

# WILSON ISSUES BIG ARMY DRAFT PROCLAMATION

President Designates June 5  
As Registration Day

HEAVY PENALTIES FOR  
FAILURE TO ENROLL

All Males Between 21 and 30, Inclusive,  
Are Liable.—Absentee Registration  
May Be Done By Mail.—Federal and  
State Officials to Appoint Registrars.

Washington. — President Wilson's  
proclamation, putting into effect the  
selective draft provision of the war  
army bill, follows:

A proclamation by the President  
of the United States.

Whereas, Congress has enacted and  
the President has on the eighteenth  
day of May, one thousand nine hun-  
dred and seventeen, approved a law  
which contains the following provis-  
ions:

Section 5.—That all male persons  
between the ages of 21 and 30, both  
inclusive, shall be subject to registra-  
tion in accordance with regulations  
to be prescribed by the President and  
upon proclamation by the President  
or other public notice given by him  
or by his direction, stating the time  
and place of such registration, it shall  
be the duty of all persons of the de-  
signated ages, except officers and en-  
listed men of the regular Army, the  
Navy, and the National Guard and  
naval militia while in the service of  
the United States, to present them-  
selves for and submit to registration  
under the provisions of this act; and  
every such person shall be deemed  
to have notice of the requirements of  
this act upon the publication of said  
proclamation or other notice as afore-  
said given by the President or by his  
direction; and any persons who shall  
willfully fail or refuse to present him-  
self for registration or to submit  
thereto as herein provided, shall be  
guilty of a misdemeanor and shall,  
upon conviction in the District Court  
of the United States having jurisdic-  
tion thereof, be punished by imprison-  
ment for not more than one year, and  
shall thereupon be duly registered.  
Provided, that, in the call of the docket  
preceding shall be given, in the courts  
trying the same, to the trial of criminal  
proceedings under this act: Pro-  
vided further, that persons shall be  
subject to registration as herein pro-  
vided who shall have attained their  
twenty-first birthday and who shall  
not have attained their thirty-first  
birthday on or before the day set for  
registration, and all persons so regis-  
tered shall be and remain subject to  
draft into the forces hereby author-  
ized unless exempted or excused there-  
from as in this act provided: Pro-  
vided further, that in the case of tem-  
porary absence from actual place of  
legal residence of any persons liable to  
registration as provided herein, such  
registration may be made by mail un-  
der regulations to be prescribed by the  
President.

### Penalties Are Fixed.

Section 6.—That the President is  
hereby authorized to utilize the ser-  
vice of any or all departments and  
any or all officers or assets of the  
United States and of the several  
states, territories, and the District of  
Columbia, and subdivisions thereof,  
in the execution of this act, and all  
officers and agents of the United  
States and of the several states, terri-  
tories and subdivisions thereof, and  
of the District of Columbia and all  
persons designated or appointed un-  
der regulations prescribed by the Pres-  
ident whether such appointments are  
made by the President himself or by  
the Government or other officers of  
any state or territory to perform any  
duty in the execution of this act, are  
hereby required to perform such duty  
as the President shall order or direct,  
and all such officers and  
agents and persons so designated or  
appointed shall hereby have full author-  
ity for all acts done by them in the  
execution of this act by the direction  
of the President. Correspondence in  
the execution of this act may be car-  
ried in penalty envelopes bearing the  
frank of the War Department. Any  
persons charged as herein provided  
with the duty of carrying into effect  
any of the provisions of the act or the  
regulations made or directions given  
thereunder who shall fail or neglect to  
perform such duty and any person  
charged with such duty or having and  
exercising any authority under said  
act, regulations or directions, who  
shall knowingly make or be a party to  
the making of any false or incorrect  
registration, physical examination, ex-  
emption, enlistment, enrollment, or  
muster; and any person who shall  
make or be a party to the making of  
any false statement or certificate as  
to the fitness or liability or himself  
or any other person for service under  
the provisions of this act, or regula-  
tions made by the President there-  
under, or otherwise evades or aids  
another to evade the requirements of  
this act or of said regulations or who  
in any manner, shall fail or neglect  
fully to perform any duty required  
of him in the execution of this act,

shall, if not subject to military law,  
be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon  
conviction in the District Court of the  
United States having jurisdiction  
thereof be punished by imprisonment  
for not more than one year, or, if sub-  
ject to military law, shall be tried by  
court-martial and suffer such punish-  
ment as a court-martial may direct.

