whom we have been so liberally sustained in our commercial avocations, and we do, hereby tender to them collectively and individually our most grateful acknowledgments.

It is hoped all our old friends who have unsettled accounts, will call and close them on or before the 1 Jan'y next. In the settlement of the late concern every accommodation will be extended to our debtors.

The business will be continued at our Old Stand by **John W. COTTEN**, for whom we respectfully solicit a continuance of the favors of our friends and the public.

RANDOLPH COTTEN,
SPENCER D. COTTEN.

October 1st, 1833.

The Subscriber takes this method of informing the public, that he has taken the establishment formerly owned by Messrs. **R. & S. D. COTTEN**, where he intends carrying on the business on his own account, and where may at all times be found every article usually kept in stores in this section of country, all of which will be sold as cheap (for cash or barter) as they can be bought at any store in this place, (let them be as cheap as they may) and he hopes by strict attention to and fairness in dealing, to merit a continuance of the very liberal support heretofore extended to the old firm of **R. & S. D. C.**

The highest cash prices given for baled and seed Cotton, &c.

J. W. COTTEN.

1st Oct. 1833.

Gig and Gin Manufactory.

THE Subscriber takes this method to inform his customers and the public in general, that he still carries on the

Gig and Gin Making
Business at **ROBERT SOREY'S**. His work shall be done well and in a neat manner, and shall be dispatched at short notice warranted.

JOSEPH JOHN GOOD.
Aug. 29, 1833. 1

COTTON GINS.

THE Subscriber, who for several years past, has been engaged in the

Gin Making business,
In Kinston, has established himself
IN GREENVILLE,

Where he carries on the above business in all its various branches. All those who wish to supply themselves with Gins of the best quality, are respectfully solicited to apply to the Subscriber personally, or by letter. All orders for Gins will be promptly executed. From the Subscriber's long experience in his business; and from the approbation which his work has hitherto met with, he hesitates not to promise entire satisfaction to all who may see fit to extend to him their patronage. Gins out of order will be expeditiously repaired. The Subscriber takes the liberty of calling the attention of those who wish to procure new Gins, or to have old Gins repaired, to the expediency of applying to him in time. When all wait as is usually the case, until the work is wanted, it causes such a pressure of business, that many are obliged of necessity to submit to a longer delay than they wish.

ALLEN TISON,

In connexion with this establishment, carries on
The Lock and Gunsmith business,

He also makes *Saw Mill Boxes, and Mill Inks, and Gudgeons*, of a composition invented by Daniel Peck, of Raleigh—*Grist Mill Spindles, with Steel Collars,* (turned.) These articles equal to any manufactured in the United States.

All letters and orders must be directed to the Subscriber, at Greenville.

HENRY CHAMBERLAIN.
July 12, 1833. 46

Cotton Gins.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he continues to

Manufacture & repair Cotton Gins,
At his old Stand in Tarboro' near the bridge.

Having carried on the above business for several years in this place, and his work being generally approved, he deems it unnecessary to give any particular reference. He will continue to execute his work in the most expeditious manner, and at his usual moderate charges.

JOHN WILSON.

Tarborough, Jan. 1833.

A SUPER ROYAL Printing Press, on the old mode of construction, can be procured on reasonable terms. Apply at this Office. July, 1833.