

THE ENTERPRISE

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W. C. Manning Editor

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Friday, July 21, 1933

Our Eternal Selfishness

In such matters as farm relief, health work, educational programs, and the like, which the government deals with so systematically and so sympathetically, there are always many who will not cooperate. We would certainly like to know the reason why the people will not cooperate and take every advantage of such opportunities, yet they will not.

We can go no further in assigning a reason than to guess, and observation prompts us to guess that our very extensive democratic American freedom has made bigots of us until we believe ourselves masters of all we survey; that our knowledge is perfect and our power is unlimited. We even go so far in our self-conceit that if some one else suggests things that we know are good and if our government outlines plans for the protection of her people, there are who will not cooperate, but rather exercise their own self will.

Some farmers will refuse to cooperate with their neighbors, because they think they know a little more than they do, or perhaps are just a little richer, or it may be that they think they can sell their crop for a nickel more than their poor or unfortunate neighbor.

Some folks will not send their children to school regularly, because they do not like the teacher, or their neighbor's children. What we need to do as a people is to pool our knowledge and experience and outline our business and other policies on such experiments and all work together. If we do not, we will be about as useless as a wheel in which one spoke turns one way and another moves in another direction.

We can not understand why people will not cooperate. Yet we know they too often fail to succeed for the lack of cooperation and hope the day is not so far distant when neighbor will work together with neighbor for better prices for products, labor, social advancement, educational conditions, and the like. When we cease to be selfish we will cooperate.

The Root of All Evil

We see lots of scheme to stop kidnapping. We have laws against it, but we have not stopped it, and the practice is growing by leaps and bounds, and is now about the most profitable "racket" in America. It is like bootlegging, the more profit it shows, the more there will be of it.

The kidnapper might use the same argument that the liquor man uses, "Repeal the law, and the curse will cease," and this argument would be just as sensible from the kidnappers.

We must remember that law, even the death penalty, has never prevented crime, and it never will for the next thousand years. Yet it arrests or prevents many crimes.

The passion of anger leads to crime. The passion for quick and easy profits is the cause for at least nine-tenths of all crime, and whether it comes from stealing a child or selling liquor, robbing a bank or a filling station, it will continue and no law can cure it. If the state puts a tax on the production, the sale or the use of anything, somebody is going to violate the law.

The liquor law violator charges the law with making him a criminal, the murderer has exactly the same plea, and both pleas are without foundation of truth. The same applies to every law that has ever been put on the statute books.

The tax laws do not make criminals. Taxpayers lie about their property and become criminals by their own acts. The nation passes laws regulating the manufacture and sale of liquor. Men violate these laws for the profits they get and then turn around and accuse the state of making them criminals. What a lie, and what fools we be to believe them.

Kidnapping, bootlegging, stealing, and every other crime will continue just as long as such acts produce a profit, "for the love of money is the root of all evil."

School Teachers' Salaries

The new wage scale will put a mill worker's income above that the North Carolina school teacher gets. It might have been that when cotton was selling at 6 cents that we were paying teachers all we could. On the other hand, if other things go up, the salary of teachers needs to go up, too.

England Takes a Sound Position

We are inclined to think Great Britain stands against the American proposal for public works and shorter hours is sound.

What we need to do is to work more. It is good for our health, for our wealth, our morals, and our spirituality.

The machine manufacturer is the gentleman that wants to cut hours of labor. If the hours are fixed at 30 per week, and the manufacture and improvement of machinery is given freedom, it will not be long before the working hours of labor will be reduced to 12 a week.

Machines will make only a few folks rich, but they will starve unold millions.

Working Better Than Striking

It is hard to understand why men who have been without work for months and years will organize strikes just as soon as work begins.

Will a strike at High Point help the town or the strikers? Can it be that men are just contrary and mean?

So far as we know, the laborer is not facing any undue hardship from the factory operatives, but have an opportunity to work and do something for themselves and their families.

They will find working better than striking.

Easy Divorce Laws

Charles E. Martin, head of the American Bar Association struck out hard against the easy divorce laws of the country in a recent address in Chicago.

The modern trend of raising a row and parting because of greater love for some other man or woman and having State legislatures to pass laws giving them the opportunity of getting a divorce and marrying their new lovers—letting a gang of children battle their way through life in sorrow if not in shame, wards of grandparents, or some orphanage—will not strengthen our race, but will drag down.

We are still ashamed of our last General Assembly for passing easy divorce laws for this state, that are unjustifiable in the eyes of decency.

A New Deal Is Dawning

Beginning Monday morning, there is a "new deal" for the cotton mill workers of the country.

Since the memory of man runneth not to the contrary, the textile workers have been among the lowest-paid people in the country, and as is pointed out by The News and Observer, the low wage has had its effect on everything else in the South. We have been content to be known as the "cheap South."

A new era is dawning with the advent of the new wage scale and hours of work that will go into effect Monday morning when thousands of textile workers will begin to draw a living wage, a wage more in keeping with that of their fellowmen in other callings, when they will be privileged to have more leisure time for play and recreation and when there shall be no more working of children.

