

REMEMBER FACTS ABOUT DRAFT ACT

REGISTRATION IS REQUIRED OF ALL BETWEEN THE SPECIFIED AGES.

INDIVIDUAL IS RESPONSIBLE

Each Man is Held Under Penalty For Putting His Name on Rolls.—Rules of the Registration and Other Information Every Man Should Know.

Regulations for registration June 5 under the selective draft act for the national army have been delivered to every county and city in the United States. All male persons between the ages of 21 and 30, both inclusive, will be required to register between 7 a. m. and 9 p. m., June 5. Failure is punishable by a year's imprisonment, without the alternative of a fine.

Here, in brief, are the points which the secretary of war and the president wish to have clearly fixed in the minds of the people.

All men are required to register—Who are 21 years old.

Whose 21st birthday comes before June 5.

Whose 21st birthday comes on June 5; excepting

Men now 31 years old.

Men whose 31st birthday comes before June 5.

A man who will become 31 years old on June 5.

Men in the regular army or navy of the United States, the marine corps, and the officers' reserve corps.

Members of the National Guard and naval militia actually in the service of the United States on June 5.

Men in the enlisted reserve corps actively in the service of the United States on June 5.

Sickness, physical disability of any kind or absence from home does not excuse failure to register. National guardsmen not mustered into the service before June 5 must register.

A year's imprisonment is the penalty for making false statements, whether about oneself or some other person. Where the person registering is subject to military law he will be court-martialed.

Failure to register is punishable by imprisonment, without the alternative of a fine. Upon termination of prison sentence, the regulations prescribe immediate registration.

The registration in each county or similar subdivision in any state and in cities of 30,000 population or over shall be made in the customary voting precincts thereof in the places and in the manner ordinarily employed in the registration of voters so far as the same is not inconsistent with said act and these rules and regulations.

When a county has a city of 30,000 population or over, the county registration board shall have jurisdiction of the county, exclusive of the city, with a city board directing registration within the city limits. Wardens of penitentiaries and other penal institutions are charged with registration of the inmates of such institutions. Places customarily used for voting purposes in each precinct shall be used. Hours for registration are from 7 a. m. to 9 p. m.

Though very positive in terms, the regulations to effect registration for the selective draft June 5, are reasonable in their provisions, relative to absentees. The place of registration is the domiciliary precinct, but adequate provision is made for enforced absence. The burden rests on each individual between 21 and 30 years, inclusive, to see that registration certificates are entered at his domiciliary precinct on registration day. Absentees may procure registration blanks from the office of the county clerk of every county or the city clerk of cities of 30,000 population or more.

Upon application by you, your card will be made out by the clerk, turned over to you and by you it must be mailed in time to reach your domiciliary precinct by the day set for registration.

Eligibles, whose permanent homes are in cities of 30,000 or more, may direct the registration card in care of the mayor. A self-addressed envelope should be inclosed with the registration card for the return of the registration certificate. Failure to get this certificate may cause serious embarrassment.

Persons in training camps, schools or colleges or other institutions may register under the above provisions for absentees. "However, for their convenience, the county clerk or clerks of cities of 30,000 or more are authorized to deputize a competent person to certify to the registration cards of non-residents in such institutions and to furnish a sufficient supply of cards to do so. It must be borne in mind that such registration must be made in sufficient length of time before the date set by the president for registration to enable such student to mail the card. The burden of registration in his own domiciliary precinct is on every man; and persons must see to it at their peril that their registration cards are in the hands of the registrar of their domiciliary precinct at the time prescribed in the president's proclamation."

Form 1 REGISTRATION CARD | No. _____

1 Name in full. (Given name) (Family name) Age, in yrs

2 Home address. (No.) (Street) (City) (State)

3 Date of birth. (Month) (Day) (Year)

4 Are you (1) a natural-born citizen, (2) a naturalized citizen, (3) an alien, (4) or have you declared your intention (specify which)?

5 Where were you born? (Town) (State) (Nation)

6 If not a citizen, of what country are you a citizen or subject?

7 What is your present trade, occupation, or office?

8 By whom employed? Where employed?

9 Have you a father, mother, wife, child under 12, or a sister or brother under 12, solely dependent on you for support (specify which)?