Now, therefore, I, Woodrow Wilson,  
President of the United States, do  
call upon the Governor each of the  
several States and Territories, the  
Board of Commissioners of the Dis-  
trict of Columbia and all officers and  
agents of the several States and Terri-  
tories, of the District of Columbia,  
and of the counties and municipali-  
ties therein to perform certain duties  
in the execution of the foregoing law,  
which duties will be communicated  
to them directly in regulations of  
even date herewith.

And I do further proclaim and give  
notice to all persons subject to regis-  
tration in the several States and in  
accordance with the above law that  
the time and place of such registration  
shall be between 7 a. m. and 9 p. m.,  
on the 5th day of June, 1917, at the  
registration place in the precinct  
wherein they have their permanent  
homes. Those who shall have attained  
their twenty-first birthday and who  
shall not have attained their thirty-  
first birthday on or before the day  
here named are required to register  
excepting only officers and enlisted  
men of the regular Army, the Navy,  
the Marine Corps and the National  
Guard and Naval Militia while in the  
service of the United States and of  
officers in the Officers' Reserve Corps  
and enlisted men in the Enlisted Re-  
serve Corps while in active service  
in the territories of Alaska, Hawaii  
and Porto Rico, a day for registration  
will be named in a later proclamation.

And I do charge those who through  
sickness shall be unable to present  
themselves for registration that they  
apply on or before the day of regis-  
tration to the county clerk where they  
may be for instructions as to how  
they may be registered by agent.  
Those who expect to be absent on the  
day named for the counties in which  
they have their permanent homes may  
register by mail, but their mailed reg-  
istration cards must reach the place  
in which they have their permanent  
homes by the day named herein.  
They should apply as soon as practica-  
ble to the county clerk of the county  
wherein they may be for instructions  
as to how they may accomplish their  
registration by mail. In case such  
persons as, through sickness or ab-  
sence, may be unable to present them-  
selves personally for registration shall  
be sojourning in cities of over 30,000  
population, they shall apply to the  
city clerk of the city wherein they  
may be sojourning rather than to the  
clerk of the county. The clerks of  
counties and of cities of over 30,000  
population in which numerous appli-  
cations from the sick and from non-  
residents are expected are authorized  
to establish such sub-agencies and to  
employ and deputize such clerical  
force as may be necessary to accom-  
modate these applications.

The power against which we are  
arrayed has sought to impose its will  
upon the world by force. To this  
end it has increased armament until  
it has changed the face of war. In  
the sense in which we have been  
wont to think of armies, there are no  
armies in this struggle. There are  
entire nations armed. Thus the men  
who remain to till the soil and man the  
factories are no less a part of the  
army that is in France than the men  
beneath the battleflags. It must be  
so with us. It is not an army that  
we must shape and train for war; it  
is a Nation. To this end, our people  
must draw close in one compact front  
against a common foe. But this can-  
not be if each man pursues a private  
purpose. All must pursue one pur-  
pose. The Nation needs all men;  
but it needs each man not in the  
field that will most please him, but in  
the endeavor that will best serve the  
common good. Thus, though a sharp-  
shooter pleases to operate a trip-  
hammer for the forging of great guns,  
and an expert machinist desires to  
march with the flag, the Nation is  
best served only when the sharp-  
shooter marches and the machinist  
remains at his levers. The whole na-  
tion must be a team in which each  
man shall play the part for which  
he is best fitted. To this end, Con-  
gress has provided that the Nation  
shall be organized for war by selec-  
tion and that each man shall be class-  
ified for service in the place to which  
it shall best serve the general good to  
call him.

The significance of this cannot be  
over-stated. It is a new thing in our  
history and a landmark in our  
progress. . . .

It is essential that the day be ap-  
proached in thoughtful apprehension  
of its significance and that we accord  
to it the honor and the meaning that  
it deserves. Our industries need pre-  
scribes that it be not made a techni-  
cal holiday, but the stern sacrifice that  
is before us urges that it be carried  
in all our hearts as a great day of  
patriotic devotion and obligation when  
the duty shall lie upon every man,  
whether he is himself to be registered  
or not, to see to it that the name of  
every male person of the designated  
ages is written on these lists of honor.

In witness whereof I have hereunto  
set my hand and caused the seal of  
the United States to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington this  
18th day of May, in the year of our  
Lord, one thousand nine hundred and  
seventeen, and of the Independence of  
the United States of America the one  
hundred and forty-first.

