

CALOMEL MAKES YOU SICK, UGH! IT'S MERCURY AND SALIVATES

Straighten Up! Don't Lose a Day's Work! Clean Your Sluggish Liver and Bowels With "Dodson's Liver Tone."

Ugh! Calomel makes you sick. Take a dose of the vile, dangerous drug tonight and tomorrow you may lose a day's work.

Calomel is mercury or quicksilver which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel, when it comes into contact with sour bile crashes into it, breaking it up. This is when you feel that awful nausea and cramping. If you feel sluggish and "all knocked out," if your liver is torpid and bowels constipated or you have headache, dizziness, coated tongue, if breath is bad or stomach sour, just try a spoonful of the harmless Dodson's Liver Tone.

Here's my guarantee—Go to any drug store or dealer and get a 50-cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone. Take a spoonful tonight and if it doesn't

straighten you right up and make you feel fine and vigorous by morning I want you to go back to the store and get your money. Dodson's Liver Tone is destroying the sale of calomel because it is real liver medicine; entirely vegetable, therefore it cannot salivate or make you sick.

I guarantee that one spoonful of Dodson's Liver Tone will put your sluggish liver to work and clean your bowels of that sour bile and constipated waste which is clogging your system and making you feel miserable. I guarantee that a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone will keep your entire family feeling fine for months. Give it to your children. It is harmless; doesn't gripe and they like its pleasant taste.—Adv.

ALL INQUIRIES NOT ALIKE

Philadelphia Lawyer Illustrated "Leading Questions" in Court With Diplomatic Kiss Story.

The late John G. Johnson, a Philadelphia lawyer, was once explaining to a jury the nature and the unfairness of "leading" or "guiding" questions. He illustrated his explanation with an anecdote.

"A young chap and a pretty girl," he said, "sat on a secluded bench at Lemon Hill. The girl turned to him and said earnestly:

"You ask me for a kiss. There is a language in kisses. A kiss on the hand denotes chivalrous respect. On the forehead it denotes a firm and faithful friendship. On the lips—her color rose and she drew a long breath—a kiss on the lips denotes all things. Kiss me, then, once. Express in one kiss your feeling toward me."

"The bashful youth pondered. 'I don't want to lose her,' he said to himself. 'Where is it best to kiss her? Hand, forehead or lips?'

"A mellow whistle interrupted him. He looked at the girl. Her red mouth was puckered up in the form of a rosebud; she had pulled down her hat so as to hide her forehead completely, and both hands were thrust up to the wrists in her pockets."

The Era of Censorship.
"A little learning is a dangerous thing," exclaimed the man who quotes. "Possibly," replied Senator Sorghum. "A great deal just now depends on how you got your information and what you intend to do with it."

Well-Known Firm.
"Who painted Brown's house?"
"I think he said it was done by Fitz & Starts."

A torpid liver condition prevents proper food assimilation. Tone up your liver with Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills. They act gently and surely. Adv.

The chap who steals a woman's purse is apt to get a lot of trash.

WAS ALL RUN DOWN Faulty Kidneys Caused Acute Suffering. Completely Recovered Since Using Doan's.

Mrs. Harry A. Lyon, 5 St. William St., Boston, Mass., says: "Doan's Kidney Pills have surely done me wonderful good. About two months prior to the birth of my baby, I had two convulsions and was taken to a hospital. Doctors said the convulsions were due to my kidneys not working properly."



MRS. LYON.

"I had swelling of the feet and ankles so that I had to wear large-sized slippers. My back ached intensely. I was nervous and unable to sleep. I also suffered from awful headaches and felt weak, tired, languid, and run down."

"After I came home a friend suggested that I try Doan's Kidney Pills, and I got some. I soon noticed improvement; my back became stronger and I felt better in every way. I kept on taking Doan's and was cured. They are surely reliable."

Mrs. Lyon gave the above statement in May, 1915, and on March 12, 1917, she said:

"My cure has lasted. I take Doan's occasionally, however, as a strengthener for my kidneys."

Get Doan's at Any Store. 60c a Box.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

DRAIN TILE

IF YOU OWN A LITTLE FIELD FOR THE LAND'S SAKE DRAIN IT WELL TO MAKE IT YIELD

LET US SUBMIT PRICES COLUMBIA CLAY CO. COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA.

