

# ROANOKE BEACON.



Published by Roanoke Publishing Co.

FOR GOD, FOR COUNTRY AND FOR TRUTH.

W. FLETCHER AUBSON, EDITOR.  
C. V. W. AUBSON, BUSINESS MANAGER.

VOL. IV.

PLYMOUTH, N. C., FRIDAY, JULY 22, 1892.

NO. 10.

## Directory.

### STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Thom. M. Holt, of Allamance.  
Secretary of State, Octavius Coker, of Wake.  
Treasurer, Donald W. Bain, of Wake.  
Auditor, Geo. W. Sanderlin, of Wayne.  
Superintendent of Public Instruction, Sidney M. Finger, of Catawba.  
Attorney General, Theo. F. Davidson, of Suncoke.

### COUNTY GOVERNMENT.

Sheriff, Levi Blount.  
Deputy Sheriff, D. Spruill.  
Treasurer, E. C. ...  
Register of Deeds, J. P. Hilliard.  
Commissioners, H. J. Starr, W. C. Martin, E. D. Latham, Jos. Skittleharpe and H. A. Lietzfeld.  
Board of Education, Thos. S. Armistead, T. L. Tarleton, J. L. Norman.  
Superintendent of Health, Dr. E. L. Cox.  
Superintendent of Public Instruction, Rev. Luther Eborn.

### CITY.

Mayor and Clerk, J. W. Bryan.  
Treasurer, E. H. Latham.  
Chief of Police, Joseph Tucker.  
Commissioners, E. R. Latham, G. R. Bateman, D. O. Brinkley, J. F. Norman, J. W. Bryan, J. H. Smith, Sampson Towe and Alfred Skinner.

### CHURCH SERVICES.

Methodist—Rev. W. B. Moore, pastor. Services every Sunday at 11 a. m., and 8 p. m. Prayer meeting every Wednesday night at 8. Sunday school at 9 a. m., J. F. Norman, Superintendent.  
Baptist—Rev. J. F. Tuttle, pastor. Services every 1st and 3rd Sundays at 11 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Prayer meeting every Thursday night at 7:30. Sunday school every Sunday at 9:30 a. m., J. W. Bryan, Superintendent.  
Episcopal—Rev. Luther Eborn, rector. Services every 3d Sunday at 11 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 10 a. m., L. I. Fagan, Superintendent.

### MEDICAL SOCIETY.

Meets Tuesday after the first Monday of each month. Dr. H. P. Murray, Chairman, Lodges.  
K. of H. Plymouth Lodge No. 2508—meets 1st and 3d Thursday nights in each month. W. H. Hampton Distor, N. B. Yeager, Fin. Reporter.  
K. & L. of H. Roanoke Lodge—Meets 2d and 4th Thursday nights in each month. J. F. Norman, Protector, N. B. Yeager, Secretary.  
I. O. O. F. Esperanza Lodge, No. 23 meets every Tuesday night at Buell's Hall. T. J. Lewis, N. G., J. P. Hilliard, Secretary.

### COLORED.

### CHURCH SERVICES.

Disciple—Elder A. B. Hicks, pastor. Services every Sunday at 11 a. m., 3 p. m., and 8 p. m. Sunday school at 9 a. m., E. C. Mitchell, Superintendent.  
Methodist—Rev. C. B. Hogans, pastor. Services every 1st and 3d Sundays at 11 a. m., and at 3 and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 9 a. m., S. Wiggins, Superintendent; J. W. McDonald, secretary.  
1st Baptist, New Chapel—Services every Sunday at 11 and 3. Rev. S. K. Knight, pastor. Sunday school every Sunday.  
2d Baptist, Zion's Hill—H. H. Norman, pastor. Preaching every 4th Sunday. Sunday school every Sunday. Moses, Wynn, Superintendent.

