

SHERMAN NOTIFIED

Republican Nominee For Vice President Accepts

HE STANDS ON THE PLATFORM

Great Enthusiasm Marks the Occasion of the Official Notification of Choice of James S. Sherman as Republican Vice Presidential Candidate.

Utica, N. Y., Special.—Utica broke all bounds in the enthusiasm of its celebration in honor of Representative James S. Sherman, the occasion marking the official notification of his nomination for the vice presidency. Not in many years has there been such an outburst of enthusiasm in paying tribute to a distinguished citizen of the city. Republicans and Democrats alike joined in the celebration.

At the formal notification ceremonies, Senator Burrows made the address in behalf of the committee, and Mr. Sherman spoke in response. Secretary Root and other prominent men also delivered brief addresses.

Sherman's Speech.

Senator Burrows and Gentlemen of the Notification Committee:

Your chairman, speaking for the committee, has notified me of my nomination by the Republican national convention held in Chicago in June as the party's candidate for Vice President. As I chanced to be in Chicago in June I had an inkling of the convention's action, which was confirmed by a warm-hearted reception tendered me by my neighbors on the occasion of my home coming on July 2. This official notification, however, is welcome and the nomination you tender me is accepted; accepted with the gratitude commensurate with the great honor conferred; accepted with a full appreciation of the obligations which accompany that honor, an honor greater because my name is linked with that of William H. Taft, whom I respect and esteem highly and who approaches the high office of President exceptionally well equipped to discharge the duties and bear the varied and weighty responsibilities of that exalted position. My acceptance could not be made with honor unless I were in full accord with the declaration of principles adopted by the convention. Not only am I in full and complete accord with my party's platform, but I endorse every statement made by Mr. Taft in his address of acceptance when notified of his nomination as the Republican candidate for President. First, then, let me say that I am a protectionist. I am sufficiently practical to value the utility of a fact higher than the beauty of a theory, and I am a protectionist because experience has demonstrated that the application of that principle has lifted us as a nation to a plane of prosperity above that occupied by any other people.

I especially commend that plank of our platform which promises an early revision of tariff schedules. That pledge will be fulfilled in an adjustment based in every particular upon the broad principle of protection for all American interests; alike for labor, for capital, for producers and consumers. The Dingley bill, when enacted was well adapted to the then existing conditions. The developments of the industrial prosperity in a decade, which in volume and degree have surpassed our most rosy expectations, have so altered conditions that in certain details of schedules they no longer in every particular mete out justice to all. In this readjustment the principles of protection must and will govern; such duties must and will be imposed as will equalize the cost of production at home and abroad and insure a reasonable profit to all American interests.

The Republican party believes in the equality of all men before the law; believes in granting labor's every request that does not seek to accord rights to one man denied to another. Fair minded labor asks no more, no less, and approves the record of the Republican party because of that party's acts.

I have helped to make my party's record in the enactment of the eight-hour law, the Employers Liability act, the statutes to minimize the hazard of railroad employees, the child labor law for the District of Columbia, and other enactments designed especially to improve the conditions of labor. I cannot hope to better state my position on injunctions than by a specific endorsement of Mr. Taft's Cincinnati declaration on that subject. That endorsement I make.

As a nation our duty compels that by every constitutional and reasonable means the material and educational conditions of the colored race be advanced. This we owe to ourselves as well as to them. As the result of a course of events that can never be reversed, they are a part of our civilization; their prosperity is our prosperity; their absence would be our misfortune. The Republican party, therefore will offer every encouragement to the thrift, industry and intelligence that will better their prospect of higher attainment.

I believe in the maintenance of such an army, the upbuilding of such a navy as will be the guarantee of the

protection of American citizens and American interests everywhere, and an army of peace; that at every exposed point we may be so fortified that no power on earth may be tempted to molest us. I believe in the restoration of the American merchant marine and rendering whatever financial aid may be necessary to accomplish this purpose.

I approve the movement for the conservation of our natural resources; the fostering of friendly foreign relations; the enforcement of our civil service law; and the enactment of such statutes as will more securely and more effectively preserve the public health.

Our platform, as it should do, pledges adherence to the policies of President Roosevelt; promises to continue the work inaugurated during his administration, to insure to persons and property every proper safeguard and all necessary strengthening of administrative methods will be provided to furnish sufficient inspection and supervision, and prompt righting of every injustice, discrimination and wrong.

"Shall the people rule?" is declared by the Democratic platform and candidate to be "the overshadowing issue" now under discussion. It is no issue. Surely the people shall rule, surely the people have ruled; surely the people do rule. No party rules. The party commissioned by the people, is simply the instrument to execute the people's will, and from that party which does not obey their expressed will or which lacks the wisdom to lead successfully, the people will withdraw their commission.