By the President:  
ROBERT LANSING,  
Secretary of State.

## Marion As Seen By The Newspaper Men

Publishers of Western Carolina Give Marion the  
Look Over and Find Growing Town Filled  
With Large Industries.

When the editors of the weekly  
newspapers in Western North Caro-  
lina organized about a year ago  
they adopted as one of their guid-  
ing principles an educational policy  
—an undertaking wherein the pub-  
lishers would visit various towns  
in Western Carolina and better ac-  
quaint themselves with the places  
visited and publish their impres-  
sions for the information of their  
readers. The scribes are invited  
and entertained at the expense of  
the town visited, such town consid-  
ering it a rare treat to gain valu-  
able publicity at such a reasonable  
cost.

In carrying out this policy the  
Western North Carolina weekly  
Press association met in Marion on  
last Friday and Saturday and were  
pleasantly entertained by Editor  
S. E. Whitten and the Marion  
Board of Trade.

### Industrial Plants.

Most of the publishers visited  
Marion for the first time and were  
surprised to find it such a busy in-  
dustrial center. Editor Sentelle of  
the Canton Observer, who doesn't  
hesitate to use an indelicate ex-  
pression to describe his sentiments,  
summed up the situation figuratively  
when he declared that "Marion  
is just lousy with industries." He  
was then completing the auto-  
mobile tour of the town Saturday  
morning. The Marion business and  
professional men took the scribes  
over the town and showed them  
points of interest and a visit was  
made through the plant of the  
Clivefield Manufacturing com-  
pany, a big cotton mill that is now  
more than doubling its capacity.

The industrial plants in Marion  
include four cotton mills with an  
investment of about two and one-  
half million dollars; two hosiery  
mills, four furniture factories, a  
vener plant, a tannery, two flour  
mills, a glove factory, a crude drug  
factory, two novelty factories, two  
planing mills, two lumber compan-  
ies, a bakery and some smaller  
plants. The town has two whole-  
sale grocery houses, two feed stores  
and between 40 and 50 retail stores;  
two banks with total resources of  
over \$900,000 and two good hotels,  
where the editors were entertained.

Marion claims to have more mi-  
leage of concrete sidewalks per  
capita than any other town in the  
State. The town shows signs of  
growth and activity as well as civic  
pride in the street improvements  
now under way whereby \$40,000  
will be expended in building  
asphalt streets. The town has elec-  
tric lights and sewer system and  
justly claims the position of the  
"Border Land of the Sky," which  
enables it to have a gravity line of  
mountain water. Marion has an  
up-to-date high school building.

The town, including the mill vil-  
lages about a mile distant, has a  
population of about 6,000. Marion  
is the county seat and largest town  
in McDowell county, is located on  
the central highway across the  
state and by reason of its altitude  
of about 1,400 feet is putting in a  
bid for some summer tourists. It  
has two competing railway lines  
extending in five directions and has  
sixteen passenger trains daily, be-  
ing on the Asheville-Salisbury di-  
vision of the Southern.

### How Marion Grew.

The business men of about every  
town, large or small, crave indus-  
trial plants and Marion was not an  
exception. About seven years ago  
Attorney J. W. Pless of Marion  
(formerly of Brevard, where he  
was associated with W. A. Gash in  
the practice of law, having left  
this town in 1900) read in the  
French Broad Hustler of Hender-  
sonville, where he took his course  
in law, that some Spartanburg  
capitalists wanted to locate in Hen-  
dersonville but couldn't get a  
\$75,000 subscription of support.  
Mr. Pless and other Marion live-  
wires seized the opportunity and  
invited the cotton mill men to  
Marion and no trouble was experi-  
enced in raising a subscription in  
excess of the required amount.  
The Marion Manufacturing com-  
pany was established. It pros-  
pered, then came other plants of

like character until now the town  
has an investment of about two  
and one-half million dollars in this  
type of industries, and when Hen-  
dersonville grows pensive and holds  
industrial mass meetings it always  
takes occasion to celebrate the  
eventful date on which it dropped  
its candy. It has recognized its  
mistake over and over again in its  
efforts to win some industrial  
plants to supplement its touristic  
bank roll.

Incidentally it will not be amiss  
to say for the benefit of the friends  
of Mr. Pless that he has made good  
in Marion, where he has built up a  
glittering professional business and  
accumulated considerable means.  
He has one of the finest residences  
in Marion and has invested in it  
and the adjacent property some-  
thing like \$25,000.

