

Make Your Coal Oil Lamps BURN GAS!



"RADIOLITE" BURNER

Rivals Gas or Electricity Fits Ordinary Lamps
Wanted—Hustling young men and women as representatives in their county to handle our new wonderful Radiolite Kerosene Oil Burners, generates oil into gas. Make your common kerosene lamp burn gas or electricity without smoke or smell. Entirely new and different from any other burner. Our Radiolite Burners are electricity proposition of the age and the best seller on the market today. By the wonderful light they give no talking or experience is necessary. They are the best and cheapest burner in the world. Once the Radiolite is tried on a lamp it demands a sale. If you want your oil lamp to give gas light without smoke or smell send for a sample and our agency proposition at once. If you are not astonished at the wonderful light and if they are not superior to any other burner I will refund your money to you at once. Write today for sample. Address Robert Pitt, 65 Regent St., Boston, Mass.

KODAKS and High Grade Finishing. Mail orders given Special Attention. Prices reasonable. Service prompt. Send for Price List. LASSAUX ART STORE, CHARLESTON, S. C.

When misfortune overtakes a hustler it has to go some.

Wounds on man or beast should be healed by Hanford's Balm. Adv.

Wild oats have a few tares mixed with them.

To Relieve the Pain of a Burn Instantly and take out all inflammation in one day, apply the wonderful, old reliable DR. PORTER'S ANTISEPTIC HEALING OIL. Relieves pain and heals at the same time. 25c, 50c, \$1.00.

He that wills a thing succeeds in it; but the most difficult thing in the world is to will.—De Maistere.

For SUMMER HEADACHES
Hicks' CAPUDINE is the best remedy—no matter what causes them—whether from the head, sitting in draughts, feverish condition, etc. 10c, 25c and 50c per bottle at medicine stores. Adv.

Old-Fashioned Birds.
"I like to wander in the park."
"The birds do sing sweetly."
"Yes; and they never sing ragtime."

Cures Ivy Poisoning.
For ivy poisoning apply Hanford's Balm. It is antiseptic and may be used to kill the poison. Prompt relief should follow the first application. Adv.

She Understood.
A charming French woman was the guest of a New York family at a popular roof garden.

As the orchestra was finishing a number she asked one of the gentlemen in the party who had been one of her most devoted admirers:

"What is zat ze musicians are playing?"
"Love Me and the World is Mine," replied the man.

"Yes, I understand zat is how you feel," said the young woman with a glance of coquetry, "but ze tune zat zey play, M'sieu, vat es eet, please?"

"That Human Trumpet Call."

When Enrico Caruso was in Atlanta a few days ago he sang to the prisoners in the federal penitentiary three songs, including his "Sob Song" from "Pagliacci." After hearing Caruso, Julian Hawthorne, now convict No. 4435, wrote a poem, a few lines of which run thus:

"Then, in the hush of the great blank hall,
God wrought a wondrous miracle,
For a voice like a glorious trumpet call
Arose as a soul from the depths of hell,
And our souls rose with it on wondrous wings,
Rose from their prison of iron and clay,
Forgot the grime and the shame of things!
We were men once again in a sunlit day,
Sin and grief and punishment—all
Were lost in that human trumpet call."

In Summer—
When the body needs but little food, that little should be appetizing and nourishing.
Then about the best and most convenient thing one can have handy is a package of

Post Toasties

This food is fully cooked—crisp, delicious and ready to serve direct from the package.
Post Toasties with fresh strawberries and cream are hard to beat.
"The Memory Lingers"
Sold by Grocers.
Postum Cereal Company, Limited, Battle Creek, Mich., U. S. A.

San Pedro Martir Mountain



ONE OF THE CAMPS

THE Coast Range culminates in the peaks of San Gorgonio and San Bernardino of the San Bernardino mountains, with San Antonio and San Jacinto only a little lower on either side. Then the range makes a decided drop to the south and shows heights of quite a different character, with blunt tops instead of sharp peaks. Palomar and Cajon mountains are bold and conspicuous but not high, as mountains on the coast go. Still farther south, however, in the peninsula of Lower California, the range makes another lunge upward and produces the great San Pedro Martir mountain, more than nine thousand feet high. That is its last great effort, for in its more southern reaches it is much more broken, with plenty of peaks, to be sure, but no high ones.

While some of the mountains of the upper part of the range are higher than San Pedro Martir, none other presents so huge a bulk. Seen from San Telmo, it is an unbroken wall forty or fifty miles long, which at the north end is first cut down sharply and then beyond is almost completely demolished, as mountains rank; and the south end is torn into gaps which have had its crest knocked off.

