

THE ENTERPRISE
Published Every Tuesday and Friday by the
ENTERPRISE PUBLISHING CO.
WILLIAMSTON, NORTH CAROLINA

W. C. Manning Editor

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
(Strictly Cash in Advance)

IN MARTIN COUNTY

One year \$1.30
Six months .75

OUTSIDE MARTIN COUNTY

One year \$2.00
Six months 1.00

No Subscription Received for Less Than 6 Month

Advertising Rate Card Furnished Upon Request

Entered at the post office in Williamston, N. C., as second-class matter under the act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

Address all communications to The Enterprise and not individual members of the firm.

Tuesday, March 9, 1937

The Age-Old Battle

Senator Robert R. Reynolds last week offered a clear picture of the dispute now centering around the United States Supreme Court. He does not belaud the issue, as some have done, by yelling dictator, human rights threening, and all those arguments that fail to have a clear ring in the ears of the people; he merely strips the issue to the bone when he says:

President Roosevelt's proposal for reorganization of the judiciary, including an increase from 9 to 15 in the membership of the Supreme Court, unless justices 70 years or over retire, is just another major skirmish in the age-old battle over human rights and property rights. The battle has been waged, and waged strong, since our founding fathers began their labors at the constitutional convention in Philadelphia, just 150 years ago.

It seems evident that the constitution, as finally drafted, was designed to place major emphasis on human rights—the rights of man. No better evidence can be found than that the Congress was created, despite all compromise, to represent the legislative will of the people. Provision was made for the President to exercise a veto over the acts of Congress—a veto that can be overridden by great majorities. And the courts were created to see that no rights guaranteed under the Constitution were infringed upon. It is doubtful whether it was intended for the courts to nullify legislative acts of Congress, the legislative will of the people.

Nevertheless, the great Chief Justice Marshall quietly laid down such a principle in the famous case of Marbury vs. Madison. In delivering that historic opinion, the Chief Justice held in effect that a law repugnant to the Constitution is void. From that day to this there has been a question as to what extent the Congress can carry out the legislative will of citizens. The power of Congress to override a Presidential veto is definite, but the judicial veto of a majority of nine judges appointed for life seemingly ends the power of Congress to solve national ills, economic or social.

"The Supreme Court's verdict of 'unconstitutional,' under that theory, is truly supreme, whether such authority over the destinies of 130,000,000 people was intended or not. In any event, since Chief Justice John Marshall's day, the Supreme Court has steadily taken unto itself broader powers of legislative review. There is ample reason for the statement that in case after case the courts have been building a mass of decisions based on the strictest construction of the rights of property.

"As a result, important questions are raised. Does Congress represent the will of the people? If so, shall the Supreme Court nullify that will through legislative review? Is it the national desire that a President be voted out of office because he was not in tune with the times—as was the case with Hoover—and his successor, twice elected by unprecedented majorities—as was the case with Roosevelt—be powerless to correct the conditions our citizens condemned?

"Let me hasten to say that these questions do not involve personalities. They involve issues. The most ardent supporters of the President's proposal, and its critics, do not question the personal integrity or character of any distinguished member of the Supreme Court. It is the viewpoints of some members that is questioned: Whether they regard the Constitution elastic enough to meet the legislative will based on human rights. Proponents of the President's proposal for judiciary reorganization say they cannot. Critics of the proposal say they can and do interpret the Constitution. And the battle over human rights and property rights continues.

"Unfortunately, the issues are not being decided by individuals. Too much propoganda and hysteria is evident. To accuse the President of trying to "pack the Supreme Court" is to question his sincerity in carrying forward a program that some 27,000,000 of our citizens approved last November. And whatever else may be said of the President's program, few can question his honest desire to make our nation sounder and more wholesome than he found it when he took over the reins of government."

A Valuable Proposal

Wives of State of North Carolina officials recently requested that a State law be drawn up and passed by the Legislature requiring domestic servants to be examined and given a Wasserman blood test performed before certificates are issued them. A valuable

proposal it is, and one that is claiming extensive attention in other States and countries.

