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DOMESTIC.

GEN. IREDELL'S ADDRESS. Young Gentlemen of the Dialectic and Philanthropic Societies:

tion with which you honored me. In accepting proud of the superiority they confer. As he culthis invitation, I have given you the strongest tivates them, he perceives his views constantly proof of my desire to gratify your wishes and of extending and his faculties becoming more and my willingness to contribute my portion, howev- more invigorated. He looks abroad through the er humble, to the entertainment of the day. Un- intellectual and physical world, and is every day skilled in literary exercises, an unfrequent wor- discovering some new secret of nature which shipper in the temple of the Muses, and unac- charms and instructs him. One discovery but customed to the character you have assigned me, makes him the more cager for another. He finds had I any vanity to be mortified, I should have nothing too subtle to clude his grasp, nothing too shrunk from a task, the performance of which swift to escape his pursuit, nothing too strong to has heretofore been illustrated by genius and resist his power. There seems, indeed, to be taste and eloquence. Having, however, no ob- scarcely any limit to the extent of intellectual ject but your good, I shall be amply rewarded improvement than that which is imposed by the for all personal sacrifice, if any thing I can say on frail and perishing tenure by which it has pleasthis occasion shall have the effect of animating ed Providence that we shall hold our corporeal their moral depravity. Who has not felt the one virtuous principle, of giving constancy to tenement. But remember, my young friends, lation.