There are two picachos, sharp, needlelike, of pure white granite, they are so near the eastern side of the mountain that they cannot be seen at all from the west, and not from south till one has reached San Juan De Dios, then they appear pointing heavenward, shining white like icebergs.

Almost Perpendicular.
The western side of the mountain is abrupt, with very few places where it may be climbed, but the eastern side is still more so and makes an almost perpendicular drop to the desert. On that side one may descend, in some places more than an hour's time, from a temperature of 70° to 30° in a where the sun is warm and birds are nesting. And then from beneath the feathery crowns of tropical palms he may look back to where, almost directly overhead, stand the rugged pines he has just left.

It is miles across the top from east to west, and with its great length the dimensions of the mountain are such as to almost entitle it to be called a high tableland, with hills and valleys and streams of its own. As it is high enough to catch winter snows and summer rains, the pasturage on the top is always good, and when the lower lands between the mountain and the Pacific are parched with drought here is a haven for starving herds. They come from as far away as San Juan De Dios and grow fat on the sweet grasses and the delightfully cool summer air. When winter grips the mountain, however, the herds must descend, for then the climate is too rigorous to be borne without sufficient shelter.

The cattle and horses are not the only ones that grow fat from a summer residence on San Pedro; the herds also are in clover, for the great forests are the home of innumerable deer, and bighorn as well, though not in so great numbers as the deer. Two Mexican friends of mine who were tending a herd of cattle on the summit, in two weeks shot fifty deer and might easily have shot more, but they could not take care of and transport any more jerked meat.

Another man had a standing offer from a San Francisco firm of \$25 for every head of a male bighorn, and he shipped a good many. That traffic of course was stopped when Mexican law declared a closed season for mountain sheep. It was high time, too, for they were wantonly destroyed, sometimes not even for their heads and skins, but merely for the pleasure of slaughter. I think if American nimrods had understood how easily those marvelous hunting grounds might be reached by boat to San Quintin, where an efficient Mexican guide with excellent saddle and pack mules was to be pro-

ceeded more merrily still. I heard of one American, and he from distant Boston, who had discovered this hunter's El Dorado, and who made periodic trips to it. That was before Mexico, in fear of insurgents, forbade the importation of firearms into the peninsula.

It is not strange that San Pedro should harbor so much game, for it is the only really wooded mountain on the peninsula, and the timber here is very fine. Deer and bighorn are not the only game; other animals there are, not so harmless, and that may even play the roll of hunter instead of hunted. Mountain lions are so numerous that young colts, which they consider the most delicious of tidbits, have a hard time trying to become horses. A man living on the western slope of the mountain showed me a corral fully five feet high from which a mountain lion took a three-year-old filly, leaping the fence with ease with the colt in his mouth, and dragging the carcass a mile up the side of the mountain before he was

stopped by a party of men and a dog. The work of the farm housewife has been greatly lessened by the use of engine threshers. Formerly when farmers went about from one farm to another, helping each other to thresh the grain, the farm-wife was compelled to cook for gangs of men, often for days at a time, and with seldom sufficient help, her lot was indeed a hard one. Now, the owner of an engine thresher rides about the country during the summer days making his threshing contracts. In the fall he organizes his force and starts on his rounds—he provides all the men necessary, takes along a tent, employs a cook and relieves the farmer and his family of all work in connection with threshing. A counting machine registers the number of bushels turned out, and when his work is ended he receives the farmer's check for his services, hooks up his teams to the traction engines and goes on to the next field.

Clover Bloat.
Bloat in cattle generally comes as the result of pasturing clover, though it is a fact that in some cases ordinary grass pasture will produce the same results if it is rank when cattle that have not been used to it are turned in. The importance of getting cattle used to clover while it is dry cannot be overemphasized.

It may be necessary in some instances to turn them in for an hour or two only during the middle of the day, and continue this for two or three days, so that the ravenous edge for the new clover is taken off their appetites. Under no circumstances should they be turned from a dry lot when they are hungry into a clover field.

Looking to the Pedigree.
Look at the pedigree of the stallion you patronize, and if it is not issued by one of the recognized registry associations don't take that horse. Many farmers will contend that a grade horse that is a good looker is just as good for a sire as a pure-bred, and expense is much lighter.

Good Bedding for Horses.
A good way to keep a horse clean in the stable is to clean out all dirt, etc., and then cover the floor about three or four inches thick with dry sawdust, as far back in stall as the horse usually stands, then cover the sawdust with straw, or bedding that you may use. The sawdust will absorb the moisture, and therefore make the other bedding last longer in case it is scarce. The sawdust should be replaced by fresh occasionally.

Earns \$2 to Rescue Dog.
Peter Battinell, thirteen years old of Stamford, Conn., owns a dog, of which he is very fond. Peter's parents neglected to license the animal, and it fell in the hands of the dog warden, who impounded it. When Peter learned that his dog was in pound he went to the dog warden and tearfully begged that the dog be not killed.