10 Married or single (which)? Race (specify which)?

11 What military service have you had? Rank; branch years; Nation or State

12 Do you claim exemption from draft (specify grounds)?

I affirm that I have verified above answers and that they are true.

(Signature or mark)

RULES FOR REGISTERING

Questions will be asked for you to answer in the order in which they appear below. The questions are set out below with detailed information to help you answer them.

All answers will be written on the Registration Card in ink by the Registrar, who should be careful to spell all names correctly and to write legibly.

1. Name in full. Age in years.

This means all your names spelled out in full. State your age to-day in years only. Disregard additional months or days. Be prepared to say "19," or "25," not "19 yrs. 3 mons." or the like.

2. Home address.

This means the place where you have your permanent home, not the place where you work. Be prepared to give the address in this way: "232 Main Street, Chicago, Cook County, Illinois;" that is, give number and name of street first, then town, then county and state.

3. Date of birth.

Write your birthday (month, day, and year) on a piece of paper before going to the Registrar, and give the paper to him the first thing. Example: "August 5, 1894."

If you do not remember the year start to answer as you would if someone asked you your birthday, as "August 5th." Then say "on my birthday this year I will be (or was) _____ years old." The Registrar will then fill in the year of birth.

4. Are you (1) a natural-born citizen; (2) a naturalized citizen; (3) an alien; (4) or have you declared your intention to become a citizen (specify which)?

(1) If you were born in the United States, including Alaska and Hawaii, you are a natural-born citizen, no matter what may have been the citizenship or nationality of your parents. If you were born in Porto Rico, you are a citizen of the United States, unless you were born of alien parentage. If you were born abroad, you are still a citizen of the United States if your father was a citizen of the United States at the time you were born, unless you have expatriated.

5. Where were you born?

First name the town, then the state, then the country, as "Columbus, Ohio;" "Vienna, Austria;" "Paris, France;" "Sofia, Bulgaria."

6. If not a citizen, of what country are you a citizen or subject?

This need be answered only by aliens and declarants. Remember that a "declarant" is not yet a citizen of the United States. If an alien or declarant, state the name of your country, as "France," "Japan," "China," etc.

7. What is your present trade, occupation, or office?

This does not ask what you once did, or what you have done most of the time, nor what you are best fitted to do. IT ASKS WHAT YOUR JOB IS RIGHT NOW. State briefly, as "Farmer," "Miner," "Student," "Laborer (on farm, in rolling mill, in automobile, wagon, or other factory)," "Machinist in automobile factory," etc. If you hold an office under state or federal government, name the office you hold. If you are in one of the following offices or employments, use one of the names hereafter mentioned:

"Customhouse clerk," "employed in the transmission of the mails," or "employed in an armory, arsenal, or navy yard," "mariner, actually employed in the sea service of citizen or merchant within the United States."

8. By whom employed. Where employed?

If you are working for an individual, firm, corporation, or association, state its name. If in business, trade, profession, or employment for your-

self, so state. If you are an officer of the state or federal government, say whether your office is under the United States, the state, the county, or a municipality. In answer to the question as to where you are employed, give the town, county, and state where you work.

9. Have you a father, mother, wife, child under 12, or a sister or brother under 12 solely dependent upon you for support (specify which)?

Consider your answer thoughtfully. If it is true that there is another mouth than your own which you alone have a duty to feed, do not let your military ardor interfere with the wish of the Nation to reduce war's misery to a minimum. On the other hand, unless the person you have in mind is solely dependent on you, do not hide behind petticoats or children.

10. Married or single (which)? Race (specify which)?

This does not ask whether you were once married, but whether you are married now. In answer to the question as to your race, state briefly whether "Caucasian," "Mongolian," "Negro," "Malayan," or "Indian."

11. What military service have you had? Rank? Branch? Years? Nation or State?

No matter what country you served, you must give complete information. In answering these questions, first name your rank, using one of the following words: "Commissioned officer," "Noncommissioned officer," "Private." Next, state branch in which you served in one of the following words: "Infantry," "Cavalry," "Artillery," "Medical," "Signal," "Aviation," "Supply," "Marine," "Navy."

