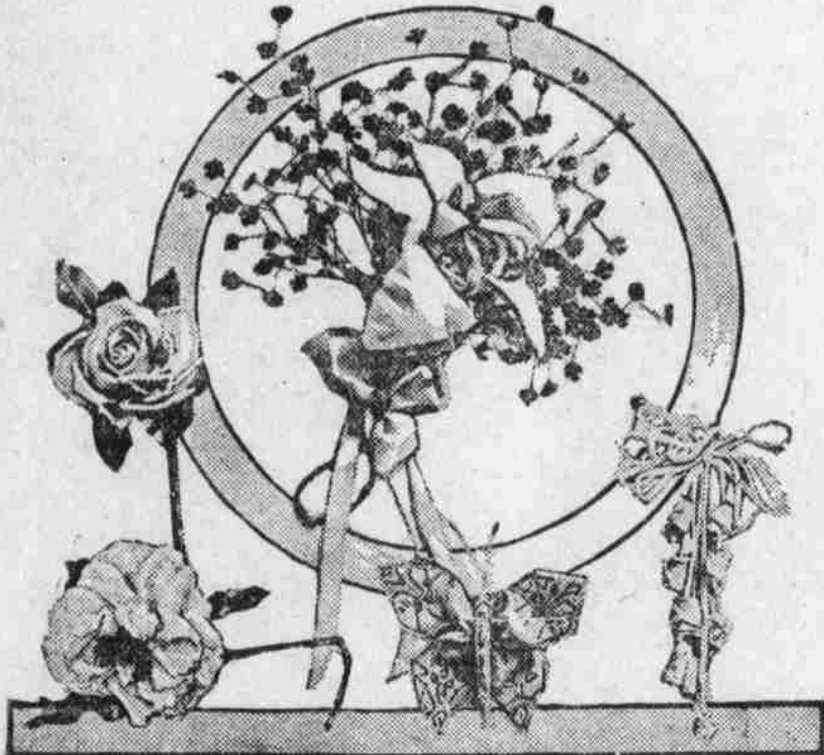


What Well Dressed Women Will Wear



At the Ribbon Counter

Annually the ribbon counter blooms out a month or so before the holidays with all sorts of new and lovely belongings for everybody. Its appeal to the eternal feminine is as certain as the sunrise, no more to be resisted than that of flowers or children. This year not a soul in the household has been overlooked—there is something made of ribbon from everybody from the baby to grandpa.

To begin with there are innumerable bags—knitting, sewing, shopping bags, bags to hold handkerchiefs, slippers, etc., party and opera bags. There are small lamp and candle shades, and little folding screens to stand on the reading or dressing table. There are glorious cushions for bedroom lounges or the living room, and an army of bows of all sorts. There are the perennial corsage roses and other flowers, and small nosegays of little ribbon flowers for the coat or fur neck-piece, to be worn on the street.

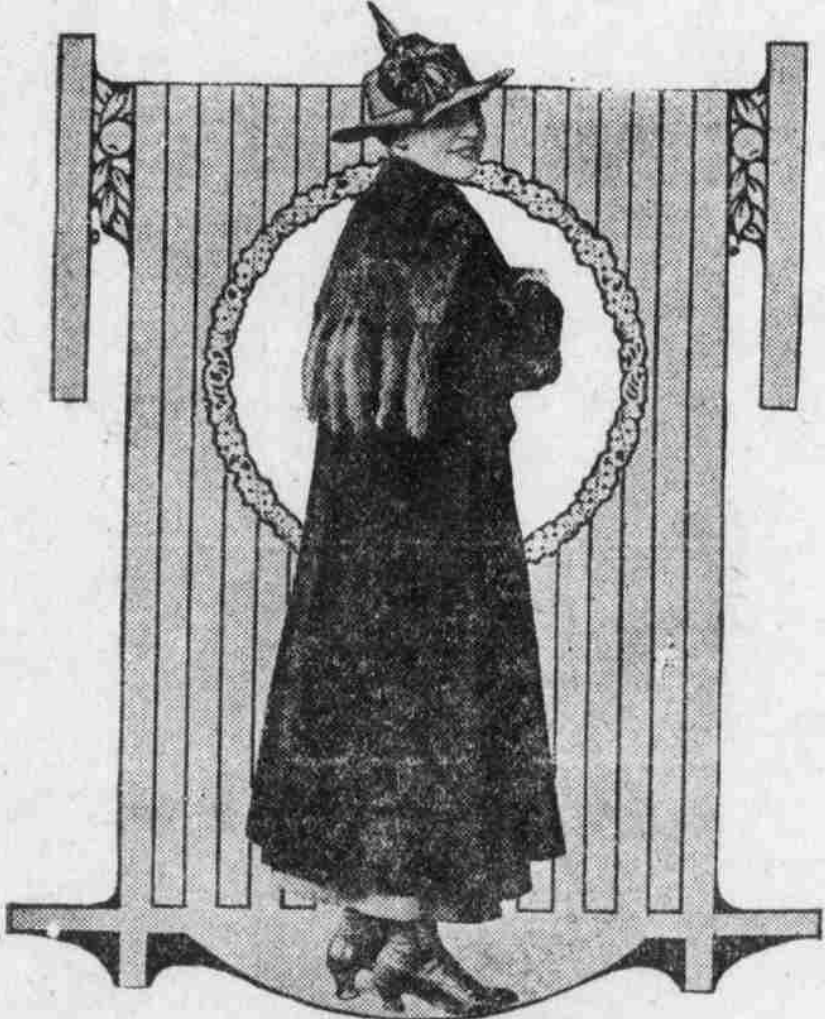
In the little group of novelties pictured here there are corsage ornaments and a small bit of neckwear. The ribbon rose is made of pink satin ribbon in two shades, cut into short lengths to form the petals. It is not difficult to make when the branch is once acquired. Millinery stems and foliage and millinery stamens are used with ribbon flowers. The center of the rose is formed by folding the darker shade in the ribbon and wrapping it about the end of the rubber stem.

