DEMOCRATS HAVE SMALLER MAJORITY IN 1915 STATE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

FORTY-THREE TO SEVEN IN STATE SENATE; 97 TO 21 IN THE HOUSE.

ONLY TWO PROGRESSIVES

And One Independent Elected to General Assembly, Complete List of Legislators.

Raleigh.—While no finally authoritative statement based on official returns is yet available, it has been figured out here that the new General Assembly to meet in January will consist of 43 Democrats and seven Republicans, compared with 47 Democrats and three Republicans in the 1913 senate. It is figured that the house will consist of 97 Democrats, 21 Republicans and two Progressives and one independent compared with 101 Democrats, 16 Republicans and two Progressives and one independent in the 1913 lower house.

Candidates for the speakership of the house have not yet fully developed. E. R. Wooten of Lenoir is an avowed candidate, having served as speaker protem in the last Legislature. L. H. Allred of Johnston County has also stated his purpose to try for the speakership. There is mention of A. A. F. Seawall of Lee and Gallatin Roberts of Buncombe, both being old experienced legislators, but neither has avowed his intention of seeking the office.

Six Old Senators.

There seems to be six members of the senate of the last Legislature returned to the senate of the new assembly and 27 members of the last lower house returned. The members of the senate, all those not marked otherwise being Democrats, follow: First District, W. L. Cohoon, Elizabeth City, and J. S. McNider, Hertford; second, H. W. Stubbs, Williamston, and Mark Majette, Columbia; third, T. T. Speight, Windsor; fourth, H. A. Gilliam, Tarboro, and R. L. Stedman, Halifax; fifth, F. C. Harding, Greenville; sixth, R. B. White, Franklin, and T. M. Washington, Wilson; seventh, A. W. Ward, Newbern, and Frank Thompson, Jacksonville; eighth, E. A. Stevens, Goldsboro; ninth, R. D. Johnson, Warsaw; tenth, W. B. Cooper, Wilmington; eleventh, Donald McFacken, Whiteville; twelfth George B. McLeod, Lumberton; thirteenth, J. W. Johnson, Raeford; fourteenth, W. H. Fisher, (R), Ezra Parker, (R); fifteenth, W. B. Snow, Raleigh; sixteenth, Tasker Polk, Warrenton; seventeenth, T. G. Currin, Oxford; eighteenth, Frank Nash, Hillsboro, and E. R. Upchurch, Yanceyville; nineteenth, C. O. McMichael, Wentworth; twentieth, F. P. Hobgood, Greensboro; twenty-first, J. B. Atwater, Bynum, and C. M. Muse, Carrage; twenty-second, Frank McAuley, Mount Gilead; twenty-third, J. S. Efird, Albemarle, and Ney McNeely, Monroe; twenty-fourth, John A. McRae, Charlotte, and W. L. Morris, Concord; twenty-fifth, B. B. Miller, Salisbury; twenty-sixth, Hugh G. Chatham, Winston-Salem; twenty-seventh, R. L. Haymore, (R), Mount Airy; twenty-eighth, Linville, Bumgarner; (R), Wilkesboro; twenty-ninth, Dorman Thompson, Statesville; thirtieth, Charles A. Jones, (R), Lincolnton; thirty-first, Arthur M. Dixon, Gastonia; thirty-second, O. Max Gardner, Shelby, and E. B. Cloud, Columbus; thirty-third, D. F. Giles, Marion, and R. F. Davis, Morganton; thirty-fourth, R. L. Ballou, Jefferson; thirty-fifth, John E. Lineback, (R), Spruce Pine; thirty-sixth, Zebulon Weaver, Asheville; thirty-seventh, C. Paxton, Brevard; thirty-eighth, John C. Hubert, (R), Hayesville.

Members of the House.