### LODGES.

Masons, Carthegan—Meets 1st Monday night in each month. S. Towe, W. M., A. Swert, secretary.  
G. U. O. F. Meridian Sun Lodge 1624—Meets every 2d and 4th Monday night in each month at 7 o'clock. T. F. Beaubry, N. G., J. W. McDonald, F. S.  
Christopher Atokes Lodge K of L No. 1—Meets every 1st Monday night in each month at 8 o'clock.  
Burying Society meets every 3d Monday night in each month at 8 o'clock, J. M. Walker, secretary.

## Roper Directory.

### CIVIL.

Justice of the Peace, Jas. A. Chesson.  
Constable, Warren Cahoon.

### CHURCHES.

Methodist, Rev. J. T. Finlayson, pastor. Services every Sunday morning at 11 o'clock (except the first), and every Sunday night at 7:30. Prayer meeting every Wednesday night. Sunday school Sunday morning at 9:30. L. G. Roper, Superintendent, E. R. Lewis, secretary.  
Episcopal, Rev. Luther Eborn, rector. Services every 2d Sunday at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school every Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. Thos. W. Blount, Superintendent, W. H. Daily, secretary.  
Baptist, Rev. Jos. Tineh, pastor. Services every 3d Sunday at 11 a. m., and 7:30 p. m.

### LODGES.

Roper Masonic Lodge, A. F. & A. M. No. 443, meets in their Hall at Roper, N. C., at 7:30 p. m., 1st and 3d Tuesdays after 1st Sunday. J. L. Savage, W. M.; J. H. Clarke, Secretary.

### Important to Ladies.

Sir—I made use of your PHILTOXEN with my last child, in order to procure a safe and easy travail. I used it about two months before my expected time, until I was taken sick, and I had a very quick and easy confinement. Nothing occurred to prevent my convalescence, and I got about in less time than was usual for me. I think it a medicine that should be used by every expectant mother, for should they but try it as I have, they would never again be without it at such times. I am yours respectfully,  
Mrs. ELIZABETH DIX.  
Any merchant or druggist can procure Roper's PHILTOXEN for \$1 a bottle.  
CHARLES F. RISLEY, Wholesale Druggist, 92 Cornland St., New York.

## SUMMER.

Brooklyn Life.  
Beneath the trees was swinging low  
A hammock in the shade,  
And seated there a college youth,  
Near by his side a maid.  
The tree flung down protecting limbs,  
'Twas surely not amiss,  
Since no one was in sight, he thought,  
To try and steal a kiss.  
The maiden blushing murmured "Don't!"  
And watched the gay leaves drop  
Mischievously he asked, "Don't what?"  
"Why, don't," she said, "don't stop!"

### POLITICAL POINTS.

If Andrew Carnegie can contribute to election corruption funds, and hire an army of Pinkertons, why is he not able to pay his workmen the wages promised them by the high tariff people?—Louisville Journal.

Cleveland will carry New York because there is less opposition to him than there was in 1888 among Democrats and more regard for him among the business men of loose party attachments.—Kansas City Times.

It is not difficult to predict that if a third party should produce that extraordinary mixture of results it would arouse a very active demand for the election of President and vice President directly by a vote of the people.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

It would hardly be possible for the Democracy to enter the canvass under more favorable auspices. Candidates, records, issue, are all in its favor. It has the crowning advantage that it deserves to win. We believe it will.—Indianapolis Sentinel.

If any meaning is attached to the wording of political platforms the Democrats seem to have the advantage in dealing with the question of money. There is no lack of clearness about its utterances upon the subject while the party opposed to it seems inclined to straddle.—Journal of Finance.

The free trade Democracy hopes to extract comfort in the (Homestead) affair, and it certainly does look as if Carnegie was trying to prove himself a second Barchard, except that he gets in his work at the opening instead of the closing of the campaign, a distinction with a very great difference.—Chicago Inter Ocean, Republican.

It is not a question now as to whether Cleveland did anything to defeat the Force bill when it was up. The vital point is that Harrison did everything to put it upon us. Cleveland, if elected, would veto any attempted revival of the Force bill. Harrison, if re-elected, would press the matter upon the consideration of Congress again.—Lynchburg News.