For half a century, with but two exceptions, the people have commissioned the Republican party to administer the national government; commissioned it because its declared principles appealed to their best judgment; commissioned it because the common sense of the American people sensed danger in the Democratic policies. Ours always has been always must be, a government of the people. That party will, after March 4 next, execute old laws and enact new ones as in November it is commissioned to do. That commission will be from all untrammelled American electorate. Shame on the party which, shame on the candidate who insults the American people by suggestion or declaration that a majority of its electorate is venal. The American voter, with rare exception, in casting his ballot, is guided by his best judgment, by his desire to conserve his own and the public weal.

The overshadowing issue of the campaign really is: shall the administration of President Roosevelt be approved; shall a party of demonstrated capacity in administrative affairs be continued in power; shall the reins of government be placed in experienced hands, or do the people prefer to trust their destinies to an aggregation of experimental malleables and theorists, whose only claim to a history is a party name they pilfered.

With a record of four decades of wise legislation; two score years of faithful administration; offering its fulfilled pledges as a guaranty of its promises for the future, the Republican party appeals to the people and, with full confidence in their wisdom and patriotism, awaits the rendition of the November verdict.

CHAFIN NOTIFIED.

Chicago, Special.—Cincinnati, Lincoln and pent-up Utica are not the only cities to have the honor of a notification meeting. Chicago was the scene of such a ceremony Tuesday and while the enthusiasm was largely confined to the Fine Arts Building, where the news was broken by Eugene W. Chafin, the Prohibition presidential candidate, the assembled temperance folks were quite enthusiastic enough to atone for the indifference of the rest of the city.

Prof. Charles Scanlon, permanent chairman of the Columbus convention, informed Mr. Chafin of the honor which had been accorded him. Brief speeches were made by other members of the notification committee. The candidate responded with an address in which he pointed out the great gains in prohibition sentiment throughout the country in the last few years and the future triumph of the prohibition cause.

The campaign programme mapped out by the Prohibition national executive committee is the most ambitious in years. It is declared that the party will have sufficient funds to carry on an extensive warfare against the liquor element and that many men of wealth have contributed liberally to the campaign fund. Mr. Chafin will shortly begin an extensive stumping tour.

Forty Thousand May Strike.

Pittsburg, Special.—Forty thousand miners in the Pittsburg district are excited over a meeting of operators which has been called, at which a blow may be struck at the heart of the union miners. Union leaders of the miners have demanded that mine owners take a greater check off from the monthly pay of miners for the union. This the operators have refused to do, and a strike is threatened in the entire district.

ECCENTRICITIES OF GENIUS.

"Genius is freakish. It is claimed that the brilliant Dr. Johnson used to touch every post in his pathway." "I know one of them geniuses." "And does he touch every post he comes across?" "No; he touches every friend he comes across, or everlastingly tries to."—Houston Chronicle.

BOB EVANS RETIRED

Most Popular Naval Officer is Retired on Age Limit.

SKETCH OF HIS LIFE AND WORK

Great Sea Fighter's Name Erased From Roll of the Navy One of the Doughtiest Commanders That Ever Trod the Quarter-deck of a Man-of-War.

- Robley Dunglison Evans.
- 1846—Born in Floyd county, Virginia, August 18th, son of Dr. Samuel Andrew Jackson Evans, and received early education in public schools of Washington.
- 1860—Appointed to United States naval academy from Utah, September 20th, and graduated in 1863, with rank of ensign.
- 1865—Participated in both attacks of Federal forces on Fort Fisher, and in a land attack received four severe rifle shot wounds, which rendered him lame for life.
- 1866—Promoted to rank of lieutenant, July 25th, and to rank of lieutenant commander on March 12th, 1868.
- 1871—Married Charlotte Taylor, daughter of Frank Taylor, of Washington.
- 1878—Promoted to rank of commander and later assumed charge of several vessels.
- 1891—Commanded the Yorktown at Valparaiso during period of strained relations between United States and Chile and there earned the popular name of "Fighting Bob."
- 1893—Promoted to the rank of captain, on June 23d.
- 1898—Commanded battleship Iowa of Sampson's fleet during war with Spain and took active part in battle with Cervera's fleet off Santiago, July 3d.
- 1901—Promoted to rank of rear admiral, February 11th.
- 1902—Appointed commander-in-chief of Atlantic station.
- 1907—Sailed from Hampton Roads, December 16th, in command of the Atlantic fleet of sixteen battleships, beginning famous trip to San Francisco.
- 1908—Retired from command of Atlantic fleet and was placed on retired list of United States navy, by operation of age limit, August 18th.