"I'll earn the money to pay for the license," he promised.

The dog warden told the boy to go ahead and earn the money, and a few days later he appeared with the \$2 and received a license. He took the dog away with him. He had earned the money by doing errands and mowing lawns.

The New Congressman.
"Well, how's being a congressman?"
"Not what it's cracked up to be. Been in congress nearly three months now, and ain't been able to get on no junket to the Panama canal."

TOOLS FOR A GARDEN

Implements Are Demanded for Proper Cultivation.

Old-Fashioned Hoe and Rake Will Not Supply All the Needs of the Up-to-Date Gardener—Some Good Ones Are Illustrated.

(By C. S. MILLER.)
The growing of vegetables and fruit has become so important that improved tools are now demanded for proper cultivation. In order to get the very best results cultivation must be carried to the limit and the old-fashioned hoe and rake will not supply all the needs of the up-to-date gardener.

Those shown in the accompanying picture are all extremely useful, and as they cost but a trifle nobody who expects to do the best work in a garden can afford to be without them.

No. 1 is the hoe, and is remarkable for the great number of uses to which it can be put in both field and garden.

No. 2 is especially useful for covering seeds and for heavy weeding.

No. 3 is a combined hoe and rake and enables the operator to do either hoeing or raking without laying aside one tool and taking up the other.

No. 4 is a hand weeder to scratch weeds out of flower beds and pots.

No. 5 is one of the most useful tools that can be used. It is extremely



Improved Garden Tools.

useful, not only in spading, but in cutting out weeds close to large plants and trimming walks and beds.

No. 6 is a handy little tool about the flower bed. You can transplant, pulverize and mix earth preparatory to planting, loosen the earth about plants and do numerous other things with it.

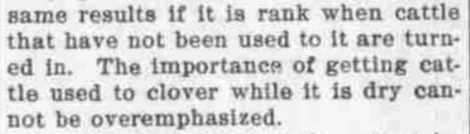
LESS WORK FOR HOUSEWIFE

Introduction of Modern Engine Thresher Takes Many Burdens From Shoulders of Women.

The work of the farm housewife has been greatly lessened by the use of engine threshers. Formerly when farmers went about from one farm to another, helping each other to thresh the grain, the farm-wife was compelled to cook for gangs of men, often for days at a time, and with seldom sufficient help, her lot was indeed a hard one. Now, the owner of an engine thresher rides about the country during the summer days making his threshing contracts. In the fall he organizes his force and starts on his rounds—he provides all the men necessary, takes along a tent, employs a cook and relieves the farmer and his family of all work in connection with threshing. A counting machine registers the number of bushels turned out, and when his work is ended he receives the farmer's check for his services, hooks up his teams to the traction engines and goes on to the next field.

well-developed udders, straight backs, and the fine proportions of their general conformation. The Jersey cow looks the high-bred lady of the cattle race. Well-developed male animals should weigh from 1400 pounds to 1800 pounds, and females, from 750 to 1200 pounds. Above all else, Jerseys attract notice by the "dairy" type of their bodily conformation, by their large and well-formed udders, and prominent milk-veins. In color they are of various shades of soft fawn, from red to silvery, with more or less white, broken color being unobjectionable except from the standpoint of individual taste.

DAIRY NOTES
A silo will pay for itself in one year. Be sure that the calves are started right.
A farmer owning six cows should have a silo.
Be sure that the temperature of the milk is right.
It is not desirable to grow too much forage on a dairy farm.
A comfortable stable reduces the cost of maintenance and increases the flow of milk.
Feed regularly, not too much at a time, and young calves at least four times a day.
Nothing can be marketed on the farm so successfully or so economically as butter.
The dairyman who does not keep an individual record of his cows is not an up-to-date dairyman.
If the mow is nearly empty and the feed low in the bin, don't cut down the rations of the cows.
The dairy farm that is stocked to its full capacity without being overstocked is a pretty safe investment.
When an animal forms a habit, either good or bad, that habit is a part of its life as long as it lives.
Draining the butter well before salting is one of the little things that makes for a better quality of product.
Experiments have proven the average milk cow requires about an ounce of salt per day. Heavy milkers should have more.
Success does not lie in the number of cows the dairyman keeps, but in the kind he keeps and the way he keeps them.



Eurotas, 2454. Record for One Year, 778 Pounds of Butter.

SUPPLEMENT TO A PASTURE

Feeding Corn Silage is Most Economical Method of Supplying Feed to Help Out Pasture.

(By R. G. WEATHERSTONE.)
Green crops fed as a supplement to pasture may be fed in the pasture or in the barn lot but as a rule are fed most economically in the barn. The cows remain inside long enough at milking time to eat their portions.