"I have come to remind you that the intrenchments of spoil and patronage cannot avail against the valor and determination of right; that corruption and bribery cannot smother and destroy the aroused conscience of our countrymen, and that splendid achievements await those who bravely, honestly and stubbornly fight in the people's cause."—Grover Cleveland, at Providence last April.

Here is what A. E. Stevenson the Democratic nominee for Vice-President says of the Force bill, "The Force bill is nothing more or less than a theft of the liberties and franchises of the white people of the South. I know well what the Republican plans are provided they can get this wicked bill through. I know that they intend simply to take out of the hands of the white people of the South the reins of the Government, and they mean, by fraud and violence, to turn over that prosperous country to negro rule and corruption."

### URNS THEM DOWN.

A Western editor is said to have hit upon a plan to keep subscriptions paid up that takes the cake. Every time a delinquent subscriber is mentioned in his paper, his name is inverted. For example: "your notes and wife are spending a few days in Chicago." Every other subscriber understands what it means, and there is a grand rush to get right side up again.

## A FRAUDULENT PRETENSE.

New York World.  
It is not true that high tariffs make high wages. The claim is a lie, and the American workmen are discovering that it is a lie.  
The tariff was increased in 1890 all the way from 10 to 50 per cent. Since then the only wages that have been increased, as Gov. Campbell said in Ohio last year, are those of the Pinkerton men—and since the well-known universal condemnation of their employment at Homestead their occupation in future is likely to be less!

Wages were relatively as much higher in this country than in the Old World under our low tariffs as they are under the present high tariff.  
Wages are relatively higher here in non-protected than in protected industries, compared with Old World wages.

Wages are higher in free-trade England than in any high-tariff country in Europe—as much higher than wages in protectionist Germany or Spain as American wages are higher than English.

Wages vary as much in different States of our Union, under the same tariff law, as they do in the average in Great Britain and the United States.

Wages are regulated by the demand for labor and its supply, by the cost of living and by the skill, intelligence and productiveness of the workmen.

Wages are protected by Unions, not by Tariffs.  
The Homestead trouble resulted simply from the last of a long line of refusals by favored monopolists to divide fairly with their workmen the bounties secured to them by act of Congress.

The Carnegie protection should be cut in two.

## A NORTH CAROLINA ADLAI.

A correspondent of the Charlotte Observer writes:

"Apropos of the North Carolina descent of Gen. Adlai E. Stevenson, I am surprised that no paper that I have seen has commented on the fact that there is an Adlai Stevenson living in Statesville, N. C., who, while unknown to popular fame, has a reputation that reaches farther than that of his namesake. This Mr. Stevenson is known to botanists, mineralogists and archeologists the world over, as one of the most accurate authorities on these subjects and possessed of one of the finest private collections of Indian relics in this country. He has been for years in correspondence with the leading scientific men in these departments both in this country and in Europe, and classified collections have been made by him for temporary loan to European universities." The Reidsville Review adds that Mr. Stevenson is the discoverer of the Hiddenite gem.

## COMPARE THE TWO.

Richmond Times.

General Adlai E. Stevenson, the next Vice-President of the United States, employs a great many workers in coal mines. The New York World says that on Monday night a delegation of 300 of these workmen called upon him to congratulate him on his nomination, and to thank him for his unflinching kindness and fairness in his treatment of them. He replied:

"The most kindly and cordial feelings should ever exist between the employer and employed. All disagreement should be settled either by conference or by arbitration. It has been my firm conviction for years that organization looking solely to the bettering of the protection of their rights is a necessity of the wage-earners."

The sentiments are rather different from those that Carnegie, the favored son of Radical Monopoly, seems to be governed by.