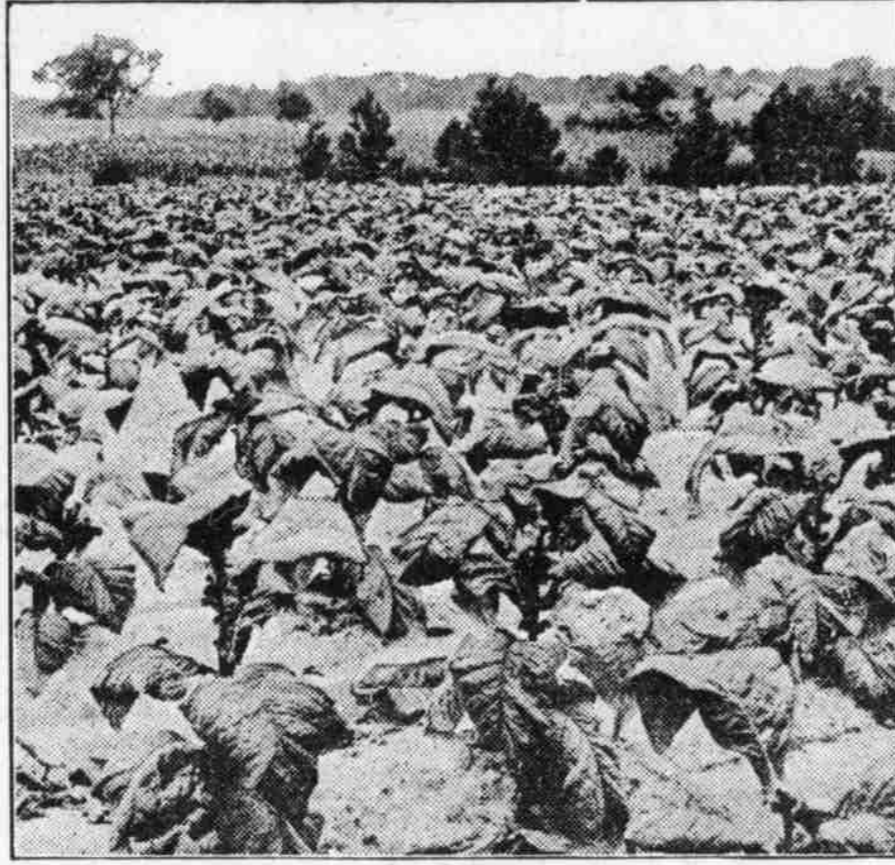
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Early Jersey and Charleston Wakefield Succession and Flat Dutch. Satisfaction Guaranteed. By express: 500, \$1.00; 1,000, \$1.50; 5,000, \$7.50; 10,000 up to \$15.00. F. O. B. HILLS. Delivered Parcel Post 100, 25c; 1,000, \$1.75.

D. F. JAMISON, SUMMERVILLE, S. C.

CABBAGE PLANTS, Frost Proof, Charleston, Jersey Wakefield, Flat Dutch. Express \$1.50 thousand, Parcel post paid \$1. Large quantities cheaper. Satisfaction guaranteed. J. Y. & W. Clark, Thomasville, Ga.

TOBACCO WILT IS DESTRUCTIVE DISEASE



Tobacco Growing After Corn, Creedmoor, N. C.—This Plot Was Cropped to Corn for Five Years, 1911 to 1915, Inclusive, With Crimson Clover as a Winter Crop—Less Than 3 Per Cent of the Plants Showed Wilt on July 27, 1916, but It Should Be Noted That the Tobacco Is Decidedly Smaller in Size Than That After Grass and Clover.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Tobacco wilt, which has proved to be a destructive disease in the flue-cured tobacco district, can be controlled through crop rotations and the exclusion of infection from drainage, from fertilization and from the use of infected implements. This has been brought out by experiments carried on by specialists of the department for a series of years.

