

THE ENTERPRISE

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W. C. MANNING Editor - 1938-1939

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Tuesday, August 27, 1940.

Hope Grows Out Of Disaster

Through the suffering and hardships experienced by hundreds in the flood-swept lowlands along the Roanoke, shines a ray of hope not only for those victims but also for all mankind.

As the muddy waters crept ever higher, relief agencies, supported by voluntary donations, and others immediately went into action in behalf of those whose fortune it was to be driven from their farms and homes.

The lot may be hard for those in the stricken areas, but out of the disaster itself grows a fond hope, a hope that will, in the long run, mean more possibly than the few earthly possessions that were swept away by the surging waters.

The loss is staggering, certainly, but there is some good in everything that rekindles the light of hope and welds together in a stronger bond the common brotherhood of mankind.

"I just wanted to do something for anyone in need," one man said after driving the greater part of 100 miles to bring succor to the flood victims.

Another Marketing Season

Another tobacco marketing season is at hand, bringing with it a renewed hope and reward for the hard labor expended night and day during long weeks.

On the eve of the 1940 marketing season, the outlook is not as bright and not as promising as some have been in the past. But, compared with the lot of the farmer across the seas, we are much to be thankful for even though the leaf does not command a high price.

In a spirit of cooperation, surrounded by business and a genuine interest for every one, housemen and farmers can advance the interest of this section, making unnecessary long trips to market.

A Weak Point in Our Defense

Turning from a physical and army defense program for a moment, we can readily see that the very foundation of our defense is weak. It is apparent in every-day life that the moral fibre, spiritual forces, and physical fitness of manpower combined form the weakest spots in our defense program.

This country needs, in addition to a strong military machine, a national character program that will build up the Nation's character, its manliness and spiritual strength.

Until we repair the weak spots in our life, we can expect little progress to be made to protect ourselves against attack from the evils that have plagued and caused the downfall of a country after country in Europe.

Little Opposition To Third Term

It is now a well established fact that there is little opposition to a third term. The supporters of Roosevelt naturally are not against a third term. And those who are yelling about precedent are really not against a third term; they are merely against the President as they were in 1932 and 1936.

Voice Of A Leader

From Chattanooga Times of Aug. 6, 1940.

For Americans who are not so blind they will not see and not so deaf they will not hear, the address of Gen. John J. Pershing delivered on Sunday night is both a message and a challenge. The distinguished soldier who led the American Expeditionary Force in the World War asserts in support of his recommendation that at least 50 destroyers be provided Great Britain that, "by sending help to the British, we can still hope with confidence to keep the war on the other side of the Atlantic Ocean, where the enemies of liberty, if possible, should be defeated."

That recommendation gives rise to several questions, of which the most important is this one: How can any American who is reasonably well informed contend that this country is not at this time actually involved in the war? In the past 10 months the situation of this country has undergone a profound change; for the first time in our history we are not isolated in the world solely because of our splendid aloofness from international quarrels and controversies, but because isolation is being imposed upon us by combinations of aggressor nations in Europe and Asia.

The lesson taught by the events of the past few months and implicit in General Pershing's statement is that if Great Britain is defeated, this country will be in the position Britain occupies today; we shall be without strong friends ready to help us, and we shall spend billions of dollars to defend ourselves in this hemisphere against aggressors immeasurably strengthened for attacks they will make in their own time and when it is most advantageous to them.

Whether this country can spare 50 destroyers is a matter on which no layman is competent to pass. The President, as Commander in Chief of the Nation's armed forces, and the Cabinet officers charged with the task of maintaining those forces at maximum efficiency must be depended upon to say whether warships or any other type of defense equipment can be spared. It is extremely unlikely that General Pershing would have made such a recommendation (Secretary of State Cordell Hull congratulated him warmly on his address), if he had not understood both that the British Government needs and desires the destroyers and that the Roosevelt administration is willing to make them available. Every aid we give the British will be defending our own way of life. And we can be certain that our failure to assist the British will be regarded in Berlin only as an indication of our weakness and disunity.

The layman may hesitate to pass judgment on military and naval matters, but he can have an opinion as to whether it makes any difference to this country if Great Britain is defeated. And if it does make a difference, if there is even the remotest possibility that by aiding the British the war can be kept out of this hemisphere, then it follows that we should, as a matter of self-interest if for no other reason, give the British every form of assistance they can use and we can spare.