## THE ARIZONA KICKER.

N. Y. Sun.

### OUR AMBITION.

Our esteemed contemporary down the street, in a three-column article of personal abuse, asks the question, "Will this villain's ambition be satisfied with the office of Mayor?" We are the villain referred to, of course, and we wish to frankly and emphatically reply that our ambition, so far from being satisfied, has just woken up. We are the editor and proprietor of a great weekly family newspaper, and the owner of a grocery, a harness shop, a shoe store, a gun shop, a butcher shop, and a feed store, all under one and the same roof. Further, we are the acknow-

ledged Ward McAllister of this town. What we say in regard to social matters goes. We lead the german when the music strikes up, and when not leading the german we are telling the hostess how to work the ice-cream freezer and fold the napkins to resemble a broken human heart.

On top of all this we are Mayor of the town, elected by an overwhelming majority, and running municipal affairs in bang-up style. Such of the boys as do not respect us as Mayor take pains to keep clear of the two guns we are known to carry as an editor and a citizen. We have driven out the cowboys, licked every member of the Common Council, and brought the Postmaster down off his high horse. It doubtless seems to our contemporary as if any one or other on this earth ought to be satisfied with such honors, but we are not. Far from it! We shall not pause long on the threshold. We are already laying wires to be elected to the Legislature, as we announced some weeks ago. It is the Senate or nothing with us. From thence to the Gubernatorial chair will only be a step. From Governor to Congressman will be only a stride. We may not be satisfied with even that.

### A SOLEMN WARNING.

Tuesday afternoon a man calling himself Grizzly Bill got into a dispute in the Red Trout saloon with an individual who has been generally known around town as Terrific Tom. Both drew their guns and adjourned to the sidewalk and began shooting. Twelve shots were fired, and the only thing hit was Major Callahan's bulldog, who died an hour later.

The parties were promptly arrested and brought before us, as Mayor, for shooting all over the town and failing to hit each other. It did not take us over half an hour to ascertain all the facts and particulars, and we fined each one twenty-five dollars. As neither had over two dollars in cash and couldn't raise the fine, the pair have gone to jail for three months.

We understand that some of the boys are criticising our official action, but we can't help it. When a man draws to shoot in this town he must either hit somebody with one of his six bullets or be considered an N. G. and treated accordingly. This blazing away at random, and firing good lead into telegraph poles and hitch-posts, is a smirch on the reputation of the town and we propose to put a stop to it if the thing can be done.

### TRUE AS PREACHING.

Argonaut.

The Greensboro Record could have scarcely made it more pointed when it states that the effort of any newspaper to build up a town is principally nullified unless backed up by the business men of the town. A stranger turns from the news columns of a paper to its advertising columns, and if he fails to find there the business of the merchants and professional firms, he comes to the conclusion that the editor is not appreciated, in which case it's a good place to keep clear from.

No town ever grew without the active assistance of its papers. Nor can papers grow and build up their localities without the assistance of the town. Business men should realize this and remember that in lending support to their local paper they are not only building up their own business, but are helping to support that which is steadily working for the growth of the whole town.

### FAVORS FREE SILVER.

A. E. STEVENSON, THE DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE FOR VICE PRESIDENT ON THE MONEY QUESTION.

Weldon News.

Hon. A. E. Stevenson, Democratic nominee for Vice-President, makes some pointed remarks on the money question. In discussing the act of Congress of 1869 making the 5-20 bonds payable in coin at par that they had been worth only 40 cents on the dollar.

"I believe," he says, "that it can be demonstrated by the public records and acts of Congress that a conspiracy was entered into for the purpose of decreasing the wages of labor, depreciating the values of property and increasing the power of money by contracting the currency and withdrawing it permanently from the channels of trade.

In 1876 Congress passed a law known as the Refunding bill, by which \$1,500,000,000 of bonds payable in greenbacks were authorized to be exchanged for new bonds which were payable on their face in coin.

The third step in this conspiracy was the demonetization of silver.

to the burdens of the people and increased the difficulty of paying off the national and the debts of the individual citizen."