The disease is exceedingly destructive, causing the plant to die outright and frequently resulting in a practically complete failure of the crop. It produces symptoms in the leaves, the stalk, and the roots of the tobacco plant. The more prominent features are a characteristic umbrella-like drooping of the leaves, the presence of a yellowish to black discoloration in the woody portion of the stalk (showing as streaks when the bark is stripped off), the presence of a slimy ooze when the stalk is cut across with a knife, and a decided decay of the root system.

The wilt is caused by an organism which enters the plant through the root and eventually brings about a plugging of the vessels, thus cutting off the water supply from the leaves and causing them to wilt and perish. Fertilizers, cultural methods, weather conditions, and the like may influence the extent or progress of the disease, and it has been observed that it is decidedly more destructive in relatively wet seasons.

Possible Remedies Tried.
In the tests made by the department numerous possible remedies were tried, including crop rotation, treatment with various alkalis, acids, and neutral salts, including fertilizer materials and germicides, and the use of physical treatment such as subsoiling with a plow and dynamite. None of these methods other than crop rotation were effective, however, and it is be-



Field Showing Results of Continuous Tobacco Cropping, Creedmoor, N. C.—Tobacco Was Grown on This Plot Each Year From 1911 to 1916, Inclusive—Fully 80 Per Cent of Plants Showed Wilt on July 27, 1916.

lieved that where the infection is present chief dependence must be placed on decreasing its destructive efforts by the use of rotations. Where the wilt is not present, steps should be taken, of course, to prevent infection reaching the soil.

In the tests made by the department it was found that by cropping badly infested land for five years with crops not affected by wilt the injury to the tobacco from the disease was reduced from 80 to less than 10 per cent.

The crops tested which gave satisfactory results for the practical control of the wilt are corn, wheat, rye (as a cover crop), sweet potatoes,

cowpeas, grasses, red clover, and crimson clover. There is good evidence tending to show that cotton also is not affected by tobacco wilt, and there is no reason for supposing that oats are affected.

The wilt germ attacks a number of plants other than tobacco, and these plants must be kept off the land if the rotation is to be effective. These plants include tomatoes, Irish potatoes, and peanuts.

Ragweed, which is very common in the flue-cured district also is attacked; it is important that this weed be kept down.

It appears from the test that on badly infested land the growing of crops not attacked by wilt for four or five years will give better results than only three years of such cropping. The three-year period greatly reduced the amount of wilt, however. It is believed that on badly infested soils a crop of tobacco should not be grown oftener than once in every five years, but after the disease has been brought under control tobacco probably may be grown safely every fourth year. Under no circumstances should two crops of tobacco be grown in succession on infested soil.

Prevent Spread of Disease.
Although the rotation of crops makes it possible to grow tobacco on land infested with wilt, those farms in the wilt area that are still free from the disease command a considerable premium, because a larger acreage of tobacco can be grown on them. It is clearly to the interest of the owner to use every possible means of keeping his farm free from the tobacco wilt. Thorough burning of tobacco seed beds will destroy the wilt parasite, but the seed bed may become reinfested if diseased soil from surrounding fields, even in very small quantities, is allowed to reach the bed after it has been sterilized. The seed bed, as well as the field, also may become infested by surface drainages from infested fields. This explains the frequent observation by farmers that wilt may appear in the first crop of tobacco grown on freshly cleared lands, a fact which should serve as a warning of what may be expected if the surface drainage from neighboring wilt-infested farms is allowed to reach noninfested tobacco lands. For the above reasons tobacco growers are advised to avoid setting in fields free from infestation plants obtained from seed beds which may be infested. A half dozen infested plants may easily be the means of establishing the wilt permanently on a plantation.

Source of Disease.

There is no reason for supposing that the disease is carried over in the seed, and there is no doubt that the two principal sources from which healthy fields receive the disease are (1) soil from infested fields and (2) diseased tobacco plants, either living plants or the dead material of leaf, stem, stalk, or root. Infested soil carried on a plow borrowed from a neighbor or on the feet of an animal or of a man may serve to introduce the disease. In the process of flue curing it might be expected that the comparatively high temperatures used toward the end of the curing would be sufficient to kill the parasitic organism, but cases have been observed in Granville county in which it is highly probable that the wilt was introduced on tobacco farms through the use of stems as a fertilizer. It is not advisable to use tobacco stalks or stems from diseased fields on lands not already infested with wilt, since the curing process cannot be relied upon in all cases to sterilize these materials. Finally, tobacco growers are advised to practice rotation of crops on their tobacco lands as a means of preventing the wilt, for if the soil is exposed to infestation the disease is less likely to become established when a systematic rotation of crops is followed.