Alamance, J. H. Vernon, Burlington; Alexander, Ira Walden (R), Stony Point; Alleghany, R. A. Doughton, Sparta; Anson, E. F. Thomas, Wadesboro; Ashe, T. C. Bowie, Jefferson; Avery, W. M. Johnson (R), Beaufort, J. L. Mayo, Washington; Bertie, Dr. A. Capehart, Roxabel; Bladen, J. B. Clark, Elizabethtown; Brunswick, B. L. Hewett (R); Buncombe, Gallatin Roberts, Asheville, H. L. Nettles, Skyland; Burke, Dr. A. M. Dula (R), Morganton; Cabarrus, H. S. Williams (R), Concord; Caldwell, Dr. A. A. Kent, Lenoir; Camden, W. P. Barco, Shiloh; Carteret, M. Leslie Davis, Beaufort; Caswell, P. M. Somers, Catawba, J. Y. Kilian (R), Hickory; Chatham, F. W. Bynum, Pittsboro; Cherokee, D. Witherspoon (R); Chowan, P. H. Bell, Edenton; Clay, O. L. Anderson (R), Hayesville; Cleveland, J. B. Smith, Shelby; Craven, G. A. Whitford, Askins; Columbus, A. M. Benton (Ind.), Evergreen; Cumberland, J. H. Currie, Fayetteville; Currituck, Pierce Hampton, Water Lily; Dare, A. H. Etheridge (Ind.); Davidson, C. H. B. Leonard (R), Lexington; Davie, Thomas J. Hendrix (R), Mocksville; Duplin, Dr. R. L. Carr, Rose Hill; Durham, Benehan Cameron, J. Ed Pegram, Durham; Edgecombe, T. F. Cherry, Rocky Mount; Forsyth, P. Frank Hanes and Walter A. Mockle, Winston-Salem; Franklin, J. T. Inscoe, Castalia; Gaston, John C. Puett, Dallas, and S. S. Mauney, Cherryville; Gates, G. V. Gatlin, Drum Hill; Graham, C. Z. Denton, Robbinsville; Granville, D. G. Brummitt, Oxford; Greene, L. J. H. Mewborne, Snow Hill; Guilford, Robert Brockett, High Point, and N. L. Eure, Greensboro, and W. A. Bowman, Liberty; Halifax, W. W. Long, Roanoke Rapids, and J. H. Darden, Spring Hill; Harnett, F. M. McKay; Haywood, D. R. Noland, Crabtree; Henderson, G. H. Valentine, Hendersonville; Hertford, Stanley Winborne, Murfreesboro; Hoke, Thomas McBryde; Hyde, J. M. Clayton, Engelhard; Iredell, J. P. Grier, Statesville, and Thomas N. Hall, Mooresville; Jackson, V. C. Jones, Gray; Johnston, L. H. Allred, Smithfield, and C. M. Wilson, Wilson's Mills; Jones, V. B. Collins, Maysville; Lee, A. A. F. Seawell, Sanford; Lenoir, E. R. Wooten, Kinston; Lincoln, John E. Hoover, Henry; Macon, W. J. Jenkins, West Hill; Martin, A. R. Dunning, Williamston; Madison, Plato D. Ebbs, Marshall; McDowell, Byron Conley, Marion; Mecklenburg, R. C. Freeman and R. S. Hutchison, Charlotte, and T. J. Renfrow, Matthews; Mitchell, John H. Phillips, Bakersville; Montgomery, A. M. Bennett, Jackson Springs; Moore, Henry A. Page, Aberdeen; Nash, Jacob Battle, Rocky Mount, and George R. King, Nashville; New Hanover, W. P. Stacy, Wilmington; Northampton, T. W. Mason (R), Garyburg; Onslow, Horace Grant, Sneeds Ferry; Orange, S. S. Smith; Pamlico, Jordan Carraway, Messic; Pasquotank; W. L. Small, Elizabeth City; Pender, J. B. Scott, Rocky Point; Perquifans, John S. Winslow, Hertford; Person, Dr. E. J. Tucker, Roxboro; Pitt, J. C. Galloway, Greenville, and J. J. Laughinghouse, Greenville; Polk, J. T. Camp; Randolph, Dr. G. A. Foster; Richmond, M. C. Freeman, Hamlet; Robeson, Marshall Shepherd, Orrum, and G. B. Sellars, Maxton; Rockingham, J. T. Wall, Stoneville, and Jessee L. Roberts, Reidsville; Rowan, T. J. Brown, Salisbury, and W. C. Coughenour, Jr., Salisbury; Rutherford, J. F. Alexander, Forest City; Sampson, C. M. Faircloth (R); Scotland, L. M. Blue, Gibson; Stanley, L. H. Bost, Big Lick; Stokes, D. V. Carroll (R), Mizpah; Surry, Matthew H. Norman (R), Dobson; Swain, J. A. Gibbs (R), Whittier; Transylvania, C. B. Deaver (R), Brevard; Tyrrell, J. C. Brickhouse, Columbia; Vance, J. C. Kittrell, Kittrell; Union, J. C. M. Vann, Monroe, and W. G. Long, Monroe; Wake, Clyde A Douglas, Raleigh, A. P. Smith, Holly Springs and D. B. Harrison, Eagle Rock; Warren, Dr. P. J. Macon, Warrenton; Washington, A. W. Swain, Plymouth; Watauga, A. W. Smith (R), Mabel; Wayne, M. H. Allen, Goldsboro, and F. R. Mintz, Mount Olive; Wilkes, T. S. Bryan (R), Trap Hill; Wilson, John L. Bailey, Elm City; Yadkin, S. C. Williams (R), Yadkinville; Yancey, G. Penley Deyton, Toecane.