Next, state the number of years' service, not counting time spent in the Reserve. Finally, name the Nation or state you served. If you served under the United States or one of the states of the United States, name your service in one of the following terms: "National Guard (of such and such a state)," "Militia (of such and such a state)," "Volunteers of United States," or "Regular Army (Navy) of United States."

12. Do you claim exemption from draft? Specify grounds.

Because you claim exemption from draft, it by no means follows that you are exempt. For the information of the War Department you should make a claim now if you intend to prosecute it. Some persons will be exempted on account of their occupations or offices, some on account of the fact that they have relatives dependent upon them for support. Your answer touching these things will be important in supporting the claim you now intend to make in your answer to the present questions. Be sure, therefore, that the grounds you now state are in conformity with your answers to questions 7 and 8. In stating grounds you claim as exempting you, use one of the following terms: If you claim to be an executive, legislative, or judicial officer of the state or nation, name your office and say whether it is an office of the state or nation. If you claim to be a member of a religious sect whose creed forbids its members to participate in war in any form, simply name the sect. If you are employed in the transmission of the United States mails or as an artificer or workman in an armory, arsenal, or navy yard of the United States, or if you are a mariner employed in the sea service of any citizen or merchant within the United States, so state. If you are a felon or otherwise morally deficient and desire to claim exemption on that ground, state your ground briefly. If you claim physical disability, state that briefly. If you claim exemption on any other ground, state your ground briefly.

GOVERNOR'S CALL FOR VOLUNTEERS

MORE THAN FIVE THOUSAND NEEDED TO FILL UP GUARD RANKS.

DISPATCHES FROM RALEIGH

Doings and Happenings That Mark the Progress of North Carolina People, Gathered Around the State Capital.

Raleigh. Governor Bickett's proclamation calling for more than five thousand volunteers to fill the ranks of the National Guard follows:

The War Department has ordered the North Carolina National Guard to be recruited to full war strength. To meet this requirement the following recruits are necessary:

- First Regiment1,000
- Second Regiment1,100
- Third Regiment1,200
- Other organizations1,800

These other organizations include the Coast Artillery, Cavalry, Engineers, and Sanitary Troops. It is seen that over 5,000 volunteers are needed to bring the National Guard up to full war strength. It is apparent, therefore, that any one who may have opposed the selective draft because he did not like the thought of being conscripted is now given a chance to volunteer for military service.

Then, too, there are several distinct advantages in enlisting in the National Guard:

1. While those who enlist in the National Guard will be required to register they will be exempt from draft.
2. He who enlists has the privilege of selecting the command and branch of service he desired to enter.
3. He will serve under officers he knows and among his own friends and acquaintances.
4. A person volunteering for service in the National Guard will be required to enlist only for the duration of the war.
5. A permanent roll of those who enlist will be preserved and the names will be published daily in the newspapers.
6. The man who volunteers for service in the National Guard has a better chance for promotion than he who is taken into the army under the selective draft.

Considering these advantages together with the appeal the country makes for men, I confidently expect the patriotic young manhood of North Carolina to quickly fill up the ranks of the National Guard. History does not show where a nation has ever made a worthier appeal than our country makes to its sons today. This Republic has unsheathed its sword in defense of humanity and to prove that Republics have a right to live. America has planted the emblem of liberty and democracy in the pathway of the tyrant and the autocrat. And she now calls upon her sons to keep it there. We like to sing of the "sweet land of liberty" and "the home of the brave and the free." But the time has come when it is not enough to sing only. We must back the sentiment with action in order that that which gave birth to the sentiment shall not perish from the earth.

America has lifted her arm in defense of Christian civilization and she now calls upon her sons to save that civilization. This is no ordinary war. It is a war of ideals. For in it a civilization that exalts love and service is pitted against civilization that exalts power and selfishness. A civilization in which the strong must serve the weak is at war with a civilization in which the weak must serve the strong. It is, in short, a war to determine whether the ideals of Jesus or the ideals of Thor shall dominate the world. We like to pray, "Thy kingdom come." But the time has come when it is not enough to pray only.