In discussing the position of Mr. Stevenson, the National Democrat says that Mr. Stevenson holds the advanced position on the silver question and fortifies with facts and figures that are convincing. He calls for the repeal of the demonetization and coinage of the silver dollar; the retirement of the notes of the national banks and the substitution of greenbacks in their places. He draws a picture of the prosperity of the country from 1865 to 1883, before the demonetization of silver. In the year of 1866 the volume of the circulating medium was \$1,803,702,826. Ten years after, in 1876, it was but \$735,900,000 and in 1877 only \$676,243,184. Each year the volume has decreased as the population grew greater, until the amount per capita is now but \$14.80, as against \$50.76 in the prosperous year to which I have referred. He quoted Edmund Burke's words, "I love clamor when there is an abuse. The alarm bell disturbs the inhabitants, but saves them from being burned in their beds." The people of this country are now engaged in an earnest and successful agitation of this important question. They are organizing throughout the United States for political action, and their triumph is only a question of time.

### THE POISONOUS ACIDS.

In the blood should be taken up and removed by the Liver and Kidneys, but these organs get out of order—fail to do their work, and the result is rheumatism. There are a thousand remedies for the Liver and Kidneys, but there is only one cure for rheumatism, and that is Dr. Drummund's Lightning Remedy. A large bottle may be had at the druggists, or will be sent by express to any address on receipt of \$5. That is the price of a cure, and any one who is having an argument with the Rheumatism will feel fully repaid by the first dose. Drummund Medicine Co., 48-50 Maiden Lane, New York. Agents wanted.

### THE STATE FAIR.

THE NEW PREMIUM LIST—FULL OF NEW THINGS AND INTERESTING ANNOUNCEMENTS.

The premium list for the State fair of 1892 has been received. It will, as soon as seen, assert itself to be one of the most interesting documents ever issued by the State Agricultural Society. The premiums are more numerous than ever before and are the most liberal ever offered; and there are premiums for everybody to compete for. We note particularly a cash premium of \$200 and a town lot worth \$600 to be given to the county making the best exhibit at the fair. Fifty dollars in gold is the premium offered to the lady making the best exhibit of fancy and domestic work. There are in all about eight hundred premiums, exclusive of racing purses which will aggregate \$1,700.

There are some special announcements which will interest everybody. The great special attraction this year will be Pawnee Bill's Wild West show. This organization carries fifty wild and wiry mustang ponies and bucking bronchos, fifty Indians from the wild Alkali deserts and prairies of the West, twenty cowboys, twenty cow-girls and twenty famous Indian scouts, besides a herd of buffalo, all of which will unite in giving realistic illustrations of wild western life. They will show how the settler's cabin is attacked and the inmates killed and scalped; how a stage coach is robbed; how a horse thief is dealt with—the thief being captured after a hot chase, lassoed and jerked off his horse, dragged on the ground and finally hanged to a tree and apparently riddled with bullets. Other thrilling scenes will be presented, such as are famous in song and story. This show will be given every day of the fair and will be free to everybody. Railroad rates will be one cent per mile, and special trains will be run. H. W. Ayer, Secretary, at Raleigh, will send lists and particulars to all who want them. Other attractions will be in the programme during the week. The city of Raleigh will celebrate its one hundredth anniversary. This will be characterized by gorgeous allegorical floats, trades fairs, decorative scenes and brilliant illuminations and fire-works that have never been equaled in the South.

When The Heart is Affected  
By Rheumatism, or any of the muscles near that organ, it is like tampering with an electric wire, for death may come at any moment. If life is worth \$5, go to the druggist and get Dr. Drummund's Lightning Remedy, or send to the Drummund Medicine Co., 48-50 Maiden Lane, New York, and they will send you a large bottle by prepaid express. It is not as quick as electricity, but it will save your life if you take it in time. Agents wanted.

Oh, What a Cough.  
Will you heed the warning. The signal perhaps of the sure approach of that more terrible disease, Consumption. Ask yourselves if you can afford for the sake of saving 50c., to run the risk and do nothing for it. We know from experience that Shiloh's Cure will cure your cough. It never fails. This explains why more than a Million Bottles were sold the past year. It relieves croup and whooping cough at once. Mothers, do not be without it. For lame back, side or chest see Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Sold by Bryan & Chas., Plymouth, and Dr. B. F. Hallsey, Roper.