Equal Suffrage Gains Momentum.

Raleigh.—Mrs. Russell C. Langdon returned from Charlotte, where she attended the first state-wide equal suffrage convention ever held in North Carolina. Mrs. Langdon represented the Raleigh league, which has some 65 members.

Mrs. Langdon was enthusasitic over the meeting and stated that Charlotte treated the delegates royally. They were welcomed by Mayor Bland, who said in his address that he was formerly opposed to woman suffrage, but that he had repented, no matter what the men thought of it, it is already here.

The meetings were held in the assembly room of a local hotel and Mrs. Langdon stated that the Charlotte people took a great deal of interest in the deliberations, the room at all times being filled with interested listeners.

Addresses were made before the convention by Chief Justice Walter Clark, of the North Carolina Supreme Court; Prof. Archibald Henderson, of the University of North Carolina; Mrs. Archibald Henderson, of Chapel Hill, president and many others.

The following officers were elected: President, Mrs. Archibald Henderson, Chapel Hill; vice-president, Mrs. J. E. Reiley, Charlotte; Miss Gertrude Weil, Goldsboro; Mrs. C. M. Platt, Asheville; corresponding secretary, Mrs. Palmer Jerman, Raleigh; recording secretary, Miss Mary Shuford, Hickory; treasurer, Mrs. David Stern, Greensboro.

NORTH CAROLINA AT FRONT.

Tar Heels Were Prominent in the Twenty-First Annual Convention of U. D. C. at Savannah, Ga.

Savannah, Ga.—The twenty-first annual convention of the United Daughters of Confederacy was marked by a patriotic spirit, typical of the south. The addresses of welcome breathed a hospitality that knows no stint. North Carolina occupies a seat among the mighty.

Mrs. A. B. Hull, convention hostess, is a Wilmingtonian. Mrs. Josephus Daniels responded to the addresses of welcome. Miss McCullers is a president's personal page. Mrs. Eugene Page is a member of the rules and regulations committee, and Mesdames I. W. Faison and F. M. Williams are general officers. Mr. Hickman, president of the American Cotton Association, addressed the convention as to the wear cotton movement. The Daughters will put a memorial window to the women of '61 and '65 in the Red Cross building to be erected in Washington, D. C. Impressive memorial services were held.

