RUSSIANS SWARM INTO GERMANY

ons Retreat Across Border Followed By Great Hordes of Russians. Kaiser Alarmed

ESE TAKE TSING-TAU

ne Surrender Important Fortres China-Allies and Germans Fighting Around Ypres

The past week has been an eventfel one in the European war. The news dispatches from Petrograd tell of everwhelming victories for the Russian forces in Russian Poland and East Prussia. The demoralized Austrian armies are doomed if the reports be true that the Russians have cut them off from the German forces in Galicia. Anether jolt was handed Germany in Chima when the German fortress at Tsing-Tan surrendered to the British and

Turkey's advent into the war also puts a new phase into the situation. It is freely predicted that if Germamy fails to win, the Ottoman empire will be vanquished by the allied forces. For nearly a half century Turkey has come out of one defeat only to be launched into another war which ends in defeat. This has resulted in a reduction in the Turkish territory, especially in Europe, until it is now one of the smallest countries on the continent.

To hold their enemies and at the same time inflict the greatest losses possible, seems to be the campaign the allies are carrying against the Germans in the north of France and in Belgium. For weeks the great trying with desperation to break through their lines and force an opening to the French coast. But it has all been in vain. Added to the irresistible strength of the allies the Germans had to fight in a flooded territory. It was too much for them and they were forced to retreat.

Another attempt is now being made through the region surrounding Ypres. It seems to be the last chance the land, has been occupied and that a the bravery of the Germans, who Germans will have, and they must eith-Russian column has proceeded west-fought tenaciously to the last. Uner succeed or retreat back through Belgium. When the siege on Paris Silesian frontier. failed, the kaiser, it is said, resolved to begin a campaign on England. For for the report that they have defeated whole town is in ruins. A Japanese this purpose the control of the French the Germans near Mlawa, in Poland, and Belgian coast was necessary. Anti just across the East Prussian bounwerp was taken and the German forces dary and at Lyck in East Prussia. moved on to the Belgian coast. But all was lost when they failed to reach the French coast

sion, military experts are wondering to fall back to the Silesian border. what will be the next move of the much headway. man forces in Prussia are facing a ing Silesia and East Prussia. serious dilemma.

Now that they have been cut off from Carpathian mountains. tled with the Russians, but it has been the bluest for the Austrians, reinforce the Anglo-French troops to the coast. ments were sent them by the German armies. It appeared for a time that the Russians would be forced to give they failed to do.

1.598 British Officers Killed

London.-A tabulated list of casualties among British commissioned officers in France between Otcober 20 and October 27, raises the total of officers. killed, wounded or missing to 1,598. The Royal Welsh Fusiliers, who lost seven officers killed, eight wounded and two missing, and the Royal Field either here or farther south must be Artillery, ten of whose officers were found if the Germans are to attain wounded, were among the heaviest suf-

Naval Battle Is Pending

Washington.-Official dispatches of the fall of Tsing-Tau were received at the Japanese embassy and interpreted as signalling the beginning of an offensive movement of the squadrons of from an aeroplane was recounted in warships which have been occupying dispatches reaching Paris. The inciand blockading Kiao-Chow, which have dent took place near Sempigny. The been released, it is said, to hunt down French had been ordered to hold the the German ships in the Pacific. It bridge at any cost. After quick-firers was stated at the embassy that in all had played havoc for twenty minutes probability a joint occupation of the in the German ranks the bugle sound-British and Japanese forces would take ed retreat and the Germans poured place at Tsing-Tau immediately.

London.-An official statement issued in Vienna says: "In the southern trict of Complanine and south of Shabats, are progressing slowly. The strategically important heights of Misar were captured and 200 prisoners taken. Some Servian entrenchments

were stormed and 1,500 prisoners, four

cannon and six machine guns were

Servians Defeated Near Shabats

AT LEAST HE HAS NERVE



Russians Advance Into Germany

Lendon.-Except for the fall of Tsing forces of the German empire have Tau the most significant report from been pounding away at the allied ranks any of the battle fronts—and the most welcome to the allies-is that the Russians, besides driving the Austrians back in Galicia, have reached the Warthe river in Russian Poland, and have established themselves on the East Prussian frontier.