Washington, Special.—Father Time Tuesday descended upon the naval headquarters and with relentless hand effaced from the rolls of America's great sea fighters the name of the greatest of them all—Rear Admiral Robley Dunglison Evans—"Fighting Bob." For Tuesday is "Fighting Bob's" sixty-second birthday, and by law and rule the career of the great warrior as an active commander of conquering fleets on the high seas is over and done. In the memory of patriotic Americans, the feat of Rear Admiral Evans in safely conducting the Atlantic fleet to the Pacific will remain as the climax of the life of one of the doughtiest commanders that ever strode the quarter-deck of a man-of-war. Few commanders have ever been so well loved by the men, and there is deep sorrow in the hearts of all of Uncle Sam's tars.

"Fighting Bob" described Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans to a dot. He won the right to this title in his first "naval engagement." He was sailing a boat in a public school yard in Washington when a bigger boy smashed it with a rock. Evans smashed the boy with another. The big boy was carried home on a door. Although the engagement resulted in a victory for Evans, it marked the close of his public school career. He has been fighting ever since, and whenever there was nothing more warlike on the horizon he tackled the general naval board.

Admiral Evans was easily the best liked and most popular commander of the navy and many anecdotes are told going to show his bravery and his fighting qualities.

California Town Shaken.

Eureka, Cal., Special.—Three sharp earthquake shocks which knocked down more than a hundred chimneys, shattered about forty plate glass windows in the business portion of Eureka, broke much crockery in the houses and sent many people scurrying from their beds into the streets, occurred here early Tuesday. The damage reported so far is estimated at between \$2,000 and \$3,000.

Dwelling Burns, Five Lives Lost.

Marshall, N. C., Special.—A phone message from Laurel, this county, fifteen miles from Marshall, says that during Monday night the home of Wolfe Tweed was burned and in the fire Mrs. Tweed, her three children and a neighboring woman all lost their lives. Mr. Tweed was in Marshall attending court. As yet no further details can be learned.

TWO BOILER VICTIMS

Deadly Explosion Gets in Its Work at Sawmill

TWO OTHERS SERIOUSLY HURT

Henry Gilbert and Fred Jackson Two White Men, Lose Their Lives in Explosion of Boiler at Reid's Sawmill in Caldwell County.

Taylorville, N. C., Special.—Two men lost their lives and two others were seriously, probably fatally, injured by the explosion of the boiler at Mr. William Reid's sawmill, near Draco, in Caldwell county, sixteen miles from Taylorville, Monday morning at 11 o'clock. The dead are: Henry Gilbert, aged about 50. Fred Jackson, aged 21.

The injured are Mr. William Reid, the owner of the mill, and his son, Hugh.

All the parties are white and were working at the sawmill when the explosion occurred. Mr. Reid is not expected to live and his son is in a serious condition.

The exact cause of the explosion has not been ascertained but it is thought to have been the result of too high pressure. The safety valve was tied down and the exact pressure at the time of the explosion is not known. The boiler was thrown 50 yards and demolished. The engine was also completely wrecked.

Bryan Denies Osnard.

Lincoln, Neb., Special.—The most important happening at Fairview was the emphatic denial given by William J. Bryan to a story printed in Pittsburg saying that he had "sold out" to the Kerr faction of the Pennsylvania Democratic party in order to accomplish the defeat of Col. James M. Guffey for national committee. The price alleged to figure in the transaction was \$200,000 as a campaign contribution. The charge is said to have been made that Mr. Bryan "made good" but that Mr. Kerr and his supporters had not come forward with the money. Mr. Bryan declared that he had never heard of the offer or agreement and he suggested that the proper persons to consult were the members of the committee on credentials which decided the Pennsylvania contest.

Mr. Bryan would not permit himself to be drawn into further discussion with James W. Van Cleave, president of the Manufacturers' Association, who came out in the press with additional reasons why the business men of the country should not support the Democratic ticket. The decision was based on the fact that Mr. Van Cleave had failed to defend his former contentions but instead had shifted the discussion to other questions, Mr. Bryan said.

Pritchard Out of Politics.

Asheville, N. C., Special.—The effort of former United States Senator Marion Butler and many influential Republicans in North Carolina to induce Judge J. C. Pritchard, of Asheville, to take the Republican nomination for Governor of this State, is without result. Judge Pritchard will have none of it. He says that from a financial standpoint he is unable to make the sacrifice which such candidacy would involve; that his ambition is to administer the law faithfully, impartially and fearlessly; that he believes he can better serve the whole people in the position he now occupies than by again entering the arena of politics and that he is entirely content with the place he now holds.

