

**RED CROSS NEWS.**

Roper, N. C. April 10, 1918.

Lee's Mills Chapter, American Red Cross, was organized at Roper, N. C., Feb. 22rd. 1918, with 225 members, and the following officers: H. M. Jacobs, Chmn., Mrs. W. A. Blount, Vice Chmn., Mrs. F. D. Wilson, Sec. and T. R. Hassell, Pres., with Executive Committee, B. S. Clark, Publicity, Chairman Mrs. W. A. Blount, Woman's Work, Miss A. C. Carstarphen, Junior Auxiliary, Mrs. John W. Chesson, Membership Mrs. B. F. Halsey, Extension.

Since organization of the Women's Dept. in August, 15 comfort bags have been sent to headquarters and five given direct to boys going to camp. One box of hospital garments consisting of 12 bed sheets, 12 Prs. Pajamas, 7 Prs. Pillow cases, 2 Doz Handkerchiefs and 12 Doz. napkins, has been sent to Atlanta, with one box of knitted articles containing 11 sweaters, 10 mufflers and three helmets. Four sweaters given to boys leaving March 29th, and 3 now on hand. The chapter has now ready for shipment one box hospital garments containing 20 Prs. pajamas, 6 Prs. bed sheets, 144 bds. mouth sponges and one box of hospital linen containing 18 sheets, 5 doz. pillow cases and 6 towels.

On Feb. 7th., the young people and ladies of the Chapter gave a musical and supper which was very enjoyable and financially successful. Their new work room on the 2nd. floor of the Company Store, the use of which was kindly donated by Manager Jacobs, was opened this week and will be open every afternoon except Saturday and Sunday from two to five o'clock in charge of the following Committee: Mondays, Mrs. S. L. Blount and Mrs. J. O. Highsmith, Tuesdays, Mrs. F. D. Wilson and Mrs. Joe Sitterson, Wednesdays, Mrs. J. W. Speight and Mrs. B. S. Clark, Thursdays, Mrs. Ida Blount and Mrs. J. W. Chesson, Fridays, Mrs. B. F. Halsey Mrs. N. B. Mizell. The work now in hand is the making of muslin bandages and the Committees request that all the ladies of the Chapter come at least one afternoon each week to devote to this work. If you are a member, come and work; if you are not a member, come and join, then work; you will enjoy it and feel amply repaid in any sacrifice you may make as you will be helping to care for some wounded soldier, perhaps your or your neighbor's boy. Mrs. Blount, the Director, requests that any one wishing pins, window flags or home work call at the work room while open.

North Carolina, Washington County, in the Superior Court Before the Clerk.

J. D. Craft

John L. Roper Company, James Blount and Richard Peacock.

NOTICE.

**TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:**  
The parties above named and all other persons interested will take notice that on the 14th day of February, 1918, the above named petitioner filed a petition in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Washington County, to have the title to certain lands therein described registered and confirmed pursuant to Chapter 90 of the Public Laws of 1913, and that summons has been issued, returnable to the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Washington County on the 8th day of April, 1918. Said land is situated in the County of Washington and said State, adjoining the lands of George W. Chesson, John L. Roper Lumber Company, James Blount and Richard Peacock, it being the land on which the said petitioner now lives and occupies.

This the 14 day of Feby., 1918.  
C. V. W. AUSBON,  
8t Clerk Superior Court.

Send us your Job Printing.

**CONSERVATION TO BE INTENSIFIED**

**Food Administration Outlines Policy to Meet Desperate Food Situation.**

Raleigh.—In the face of a food situation much more critical than it had been thought could possibly come about, the United States Food Administration has issued the following new conservation message, a copy of which was wired to State Food Administrator Henry A. Page. The statement follows:

If we are to furnish the Allies with the necessary proportion of wheat to maintain their war bread from now until the next harvest—and this is a military necessity—we must reduce our monthly consumption to 21 million bushels a month, as against our normal consumption of about 42 million bushels, or 50 per cent of our normal consumption. Reserving a margin for distribution to the army and for special cases this leaves for general consumption approximately one and one-half pounds of wheat products weekly per person.

Many of our consumers are dependent upon baker's bread. Such bread must be durable and therefore requires a larger proportion of wheat products than cereal bread as baked in the household. Our Army and Navy require a full allowance. The well-to-do in our population can make greater sacrifices in the consumption of wheat products than can the poor. In addition, our population in the agricultural districts, where the other cereals are abundant, are more skilled in the preparation of breads from these other cereals than the crowded city and industrial populations.