A Berlin official report says some Russian cavalry crossed the Warthe, but were driven back. To this tire by the Germans to force their way Russian report adds that the town of Warta, on the Warthe river, in Poward through Czenstochowa, near the

The Russians, too, are responsible

Military observers here say the Russians have followed the retiring Germans at a much faster pace than Much interest is being manifested in was anticipated and that if they are the campaign in the east. With the in force they may prevent the Ger-Great Russian hordes threatening the mans from taking up their new postrichest region of Germany with inva-tions on the Warthe and compel them

Despite all this, reports persist that Germans. According to the latest re- the Germans are sending westward ports the Russians have advanced as large numbers of their troops who far as the Warthe river, in Russian have been fighting in Poland to oppose Poland and are now on the border the allies in France and Belgium. That of East Prussia. The Germans are they would do this with enormous said to have retreated into Kast Prus-Russian forces threatening their own sia. In the east of East Prussia the and richest territory military men here Russians are also said to have made say seems highly improbable unless With the Russians the Germans are satisfied a small closing in from two directions the Ger- force can prevent the Russians enter-

Allies Fighting Around Ypres In the west the ding-dong fighting the German-forces in Galicia, the Auscontinues. The Belgians, who hold trian armies have only one recourse, the lines along the coast, are being The Belgians, who hold and that is, to retreat through the given a comparative rest, after their For many three months of almost continuous weeks the Austrian forces have bat- fighting. The Germans still are concentrating around Ypres, where they a losing fight. When things looked are trying to hack their way through

Both sides claim to have made progress here, the Anglo-French forces southeast of the town and the Gerup the positions in Galicia they had mans southwest. Correspondents in forest of Rominten and Lyck (East won at a great sacrifice of life, but this the rear of the armies say the fighting has not appreciably lessened and that both sides are using tremendous weight of artillery in an endeavor to 4, suffering great losses. clear the ground for an infantry advance.

Both armies are being reinforced. It seems to be realized that the Germans Russian Poland, moving west. cannot proceed fatther west because of the co-operation of the warships with the land forces and that a route their ambition of reaching the French

Germans Hurled In River

Paris.—The story of a French bay onet attack which forced into the river Oise a body of Germans after the bridge by which they had crossed had been destroyed by a bomb dropped across the bridge.

Use of German Uniforms Denied Washington.-A foreign office dis patch to the French embassy denied war theater, attempts made against accusations of the German press that the enemy, strongly fortified behind the French were using German unibarbed wire entanglements in the dis- forms. "This ruse," said the dispatch, "to which the Germans often have re curred themselves, has never been employed by our soldiers, who, proud of their uniform, are content to fix their bayonets and hurl themselves into the assault of a position. The Germans, Prince Maurice of Battenberg, whose however, often have abused the white

German Ships Destroyed

Tokio, Japan.-After desperate as saults, in which the Japanese, in the face of heroic resistance, rivaled the bravery of their forces at Port Arthur, Tsing-Tau surrendered, Gov. Meyer-Waldeck, after the hoisting of white flags on the forts, sent an officer with a flag of truce to the Anglo-Japanese lines.

The Japanese and German officers opened a conference at Moltke barracks when the formalities of capitulation were concluded.

The Japanese officers highly praise official reports are that the Germans blew up what was left of their forts before surrendering and practically the torpedo boat flotilla that entered the bay found that nearly all the ships had been destroyed,

Austrians Cut Off From Germans Rome.—A Tribuna dispatch from Petrograd says:

"The Russians have cut off the Austrian army from the Germans. The Austrians were encircled on their left flank and were forced to retreat, but the Russians occupied all the ways of retreat toward Cracow and thus the entire Austrian army was pushed toward the Carpathian mountains. against which they are closely pressed.

The Austrians' condition is desperate, as their only line of retreat lies across the Carpathians, which, at this time of the year, are almost impassable to a million and a half of men with provisions and munition trains and artillery.

"Petrograd is rejoicing over the present decisive victory. Great demonstrations have been held, and in all churches services to celebrate event have taken place. "Emperor Nicholas remained at the

Russians Force German Retreat Petrograd.-The Russian general

staff has issued the following: "On the East Prussian front the Russian troops are developing with success an offensive in the region of the

Prussia). "The German rear guard was dislodged by us from Mlawa on November

"Beyond the Vistula the enemy continues to fall back. A German column passed through Czenstochowa, "Minor engagements have occurred

near Warta and on the road from Andrejew to Mechow near Merzava. "In Galicia the Austrians in their retreat left behind them many soldiers ill with cholera at Jaroslau, Przevorsk and villages on the San."