Col. Charles A. Lindbergh believes that since we may have to deal with a Europe dominated by Germany, we should "cooperate" with the Hitler regime and thereby maintain "the supremacy of our Western civilization and the right of our commerce to proceed unmolested throughout the world." General Pershing's recommendation does not foreclose any dealings with a Hitler-dominated Europe; but he proposes that we try to obviate the possibility of having to deal exclusively with Hitler by strengthening the country with which we have dealt in peace, and honorably, for a good many years. Instead of thinking about cooperating with a Europe dominated by Germany, we shall do better to cooperate with Britain so that Europe and the world may be saved from a Nazi domination of violence, brutality, and mercilessness.

A Timely Warning

Ronald Hocutt, of the North Carolina Highway Safety Division, offers a timely warning to tobacco farmers against the added danger to highway travel during the tobacco marketing season. He pleads with them to properly pack their trucks, to carry adequate lights and signals and to exercise every precaution possible. "A human life is worth far more than a load of tobacco," he appropriately says.

It is no more than what the rest of the world is doing in a slightly different way possibly, but it would seem that in a country where there is no immediate cause for break-neck speed that tobacco could be moved to market in the week time. But the farmer cannot be censured for his Sunday work. There are the big trucks running the highways every day and night, and the world seems to be running helter skelter and getting no place fast.

Mr. Willkie's Debate Challenge

It is apparent that Mr. Wendell L. Willkie does know much about the power industry and little about government. What he does know and what he has told the country he does know is that President Roosevelt cannot go about the country barnstorming after the pre-radio fashion of the past century without laying himself open to the charge that he is indulging in cheap bravado.

If Mr. Willkie had any idea that his debate challenge would have been accepted, he never would have made the challenge.

THE LETTER-BOX

THE ROANOKE RIVER

Last week a great wall of water 30 miles in length rolled down the Roanoke River valley leaving destruction and misery from Clarksville to Plymouth. Much of the loss incurred would never have taken place had the flood control program suggested by Mr. Ed Smith, of Scotland Neck, and other forward looking citizens years ago been carried out by the Federal Government.

Loss from flood damage on the lower Yadkin and Pee Dee rivers has been greatly reduced in recent years by the prompt opening of flood gates at Badin, Norwood and Blewett Falls in advance of high water, lowering the level of the water in the vast storage reservoirs and then closing them again in time to check and slow down the flow of the flood waters.

Years ago forests in the upper valley of the Roanoke and tributary streams acted as great shallow reservoirs drinking up the rainfall and releasing it slowly over a period of time. Today most of the forests are gone and the water runs off from most of the water shed as rapidly as it would from a tin roof. Unless steps are taken to control the situation floods of greater frequency may be looked for in the future. The Roanoke drainage area covers a large territory in two states. No agency less than the Federal Government (assisted by the power companies) is in position to properly deal with it.

Henry Ward Beecher in one of his sermons pointed out how life on this planet is supported by what he described as the circuit of the waters—the lifting up of water by the sun and its consequent deposit on the land as rain and its return to the sea through our streams. Should this process cease for even a short time vegetation, animal life and even mankind would disappear. It should bring sustenance and not destruction.

The topograph of the Roanoke basin is such that power production could be tied in with flood control serving two purposes at once, aiding industrial and agricultural development at the same time. Recent losses emphasize the seriousness of the situation. The groups that have been urging flood control should now go to work with renewed vigor. Like the New England farmers who make use of obstacles by picking up the stones which clutter their fields to build fences and houses, the people of the Roanoke valley and adjacent territory should use the recent flood to impress on the Congress the importance immediate flood control program on the Roanoke.

JOHN W. CLARK, Franklinville, N. C.

South Lags In Using Cotton By-Products

Prof. Earl H. Hostetler of the State College Animal Husbandry Department says that one of the reasons for the eroded and gullied fields that are so common throughout the cotton belt is that the South has lagged in recognizing the value of by-products of the cotton crop as a livestock feed.

"Livestock feeders in other parts of the United States and in Europe have long recognized the importance of cottonseed products as food for both plants and animals, and they have prospered through the purchase of by-products of the South's so-called 'king,'" Prof. Hostetler declared.

"The present changes in Southern agriculture and the universal recognition of the necessity of livestock for the conservation and improvement of soil fertility has emphasized the need of retaining the by-products of the cotton crop on the farm. Experiments and farm experiences have shown conclusively that cottonseed meal is a satisfactory protein supplement for horses, mules, cattle, sheep and swine. It has also been found that cottonseed meal is a very definite aid in the production of firm pork."