### ABOUT HUMBUG.

London Truth.

The winning definition is:  
Dust thrown in the eyes of truth.  
The following are some of the best definitions sent in:  
The diplomacy of deceit.  
Gilded coins of plausibility from the mint of deception.  
Hoisting one set of colors and fighting under another.  
A gilt pill offered by quacks and swallowed by simpletons.  
Docent and fun equally and cheerfully mixed.  
The sugar coating on the pill of deceit.  
The philosophy of fools.  
The froth of hypocrisy.  
The mask of truth which ingenious falsehood wears.  
Whitewash and glitter over pretense and sham.  
A nut, the shell of which is plausibility and the kernel a lie.  
Society's furniture polish—cheap and transparent.  
A paste imitation of virtue in a setting of cast.

The stock in trade of the hypocrite.  
Marriage congratulations from a rival.  
The soul of quackery, the heart of wagery and the kernel of meadricity.

We have a speedy and positive cure for catarrh, canker mouth and headaches, in SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY. A neat injective free with each bottle. Use it if you desire health and sweet breath. Price 50c. Sold by Bryan & Chas., Plymouth, and Dr. B. F. Hallsey, Roper.

Answer This Question.  
Why do so many people we see around us seem to prefer to suffer and be made miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Coming up of the Food, Yellow Skin, when for the we will sell them Shiloh's Vitallizer, guaranteed to cure them. Sold by Bryan & Chas., Plymouth, and Dr. B. F. Hallsey, Roper.

DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.  
The following is the State Democratic platform as adopted by the State convention assembled May 18:

Resolved, 1. That the democracy of North Carolina reaffirm the principles of the democratic party, both State and national, and particularly favor the free coinage of silver and an increase of the currency, and the repeal of the internal revenue system. And we denounce the McKinley tariff bill as unjust to the consumers of the country, and leading to the formation of trusts, combines and monopolies which have oppressed the people; and especially do we denounce the unnecessary and burdensome increase in the tax on cotton seed and on tin, so largely used by the poorer portion of the people. We likewise denounce the inequitable force bill, which is not yet abandoned by the republican party, but is being urged as a measure to be adopted as soon as they regain control of the House of Representatives, the purpose and effect of which measure will be to establish a second period of reconstruction in the Southern States, to subvert the liberties of our people and inflame a new race antagonism and sectional animosities.  
2. That we demand financial reform, and the enactment of laws that will remove the burden of the people relative to the existing agricultural depression, and do full and ample justice to the farmers and laborers of our country.  
3. That we demand the abolition of national banks, and the substitution of legal tender treasury notes in lieu of national bank notes, issued in sufficient volume to do the business of the country on a cash system, regulating the amount needed on a per capita basis as the business interests of the country expand, and that all money issued by the government shall be legal tender in payment of all debts, both public and private.  
4. That we demand that Congress shall pass such laws as shall effectually prevent the dealing in futures of all agricultural and mechanical productions; providing such stringent system of procedure in trials as shall secure prompt conviction and imposing such penalties as shall secure most perfect compliance with the law.  
5. That we demand the free and unlimited coinage of silver.  
6. That we demand the passage of laws prohibiting the alien ownership of land, and that Congress take early steps to devise some plan to obtain all lands now owned by alien and foreign syndicates; and that all lands now held by railroads and other corporations, in excess of such as is actually used and needed by them, be retained by the government and held for actual settlers only.  
7. Believing in the doctrine of "equal rights to all and special privileges to none," we demand that taxation, national or State, shall not be used to build up one interest or class at the expense of another. We believe that the money of the country should be kept as much as possible in the hands of the people, and hence we demand that all revenues, national, State or county, shall be limited to the necessary expenses of the government economically and honestly administered.  
8. That Congress issue a sufficient amount of fractional paper currency to facilitate the exchange through the medium of the United States mail.  
Resolved, That the General Assembly pass such laws as will make the public school system more effective than the blessings of education may be extended to all the people of the State alike.  
That we demand a graduated tax on incomes.