As a rule the most economical method of supplying feed to help out the short pastures of midsummer and fall is to feed corn silage. Silage will keep in good condition for summer feeding with no loss except on the surface. If it is not needed during the summer, it may be covered with the new silage and kept until wanted. Corn furnishes a larger yield of dry matter per acre than any crop that can be ordinarily grown for summer feeding, and has the further advantage of being on hand as early as wanted.

It is handled more economically also than soiling crops since it is cut all at once and not every day as is necessary with soiling crops.

It should be remembered that it is only possible to feed a bunch of cows economically when they are fed as individuals and not as a herd. A too common practice, even in the otherwise well conducted herds, is for all animals to be fed the same amount of grain, regardless of the time they have been in milk or the quantity of milk the individual cows are producing.

Such feeding always lacks economy, as the high producing cow does not get enough, and while she may milk very well for a time, she soon comes down to a lower level, while the lighter producing cow usually gets too much feed and accumulates fat.

MAKE-UP OF JERSEY CATTLE

Breed Attracts Notice by "Dairy" Type of Their Bodily Conformation—Some of Characteristics.

(By R. M. GOW.)
The characteristics which mark the present race of Jersey cattle are known to have been notable and prominent in the breed at least one hundred and fifty years ago, so that now they have become thoroughly "fixed," sure to be inherited by their progeny, thus affording the breeder a sure foundation for further development.

The main external characteristics of the Jerseys are the beautiful softness of the various tints of fawn and gray in their coats of hair; their gracefully formed deer-like limbs; their neat, incurving horns, large limped eyes, small heads and delicate noses; their bright, attractive and intelligent faces; their soft yellow skin, long tails and

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It is guaranteed to give fullest satisfaction. Write for copies of treatments from people who have benefited. 25c and 50c at your dealer's or direct from RYDALE REMEDY CO., NEWPORT NEWS, VA.

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We also do highest class of finishing. Prices and Catalogue upon request. S. Galeski Optical Co., Richmond, Va.

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We offer, subject to prior sale, a limited number of Dominion Trust Company shares at \$140.00 per share. For the past five years the Dominion Trust Company has earned

24% ANNUALLY
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8% DIVIDENDS
to its shareholders, annually, for the past seven years, in quarterly installments.

NOTE CAREFULLY
The Dominion Trust Company, with both European and Canadian Branches, is one of the largest in Canada. It has a PAID-UP CAPITAL of \$2,000,000.00 and a \$800,000.00 RESERVE FUND. Also a most intelligent, conservative, able and careful management.

Forty per cent of the shares of the Company have been purchased by residents of Massachusetts, Vermont, Rhode Island, Maine, New Hampshire and Eastern Canada. Twenty per cent was taken by European investors.

CONDITIONS
Not more than twenty-five shares will be allotted to any one subscriber. Application may be made for less than twenty-five shares. Draft or money order to accompany each subscription.

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annual financial report and further particulars will be forwarded. WRITE TODAY.

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THOSE RHEUMATIC TWINGES

Much of the rheumatic pain that comes in damp, changing weather is the work of uric acid crystals.

Needles couldn't cut, tear or hurt any worse when the affected muscle joint is used.

If such attacks are marked with headache, backache, dizziness and disturbances of the urine, it's time to help the weakened kidneys.

Doan's Kidney Pills quickly help sick kidneys.

A New York Case
D. J. Donovan, Larchmont, N. Y., says: "My right leg was so swollen it was twenty-four inches around. My back felt as if it were being prodded with a hot iron. I had run down from 200 pounds to 150. I was steadily growing worse, and had given up hope. I improved rapidly, however, under the use of Doan's Kidney Pills. They cured me entirely and I have since gained 25 pounds."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

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Do you realize the fact that thousands of women are now using

Paxtine

A Soluble Antiseptic Powder
as a remedy for mucous membrane affections, such as sore throat, nasal or pelvic catarrh, inflammation or ulceration, caused by female pills? Women who have been cured say "It is worth its weight in gold." Dissolve in water and apply locally. For ten years the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. has recommended Paxtine in their private correspondence with women. For all hygienic and toilet uses it has no equal. Only 50c a large box at Drugists or sent postpaid on receipt of price. The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

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"Hunt's Cure" is guaranteed to stop and permanently cure that terrible itching. It is compounded for that purpose and your money will be promptly refunded WITHOUT QUESTION if Hunt's Cure fails to cure itch, Eczema, Tetter, King Worm or any other Skin Disease. 50c at your druggist's, or by mail direct if he hasn't it. Manufactured only by A. B. RICHARDS MEDICINE CO., Sherman, Texas

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