After this each petal is made by gathering a short piece of ribbon across one end and fastening it to the stem by wrapping thread or tie wire about it. The other end of the petal is curled back and tacked down. Sometimes three shades are used and always the darkest is at the center and the lightest on the outside of the blossom.

The poppy is made by gathering a strip of ribbon close to the edge, with silk matching the ribbon in color, to form the outer edge of the petals. The other edge is feathered closely and wrapped about a millinery stem with stamens at the end. Both the rose and poppy are set in appropriate foliage.

A new arrival for the corsage has settled among the flowers. It is a butterfly of gayly colored ribbon with markings added with brush and water colors. At the right of the group is a little neckwear piece made of loops and ends of baby ribbon. The ends are knotted and a little blossom, simulated in ribbon is deftly sewed over each knot.

An orchid from the milliners set in maiden hair fern from the same garden is tied with satin ribbon. In the heart of the orchid is a tiny powder box and puff and a small mirror is sometimes craftily concealed in the bow that ties corsage flowers of this kind. Every one is delighted when they betray themselves at the dance or other places, in time of need.



For Girls of the Northland

Rain or shine, snow or blow, the wearer of a coat like that pictured here may go comfortably on her way. There has been no creation of the hours more dependable than the plushes that have made such progress during the last decade and it is because they have such honest qualities of wear, resistance and warmth, that effort has been spent on perfecting them. They have been made to simulate the short-haired furs almost to perfection. Seal, broad tail and caracul plushes are almost replicas of these skins—all of them rich looking enough to make up, and trimmed with handsome, genuine furs.

The coat shown in the picture is of seal plush finished with a square cape collar of fur which narrows at the front and is lengthened into revers. It may be rolled up about the neck high enough to muffle the throat completely.

This cape collar is made of an inexpensive but effective fur, bluish gray in color, and finished with tails across the back. The imaginative furrier

calls fur of this kind "blue wolf," or "blit fox," or some other name to which it is entitled only by his cleverness in dyeing it. The wearers of these pelts knew better than to be caught napping near a wolf, and were not on speaking terms with any fox.

When the out-of-doors girl of the north sets about acquiring a coat to live in, she will do well to consider these fur-trimmed, plush coats, that are shown in considerable variety. Like fur, the plush coat can be worn anywhere and any time. They are all long, reaching nearly to the bottom of the skirt. In this model the back is cut with a flare, the front plain and straight with fullness enough at the sides to hang in folds. A narrow belt across the front is made of the plush and the plain coat sleeves have deep cuffs of it. These coats are usually lined with a lining satin of the same sturdy character as the plush.

Julie Bottomley

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By REV. P. E. FITZWATER, D. D., Teacher of English Bible in the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.)
(Copyright, 1917, Western Newspaper Union.)

LESSON FOR NOVEMBER 18

NEHEMIAH'S PRAYER ANSWERED

LESSON TEXT—Nehemiah 1:1-11.
GOLDEN TEXT—Ask and it shall be given unto you.—Matthew 7:7.