ANTI-SALOON MEETING SOON

Sessions in Raleigh on 13th and 14th of January With Many Noted Speakers.

Raleigh.—The Anti-Saloon League is now planning for its next biennial convention, which will convene in Raleigh Wednesday, three p. m., January 13th, and will adjourn Thursday night, the 14th. The executive committee has appointed the superintendent and the central committees to provide the program.

Superintendent Davis says that they are planning to bring into the state some of the most prominent temperance workers in the nation. It is hoped to have present Dr. P. A. Baker, of Ohio, general superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League of America; Ex-Governor Malcom R. Patterson, Tennessee, one of most recent and most powerful apostles of prohibition; Mrs. Mary Harris Armour, Georgia, the first woman of the nation in temperance reform work; Rev. James W. McDaniels, D. D., Virginia, who was one of the strongest i nthat state to put it dry; Rev. J. D. McAllister, Virginia, assistant superintendent of the Virginia Anti-Saloon League, ond others. Many prominent North Carolinians will also have places on the program and the committee gives assurances that a literary and temperance treat will be in store for all who attend the convention.

The constitution provides, Article 8, that:

"The membership of the state convention shall consist of all such delegates as may be sent by bodies in sympathy with the objects of the league and by other persons attending who shall also sympathize with its objects.".

Therefore, Sunday schools, young peoples' societies, local churches, law and order leagues, law enforcement organizations, W. C. T. U. unions, and any other organization that sympathizes with the enforcement of the prohibition laws and national prohibition are entitled to elect delegates to this convention. In addition to this, all other persons of the state who are in sympathy and accord with the work of the Anti-Saloon League are entitled to membership in this convention. Mr. Davis says that all of these organizations will be reached and urged to send representatives.

The matters of prime importance before this convention will be a law that will relieve the state from the present jug trade, and the Sheppard-Hobson resolution now pending in Congress, which resolution will submit national, constitutional prohibition to the states.

Mr. Davis expects to fully advertise this convention, give the people a splendid program, and, therefore, to have a large attendance.

Scotland Neck Wants Expert.

Scotland Neck.—J. H. Alexander, Jr., is leading a movement to secure from the United States department of agriculture a demonstrator to come to this section and remain all next year for the purpose of keeping the farmers posted in regard to the proper handling of live stock and how, what and when to plant the various crops for their maintenance.

COMING EVENTS.

Anson Co. Fair, Wadesboro—Nov. 18-20.
State Teachers' Assembly, Charlotte—November 25-27.
Trinity Declamation Contest, Trinity College—November 27.
North Carolina Community Service Week, December 3-5.
Annual Live Stock Meeting, Statesville—January 19-21, 1915.

TAR HEEL BRIEFS.

The sixth district Odd Fellows have just closed their convention at Wilmington. They will meet next year at Whiteville.

Hickory has selected S. C. Cromwell of Shelby for city manager.

Game Warden Thomas R. Parker was notified that H. Forney has been named as a deputy to enforce the game laws in the Black Mountain section of Buncombe county.

Women of the state struck a telling blow for suffrage in their first convention at Charlotte.

The plant of the Pure Gold Tobacco Company of Greenville, Tenn., having recently been destroyed by fire, the company has contracted with the McElwee Tobacco Company of Statesville to produce its smoking tobacco—the "Pure Gold" brand.

The city of Durham has bought a farm.

The Republicans will keep their headquarters open at Greensboro.

Corn "shuckings" are very popular in Caldwell county.

Guilford county has completed 16 concrete bridges.

Hendersonville will soon take a religious census of the town.

The Lutheran conference will meet at Mooresville.

Farmers in Eastern North Carolina declare they will decrease their cotton acreage over 50 per cent.

Governor Craig delivered the principal address at the unveiling of the Confederate monument at Greenville.

One December 12, Bakersville will vote on $25,000 road bonds.

Geat catches of shad are being made by fishemen of the coast near Beaufort.

The Negro State Baptist Convention held its 47th annual convention at Hamlet.