"It is encouraging to see," the animal husbandman continued, "the present trend in the South toward livestock, which means a greater use of cottonseed meal and cake and other high protein feeds as well as more and better pastures and hay crops. This trend will mean a more prosperous and contented rural population in the cotton belt."

Prof. Hostetler invites livestock feeders to write him for detailed information on the use of cottonseed meal and cake in livestock feeds.

DR. V. H. MEWBORN OP-TOM-E-TRIST

Please Note Date Changes Robersonville office, Scott's Jewelry Store, Tuesday, Sept. 10. Williamston office, Peele's Jewelry Store, every Wed., 9 a. m. to 1 p. m. Plymouth office, Liverman's Drug Store, Every Friday, 10 a. m. to 4 p. m. Eyes Examined—Glasses Fitted Tarboro Every Saturday.

CHECKS MALARIA 666

in 7 days and relieves COLDS symptoms first day Try "Rub-My-Tism"—a Wonderful Liniment

NOTICE OF SALE North Carolina, Martin County. In The Superior Court. County of Martin vs. Lucy Lilley and others. Under and by virtue of an order of sale and judgment in the above entitled proceeding made by L. B. Wynne, Clerk of the Superior Court of Martin County on the 12th day of August, 1940, the undersigned commissioner will, on Thursday the 12th day of September, 1940, at

DIRECTOR



Milton Goldman, Southern director of the Goldman Package Manufacturing Company, stated today the firm's local plant would resume operations Thursday after being idle more than a week on account of flood waters.

twelve o'clock noon, in front of the courthouse door in the town of Williamston, offer for sale to the highest bidder for cash the following described real estate, to wit:

1st Tract: Containing 2 acres, more or less, adjoining L. H. Williams and Ed Lee and being the same land conveyed to Henry Carson by William Jones and wife by deed dated May 14, 1912, and recorded in Book E-1, at page 545.

2nd Tract: Containing 4 1/2 acres, more or less, adjoining L. H. Williams and Ed Lee, being the same lands conveyed to Henry Carson from Henry Jones and wife by deed dated Sept. 5, 1913, recorded in Book E-1, at page 544.

3rd Tract: Containing 5 acres, more or less, adjoining L. H. Williams and Ed Lee and being the same land conveyed to Henry Carson by Henry Jones and wife by deed dated Nov. 21, 1911, recorded in Book C-1, at page 200.

This the 12th day of August, 1940. CHAS. H. MANNING, Commissioner.

NOTICE OF SALE

North Carolina, Martin County. In The Superior Court. County of Martin vs. Sylvia Rhodes, Mary Stewart, Alice Ormand and husband, W. V. Ormand, Addie Cherry and husband, Offie Cherry, Bertha Davis and husband, George Davis, Harry Mayo and Jesse Mayo, his wife, Presley Mayo and wife, Ruth Mayo, and Nina Roberson, and town of Williamston. Under and by virtue of an order of sale contained in a judgment in the

above entitled proceeding signed by L. B. Wynne, Clerk of the Superior Court, on Monday, the 19th day of August, 1940, the undersigned commissioner will, on Thursday, the 19th day of September, 1940, in front of the courthouse door in Williamston, N. C., offer for sale to the highest bidder for cash the following described real estate, to wit: Beginning at the corner of the first street at a post on the road or street to the river, thence North 31 1/2 West 36 poles to a stake, thence North 56 1/2 East 37 poles to a stake on the edge of the marsh, thence South 37 1/2 East 22 poles to the road leading to the river, thence South 72 West 17 poles to the beginning, and being the same land deeded to John Rhodes by John Watts in 1871, recorded in Book U at page 180. This the 19th day of August, 1940. WHEELER MARTIN, CHAS. H. MANNING, Commissioners.

NOTICE OF SALE North Carolina, Martin County. In The Superior Court. County of Martin vs. Ethelene Carson and others. Under and by virtue of an order of sale and judgment in the above entitled proceeding made by L. B. Wynne, Clerk of the Superior Court of Martin County on the 12th day of August, 1940, the undersigned commissioner will, on Thursday the 12th day of September, 1940, at twelve o'clock noon, in front of the courthouse door in the town of Williamston, offer for sale to the highest bidder for cash the following described real estate, to wit: A tract of land lying and being in Williams Township, bounded on the North by the Dunning and Lilley land, on the West by the Cad Jones land, on the South by Jesse and John Henry Lee, and on the East by Rome Lee, same being a part of the lands of the late Henry Carson, and being listed for taxes for the last several years in the name of J. G. Godard. This the 12th day of August, 1940. CHAS. H. MANNING, Commissioner.