It was four months after Nehemiah learned of the desolation of Jerusalem that he had the opportunity to make known his request to the king. Just why he did not test the king's attitude toward him and his project earlier, we have no information. Perhaps there was no great function at which he was called upon to minister in this interval, or his turn of service had not arrived, or his duties were so exacting that no opportunity was afforded for him to unburden his grief to the king.

I. Nehemiah's Request to the King (vv. 1-8). (1) Its occasion, v. 1. As cup-bearer he was ministering before the king. The cup-bearer was more than a mere valet. He entered very closely into the life's interests of the king, so that the inner life and spirit of the cup-bearer was known. It was expected of such servants that they manifest perfect happiness while in the presence of the king. To appear in his presence otherwise would likely be to the displeasure of the king. Nehemiah's sad countenance while thus serving awakened the king's suspicion. The matter was serious for Nehemiah was afraid under the circumstances.

(2) The king's inquiry, v. 2. The king perceived that Nehemiah's countenance was sad, though he was not sick, and he knew that something extraordinary had come into the life of his cup-bearer.

(3) The effect upon Nehemiah, v. 2. His heart was filled with fear. He did not know but what this impropriety was so great as to cause his dismissal. His fear was more than that of losing his position; to be dismissed from being cup-bearer would mean the loss of an opportunity to present his request to the king; and, without the king's sanction and aid, his enterprise would fail.

(4) Nehemiah's tactful reply, v. 3. He seeks to conciliate the king by expressing a deep interest in the royal life and person. He says: "May the king live forever," and then tells that the cause of his grief was the desolation of the city where his fathers were buried.

(5) The contents of Nehemiah's request, vv. 5-8. (a) To be sent to Judah to build the walls of Jerusalem, vv. 5, 6. This request virtually meant to be granted a leave of absence from the Persian court and to be appointed military governor of that part of the kingdom of Artaxerxes. The king, doubtless, saw that such a move would be of particular benefit to his kingdom politically, owing to the strategic position of Jerusalem, between Babylon and Egypt. In the case of the breaking out of hostilities between these powers, to have a fortified city in Palestine would be of immense importance. At the king's request, a definite time was set for this leave of absence, v. 6. He remained in Jerusalem for twelve years. A side light on the king's gracious attitude toward Nehemiah is given in this: "The queen also sitting by him." She is not named, but in all probability it was Esther.

(b) For letters to the governors beyond the river, v. 6. Doubtless the path of his journey was a dangerous one, and the travelers' safety depended upon having credentials from the king. These letters were more than mere credentials. They were orders for actually conveying him and his party to Judah. Ezra, years before, had desisted from asking a band of soldiers, but Nehemiah was free to ask such a favor. It was right in both cases, but not expedient in that of Ezra. Many problems are clear, if we distinguish between that which is lawful and that which is expedient.

(c) A letter of requisition for supplies of timber, v. 8. This timber was needed, first for the palace or castle, that is, for the fortress near the temple; second, for the walls and gates of the city; and third, for the king's official residence.

II. Nehemiah's Request Granted, v. 8. Nehemiah was a tactful diplomat. He exercised sound sense and prudence in all things, but he supremely depended upon God and prayed for God's disposal of the king's heart as he made his request known, v. 4. The king granted his request "according to the good hand of my God upon me," v. 8. He ascribes the success of his undertaking to God.

III. Nehemiah's Journey to Jerusalem, vv. 9-11. He journeyed from Shushan to Jerusalem under the protection of a military escort. This was of double value: protection and safety. When it was known that Nehemiah was undertaking this work with the consent of the king, Sanballat and Tobiah were greatly grieved. It always is a grief to the enemy when that which will further the interest of God and his people is being made to succeed. When he reached Jerusalem, he did not at once make his purpose known. He waited for three days and then viewed the situation at night.

TAR HEEL SOLDIER IS PROBABLY A PRISONER



Sergeant Edward M. Halyburton, son of G. B. Halyburton, of Stony Point, Alexander county, this state, is probably now a prisoner in a German camp. Young Halyburton, who went to France with the first American expedition, was in the first fight that Americans had with the Germans "over there" and was reported by Lieutenant General Pershing as among the missing. It is assumed that he was taken prisoner. His father's comment, when a war department telegram advised him that his son was missing, was that "they never took Edward without a fight."

Sergeant Halyburton has been in the regular army about eight years, faithful service winning him promotion to the rank of sergeant. The censorship forbids mentioning the name of the regiment of which he is a member.