Not a Cent for Education

The Federal Government has made billions available for public works, but not one cent is allotted for educational purposes.

The government has opened its purse in generous fashion for highways, waterways, Federal courthouses, post offices, power developments, and the like, but not one penny has been granted for the enlightenment of our children.

Money spent for educational purposes—buildings, equipment, salaries, etc.—would benefit as many persons directly and many more indirectly than will much of the cash that has been appropriated for these other things. School systems throughout the land are facing starvation incomes; many teachers haven't been paid in many States; facilities are being denied an increasing number of students; and many institutions of higher learning are being closed or forced to materially curtail their curricula, all because of shortage of funds.

If we are to provide modern highways for our tourists, adequate quarters for our courts, waterway systems that will benefit commerce, and sundry other services that meet physical needs, why shouldn't we take the more important step and allot some of this emergency money for the upbuilding of our millions of children whose chief benefits are derived from adequate educational facilities?

Tobacco Prospects

Generally the average price for tobacco on the floors of Eastern Carolina markets is about 5 cents per pound above the price paid for cotton. With record increases in consumption of cotton for the past few months, and with the retirement of several million bales from production, coupled with the arrangements for sale of raw cotton to Russia and China, the lot of the cotton farmer is likely to be an easier one. At the same time the government is undertaking to lower the production of cigar tobacco in the United States this year, although the success of that program may not materially influence the prices paid for bright leaf tobacco in this state.

Cotton, it is reasonable to suppose now, will reach the level of about 13 cents. If tobacco follows the customary policy of keeping about 5 cents ahead of cotton, then an average of about 18 cents will be paid for the weed. That means prosperity.

The outlook is refreshing for a profitable price for tobacco. But with that prospect in view farmers should not overlook the additional advantages to be obtained from the planting of adequate food and feed crops.

Irish Potato Tests Are Conducted in Tyrrell

Columbia, N. C.—Irish potato demonstrations in Tyrrell County show that Maine seed is more preferable to this section than Dakota seed, says W. V. Hays, county agent. Yields from the Dakota seed planted ran from one to two-thirds as good as those secured from the Maine seed. However, one Dakota lot gave the highest yield of any planted in the county, so far as records show, he said.

FOR SALE: IRON SAFE, WEIGHS 1,000 pounds. In excellent condition. Price cheap. See Enterprise. 17 tf

NOTICE OF SALE

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in that certain deed of trust executed by Fannie Ruffin, bearing date May 16th, 1933, and of record in the public registry of Martin County, in Book H-3, page 166, default having been made in the payment of the indebtedness for which said deed of trust was given as security, and at the request of the holder of said indebtedness, the undersigned trustee will, on the 14th day of August, 1933, at the courthouse door of Martin County, at twelve (12) o'clock noon, offer for sale, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described real estate and personal property, to wit:

That certain house and lot situated and being on Main Street in the town of Williamston, N. C., bounded on the north by the lands of the late Eliza Moore Estate; on the south by the A. C. L. R. R. Co.; on the east by the said Main Street, or highway No. 90, and being the same premises whereon the said Fannie Ruffin now resides, and being the same premises purchased by her from J. G. Stanton by deed of record in the public registry of Martin County, and to which reference is hereby made for a more perfect and accurate description. Also all the personal property, household and kitchen furniture situate in said house.

This the 12th day of July, 1933. J. C. SMITH, Trustee.

NOTICE OF SALE OF REAL PROPERTY

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain deed of trust executed and delivered by W. H.

Biggs, and wife, Leticia C. Biggs, on the 12th day of January, 1928, to the undersigned trustee, and of record in the public registry of Martin County in book S-1, at page 141, said deed of trust having been given for the purpose of securing a note of even date and tenor therewith, default having been made in the payment of same, and at the request of the holder of same the undersigned trustee will, on Monday, the 7th day of August, 1933, at 12 o'clock m., in front of the courthouse door in Williamston, North Carolina, offer for sale to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described real estate, to wit:

Being a house and lot in the town of Williamston, North Carolina, bounded on the south side of Smithwick Creek, Davis Ewell, adjoining the property of W. H. Biggs lot, the Baptist church, and others, and beginning at a stake on Smithwick Street, at the point where the lane known as Blounts Land intersects Smithwick Street, at the point where the lane known as Blounts' land intersects Smithwick Street, thence along Smithwick Street 50 feet to W. H. Biggs line, thence a line at right angles with Smithwick Street along the line of W. H. Biggs 108 1-2 feet to the Baptist Parsonage line, thence along the said Baptist Parsonage line, which is a line parallel with Smithwick Street, 50 feet to Blounts' land, thence along Blounts' and being part of the premises contained 108 1-2 feet to the beginning, of Williamston, North Carolina, on this the 6th day of July, 1933. WHEELER MARTIN, Trustee.