It was pointed out that if such a law was to be passed we would accomplish two main purposes; First, we would have a safe employee in the home or factory who is able to retain his job, is not dangerous to his fellow employees or employers and at the same time one who is receiving treatment for himself which will prolong his own life and prevent a great deal of misery and unhappiness; and, second, it will be another example of teaching a class of people, even with a heavy percentage of infection, what constitutes an adequate course of treatment for syphilis. It is just another approach in the relentless war being waged against venereal diseases, and it is only by working from many different angles that these diseases will be controlled.

Vast improvements have been effected in health conditions in recent years, but in nearly every case the improvements were handed to the people without their asking for them. The general public is not against health measures, but too many of us have interested ourselves to a great extent in this or that fad, trying to lose weight or gain weight, partially, if not altogether, forgetting or overlooking the principles underlying good health. Social diseases, after these many years, are being publicly discussed for the enlightenment of the public, and although startling facts have been bared, the people are reacting very slowly, and some are remedying the bad situation by merely turning a deaf ear to the dangers.

We have not awakened to the fact that syphilis is recognized as the leading cause for deaths in State and Nation. The fact that little or nothing has been done in the past to cope with a condition that is gradually becoming worse is no reason why we should do nothing in the future.

The United States Public Health Service is formulating an extensive campaign against syphilis, and those States and minor political divisions with organized health set-ups are in line to reap results of great value. It is reasonable to expect that a limited aid will be given those counties without highly organized health units, yet the public of this county is doing little or nothing about procuring an all-time health service. John E. Pope, chairman of the Martin County Board of Health, is interested in an investigation of the health work, but no special meeting of his board will likely be called for a discussion of the matter unless the public shows interest and asks that such a meeting be held.

If there is a possibility of bettering health conditions, and those who are in a position to know say there is such a possibility, then let the public get behind the movement. An investigation will cost little and there is much to be gained.

Tax on Land

When a land tax is slapped on the people of this state after politicians assured them there would be none, a protest of far-reaching consequences is certain to follow. The present legislature will hardly reorganize its forces in another session. The administration is throwing snags in its own path, for the people can be expected to turn by the thousands from the Democratic party ranks to some other system for relief.

The count stands: Increased taxation for the common people and none mentioned for the corporations. Legislation has been enacted so smoothly during the current session of the North Carolina General Assembly that lobbyists were not considered necessary on any big scale.

Insurance Against Lean Years

Norfolk Ledger-Dispatch

In its simplest analysis, the President's crop insurance plan—to apply first to wheat and later to other crops—provides that in a year when his crop yield was above the average the farmer would use a portion of his crop as payment of premiums on insurance against a lean crop year. He would be insured against losses up to 75 per cent of normal yield. His "average" yield would be determined as it was determined under the AAA. Thus the surplus production of fat years would be used to balance the losses in lean years through bad weather conditions or other natural causes which have made farming since time immemorial an economically hazardous undertaking.

Under this plan for the "ever normal granary," the farmer would be guaranteed simply 75 per cent of the average yield of his crop. It would, as the President points out in transmitting the plan to Congress, "help to protect the income of individual farmers against the hazards of crop failure; it would help to protect consumers against shortages of food supplies, and against extremes of prices; and, finally, it would assist in providing a more nearly even flow of farm supplies, thus stabilizing farm-buying power and contributing to the security of business and employment." If this theory can be carried into successful practice, the result would be to provide the solution for the country's main agricultural problem.

The plan provides that the government shall buy up surpluses in order to equalize prices. Purchase of crop surpluses has not been particularly successful in the past. But hitherto these experiments have not been implemented with the government crop control measures which will supplement the crop insurance program. This may make a vital difference. The plan as outlined is interwoven with the previously announced program for better land use and for soil and water conservation in the Great Plains area, particularly, and in other sections generally. It contains many and vast ramifications. The President is convinced, he says, that the plan is both "practical and socially desirable." There will be general agreement with him, no doubt, that the objective sought by this program is wholly desirable. But because so many expedients for relieving the ills of the farmer have been tried and found wanting, the country, perhaps, will withhold judgment on the practicability of this latest expedient until it has had a chance by actual operation to demonstrate what it can do.