Suffrage Convention Adjourns

Goldsboro.—The annual convention of the Equal Suffrage Association of North Carolina came to a close with two splendid addresses by Dr. Dixon-Carroll, of Raleigh, and Mrs. C. M. Platt, of Asheville, and the election of officers which resulted as follows:

President, Mrs. John S. Cunningham, of Durham; first vice-president, Mrs. Palmer Jerman, of Raleigh; second vice-president, Miss Gertrude Well of Goldsboro; third vice-president, Miss Julia Alexander, of Charlotte; recording secretary, Miss Exum Clements of Asheville; corresponding secretary, Miss Eugenia Clark, of Raleigh; treasurer, Mrs. J. W. Cone.

School for Adult Illiterates

Asheville.—Buncombe county's first school for the teaching of adult illiterates, and the first line trench in the battle just opened by the county against adult illiteracy, is now in operation in Ivy township and meeting with the greatest success, according to Miss Laura M. Jones, director of the campaign, who is back in the city after a tour of the county. Miss Jones, who specializes in correcting adult illiteracy, has been engaged by the county to oversee this work and has actively taken up her new task. Schools are being organized in every section of the county.

Newsom Is Mayor of Durham

Durham.—Three minutes after the motion had been made to go into the election of a mayor, M. E. Newsom, Jr., Durham merchant and former member of the board of aldermen, had been elected to succeed the late B. S. Skinner. Only one other nomination was made, that of Prof. E. C. Brooks. He was nominated by Alderman Tilley and received three votes. Mr. Newsom received five votes.

NORTH CAROLINA BRIEFS

Asheville's municipal woodyard opened for business with a fair supply of wood on hand and more in sight, the first sale being made and the first load delivered to a sanitarium on French Broad avenue. Asheville will sell wood at \$5 and \$5.50 per cord, which is about \$2.50 less than the dealers of the city are getting for the same product now.

The Presbyterians of the state have begun their campaign for foreign missions.

Lexington suffered one of the worst fires in its history shortly after midnight Thursday morning, when the big finishing department and storerooms of the Peacock Furniture Company's factory went up in a blaze. The management stated that the loss is approximately \$60,000, with an insurance of only \$25,000. The factory itself was the smallest part of the loss for \$33,000 of manufactured goods was on hand in storage, besides a large amount of valuable stock lumber, including a quantity of walnut and other very valuable materials.

HOME TOWN HELPS

SEEKING SITE TO FIT HOME

Many People Do Not Stop to Think at All of the Vast Importance of the House's Setting.

Most of the people who are saving to build a house—the sort they have dreamed of possessing—give so much attention to the actual plans of the dwelling that they do not stop to think at all of the vast importance of the house's setting.

They are every and profits in site hunting that the average home-builder who is willing to content himself with the first strip of land in a desirable neighborhood with which his real estate dealer confronts him never guesses.

Obviously the average city lot is the "flat, treeless, 50 by 100," on which, of course, there is little possible latitude in building. The house must be oblong and stand on one of its ends about in the center of the lot, with an inconsequential margin on either side, and a flower-trimmed square of green in front and rear. There are many streets of this type in every suburb.

But in every suburb also there are odd corners that have been passed by as unsuitable. Like the neglected croed beds in the farmer's fields, they are generally of odd shapes and wooded, the hand of the "improver" having passed them as hopeless. In rural districts where land is rated by its cultivatable area, these are literally waste and can often be bought for very little.

One of the least appreciated kind of sites for a home is the gully or draw. Everywhere among the hills there are places where the waters have cut out a bed to the rocks and a stream splashes swiftly downward among the trees. There are few greater outdoor joys for folk who like to plan things themselves and execute them with their own hands than the development of one of these spots.

If you have a definite plan for your house in mind before you have an idea for the site, you should seek your site to fit the home. A chateau would be out of place where a bungalow cottage would be wholly at ease. A barn might be badly misplaced on the ideal site for a farmhouse.

But site hunting untrammelled by ought save the limits of one's imagination is great fun and a liberal education.

HOME SHOULD BE EXPRESSIVE

Character of the Owner Shows in the Architecture of the Dwelling and the Decorations Within.

The essential in the art of home building is the ability to suit your own taste—to express your own nature. Your taste may not at all coincide with that of your neighbor, but that is not important. There are as many individual expressions of the art that is within one as there are leaves on a tree and there is no good reason why the expression of the individual should not continue in the home itself.

Imagine what a thrilling adventure in human nature all of us might have in the course of a day spent in making calls on our neighbors and acquaintances only allowed their souls and minds to express themselves in the houses they build and furnish, says an exchange. It is not hard to imagine such an adventure, for about every one has seen one such home. But these are by no means frequently found.