NOTICE OF RE-SALE North Carolina, Martin County. In The Superior Court. County of Martin vs. Martin County Brick and Tile Co., a corporation. Under and by virtue of an order of re-sale in the above entitled proceeding made by L. B. Wynne, Clerk of the Superior Court of Martin County, on Monday, the 19th day of August, 1940, the undersigned commissioner will, on Wednesday, the 4th but just those directly affected o'clock noon, in front of the courthouse door of Martin County in the town of Williamston, N. C., offer for re-sale to the highest bidder for cash the following described real estate, to wit: Beginning at a stake in right of way of A. C. L. Railroad on South side of railroad, thence South 8 East 14 poles to a stake, thence S 26 1/2 W 13 3/5 poles to a stump in a ditch, thence up said ditch S 74 W 12 9/25 poles, thence continuation of said ditch S 88 1/2 W 12 poles, thence up said ditch and beyond S 75 1/2 W 11 7/25 poles to corner, thence along bleed line N 8 degrees W 32 8/25 poles to corner of railroad right of way, thence down said railroad E to

the beginning, containing 7 1/5 acres, more or less, including the right to drain said land through and by the ditches on the adjoining lands from which this tract was taken. This the 19th day of August, 1940. CHAS. H. MANNING, Commissioner.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE Pursuant to the power and authority contained in a certain deed of trust dated the 16th day of February, 1939, executed by W. C. Chance and wife, Julia Chance, to T. C. Abernethy, Trustee, which deed of trust is duly registered in the office of the Register of Deeds of Martin County, North Carolina, in Book T-3, page 596-599, securing a certain note payable to Home Owners' Loan Corporation, default having been made for a period of more than thirty (30) days in the payment of said note as provided therein and in the performance of certain covenants set out in said deed of trust, and demand of foreclosure having been made by the holder of said indebtedness, the undersigned Trustee will offer for sale at public auction to the highest bidder for cash at the Court House door in Martin County, Williamston, North Carolina, at 12 o'clock noon on the 27th day of September, 1940, the following described real estate, to wit: Lying and being in the Town of Parmele, County of Martin, State of North Carolina, and more particularly described and defined as follows: Adjoining the lands of Jenkins Chapel Church, W. T. Andrews, W. C. Chance and the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company, in the town of Parmele, N. C., and being at a corner between the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company, Jenkins Chapel Church and W. C. Chance at a stake, thence along the line of the Jenkins Chapel Church North 4°00' West 194 feet to the line of W. T. Andrews; thence along the line of W. T. Andrews North 81° 30' East 44 feet to the line of W. C. Chance; thence along the line of W. C. Chance South 4° 00' East 194 feet to the line of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company, a corner; thence along the line of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company South 81° 30' West 44 feet to a stake, the beginning, and being the same lands conveyed to W. C. Chance by deed from the trustees of the Parmele Holiness Church to the line of W. C. Chance, dated January 3, 1926, filed for record on the public registry of Martin County in Book V-2 at page 126, and being the same premises described on a map or plat of the same made by D. G. Modin, Surveyor, on October 12, 1934, and which is now on file with the Home Owners' Loan Corporation. And being the same property conveyed by W. C. Abernethy, Trustee, to Home Owners' Loan Corporation by that certain deed of record in Book W-3, page 339, Martin County Registry. This property will be sold subject to 1940 taxes. The purchaser at this sale will be required to make a cash deposit of 5 per cent of the purchase price to show good faith. This the 24th day of August, 1940. T. C. ABERNETHY, Trustee. Hugh G. Horton, Atty.

Advertisement for V-C Fertilizers. Features a large illustration of a fertilizer bag with 'V-C FERTILIZERS' written on it. Below the bag, the text reads 'The Curing is in the Bag'. At the bottom, it says 'CURING Counts In FERTILIZER As Well As TOBACCO'. The ad describes how curing and mellowing brings out the quality in both tobacco and fertilizer. It lists agents in various locations and concludes with 'See the V-C agent in your community. He is a man WORTH knowing. He knows the TRUE WORTH of fertilizers.' and 'Virginia-Carolina Chemical Corp. NORFOLK, VIRGINIA.'