Lespedeza Grows Best On Heavy Bottom Lands

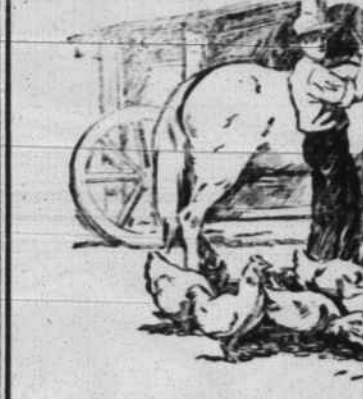
Lespedeza grows best on medium to heavy bottom land but satisfactory yields may be obtained on most uplands. The Common, Tennessee 76, and Kobe varieties grow well in all soils of lower altitude in the mountain section, and on the slate, sand loams, black-jack lands, and red clay soils of the piedmont section. Low-lying, moderately heavy soils, river bottoms, and sandy loams are best in the coastal plains. The Korean variety is especially adapted for the mountains because of its earliness and it will produce well on practically all the better soils. Neither variety is of much value when soded on very acid or sandy soils.

WOOD FOR SALE: 100 CORDS OF dry split pine wood for sale. Write Mr. J. W. Eubanks Hassell. mr2 4t

NOTICE OF RESALE
Pursuant to an order of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Martin County and under the terms of a Deed of Trust executed by W. L. Andrews and others to the undersigned trustee, bearing date July 1st, 1927, recorded in the public registry of Martin County in book Y-2, at page 444, default having been made in the payment of the indebtedness for which the said deed of trust was given as security, the undersigned trustee will, on the 29th day of March, 1937, at twelve (12) o'clock noon, at the courthouse door of Martin County, Williamston, North Carolina, offer for resale, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described real estate, to-wit:

DR. V. H. MEWBORN OF TOM-E-TRIST
Please Note Date Changes
Williamston office Peele Jly Co. every Fri; hours, 9:30 a. m. to 12 m.
Robersonville office Robersonville Drug Co. Tuesday, March 23rd.
Plymouth office Liverman Drug Co. every Fri, hours, 2 to 5 p. m.
Eyes Examined - Glasses Fitted At Tarboro Every Saturday

666 checks **COLDS** and **FEVER** first day
Liquid, Tablets
Salve, Nose Drops, Headache 30 min
Try "Rub-My-Tum"—World's Best Linctant



TO FARMERS

The fire loss ratio in the country is from 6 to 10 times greater than it is in large cities. Insure your property against FIRE, HAIL, or WINDSTORM, your life and health. We insure Peace-of-mind. Come in.

J. E. Pope
Let US Write YOUR Insurance
Telephone 79 and 18-J
WILLIAMSTON, N. C.

Beginning near the fork of the Mill Road and running along said Mill Road to Andrew Cherry's corner, thence running with the said Cherry's line to Simon Fagan's line or corner; thence with said Simon Fagan's corner and line to the beginning at Mill Road, containing Eighty Acres (80), more or less, and being Ida F. Nichols' one-fourth (1-4) interest in the land which was willed to her by her father, Moses Andrews, reference to said will here by made for description.

This the 6th day of February, 1937
HUGH G. HORTON,
Trustee.

NOTICE OF SALE
In the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of North Carolina, Washington division in the Matter of Norfolk Underselling Company, Bankrupt.

Under the authority of an order of Wheeler Martin, U. S. Referee in Bankruptcy, the undersigned Trustee will offer for sale at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the store building located on Main Street, in the Town of Williamston, North Carolina, formerly occupied by Norfolk Underselling Company, on the 10th day of March, 1937, at 11:00 o'clock A. M., all the assets of every kind and character belonging to the Norfolk Underselling Company, consisting of stock of goods, store fixtures and all other assets whatsoever of said company.

This sale is made subject to confirmation by the Referee at any time without notice, and a deposit of 10 percent will be required of the purchaser on the day of the sale. This 26th day of February, 1937.
B. A. CRITCHER,
Trustee.