Now, therefore, I, Thomas Walter Bickett, Governor of North Carolina, do hereby call upon and urge unmarried men who are fit for military service to enlist in the organizations located in the community in which they reside. And the people of all communities in which the various companies are located are earnestly urged to take an active interest in bringing up the organization to their full war strength.

No citizen of the State should be content until this is done. Never yet has the nation called and failed to receive prompt answer from the people of North Carolina. Let us not forget that in every crisis in the Republic's life, from Kings Mountain to the present momentous hour, the peo-

Will Not Hinder Enlistments.
The War Department telegraphed the Adjutant General of the North Carolina National Guard that young men eligible to enlist in the National Guard can continue to be recruited for the Guard service after they have registered or enrolled under the selective draft bill, June 5, until the actual draft is made. The telegram reads: "Men required to register June 5 under the selective draft bill will be allowed to enlist in the National Guard after that date until the actual draft is made."

ple of this Commonwealth have responded to their country's call with a spirit of self-sacrifice and devotion to duty worthy of the best traditions of the Anglo-Saxon race and with a courage that has challenged the admiration of mankind in every land where people love liberty and men are not afraid to die for a principle.

North Carolina will not fail—must not fail—in this hour. I know that our people want the State to do its full share of the work that must be done by the States of this Union, not only to preserve free government on this continent, but in order that the whole world may be "made safe for democracy." Therefore, I appeal with confidence to the patriotic manhood of the State. And I expect a response worthy of the sons of the fathers who laid down their lives in order that we might be free.

Done at our City of Raleigh, this the 21st day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, and in the one hundred and forty-first year of our American Independence.

T. W. BICKETT,
Governor.
By the Governor,
SANFORD MARTIN, Private Sec'y.

Care of Rural Cemeteries.
W. S. Wilson, legislative reference librarian, has mailed out letters to register deeds of every county asking him to call the attention of the county commissioners to law enacted by the recent General Assembly in reference to the care and beautifying of rural cemeteries. The act is as follows:

An act to provide for the proper care and beautifying of rural cemeteries.

The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact:

Section 1. That it shall be the duty of the boards of county commissioners of the various counties in the state to prepare and keep on record in the office of the register of deeds a list of all the public cemeteries in the counties outside the limits of incorporated towns and cities, and not established and maintained for the use of an incorporated town or city, together with the names and addresses of the person or persons in possession and control of the same. To such list shall be added a list of the public cemeteries in the rural districts of such counties which have been abandoned, and it shall be the duty of the county boards of commissioners to furnish to the Legislative Reference Librarian copies of the lists of such public and abandoned cemeteries, to the end that he may furnish to said boards for the use of the persons in control of such cemeteries suitable literature suggesting methods of taking care of such places.

Sec. 2. That in order to encourage the persons in possession and control of the public cemeteries referred to in section one of this act to take proper care of and beautify such cemeteries, to distinctly mark their boundary line with evergreen hedges or rows of suitable trees, and to otherwise lay out the grounds in an orderly manner, the board of county commissioners of any county, upon being notified that two-thirds of the expenses necessary for so marking and beautifying any cemetery has been raised by the local governing body of the institution which owns the cemetery, and is actually in hand, be and it is hereby required to appropriate from the general fund of the county, one-third of the expense necessary to pay for such work, the amount appropriated by the board of commissioners in no case to exceed fifteen dollars for each cemetery.

Sec. 3. That the boards of county commissioners of the various counties be and they are hereby required to take possession and control of all abandoned public cemeteries in their respective counties, to see that the boundaries and lines are clearly laid out, defined, and marked, and to take proper steps to preserve them from encroachment, and they are hereby authorized to appropriate from the general fund of the county whatever sums or sums may be necessary from time to time for the above purposes.

Sec. 4. That this act shall take force from and after its ratification. Ratified this 1st day of May, A. D., 1917.