With improved transportation we now have available a surplus of potatoes. We also have in the spring months a surplus of milk and we have ample corn and oats for human consumption. The drain on rye and barley as substitutes has already greatly exhausted the supply of these grains.

To effect the needed saving of wheat we are wholly dependent upon the voluntary assistance of the American people and we ask that the following rules shall be observed:

First. Household to use not to exceed a total of one and one-half pounds per week of wheat products per person. This means not more than one and three-fourths pounds of victory bread containing the required percentage of substitutes and about one-half pound of cooking flour, macaroni, crackers, pastry, pies, cakes, wheat breakfast cereals, all combined.

Second. Public eating places and clubs to observe two wheatless days per week—Monday and Wednesday—as at present; in addition thereto not to serve in the aggregate a total of more breadstuffs, macaroni, crackers, pastry, pies, cakes, wheat breakfast cereals, containing a total of more than two ounces of wheat flour to any one guest at any one meal; no wheat products to be served unless specially ordered; public eating establishments not to buy more than six pounds of wheat products per month per guest, thus conforming with limitations requested of the householders.

Third. Retailers to sell not more than one-eighth of a barrel of flour to any town customer at any one time and not more than one-quarter of a barrel to any country customer at any one time and in no case to sell wheat products without the sale of an equal weight of other cereals.

Fourth. We ask the bakers and grocers to reduce the volume of victory bread sold by delivery of the three-quarters pound loaf where one pound was sold before, and corresponding proportions in other weights.

We also ask bakers not to increase the amount of their wheat flour purchases beyond 70 per cent of the average monthly amount purchased in the four months prior to March 1st.

Fifth. Manufacturers using wheat products for non-food purposes should cease such uses entirely.

Sixth. There is no limit upon the use of other cereal flours and meals—corn, barley, buckwheat, potato flour, etc.

Many thousand families throughout the land are now using no wheat products whatever, except a very small amount for cooking purposes and are doing so in perfect health and satisfaction.

There is no reason why all of the American people who are able to cook in their own households cannot subsist perfectly well with the use of less wheat products than one and a half pounds a week, and we especially ask the well-to-do households in the country to follow this additional program in order that we may provide the necessary marginal supplies for those parts of the community less able to adapt themselves to so large a proportion of substitutes.

In order that we shall be able to make the wheat exports that are absolutely demanded of us to maintain the civil population and soldiers of the Allies and our own Army, we propose to supplement the voluntary co-operation of the public by a further limitation of distribution which will be adjusted from time to time to secure as nearly equitable distribution as possible. With the arrival of harvest we should be able to relax such restrictions. Until then we ask for the necessary patience, sacrifice and co-operation of the distributing trades.

Subs. be to the Beacon.



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The Style Book cover for Spring

**Save on clothes**

The Hart Schaffner & Marx Style Book tells you how

**THIS** Spring you want to make your clothes money go farther than ever before. The Spring Style Book tells you how. Be sure to read your copy carefully—then see the new economy styles at this store; they're ready for you.

If you dont get a copy of the Style Book, tell us. We'll see that you do.

**50c allowed for your old straw hat.**

We have a very large selection of straw hats, Panamas and Bantocks, and the PRICE will remain the SAME. But we are going to allow 50c for your old hat in a cash trade, this will only last until April 20th, so bring your old straw hat and get a new one before they are picked over. All hats came in this Spring.

We received this week the snappiest line of Men's shirts ever shown in your city. From 75c to \$6.

We have Shoes of all kinds. Ladies white shoes from 98c to \$5. Come in and give them a look!

Our Ready-To-Wear Dept. for Ladies is chuck full of the very latest shades and styles in Taffetas, Georgette and Crepe-de-chine. Waists in all the new designs and styles 98c to \$7.48. Ladies Silk Skirts, we received the swellest silk skirts ever hit your city. Come in and give them a look, we are always getting in something new and the latest style to everything.

DRY GOODS DEPT. Taffetas, Messaline, Georgette crepe, Crepe-de-chine, Voils, Lawns, Pangee's etc., of all the latest shades. A very large selection of gingham.

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**CAHOON'S**

PLYMOUTH'S SHOPPING CENTER

HABERDASHER—LADIES AND GENTS READY-TO-WEAR.