German Cargoes Are Affected

London.-The closing of the North sea to all shipping except that which places itself under the protection of the British fleet is recognized as the first stroke of Admiral Baron Fisher, the new first sea lord of the admiralty and as one of the most important events of the war. All cargoes destined for German or Austrian consumption must run the gauntlet of British inspection in the English channel, the strait of Gibraltar or the Suez canal.

Czar Receives U. S. Ambassador Petrograd.-George T. Marye, Jr., of San Francisco, the newly-appointed American ambassador to Russia, presented his credentials to Emperor Nicholas and formally assumed charge of the embassy,

Prince Of Battenberg Killed London.-Princess Henry of Battenberg has been informed by the headquarters at the front that her son, name appeared in a recent list of killed, met death leading his company

REINFORCEMENTS SENT TO BAT-TLE LINE IN WEST-ALLIES REPULSE ATTACKS.

RUSSIANS ON GERMAN SOIL AN ENORMOUS WHEAT CROP

Germans Abandon Positions Along Warthe.-Berlin Reports Victory Over Czars Troops.

London.-The Germans have renewed their offensive in the vicinity of Ypres and Dixmude, where several attempts to break through the Allied lines to the coast of France were repulsed after the most sever fighting

Despite the Austro-German armies have suffered in the east, where the Russians have set their feet on German territory, the Germans are said to be still sending reinforcements to the west in an endeavor to break down the resistance of the French, British and Belgians.

There has been no decisive action along the whole front, but each side is making gains which may count when the crisis is at hand. With the tremendous forces opposing each other, any progress necessarily must be slow, but both the Allies and the Germans express satisfaction with the way in which the battle has gone thus far.

In the east the Russian advance guards are fighting on both the East Prussia nand Posen borders and it is believed that the Germans have given up their first plan of resisting the Russians' advance on the positions which they had prepared along the Warthe River.

According to a German report, the Russians have suffered a reverse on the East Prussian frontier, where they lost 4,000 men and some machine guns, but of the fighting elsewhere in this region Berlin says nothing.

There have been no developments in the Near East, the engagements fought being between Russian and Turkish frontier guards in the Caueasus or the bombardment of ports

The slackness in recuiting in Engand has been given a fillup by the marches of some of the crack territorial regiments and the procession through the streets of London in connection with the inauguration of the Lord Mayor, in which Canadian and other Dominion troops took part.

From all sections of the country come reports of an increasing number of young men offering themselves for

ALLIES WILL WIN IN WAR.

ord Kitchener Declares That Eng Must Mean Victory for Englance.

London.-Confidence in the ultimate uccess of the Allied arms was exressed by Earl Kitchener who pointed out the great issue at stake, the advantages possessed by the Allies in men and material and in "that wonderful spirit which never has understood the meaning of defeat."

Speaking of the Lord Mayor's banquet, Lord Kitchener praised the territorials, particularly the London Scottish and the East Indians spoke of the admiration of the British "glorious French troops for the army," and said:

"Under the direction of General Jotfre, who is not only a great military leader but a great man, we may confidently rely on the ultimate success of the Allied forces in the western theater of the war."

He praised the brilliant leadership of Grand Duke Nicholas and also "the splendid deeds of the gallant Belgian army" and the gallantry of the Japanese forces. Continuing, Lord Kitchener said:

"The British empire is fighting for its existence. I want every citizen to inderstand this cardinal fact, for only from a clear conception of the vast importance of the issue at stake can come the great national moral impulse without which the government war ministers, or even their navies can do but little.

"We have enormous advantages in our resources of men and material and in that wonderful spirit of ours which never has understood the meaning of defeat. All these are great as sets but they must be used judiciously and effectively.

"I have no compalint to make what ever about the response to my appeals for men. The progress in the military training of those who already have enlisted is remarkable and the country well may be proud of them, but I shall want more men and still more until the enemy is crushed.'

