Review Of State's Crop Condition

Raleigh — Wheat millfeed prices were slightly higher at the close of the period but prices on most high concentrates were unchanged to slightly higher, according to the U. S. and North Carolina De-partments of Agriculture in the Weekly Market News Service Re-

Prices of farmers' stock Virginia type peanuts in eastern North Caro lina are lower this week with few lots bringing more than 3 3-8 cents per pound for best jumbos and few bunch bringing more than 3 1-4 cents per pound delivered. In con-trast, the fished goods market ruled slightly stronger for fancys, due to scarcity, but slightly weaker for other grades. Meanwhile ,many lots of peanuts are coming to market too wet and are being turned down as

unacceptable Creamery butter production apparently reached a seasonal low dur-ing the week ending November 14, and has now started an irregular seasonal upturn. Last year's low production was reached during the week ending November 23. The earlier date this year was primarily caused by the big storm of November 11 to 13 n some of the principal butter pro-ucing states of the Middle West.

Sweet potatoes showed little sweet potatoes brought 135 to 1.60 a bushel basket and 1.60 to 1.65 a crate; radishes 150 to 200 a crate; cabbage 40 to 75 cents a 1 1-2 bushel hamper, and broccoli rabe from 75

cents to 125 a crate.
Farm prices of poultry and eggs were unchanged in the Raleigh area when compared with a week ago.
At the period's close candled and
graded U. S. extra large whites held
at 35 cents per dozen and ungraded
hennery whites at 30 to 32 cents. Live ultry prices were unchanged at 16 17 cents a pound for colored hens, fryers and tom turkyes and at 17 to 19 cents for hen turkeys

At Chicago, beef steers grading good and better especially those with weight, continued to gain price ground, a generally 25 cents upturn having been accumulated during the week thus far. In addition some good heavies made gains up to 50 cents, these consisting mainly of kinds of value to sell 10.75 to 12.00. As a whole the fed steer and yearling trade was a dependable affair throughout, with well finished bullocks with weight drawing more competition than others. Hogs sold actively at higher prices, before midweek, lost many of the advance, but closed steady to 10 cents higher than late last week, Fat lamb prices varied little, in spite of increased numbers. Top teers reached 15.35; hogs 6.30; fat

Giant U.S. Bomber Tested for the British



Returning from a test flight, at San Diego, Cal., is one of the 26 long range four-motored Consolidated Aircraft B-24 bombers; recently reseased to the British air force. The 20-ton craft has a cruising range of 3,000 miles, and a top speed of more than 300 miles an hour. The plane aircady bears the British markings.

Place 200,000 Under Civil Service



President Roosevelt signs the Ramspeck bill ending 10-year fight to bring the bulk of the non-policy making government jobs under civil service. The bill blankets 200,000 federal employes into the civil service. Watching the President sign are (1. to r.): Rep. Robert Ramspeck, of Ga., author of the bill; Senator James M. Mead, of N. Y., co-author of the bill; and Rep. Jennings Randolph of W. Va., chairman House District of Columbia committee.

A long range procurement pro-gram for the purchase of meats to meet demands of the I,400,000 men who will soon be under arms o training, is being developed by the National Defense Commission.

Higher agricultural income is the principal reason why an increasing number of tenant farmers have brought farms this year, says the Farm Credit Administration.

Total American crop production this year was the second largest on record, being surpassed only in 1937, reports the U.S. Bureau of Agricultural Economics.

Migrants Seeking Permanent Homes

Inadequate housing for agricultur-al workers has long been a crucial issue behind much of the strife in California's fields, according to Carey McWilliams, Chief of the Califor-nia State Division of Immigration, in a report prepared for the LaFol-lette Civil Liberties Committee,

"Most of the labor disturbances in 913 through 1920 were occasioned by bad housing and sanitation," the re-port states. After 1929 and especially after 1933 wage rates and union recognition took the leading role, but housing conditions have continued to be a major source of dissatisfaction.

In 1938-39 there were some 5,437 agricultural labor camps in Califor-nia and some 13 FSA camps in which 145,000 men, women and children lived most or all of the year. Labor camps are less and less occupied on merely a seasonal basis, Es-pecially in the cotton area many workers remain on in the camps af-ter the conclusion of cotton-picking in default of any other place to live.