For people's characters do show in their homes—in the architecture of the dwelling, the decorations within, the selection of the furniture, even in the pictures and the way they are hung. To persons who are not especially observant this fact is as plain as the fact that one can always detect the presence of feminine fingers in the arrangement of the bric-a-brac, the flowers or vase on the stand or the books and magazines on the library table. The thing is so palpably human that it is almost impossible not to recognize it.

Duty of the Community.

A happier childhood, better provisions for play, better surroundings, greater bodily vigor and a stronger spirit, less hampered by gathering doubts, are gifts which the community, as the fairy godmother of the rising generation, can lay at the cradle of every child in America.

The community that has not the vision, the loving kindness and the plain common sense to make the child better fitted to fight off the doubts and the fears of the future, commits a crime against itself as well as against its children.—New York Evening Mail.

What of It?

Jimmy had not come up to his father's expectations in regard to his studies at school and an explanation was demanded.

"Why is it," inquired the irate parent, "that you are at the bottom of the class?"

"I can't see that it makes any difference whether I am at the top or the bottom," replied Jimmy pacifically. "You know they teach just the same at both ends."

ALL RUN-DOWN AND NERVOUS

Says This Lady Who Had to Support Family of Four. Read Below Her Statement About Cardui.

Tallapoosa, Ga.—Mrs. Sallie Eidson, of this place, writes: "I was in very poor health, all run-down, nervous, had fainting spells, dizziness and heart fluttering. I had these symptoms usually at my . . . times. I had a very hard time, working for seven years in a hotel after my father died. I had to support our family of four. I read the Birthday Almanac and thought I would begin taking Cardui. I received good benefit from it. I am sure it will do all that it claims to do. I took three or four bottles before it began to show effects. After that I improved rapidly and gained in health and strength. I took nine bottles in all. This is the only time I have taken it. I was down to 108 pounds and I gained to 122. I felt like a new woman. I couldn't sleep before and had to be rubbed, I would get so nervous and numb. And all this was stopped by Cardui."

The true value of a medicine can be determined only by the results obtained from its actual use. The thousands of letters we have received every year for many years from grateful users of Cardui, are powerful tributes to its worth and effectiveness. If you suffer from womanly ailments, try Cardui, the woman's tonic.—Adv.

As Old as His Son.

Sixty days in the workhouse was the sentence, but it had nothing to do with the startling reply of the prisoner, standing before Judge Pugh to receive justice on a charge of assault, relates the Philadelphia Press.

The usual number of questions was asked. Then the judge inquired: "Your father living?"

"Yes."
"How old is he?"
"Same age as me."
Judge Pugh glared.
"I said how old is your father?"
"As old as I am, your honor."
"Take care!" warned the court.
"Now, answer properly."
"I have," said the prisoner. "He became my father the same day I became his son."

To Drive Out Malaria And Build Up The System Take the Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. You know what you are taking, as the formula is printed on every label, showing it is Quinine and Iron in a tasteless form. The Quinine drives out malaria, the Iron builds up the system. 60 cents.

Skittish.

"Marry money, my boy; marry money."
"Um?"
"It's just as easy to love a rich girl as a poor girl."
"But it isn't as easy to get 'em to marry you, old top."

MOTHER!

Have you ever used MOTHER'S JOY SALVE for Colds, Coughs, Croup and Pneumonia, Asthma, and Head Catches? If you haven't get it at once. It will cure you.—Adv.

Partial.

Poet—That editor—shows favoritism—he kicks me twice to Scribblers' once.

ALMOST HELPLESS

Mr. Reuter Went Through a Terrible Siege of Kidney Trouble. Doan's Brought Back His Health.

"After an injury I was in terrible shape from kidney trouble," says D. Reuter, North St., West Chicago, Ill. "I couldn't stoop because of the awful pains in my back and the steady, dull misery almost drove me frantic. I had to be helped out of bed mornings, the pains across my kidneys were so bad and nobody knows the agony I went through. I couldn't do anything and was almost helpless; it seemed I would never get well. "The urine passed far too often and burned like scalding water. The passages were scanty and I had no control over them. At times everything in front of me grew dark and I couldn't see for several minutes. I perspired profusely and I was thirsty all the time. For two years I suffered, trying medicine after medicine without relief. I was just about discouraged and didn't think I would ever be able to work again. "Hearing about Doan's Kidney Pills I used them and four boxes cured me. My kidneys became normal, my back got well and strong and all the other troubles disappeared."



Beware to before me. JAS. W. CARR, Notary Public. Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS—take a prompt and effective remedy—one that acts quickly and contains no opiates. You can get such a remedy by asking for

PISO'S