Brunswick county has made arrangements for a farm demonstration.

Some genuine old time corn "shuckings" are being pulled off around Mooresville.

North Carolina was in first rank at the U. D. C. convention at Savannah, Ga.

BLAME NEW RATES FOR RECEIVERSHIP

DO NOT KNOW WHAT EFFECT IT WILL HAVE ON STATE'S CONVICT AID.

DISPATCHES FROM RALEIGH

Doings and Happenings That Mark the Progress of North Carolina People Gathered Around the State Capitol.

Raleigh.

Supt. J. S. Mann of the State's Prison was unable to say what effect the receivership for the Watauga & Yadkin Railroad as a part of the properties being developed by the Grandin Lumber Company will have on the work of state convicts in the construction of this road. The work by the convicts is in compliance with legislative mandate, the state providing for the convicts and taking stock in the railroad as compensation, the railroad company merely providing the camp, quarters and tools used.

Thirty-eight additional convicts were sent there from the 220 turned back on the state by the company developing the power plant at Whitney on the Yadkin River, for which the prison management was receiving $1.50 a day. This makes a squad of 50 working convicts that the state has at work on the Watauga & Yadkin.

There was much comment in state offices on the fact that the management of the Watauga & Yadkin River Railroad charges up to the effect of the Justice interstate freght rate act the disaster that has come upon the road, alleging that the long and short haul clause cut them out of half the business theretofore enjoyed and put the credit of short-line roads generally in this state "on the blink." The recievership was created in Asheville by Judge Boyd of the United States Court. Officers of practically all the short line roads in the state, it will be recalled, have a special legislative committee at work in preparation for a vigorous demand to be made on the next legislature for relief from various effects of the Justice act.

North Carolina Wins Boundary Suit.

Washington.—The dispute between the states of Tennessee and North Carolina over their boundary was decided by the Supreme Court in favor of North Carolina.

The dispute arose over the exact location of the state boundary as projected by a commission in 1821. Both states laid claim to some forty thousand acres of mountain timber land near Slick Rock Creek and for years each state has imposed taxes on the lands.

Justice McKenna, in announcing the court's decision, said that after careful consideration of all the arguments and the evidence, including the usual amount of conflicting expert testimony the court found the line to be as claimed by North Carolina.

The Supreme Court of the United States is the only court that has jurisdiction in a controversy between two state, and this suit was brought to the Supreme Court of the United States by Attorney General Bickett about five years ago.

The court ordered testimony to be taken, and this was done at many points, both in North Carolina and Tennessee.

The evidence covered about 2,000 pages of printed matter with some 50 odd maps.

The property in controversy is estimated to be worth something over $2,000,000, and the people of North Carolina will be gratified that the contention of the state with respect to this property, has been sustained at every point.

Stork at Governor's Mansion.

The stork visited the Governor's mansion a few days ago, and left a junior Governor, a bouncing boy, Locke Craig, Jr., upon whose arrival Governor Craig is being showered with congratulations. Mrs. Craig and little son are doing well.

Observe Tuberculosis Week.

The State Department of Health is pressing with increasing vigor its campaign against tuberculosis through the observance of the last week in November as Tuberculosis Week and through special sermons and other exercises on the last Sunday in November in all the churches in the state. The department has written all the pastors, urging that they have sermons on tuberculosis and giving appropriate data on which they can build these dicourses and impress their people on this subject.

Leaf Tobacco Sales for October.

The report of leaf tobacco sales of the North Carolina markets issued by the state department of agriculutre shows 62,901,881 pounds sold during October with 58,752,605 during October, 1913. The sales first-hand for the farmers during the month just closed aggregated 57,064,300 pounds. Forty-eight markets reported and Kinston led with 7,466,027 pounds sold first-hand; Greenville second, with 6,3334,983; Wilson third, with 5,425,164; Winston-Salem fourth, with 4,573,138.

Over 200 Convicts for Railroad Work.