News of the Day.

Mlle. Fallieres, daughter of the President of France, was married to Jean Joseph Edward Lanes, her father's secretary.

The divorce of the Countess of Yarmouth (Miss Alice Thaw) was made final.

King Edward is on the way to visit Emperor William of Germany and Francis Joseph of Austria.

A big banquet to the visiting officers and other overseers marked the second day's stay of the American fleet at Auckland.

Four German sailors were drowned while manuevering in Sondenburg harbor.

Cardinal Gibbons was given a banquet by the procurator-general of the Sulapician Order.

President Ben Davis of the West Virginia Mine Workers, is at Grafton giving his attention to the strike of the miners at Tunnelton. The men have been out for some time and President Davis expects to be able to settle the trouble.

Deputy Sheriff James in Lockup at Wilmington.

Wilmington, Special.—A. G. James, who says that he is a deputy sheriff and his home at Pembroke, is in the city prison here awaiting a hearing before the mayor on the charge of assault with a deadly weapon upon Dennis Murphy, colored, on whom he is alleged to have drawn a pistol. The prisoner came here on the colored excursion, run from Hamlet and immediately became intoxicated.

\$450,000 MILL FIRE

Fine Plant of Odell Manufacturing Company at Concord, N. C., Destroyed By Fire—Heavy Loss Estimated.

Concord, N. C., Special.—Saturday just before noon cotton mill No. 4 of the Odell Manufacturing Company,

located here, was set on fire by a hot box in the engine room, and within three minutes the entire mill was in flames. The operatives, 500 in number, escaped with difficulty. The other three mills were saved by hard work. The loss is \$450,000, only partly covered by insurance. The mills were in the hands of a receiver and were being operated by Mr. Caesar Cone as receiver and were to be sold by court order on September 16th.

Rescuer Loses His Life.

Charlotte, N. C., Special.—On Saturday Mr. Fred Alexander, a well-known and popular young man of this county, was drowned in the Catawba river, near the town of Fort Mill, S. C., while trying to rescue Miller Strong, a youth who had gone swimming with him and had gotten beyond his depth. The body of Mr. Alexander was recovered late Saturday night.

Evans Retires Tuesday.

Washington, Special.—With the retirement from active service Tuesday of Rear Admiral Robley Dunglison Evans—"Fighting Bob"—the United States navy loses one of the most picturesque figures that ever trod a quarter-deck. Forty-five years have gone by since Evans, as a young ensign, received his baptism of fire at Fort Fisher during the Civil war. During that span of years he has served his country gallantly, well earning the reward of rest which a grateful people give.

Stung to Death by Bees.

Spartanburg, S. C., Special.—Mrs. W. T. Anderson was stung to death by bees at her home at Mountain View, several miles from here. Mr. and Mrs. Anderson were en route to church and had just left their home when the male they were driving took fright and in trying to check the animal Mr. Anderson pulled the wrong line and the animal into a big hive, causing the bees to swarm out by thousands. Mrs. Anderson was badly stung and died in two hours.

Homicide on American Battleship.

Auckland, By Cable.—The American battleship fleet which started for Sydney on Saturday morning, passed Cape Maria Van Diemen, the northern extreme of North Island Sunday morning. It is reported that during the stay of the fleet at this port two negro firemen quarreled aboard one of the battleships and that one slashed the other with a razor, resulting in the man's death. It is also reported that the fireman who did the killing will be taken to the United States for trial.

Quiet Day Spent by Hitchcock and Colleagues.

Chicago, Special.—Chairman Frank H. Hitchcock and other officers of the Republican national committee spent a quiet Sunday. Gen. T. Coleman Du Pont, director of the speakers' bureau, and George R. Sheldon, treasurer of the national committee, left for New York. Mr. Hitchcock will leave for Utica, N. Y., to be present at the notification of Mr. Sherman, the Republican nominee for vice president.

Current News.

Mundji Bey, the new Turkish Minister, took charge in Washington.

Baldwin made his first official test with his balloon, making a cornfield landing for slight repairs and losing the chance to show speed.

Taft conferred at Hot Springs with Hitchcock and Vorys and a West Virginia delegation including Senator Elkins.

W. S. Gregory, the Roanoke dentist accused by Miss Theodore Irvin was put on trial and denied the charges.

Three West Virginia Congressional aspirants refused to join in the Republican factional fight.