McWilliams, describing the labor camps, says, "What housing is pro-vided can only be called shelter and consists in the main in one-room frame cabins or tents, with or with-out frame floors or walls."

Especially since 1929 auto camps and trailer camps have been cater-ing to migrant agricultural workers. Those which rent space on a regu lar monthly basis are not subject to regulation by the State. More and more agricultural workers have been making them permanent homes particularly in the Imperial Valley. "Dust-Bowl" migrants are becom-

ing the major source of agricultural labor in California. These people, American family groups, are settling more and more in squatter camps and "shack towns" on the outskirts of cities. As a result, rural slums are growing rapidly throughout major agricultural areas of Cali-

The "Dust Bowl" families are try ing to acquire fixed homes, preferably their own, even where economic conditions are such that they could not secure adequate food and cloth-ing, let alone materials to construct

uitable homes.' Yet permanent homes are neces sary to these families if their chil-dren are to get schooling and if they are to have a chance at relief. More over, the number of labor camps is falling off sharply due to more stringent enforcement of the State Labor Camp Act, to the growth of short-term leases and to the increase in labor contractors.

Conditions in these "shack towns" ere "appalling," yet rents and purchase contracts cost \$5 to \$20 and more monthly. Some colonies are loin swampland, and rains not only flood houses but spread the con

Now Is Good Time To Move Shrubs wet sack kept around its roots. It is very essential that the roots be kept moist until the plant is re-set.

Most trees and shrubs are dorm-ant during December, and John H. Harris, extension landscape special-ist, says plants usually must be in a dormant stage to be moved successfully. A few plants, he says, have special times to be moved, but you are almost sure to be right in moving the plant while it is dormant.

If the plant to be moved is deciduous (drops its foliage in the winter) it is not necessary to remove a ball

it is not necessary to remove a ball of earth with the plant. Care should be taken, however, to remove all the roots possible and avoid bruising the oots, Harris advises.

It will be found helpful in moving native plant to dig a trench around its base one season before removing it. This trench should be dug 18 to plant. The object in digging the trench is to stimulate the growth of fine roots near the base of the tree or shrub.

After the plant is removed from the soil, Harris says it should be im-mediately planted in its new posiion. If it is to be transferred some

tents of cesspools and sewage depoitories far and wide. A study of 2,216 occupied houses in Imperial Counin 1935 showed 76.9 per cent of the houses with fire hazards, 70.4 per cent with inadequate ventilation 63.8 per cent vermin infested, 61.1 per cent with inadequate light, 60.7 per cent strewn with garbage and

istance before replanting, it should Francis Proctor Selected be packed in shavings or at least

Evergreens should be treated similar to deciduous shrubs except that they are usually dug with a ball of earth. A two to six-foot native plant is usually the best size to move. "However," the State College specialist declared, "this does not mean that larger shrubs or trees cannot be moved successfully. Full grown trees and shrubs can be transplanted, but a tremendous root system must be taken up with the plant which makes the job expensive and

Systematic Rotation Shows Big Increase In Corn Yield

The use of lime, legumes and phosphate in a systematic rotation in-creased the corn yield from 20 to 24 inches deep, the distance from the 80 bushels an acre in five years for plant varying with the size of the Lawson Lunsford, a Cherokee County demonstration farmer.

1940 Corn Club Champ

Francis Proctor, president of the Red Oak 4-H club, has been selected as the 1940 corn club champion of Nash County, reports L. M. Stanton, assistant farm agent

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ROY CLARK, Administrator,

Of MRS. DELIA CLARK ESTATE



Rule Threatened

Shortly after this picture was taken of Queen Mother Helen and King Michael of Rumania, the streets of Bucharest ran red with blood. The Queen Mother and her son are shown reviewing a parade. A dispatch brands as false reports Michael is preparing to quit in the face of the terror provoked by the Iron Guardists. Queen Helen has left Rumania.

Yancey Farmers Continue Interest In Tree Planting

Yancey County farmers continue their interest in forest tree planting as orders for 300,000 tree seedlings through the TVA are expected be-fore the winter is over, says Farm Agent R. H. Crouse

Birth Announcement
Mr. and Mrs. Joe Robertson, Jr.,
announce hte birth of a son on Saturday, December 7th.

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