The big squad of state convicts averaging from 200 to 220 that have been hired out by the state prison's management at $1.50 to $1.75 a day on the Whitney development work are to be returned to the prison at once and will be distributed among several of the railroad and turnpike construction enterprises that are receiving aid through this prison labor in exchange for stock in the roads. To this end the council of state in special session recently directed Supt. J. S. Mann of the prison to distribute these convicts between the Bat Cave Turnpike, the Watauga & Yadkin Valley and the Elkin & Alleghany Railroads as he may find most expedient.

This action followed a formal notice from the contractors that the use of the convicts would be discontinued at once as conditions had developed that made it impracticable to use the convict labor further in this work. While it is conceded that the European war conditions have had the effect of necessitating curtailment of the work, the development being largely through French capital, it is also explained that the work at Whitney has reached the state of development that convict labor would now come in competition with free labor and the prison management does not care to stand for such competition. Masons and stone workers are understood to be largely necessary now in the work.

The distribution of these convicts that have been working at Whitney among the railroad enterprises of the Watauga & Yadkin Valley, the Elkin & Alleghany and the Pat Cave Turnpike will mean very much more rapid progress for construction work of each, although it will mean that in the place of the cash revenue received for their labor at Whitney there must now be taken only stock in the several railroad enterprises for the labor expended on each.

$100,000 in War Revenue Stamps.

Collector of Internal Revenue J. W. Bailey has ordered $100,000 in war revenue stamps as a starter for beginning the collection of these special taxes December 1. And it is stated in the revenue headquarters here that there is every indication that this war revenue will run considerably in excess of all other annual revenues heretofore collected in this state. A special feature of the situation, too, is that in all cases where those liable for these war taxes fail to make their returns by December 1 there is a provision that they must pay a penalty of 50 per cent in addition to the regular tax. The war revenue taxes cover a wide scope of subjects that are numerous in this state. There is the tax on capital and surplus of all banks, tax on all dealers in manufactured and smoking tobacco, taxes on numerous lines of drug stocks, taxes on all billiard and pool tables, taxes on all notes for borrowed money and on deeds conveying lands.

Supreme Court Decides 13 Appeals.

The full list of opinions follows: Hedrick vs. Western Union Telegraph Company, Forsyth, no error; Salisbury vs. State Hospital, Wake, affirmed; Boushall vs. Myatt, Wake, new trial; Ferebee vs. Norfolk Southern, Wake, no error; Gilbert vs. Shingle Company, Brunswick, appeal dimissed; Horner School vs. Rogers, Granville, new trial; Hayes vs. Wrenn, Granville, no error; Pruitt vs. Southern Railway, Rockingham, no error; Dunnevent vs. Southern Railway, Caswell, affirmed; Oitmann vs. Williams, Orange, affirmed; Manly vs. Abernathy, Rockingham, new trial; Hall vs. Railroad & Electric Co., Alamance, reversed; State vs. W. L. Davis, Davidson, no error.

Sword of Gen. J. J. Pettigrew.

Miss Carolina Pettigrew of Tryon, who is visiting in the city, presented to Secretary of State J. Bryan Grimes of the State Historical Commission the sword and spurs of her father, Gen. J. Johnston Pettigrew, which were presented to him while he was commanding the first regiment raised by South Carolina for the Confederate Army.

Health Board is Fighting Colds.

With the approach of winter the State Board of Health has taken ample precautions to do everything possible to prevent as much of the disagreeable part of winter and as much of the dangers of cold and winter affections as possible.

Brockwell Praises Small Towns.

Deputy Insurance Commissioner Sherwood Brockwell, the expert fire-fighter, just back from a visitation to a number of western North Carolina towns, declares with great enthusiasm that numbers of these towns that he visited on this trip have towns of much larger proportions in other sections of the state "skinned a mile" on street and other internal improvements. He was especially pleased with the extensive street paving and other improvements and special lighting in Hickory, Newton, Statesville.

Experts Will Instruct Beef Raisers.