One suspect was arrested in Portsmouth after the murder of Policeman Wittinger and the assault on Mrs. Powell and the city is quieting down.

William Jennings Bryan was notified of his nomination in the presence of a great throng of Lincoln, Neb., and aroused great enthusiasm by attacking the methods of the Senate and House of Representatives. Parkersburg had a \$150,000 fire.

New York Republican leaders are united and harmonious in their opposition to Hughes, but fear the final word will come from Oyster Bay in his favor.

J. Montgomery Sears, a Boston millionaire, was killed in an automobile accident.

Ainsworth R. Spofford, chief assistant librarian of the Congressional Library, died at Holderness, N. H.

The Naval Academy visitors declared there is no laxing at Annapolis.

ILLINOIS RACE RIOTS

Springfield the Scene of Serious Clash of Races

THE MILITIA ALMOST HELPLESS

The Governor Takes Steps to Induce the Fleeing Negro Residents to Return and the State Arsenal is Opened to Them.

Springfield, Ill., Special.—A threatening mob, bent on wreaking vengeance on the negro inhabitants of Springfield, because of an assault committed by a negro on a white woman, is raging through the streets, beating negroes and disregarding the soldiers of Troop B, of the First Cavalry ordered out by Governor Deenoe to preserve order. The Governor by telegraph ordered two companies of militia and one troop of cavalry from Peoria a troop of cavalry from Bloomington and also one from Pekin. These soldiers are rushing to Springfield on special trains to assist the local troops in maintaining order.

Springfield, Ill., Special.—At a conference in the Governor's office Sunday afternoon steps were taken to notify the negro residents of the suburban districts to come into the State arsenal for the night. The scattered settlements extending around the outskirts of the city present too great a field for even the big body of troops here now. It was the idea of the military authorities that the most effective work could be done with the danger spots restricted as much as possible. Another factor in this connection was the large number of warnings of impending trouble. At all the police stations word was received that attacks were organizing by lawless persons, who with a complete day of rest were expected to make the night the time of supreme test between the mob and the troops.

Several complaints were received from nearby villages and hamlets of the existence of threatening conditions. The most insistent came from Chatham, twelve miles south. The negroes there became frightened at the attitude of their white neighbors and asked that troops be sent. Their spokesman was told that the best plan would be for them to come to Springfield and seek protection at the arsenal. The authorities are a bit worried by the conditions in the outside sections.

Scores of negroes have left Springfield, either on foot or by trolley cars, the latter class riding as far as their means permitted and then striking across country. These tramping parties, aimless and penniless, are causing some complaint from the communities through which they pass. The whites assert that the presence of these negro paupers impose unnecessary burdens and also argue that only the shiftless and immoral elements of the Springfield negroes are represented.

Minor depredations, it is said, have increased in the farming regions because of this condition. The Springfield officers are doing all they can to reassure the negroes still here. Thus far they have been partly successful, although the number of those who have sought shelter in the arsenal is surprisingly small. Most of the refugees are advanced in years, too. The younger negroes who might be expected to add fuel to the smouldering flames by rash acts have generally refused to become wards of the State.

Sunday an alarm reached the arsenal from Springfield and Edward streets, where William Donnigan was lynched Saturday night. A rapid fire squad was sent to the place on the double quick. Within five minutes the squad had cleared the streets for half a mile from the threatened corner, three companies of infantry being held under arms at the arsenal meanwhile.

Springfield, Ill., Special.—With one more victim added to the roll of fatally injured in the race riots which began here Friday night, Springfield spent the night in anxiety. Apprehension of more serious trouble was modified but not stilled by the presence of 2,500 National Guardsmen from various parts of the State under command of Major General Young, I. N. G.

Army Officer Uses Gun.

Badside, L. I., Special.—Capt. Peter Conover Hains, Jr., U. S. A., son of Brigadier General Peter Conover Hains, U. S. A., retired, fired five bullets from a revolver into William E. Anpis, of New York, owner and publisher of Burr-McIntosh's Monthly and other magazines, late Saturday on the landing stage of the Bayside Yacht Club, Flushing, and Annis, whom Captain Hains had accused of having been improperly attentive to the captain's wife, died in the Flushing Hospital a few hours after the shooting.

Travelers Enjoy Outing.

New York, Special.—The delegates to the Interstate Prosperity Congress of Commercial Travelers had an outing on Manhattan Beach Saturday. At a dinner a feature was the announcement of many messages of sympathy with the movement, received from distinguished persons throughout the country. Many of these had a partisan flavor, and it was decided not to read them.