Medical Corps Reorganized.
In a reorganization of the Medical Corps of the National Guard, resignations were accepted of promotions given and appointments were made in the militia bureau of the War Department. Dr. Paul Carter, of Goldsboro, was appointed First Lieutenant of the Medical Corps and assigned to the 1st Infantry; Dr. Claude W. Drews, is appointed First Lieutenant of the Medical Corps and assigned to the Ambulance Company No. 1, and Dr. Eugene R. Cocke is appointed First Lieutenant of the Medical Corps and assigned to the Field Hospital Corps at Asheville.

Breeding Sheep Can Be Purchased.
Returning from a sheep and wool conference held at Philadelphia recently, R. S. Curtis, Animal Husbandman North Carolina Experiment Station, says that farmers of the South now have an opportunity to purchase Western range breeding ewes at a very reasonable price. These will be distributed by carload lots due to an arrangement made with Western breeders by the Philadelphia Wool and Textile Association. The great value of the Western range animal is comparative freedom from stomach worm

NERVOUSNESS AND BLUES

Symptoms of More Serious Sickness.

Washington Park, Ill.—"I am the mother of four children and have suffered with female trouble, backache, nervous spells and the blues. My children's loud talking and romping would make me so nervous I could just tear everything to pieces and I would ache all over and feel so sick that I would not want anyone to talk to me at times. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills restored me to health and I want to thank you for the good they have done me. I have had quite a bit of trouble and worry but it does not affect my youthful looks. My friends say 'Why do you look so young and well?' I owe it all to the Lydia E. Pinkham remedies."—Mrs. ROSE STORIE, Sage Avenue, Washington Park, Illinois.

If you have any symptom about which you would like to know write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for helpful advice given free of charge.

WHO IS TO BLAME
Women as well as men are made miserable by kidney and bladder trouble. Thousands recommend Dr. Kilmerr's Swamp-Root, the great kidney medicine. At druggists in fifty-cent and dollar sizes. You may receive a sample size bottle by Parcel Post, also pamphlet telling about it. Address Dr. Kilmerr & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., and enclose ten cents, also mention this paper.

DAISY FLY KILLER
placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Fast, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Sold by dealers, or sent by express prepaid for \$1.00.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM
A toilet preparation of merit. Restores the hair to its natural color and beauty. For restoring color and beauty to gray or faded hair. 50c and \$1.00 per tin.

One-Sided Recognition.
They passed on the street without speaking—but their eyes held mutual recognition and challenge. She was accompanied by a female friend, and he had a male companion. When they had passed, the girl said: "That was poor Jack Jurgens. He didn't speak, but you noticed his look, didn't you? Poor boy—it hurts me to think how he has never got over my refusal to marry him. Of course, he was all broken up at the time, but I thought he would soon get over it. He's thinner, isn't he? I do hope that he hasn't plunged into dissipation. He couldn't trust himself to speak, could he? Oh, dear!"

And the man was saying: "Did you see how that dame gave me the eye? I suppose I should have spoken to her, because I can't help thinking I've met her somewhere—her face is familiar, but I can't place her."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Lemon Juice For Freckles
Girls! Make beauty lotion at home for a few cents. Try it!

Squeeze the juice of two lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white, shake well, and you have a quarter pint of the best freckle and tan lotion, and complexion beautifier, at very, very small cost.

Your grocer has the lemons and any drug store or toilet counter will supply three ounces of orchard white for a few cents. Massage this sweetly fragrant lotion into the face, neck, arms and hands each day and see how freckles and blemishes disappear and how clear, soft and white the skin becomes. Yes! It is harmless. Adv.

It Depends.
"So you are the applicant for position as chauffeur?"
"I am, sir."
"Are you a careful driver?"
"I am, sir."
"Do you smoke?"
"No, sir."
"Do you drink?"
"No, sir."
"Do you swear?"
"I don't, sir."
"It depends on what kind of a driver you got, sir."
"Color, sir?"
"White, sir."

Why buy many bottles of Dr. Ferris' Vermifuge "Dead Shot" will act surely and promptly? Adv.

Many a man who thinks he is a politician is really a joke.

When Your Eyes Need Care Try Murine Eye Remedy
No Stinging—Just Eye Comfort. As seen at Druggists or mail. Write for Free Eye Book. MURINE EYE REMEDY CO., CHICAGO.