Fleet is Sighted. Santiago, Chile.-The British cruiser

Glasgow which was engaged with the German squadron in battle off the Cilean coast Sunday, November 1, and the British transport Otranto have passed Delgada point light in the Straits of Magellan.

British Fleet Southward Bound. New York.-The steamer Campista which arrived here from Brazilian ports reported that between Rio Janeiro and Pernambuco, she passed fleet of seven British warships:

GERMANS RETURN COTTON GINNED IS MR. BAILEY'S FAITH TO ASSAULT ALLIES NEAR PAST RECORD MOST EXHAUSTED

UP TO NOVEMBER 1 THE CROP WAS WITHIN 5,170 BALES OF RECORD.

Despite Loss in Cotton, U. S. Crops Are Worth Much More Than In Any Previous Year.

Washington. - Ginning of cotton continues active despite the low price Southern farmers are receiving and the depression in the industry caused by the wer.

During the period from October 18 to November 1 the ginning amount-ed to 2,207,144 bales, making the aggregate for the season 9,828,695 bales, the period's ginning was only 5,170 bales less than ginned during the same period on the record production year of 1911 and the aggregate for the season is only 142,210 bales less. Compared with last year the ginning on November 1 were 855,177 bales more.

In Arkansas, Florida, Louisiana and Oklahoma the ginnings to November l exceeded those for any of the past eight years.

The fourth cotton ginning report of the season, compiled from reports of census bureau correspondents and agents throughout the cotton belt just issued, announced that 9,828,695 bales of cotton counting round as half bales, of the growth of 1914 had been ginned prior to November 1. This compared with 8,830,396 bales, or 63.2 per cent. of the entire crop, ginned prior to November 1, last year, 8,869,222 bales, or 65.8 per cent in 1912 and 9,970,905 bales or 64.1 per cent in 1911.

Important farm crops of the United States this year are worth \$5,068,742,-000 or \$104,000,000 more than the value of the same crops last year, notwithstanding a loss of \$418,000,000 sustained by cotton planters on lint alone as a result of the European war.

Preliminary estimates announced by the department of agriculture and statistics of average prices paid to producers November 1 indicate that this year's wheat and corn crops are the most valuable ever grown in the United States, that the wheat and apple crops are record harvests.

The huge wheat crop and the increased price of that cereal, the large corn and apple crops and the increased price in oats, barley and rye more than offset the big loss in cotton.

GUTIERREZ NAMES HIS CABINET

Carranza Orders His Commanders to Return to Posts of Duty.

Mexico City.-General Venustiano Carranza issued an ultimatum declaring himself chief head of the repub-The proclamation was issued at Cordoba and directed to military chieftains and civil employes of the central government who were ordered to disregard the mandates of the Aguas Calientes convention. To the military chieftains Carranza said that unless they left the conference and were back at their posts by 6 o'clock 1821; Anson 622; Bertie, 200; Lin-Tuesday evening their next in rank

Gen Eulalio Gutierrez, appointed provisional president of Mexico by the Aguas Calientes convention, has proclaimed himself the chief executive beginning November 10 and has appointed the following cabinet:

Foreign Minister, Fernando Iglias Calderon.

Minister of Communications, Gen. Antonio Villareal. Minister of War, Gen. Juvenio Robles.

Minister of the Interior, Gen. Jose Blanco Minister of Public Instructions,

Signor Soto y Gama, Minister of Justice, Jose

Minister of Progress, Pastor Roaix. Minister of the Treasury, Felicits Villareal.

Enrique C. Llorente will be appointed Washington representative of the Constitutionalists.

North Carolina Wins Boundry Case Washington.-The dispute between the states of Tennessee and North Carolina over their boundary was decided by the Supreme Court in favor of North Carolina. The dispute arose over the exact location of the state boundary as projected by a commission in 1821. Both states laid claim to some 40,000 acres of mountainous timber land near Slick Rock Creek and for years each state has imposed taxes on the lands. Justice McKenna ennounced the court's decision.