I can well imagine, my young friends, the e- mitting labor in adding to their stores. Exermotions you feel on this return of the annual Col- cise is not more necessary to preserve health in often prostituted to the most unhallowed pur- can scarcely be found a more efficient corrective legiate Jubilee-your joy at having passed hon- the bodily system than it is to give vigor to the orably through another year of preparation for intellectual. It is an immutable law of our nathe great duties of life-the bright hopes of the ture that enervation is the necessary and inevitafuture which you cherish with all the enthusiasm ble effect of sloth and indolence. The mind not of youth. There are other hearts, which palpit- only requires, like the body, its fit exercise; it ate on this occasion in sympathy with yours, also demands its appropriate food. You must Your parents, your instructors, the guardians of supply it with facts. You must furnish it daily this Institution partake of your joy at your past with new accessions of knowledge. The art of success, and cordially join in your hopes of the printing, that greatest of all arts, has enabled you fature. If their joy is less lively, if their hopes to seize and appropriate to your own use the are less vivid, it is because they are mingled with fruits of the experience, the observation and rea deep anxiety -- it is because they have travelled flection of others for thousands of years. Not to over the ground you are soon to occupy, and avail yourselves of these would be, in some meahave learnt the dangers now hidden from your sure, to relapse into barbarism. It would be as sight .- You look before you upon the great gross a folly, as if a mariner were to undertake road of life, and it presents itself to your eyes, to traverse extensive and dangerous seas without smooth as the Appian way, disclosing at every the aid of charts, which the enterprize and obstep the most beautiful landscapes with every servation of others had provided. But the acthing to invite, allure and refresh you on your quisition of knowledge is not alone sufficient. It journey. I will not attempt to distorb this de- must be accompanied by reflection. The mind lightful vision. I would not, if I could, throw a must be so disciplined as to be able to dispose of single shade over this bright perspective. It has the facts it receives in proper order-otherwise been, no doubt wisely ordained, that no gloomy they will form a huge, misshapen and useless anticipations should mar the joyous season of mass. To crowd the mind with knowledge, youth. Indulge, then my young friends, while when its reasoning faculties are suffered to slumyet you may, while uncontaminated by, and un- ber, is like oppressing the stomach with foodwhen suspicious of the world, indulge in all their fresh it has lost its powers of digestion. While, there ness, the gay hopes and cheering aspirations, fore, you avail yourselves of the reflections and which belong peculiary to your age and which information of others and of your own observations, exercise your understanding in separating constitute at once its blessing and its charm. It is my purpose to direct your attention for truth from error and in drawing such conclusions a few moments to one of the most powerful prin- as will best enable you "to act well your part in ciples of our nature, one which you now feel in life"-the great purpose of all knowledge. active operation, and upon the proper manage. There is a common mistake among the young. ment of which, depends much of the happiness and perhaps more particularly among those of and honor and respectability of your future lives. collegiate institutions, that while industrious ap-The desire of distinction, the ambition to excel, plication is necessary for ordinary capacities, genfinds a place in every generous bosom. Indeed, ius requires no exertion. It is an error, which so universally is the principle diffused, that scarce- has proved fatal to many a youth of the fairest ly an individual of the human family can be said promise. Be assured, it is an error which you to be exempt from its influence. It commences cannot reject with too much promptness and rewith the first expanding faculties of youth, and ject forever. You read the productions of the continues, growing with the growth until the la- master spirits of the ages in which they lived, test period of life. The voice of praise is sweet upon which the stamp of genius of the highest even to the prattling infant, and it falls, not un- order has been imposed by the concurring voice heeded, on ears that have been dulled by age. In of all mankind. Think you that these immortal every state of society, from the most barbarous works sprung from the brain of their authors. to the most refined, in all the different depart- without effort and in full proportion, like the faments of mankind, this ambition to excel, mod- bled Pallas from the brain of Jupiter? No, my ified in an almost infinite variety as to its objects young friends; if we could summon before us and means of accomplishment, is to be found ex- these illustrious dead, they would tell us of their erting its influence with more or less power, and long course of preparations; that their minds had either for good or for evil. It would be doubting been disciplined from early life, that they had the wisdom of Providence to suppose that a prin- diligently collected knowledge from every acciple of such potent energy and such universal cessible source; that they had reflected long and existence had not been implanted in us for great deeply; that they labored for years in improving and useful purposes. It is true that, like all our their understanding, cultivating their taste, and passions, it is capable of being perverted and a- purifying and exalting their imagination. All bused. While on the one hand it has largely biography proves that by such means, and such contributed to the progress of civilization and the only, can solid and permanent literary distincdevelopment of the human mind; while it has tion be obtained. But you must not only be industrious; you given birth to all the wonderful achievements in art and discoveries in science; to the splendid must persevere in your industry. Let every productions in ancient and modern literature, point you reach be only the place for a new dewhich delight, instruct and elevate-yet, on the parture. Let every acquisition you make be the other hand, it has too often been the fruitful foundation for another and yet another. Take source of crime and misery and bloodshed and example in one respect from the miser, and heap devastation. In one case, it is ambition, pure treasure on treasure. Like him, you will feel no -nd virtuous, "pursuing noble means"-in the satiety from the accumulation, and unlike him, ertion, and nothing can bring such imposing pow. to conclude in the language of an inspired writer,

riginating in selfishness, and reckless of the obigations that bind man to man. Which of these ecommends itself to your esteem and affection, I will not insult you by inquiring .- But how is the eminence, which is alone to be coveted, the distinction founded on merit, how is it to be obwill not "unsought be won," nor is it easy of acquisition: yet there are means by the faithful application of which, success will seldom fail to be secured. Permit me briefly to advert to some which readily present themselves, and which are adapted to every vocation to which you may be called. He who seeks a lofty sum mit, must direct his flight with a wing that never tires and an eye that never slumbers. Mental industry is the peculiar characteristic of civilized society. The savage but labors for a scanty daibodily exercise, in the sports of the chase, in fethe light of civilization first illumines the mind, man wakens as it were to a new existence. He I appear before you in obedience to the invita- becomes conscious of the powers of intellect and comprehensive by constant exercise and by unre-

other, ambition unchecked by moral restraint. [the happiness you will derive from your rich-s,] er to sustain and strengthen you in every virtuwill be founded on the noblest, instead of the ous resolution.

basest principles of our nature. Let no difficulties dishearten or deter you-rather let them an- clude-a topic which I could not omit, from its imate your zeal. Perseverance can level moun- intrinsic importance, and because it would be dotains and elevate vallies. Aim at the highest de- ing injustice to your gallantry and my own, in gree of perfection, and you may safely act upon an assembly where the smiles of beauty are beamwho have preceded you!