NOTICE OF SALE OF REAL PROPERTY

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain deed of trust executed and delivered by Harry Norfleet and wife, Katie Norfleet, on the 16th day of April, 1929, to the undersigned trustee and of record in the public registry of Martin County in book S-1, at page 168, said deed of trust having been given for the purpose of securing a note of even date and tenor therewith, default having been made in the payment of same, and at the request of the holder of same the undersigned trustee will, on Monday, the 7th day of August, 1933, at 12 o'clock m., in front of the courthouse door in Williamston, North Carolina, offer for sale to the highest bidder for cash the following described real estate, to wit:

A house and lot in the town of Williamston, North Carolina, on the south side of Sycamore Street, adjoining the lands of Annie Hescoc, Mary Slade and Fannie Johnson, Jamesville Avenue and Sycamore Street, and be-

ing the same premises conveyed to Mrs. Ophelia Watts by B. A. Critcher, commissioner, said deed being dated 20th day of September, 1927, and of record in the public registry of Martin County, in book Z-2, at pages 183 and 184, and conveyed to Harry Norfleet by deed from J. W. Watts and wife, Ophelia Watts, dated the 5th day of April, 1929, and of record in the public registry of Martin County in book —, at page —.

This the 6th day of July, 1933. WHEELER MARTIN, Trustee.

NOTICE To All Creditors and Persons Holding Claims Against Culpepper Hardware Company: You and each of you will hereby

take notice that on July 3, 1933, the undersigned was duly appointed Receiver of Culpepper Hardware Company, and that you are required to present not later than September 1, 1933, in writing, to the undersigned, as such Receiver, your respective claims against said Company.

You and each of you will further take notice that if you fail to file with, and, if required, fail to prove to, the undersigned your respective claims against said company, by September 1, 1933, you will be barred from participating in the distribution of the assets of the Company.

This July 12, 1933. W. T. CULPEPPER, Receiver, Culpepper Hardware Company, Elizabeth City, N. C. jy-14-4t

Beginning Aug. 1

OUR STORE WILL BE OPERATED

On Cash Basis

Being unable to credit our many customers, we will, beginning August 1, go on a strictly cash basis. We regret that we have to demand cash from our good customers, but as we must pay cash for all merchandise bought, there is no other course for us to take.

We appreciate the business the people of Williamston and County have given us and trust we may have the pleasure of serving you in the future as in the past.

Our delivery service will be maintained.

J.R.ParkerGrocery

TIRE PRICES Going Higher BUY TODAY AND SAVE

Firestone HIGH SPEED TYPE

Ford Chevrolet 4.50-51	\$7.10
Ford Chevrolet Plymouth 4.75-19	\$7.60
Nash Buick 5.00-55	\$8.40
Black Chev. Ford Plymouth 5.25-18	\$9.15
Studeb. Auburn 5.50-18	\$10.20

Other Sizes Proportionately Low

THE MASTERPIECE OF TIRE CONSTRUCTION

EVERY FIBER EVERY CORD EVERY PLY IS BLOWOUT PROTECTED BY Gum-Dipping

BLOWOUTS are caused by frictional heat generated in the fibers of the cotton cords in a tire. Firestone is the only tire built with every cotton fiber saturated and coated with pure rubber — to prevent destructive heat. This is one of the reasons why Firestone Tires have been on the winning cars in the 500 mile Indianapolis Race for 14 consecutive years—the world's most severe blowout test.

Rubber has gone up 242%, cotton 115%—substantial tire price increases must follow. We will give you an attractive allowance for your old tires on new Firestone High Speed Tires.

THE NEW Firestone SUPER OLD-FIELD TYPE

Equal to All First Line, Standard Brand Tires in Quality, Construction and Appearance, Yet Sold at a Price That Affords You Real Savings

Ford Chevrolet 4.50-51	\$6.39	Black Chevrolet Ford 5.25-18	\$8.20
Ford Chevrolet 4.75-19	\$6.85	Studeb. Auburn 5.50-18	\$9.20
Nash Buick 5.00-55	\$7.53		

Other Sizes Proportionately Low

3 Lines of TIRES with **Firestone** NAME AND GUARANTEE

SUPERIOR IN QUALITY Yet Priced as Low as Special Brands and Mail Order Tires

Firestone OLD-FIELD TYPE

Ford Chevrolet 4.50-51	\$5.60	Black Chevrolet Ford 5.25-18	\$7.35
Ford Chevrolet Plymouth 4.75-19	\$6.05	Nash Buick 5.00-55	\$8.15
Nash Buick 5.00-55	\$6.75		

Other Sizes Proportionately Low

Firestone SENTINEL TYPE

Ford Chevrolet 4.50-51	\$5.05	Nash Buick 5.00-55	\$6.07
Ford Chevrolet Plymouth 4.75-19	\$5.48	Black Chevrolet Ford 5.25-18	\$6.63

Other Sizes Proportionately Low

Firestone COURIER TYPE

Ford Chevrolet 4.40-51	\$3.15	Ford Chevrolet Plymouth 4.75-19	\$3.85
Ford Chevrolet 4.40-51	\$3.25		

Williamston Motor Co.