Cover Crops Benefit.

Cover crops of the right kind and planted at the right time benefit the soil. Progressive farming requires that a crop occupy the land in winter as well as in spring and summer.

WRIGLEY'S



S. O. S.
Send Over Some
WRIGLEY'S

Keep your soldier or sailor boy supplied. Give him the lasting refreshment, the protection against thirst, the help to appetite and digestion afforded by Wrigley's.

It's an outstanding feature of the war— "All the British Army is chewing it."

AFTER EVERY MEAL

The Flavor Lasts



Even With the Barber.
"Don't you care for any postcards today?" asked the postal clerk as he handed the man the stamp he had requested.

"Not today," said the man. "Or some stamped envelopes? We have some new ones."

"No, thank you."
"Would you like a money order?"

"No."
"Or perhaps you would like to open a postal savings account?"

But the man had fled.
"Who was that fellow, and why did you ask him all those questions?" asked a fellow clerk.

"That," said the other clerk, "is my barber. For years when he has shaved me he has bothered me with recommendations of massages, shampoos, haircuts and hair tonics. I am even with him now."

RED FACES AND RED HANDS
Soothed and Healed by Cuticura—Samples Each Free by Mail.

Treatment for the face: On rising and retiring smear affected parts with Cuticura Ointment. Then wash off with Cuticura Soap and hot water. For the hands: Soak them in a hot lather of Cuticura Soap. Dry, and rub in Cuticura Ointment.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Eloquence Unheeded.
"I have laid my oratorical talents at the feet of my country."

"And then what happened?"
"Somebody said, 'Forward, march!' and my country simply stepped over 'em and went right along."

Joseph McMahon, veteran of four wars, at eighty-two, works for a living in Brooklyn, N. Y.

Why buy many bottles of other Vermifuges, when one bottle of Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot" will act surely and promptly? Adv.

It is unkind to look a man's religion in the pocketbook.

The Particular Landlord.
"I understand the police backed the patrol wagon up to an apartment house in your neighborhood and took out a bunch of disorderly tenants."

"Yes. Great world, isn't it? The man who owns the place wouldn't rent an apartment to anyone who had children."

A Question.
"Anyhow, poverty is no crime."

"And that's a good thing. Where would our poor folks get our technicalities from?"

The Large Bottle For 35c
When you buy Yager's Liniment you get splendid value! The large 35 cent bottle contains twice as much as the usual 50 cent bottle of liniment.
Try it for rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, sprains, cuts and bruises.
At all dealers—price 35 cents.

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RELIEVES PAIN
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Money back without question if HUNT'S CURE fails in the treatment of ITCH, ECZEMA, RINGWORM, TETTER or other itching skin diseases. Price 50c at druggists, or direct from A. B. Richards Medicine Co., Sherman Tex.

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We also do highest class of Nightingale Prices and Catalogue upon request. S. Galecki Optical Co., Richmond, Va.

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worth \$1.00 apiece. My method will keep them green all winter. Write to, W. C. Haskins, St. Francis, Tenn.

W. N. U., CHARLOTTE, NO. 42-1917.

DR. TUTT'S LIVER PILLS FOR LIVER ILLS

What Constipation Means

It means a miserable condition of ill health that leads to all sorts of special ailments such as headache, backache, dyspepsia, dizziness, indigestion, pains of various kinds, piles and numerous other disorders—CONSTIPATION is a crime against nature, and no human being can be well for any length of time while constipated. DR. TUTT'S LIVER PILLS is the remedy and has been used successfully all over this country for 72 years. Get a box and see how it feels to have your liver and bowels resume their health-giving natural functions. For sale at all druggists and dealers everywhere.

Dr. Tutt's Liver Pills

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC
Sold for 47 years. For Malaria, Chills & Fever. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic.
50c and \$1.00 at all Drug Stores.