NOTICE OF SALE
North Carolina, Martin County.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage executed on the 11th day of August, 1927, by John Jones and wife, Fannie Jones, to the undersigned mortgagee; said mortgage being of record in the public registry of Martin County in Book X-2 at page 483, said mortgage having been given for the purpose of securing a note of even date and ten-

WOMEN ARE WEAK

Mr. Nettie Peterson of 1624 9th Ave. N. Nashville, Tenn., said: "I was not able to sleep and would feel so weak. I had to force myself to eat and had headaches and back-ache associated with functional disturbances. It was not long after I started using Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription as a tonic until my appetite returned. I gained in weight and I really felt just fine in every way." Buy now! New size, tablets, 50 cts., liquid \$1 & \$1.35.

or therewith, default having been made in the payment of the said note, and the stipulations contained in said mortgages not having been complied with, for the purpose of paying off said note, the undersigned mortgages will on Wednesday, the 17th day of March, 1937, at 12 o'clock noon, in front of the courthouse door in the town of Williamston, offer for sale to the highest bidder for cash the following described real estate, to-wit:

The parcel of land situated in the town of Parmele, North Carolina, and being on the North side of the side S. N. and K. Railroad and bounded as follows: beginning at a stake on the county road that leads from Parmele, N. C. to Bethel, N. C., and running north 49 yards thence west 27 1-2 yards, thence South 49 yards, thence east 28 yards to the beginning, containing by estimation, 1-4 acre, more or less. This 13th day of February, 1937.
J. C. WYNNE and
C. B. WYNNE, Trading as Wynne Bros. Mortgagees.
Elbert S. Peel, Atty., Williamston.

Quick CASH!

WE ARE NOW PAYING 25c CASH PER 100 POUNDS FOR

SCRAP IRON

Top Prices for Old Automobiles, Tires, Batteries, and Old Metals

Williamston Iron Co.
WILLIAMSTON, N. C.

4 Talking Pictures
Admission by Ticket Only

Sat., Mar. 13
Williamston High School Auditorium
10:30 A. M.

The BLACKSMITH'S GIFT
A fitting commemoration of the building of the first steel plow by John Deere, one hundred years ago.

"Her Husband's Choice"
A fitting commemoration of the building of the first steel plow by John Deere, one hundred years ago.

FROM ONE ANVIL
A fitting commemoration of the building of the first steel plow by John Deere, one hundred years ago.

WHAT'S NEW in IMPLEMENTS
A fitting commemoration of the building of the first steel plow by John Deere, one hundred years ago.

Every farmer will want to attend. Bring the boys.

Every farmer will want to enjoy this day of entertainment and education with us... a day of ideas... of new developments... a fitting commemoration of the building of the first steel plow by John Deere, one hundred years ago. Admission is by ticket only. If you haven't received tickets, or need more of them for yourself and boys, be sure to ask for them before the day of the show. Tickets are FREE.

Lindsley Ice Co.

Don't buy without hearing this
NEWEST MIRACLE OF RADIO

1937
RCA Victor
with **MAGIC VOICE!**

What a radio! The famous new **MAGIC VOICE** that results in undreamed-of purity of tone; plus **MAGIC BRAIN** that pulls in extra stations, improves tone, reduces noise to a minimum; plus **MAGIC EYE** that gives you absolute perfection in tuning; plus **METAL TUBES** that result in super-quiet operation and greatest long-time efficiency. And on top of all that—RCA'S new **SELECTOR DIAL**, the simplest, easiest-to-tune dial on the market—only one bar in sight at any time.

Other outstanding features include over-size Dynamic Speaker, Automatic Tone Compensation, Music-Speech Control, extra-wide Tuning Range and as beautiful a cabinet as you've ever seen at anywhere near the price. **\$134.95**

LOW DOWN PAYMENT • EASY TERMS •

J. C. LEGGETT
MODEL 9K3
RCA ALL THE WAY
Plus **MAGIC VOICE**
MAGIC BRAIN
MAGIC EYE
METAL TUBES

RCA Victor... THE GREATEST NAME IN RADIO!