I trust, my young friends, you will not be startled by this recommendation of constant diligence. You will form a most erroneous notion, of virtuous action. The sister refines and softif you suppose that you are thus exhorted to a ens the harsher manners and more turbulent life of pain, of gloom or of irksome toil. Labor feelings of the brother. - The passion for a viriuet ipse voluptus. You will find that occupation ous mistress purifies the sentiments and elevates is one of the secrets of happiness. You will find the thoughts of the lover; while she binds him ly subsistence, and the rest of his life is spent in in the pursuit of knowledge that what the elo- in the chains of despotism only to lead him in quent Psalmist has said of religious wisdom is the paths of honour. The wife brings to the aid rocious battle, or in slothful indolence. When true to no small extent of the wisdom of this of her husband a tender sympathy that robs sorworld-"all her ways are ways of pleasantness and all her paths are peace."

Let me urge upon you, as another means of obtaining distinction, the practice of all the moral virtues. I speak of these, now, only as conneeted with my subject, and not as enjoined upon you by the highest of all obligations, the command of your Creator. It is true there have been instances in which individuals have gained a niche in the Temple of Fame, whose characters have been sullied by vice and sometimes stained by crime. But with how much more lustre would they have shone if virtue had been associated with their talents? The admiration they receive is not an unmixed admiration. While their intellectual attainments invite us towards them, we are repulsed with horror by keenest mortification in reading the effusions of such examples, clothed in the most captivating one generous impulse or vigor to one noble reso- that our minds can only become thus vast and the most powerful hard of modern days, who form?-Not only will you feel the influence on wrote with a pen of fire, that such brilliant gen- your mental powers, but your sentiments will be ius should have been obscured by vice and too freed from all their grossness. In youth there poses! How much more lofty would have been of vicious propensities than the society of virtuhis pedestal if he had suffered it to be based on ous and enlighted woman. And may I be pervirtue! Such instances, though they do occur, mitted to turn for a moment to our fair auditors, are exceptions to a general law of nature. Indulgence of vicious propensities, carelessness of moral obligations, have an inevitable tendency, vanity or swell their pride? May I be permitted not only to destroy the moral sense but to ener- to entreat them, by all their loveliness, by all the vate the intellectual faculties. Besides the waste of time they often occasion, they produce pain. discontent, fretfulness, remorse, indisposition to serious occupation or serious thought. The mind gradually loses its tension and sinks in an equal degree with the moral principle. The practice of virtue, on the other hand, gives self-satisfaction, peace, serenity and contentment; the mind is suffered in quietness to pursue the even tenor of its way, and the course of honor and distinction is left unobstructed. Firmness and decision of character are indispensable to your success. The weak, vaccilating pinion, is a valuable quality in an address of this individual, who is every thing by starts and no- sort, if I were to enter at large upon this branch thing long; who yields to every sally of caprice of the subject. Let my answer, then, be comand impulse of feeling, who is the good-natured prised in a short and imperfect summary. In victim of every artful or imprudent associate, the first place, it is a law of your Creator immust never hope to rise beyond mediocrity. planted in your bosom. You cannot, and you Let your resolutions be wisely formed and steadily executed. When your conscience and your ambition to excel. understanding point to the object of your pur- closely bricked underneath, with all other necessuit, suffer not yourselves to be diverted to the sary out houses, amongst which is an excellent right or to the left by the importunities or the KITCHEN, 28 by 18, built of brick, with two gibes or sneers of others. Recollect too, that chimnies. There is attached to this building an the "fortiter in re" is not incompatible with the "suaviter in modo." Urbanity will adorn, with out impairing, your firmness. Honourable in all your thoughts and purposes, you should have nothing to conceal, and therefore candour and openness should mark your whole conduct and character. From the man of dissimulation, the man of art, the suspicious man, we shrink with innate dread and dislike Candour alone inspires confidence and commands respect. It may be useful to urge upon all, who wish to excel, the necessity of relying upon their own exertions! If you possess the adventitious aids of wealth or influential friends, they may be used to second but not to supersede your efforts; and fortunate indeed will you be, if you do not find them clogs to your advancement. If you are destitute of what are usually considered worldly advantages, he not discouraged-cheer yourselves with the reflection that under our happy political institutions, there is no royal road to honour and distinction, and that some of the most illustrious individuals of this and other ages have risen from the humblest to the highest sta tions, unaided by power or patronage or wealth. In the desultory remarks I have been address ing to you, I have not spoken of the influence of the Christian religion in promoting your success, even in this life. It is a theme which belongs more appropriately to holier lips that mine-to lips that have been touched with sacred fire. Yet I may be pardoned for assuring you, that. while nothing can throw a highter lustre round your character than the genuine principles and ded on some years devoted to the study of human unostentatious practice of piety, so nothing can nature, and to an active intercourse with my felimpart such high and ennobling motives to ex. low man in all his various relations .- Suffer me