Fighting Cattle Disease. Washington.-Colder weather with

rain was hailed by Department of Ag riculture officials as a powerful ally in their campaign to repress the rap idly spreading livestock foot and mouth disease epidemic. Encourag ing reports came from some sections but news of more affected districts caused the department to extend the federal quarantine to include Dela ware, New Jersey, and Rhode Island and to par cattle shipments from Canada. Thirteen states are under quar-

ADMITS DEFEAT OF SEVENTH TAX AMENDMENT BUT AWAITS OFFICIAL COUNT ON OTHERS.

MR. TRAVIS LED OBJECTION

Compliments Chairman Travis as a Skillful and Resourceful Man. Official From 40 Counties.

Raleigh.-In connection with his admission that the tax amendments to the state constitution had been de feated and statement that he will await the official count of the returns by the state board of elections to determine definitely the fate of the other amendments Chairman J. W. Bailey of the amendments campaign commit tee takes occasion to say: "It is up to Chairman Travis of the State Tax Commission. He is an able man, a skilled man and a resourceful man I hope that he will succeed in reforming our present revenue system by way of enforcing the constitution that we have and I shall be glad to help him in any way I can."

Chairman Bailey makes the view that if the other nine proposed amendments are defeated they were weighed down by the vote against the tax amendment and that but for the sentiment against the tax amendment the other nine would certainly have carried. Mr. Bailey takes the view that the statement published against the tax amendment by Chairman Travis of the state tax commission, in The Charlotte Observer is what really defeated the amendment. He says that he thinks if it should ever be proposed again to amend the constitution it would be wise to submit only one amendment at a time as "it is impossible," as he expresses it, "to so inform the voters upon ten amendments as to insure against misappre hension, prejudice and private interest." At the same time he says he dees not expect to see any further effort to amend the constitution for ten years.

Chairman Bailey has conceded the defeat of the amendments, although he still says there is some hope that at least some few of them have got through by small majorities. He gave out a statement of returns in hand from counties to date that shows 40 counties heard from with 23 of them for and 17 against the amendments, but the vote against footing up 16,393 and the vote for the amendments 11, 029. The returns as he has them from the 40 counties follow:

For the amendmnets: Buncombe, 1,600 Brunswick, 673; Haywood, 1,-017; Columbus, 77*; New Haven 525; Durham, 211; Wilson, 158; Craven, 156; Davie, 242; Columbus, 25; Onslow 256; Beaufort, 750; Carteret, 725; Jackson, 467; Forsyth, 1,937; Alamence 48: Gates, 65: Pasquotank, 281: Hertford 32; Dare, 250; Warren, 129; Edgecombe, 351; Craven,

Against amendments: Hoke, 200; Franklin, 36; Rowan, 272; Iredell, 45; Cumberland, 1,630; Guilford, 1,-364; Johnston, 1,800; Wake, 1,744; Chatham, 989; Gaston, 900; Sampson, coln, 924; McDowell, 1,106; Catawba, 567: Davidson, 1,780.

RALEIGH TO HELP BELGIANS.

Will Hold Big Fancy Dress Ball to Raise Money.

Raleigh.-Within the next week or two Raleigh will undertake to raise money for the homeless and starving Belgians in Europe by holding a big fancy dress ball in the Auditorium, the affair to be under the auspices of Capital Club, the Raleigh Country Club, the Elk's Club and the Raleigh Woman's Club. The details for the affair are being worked out by a special committee from these organizations and it is certain of raise a hig

Asheville holds the honors for the bigest contributions for the reflect of the Belgians thus far made in this state and Governor Craig, i sgenerally pleased at the record scored by his home city.

Two Deaf Boys Killed. Morganton. - Claude Wade of

Greensboro, age 13 and Willis Sawyer of High Point, age 12, students of the State Deaf and Dumb School here, were run over and instantly killed a few days ago by train 36 near Hildebran, 15 miles east of here. The boys had run away from school. After going to their rooms at the usual hour they evidently slipped out immediately as they had walked nearly to Hildebran and had just been missed at school when the message of their death came.

Fire Near Shelby.

Shelby.-At 2:30 o'clock one morning recently fire was discovered in the large new barn of Mr. T. H. Lowery at Patterson Springs and before any help could be called from neighbors the fire had gone too far to be extinguished. One mule, one horse, three fine milk cows, two wagons, part of his form tools and all feed stuff were burned. Mr. Lowery was awakened by the noise of the roaring fire and the roof was falling in when he got up. The origin, of the fire is not known.