K. C. Ikeler, a graduate of the Penn State College and A. & M. College of Iowa, and J. L. Brown of Kentucky, have arrived at West Raleigh and will at once become associated with the beef industry division of the North Carolina Experiment Station. It is the purpose of these men to go throughout the state, instructing the beef raisers and advising as to what the best breed is for the different localities. They will also visit farms and help buy suitable cattle and also help in the marketing of beef.

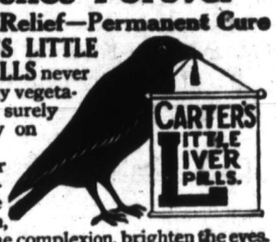
Pelvic Catarrh

I Would Not Do Without Peruna.

Miss Emelie A. Haberkorn, 2251 Gravois Ave., St. Louis, Mo., writes: 'For over two years I was troubled with catarrh of the pelvic organs. I heard of Dr. Hartman's book, 'The Ills of Life.' I read it and wrote to the doctor, who answered my letter promptly. I began taking treatment as soon as possible. Tongue cannot express how I suffered. I feel grateful for what the doctor has done for me, and would not do without Peruna. I now enjoy as good health as ever. I find it has improved my health so much that I will recommend it to any one cheerfully."

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure



CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable — act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner distress—cure indigestion, improve the complexion, brighten the eyes.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

Careful Dad.

"We receive many queerly directed letters, of course," acknowledged a post office assistant in answer to an urgent question, according to the Cleveland Plain Dealer. "But the queerest I ever remember having seen had an address that ran somewhat as follows:

"'To my son Thomas if he is associating with decent young fellows and calling on respectable girls. If he ain't, please return to above address, because the letter has Two Dollars in it.'

"I've often wondered whether the letter got back all right."

Beware the Conflagration.

Rev. Dr. Harris L. Remington, in an address on "Purity" before the Young Men's Christian association of Duluth, said:

"I would warn my young hearers against the almost universal custom known as 'spooning.' In parlors, on park benches, everywhere, one sees lads and lasses tightly folded in each others' arms, like wrestlers of equal strength. Bah!

"'But,' you ask me, 'what's the harm? A kiss is only a trifle.'

"'Ah, yes,' I respond, 'a kiss is only a trifle—and so is a spark.'"

War and Life Insurance.

"I inquired of a man high up in the affairs of a big life insurance company whether the killing of so many soldiers will bring heavy losses upon American life insurance companies. 'Far smaller than you might think,' was his answer. 'It is true one New York company has $400,000,000 of insurance in the countries which are at war, but the number of soldiers killed will be but a small proportion of all the people who carry insurance.'"

DOCTOR KNEW Had Tried It Himself.

The doctor who has tried Postum knows that it is an easy, certain, and pleasant way out of the coffee habit and all of the ails following and he prescribes it for his patients as did a physician of Prospertown, N. J.

One of his patients says:

"During the summer just past I suffered terribly with a heavy feeling at the pit of my stomach and dizzy feelings in my head and then a blindness would come over my eyes so I would have to sit down. I would get so nervous I could hardly control my feelings.

"Finally I spoke to our family physician about it and he asked if I drank much coffee and mother told him that I did. He told me to immediately stop drinking coffee and drink Postum in its place, as he and his family had used Postum and found it a powerful rebuilder and delicious food-drink.

"I hesitated for a time, disliking the idea of having to give up my coffee, but finally I got a package and found it to be all the doctor said.

"Since drinking Postum in place of coffee my dizziness, blindness and nervousness are all gone, my bowels are regular and I am well and strong. That is a short statement of what Postum has done for me."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Postum comes in two forms:

Regular Postum—must be well boiled. 15c and 25c packages.

Instant Postum—is a soluble powder. A teaspoonful dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water and, with cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage instantly. 30c and 50c tins.

The cost per cup of both kinds is about the same.

"There's a Reason" for Postum.

—sold by Grocers.