But one topic more, and I will hasten to con-

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the conviction that what has been accomplished ing all around us. It is the influence of female. by others may be attained by you. Indeed, society in the improvement of your minds and since no limits to the human intellect have yet formation of your character .- Woman has been been defined, why may you not surpass those, ordained to perform a most important part in the moral government of the world. The mether forms the first rudiments of the infant mind, and instils into the infant bosom the first principles row of its sting; a fortitude that never quails beneath calamity or distress; a prudence ever vigilant, and an instinctive sagacity that never talters. Such was the influence of woman, even in the days when her sole titles to admiration and respect were her personal charms and virtues of her heart .- Happily in our time, education, without diminishing these claims, has added others of the highest character. The cultivation of her intellect has left man little to boast of his assumed superiority. Where can you meet united such refined intelligence; such delicacy of taste; such purity of thought; such utter loathsomeness of vice in every shape; such fortitude in every situation in which we are called upon to bear and to suffer, as in woman? Can you fail to be improved by an association which offers to you and remind them that the influence I have truly ascribed to them was not intended to gratify their

> endearing ties that bind them so closely to our hearts, not to forget their destiny, not to neglect the high capacities with which they are endowed, but to be our bright exemplars, and to cheer on our youth to all which honourable ambition can attain and all to which it ought to aspire.

> My young friends, I have thus adverted to some of the means by which you may acquire an eminence which no man should blush to possess. Yet you may ask why should you seek it? I should not consult the brevity, which in my oought not, if you could, totally extinguish the

> excellent well of pure water within 20 steps of the door, and a never failing spring within 150 yards of the house. As to health I believe this is one of the most healthy settlements in this county.

> In addition to the improvements already na med, there is attached to this plantation,

A never-failing MILL,

On Swift Creek, within 3 of a mile of the dwelling house, with 3 pair of runners, bolting cloths, cotton Gin, all in good order and nearly new, with an excellent constant custom.

As I presume no person will purchase without viewing the premises, I deem it unnecessary to mention all the advantages attending this desireable situation. It will be sold in a body, or may be divided so as to suit purchasers. Persons living in a sickly country would do well to purchase this place.

I ALSO OFFER FOR SALE, That valuable Tract of LAND, Lying on Peachtree Creek, 11 miles from Nashville, (Nash county.) This Tract contains

504 ACRES,

pectations which I early apprized you, could not be realized. I came here with no vain hope of making an exhibition of oratorical talent. I came solely to repeat to you useful precepts, which have long received the sanction of the wise and good, and to add my strong and sincere attestation of their truth, from an experience foun-