Marion, while enjoying a most  
prosperous state, evidently has a  
brighter future before it. It is  
ideally situated in the foothills of  
the mountains with good climate  
and water; has competing rail-  
roads, is within the center of a  
good farming country with diversi-  
fied crops ranging from those  
peculiar to mountain climate and  
soil to that of cotton.

### Business of Publishers.

The meeting was fairly well at-  
tended and the sessions on Friday  
night and Saturday morning were  
interesting and profitable.

The following members were  
present: Miss Beatrice Cobb, Mor-  
ganton News-Herald; Horace Sen-  
telle, Canton Observer; S. E. Whit-  
ten, Marion Progress; Jesse Daniel  
Boone, Waynesville Mountaineer;  
Dan Tompkins, Jackson County  
Journal; E. B. Gilbert, Marshall  
News-Record; B. L. Lunsford, Old  
Fort Sentinel; R. L. Sandidge, Jr.,  
Bryson City Times; L. Edwin Gill,  
advertising representative of Ashe-  
ville; Noah M. Hollowell, Brevard  
News.

The newspaper men enjoyed the  
delightful experience of having a  
lady to convene with them for the  
first time and they were enthusias-  
tic in electing her to membership.  
Miss Cobb apparently enjoyed her  
new surroundings and can be de-  
pendent upon hereafter to add the  
feminine touch of refinement to  
the meetings.

Many questions of interest to the  
publishers were discussed. Reso-  
lutions were adopted pledging the  
support of the association in co-  
operation with the American Red  
Cross. Another resolution urged  
senators and representatives in con-  
gress to vote against the proposed  
increase in second class postal rates.  
A vote of thanks was extended to  
Editor Whitten and the Marion  
Board of Trade for their hospitality.

Editor Sentelle was elected treas-  
urer to succeed W. F. Little of  
Tryon, who has retired from the  
publishing and entered the banking  
business.

While the association is supposed  
to meet quarterly, in view of the  
fact that some matters of impor-  
tance need to be attended to with a  
full attendance of all the members  
and by reason of the delayed meet-  
ing in Marion, it was decided to  
hold the next meeting on schedule  
time in Asheville on June 8 and 9.  
This will be purely a business meet-  
ing with no social features attach-  
ed. The semi-annual election of  
officers will take place at this meet-  
ing. There will be some informal  
discussions. "Handling Subscrip-  
tions" will be the only shop subject  
for formal discussion. This will  
be led by Noah M. Hollowell, who  
will be followed by others in a  
round table discussion.

### MEN HURT; HORSES FRIGHTENED

Leo Hogsed, road overseer in  
Cathcys Creek, while at work on  
the road near Cherryfield recently  
came near having a collision with  
a car driven by E. F. Wellman. The  
teams of the road machine facing  
the auto became unmanageable,  
wheeled about and ran down the  
road. Mr. Hogsed and the driver,  
a convict from the county camp,  
were both thrown from the ma-  
chine and suffered injuries.

\*\*\*\*\*  
GET AFTER THE FLIES.  
\*\*\*\*\*  
That fly on your plate didn't  
wipe his feet when he came in.  
The chances are his last walk  
was in the filth of the street or  
the garbage pail.  
Pleasant, isn't it?  
Then why put up with flies?  
Keep flies out of your home.  
Don't trade at stores that tol-  
erate flies.  
Don't eat at restaurants in  
which there are flies.  
\*\*\*\*\*

Protect the Sleeping Baby.  
WHEN your children are out of  
doors and awake the fly is not  
so dangerous. You will very  
rarely see a fly on the face of a child  
walking or playing, but if your baby  
sleeps outdoors that is the danger time.  
He must be carefully covered with  
mosquito netting to protect him from  
the poisoned kiss.

Swat! Swat! Swat!  
When you wake up in  
the morning  
And a fly is buzzing  
near  
And you know he'll  
soon be herring  
Into your defense-  
less ear,  
Wait awhile until you  
spot him,  
Till you know he's  
off his guard;  
Then lift up your hand  
and swat him—  
Swat that buzzer  
good and hard!

When within your office busy  
You try hard to do your work  
And a fly makes you so dizzy  
Swat your desk you long to lurk,  
Pause until in range you've got him,  
Steel your heart, though mercy pleads,  
Take the office clock and swat him  
Right where Mary wore the beads!

There is lots of satisfaction  
In the course that I suggest,  
With each victim nerved to action  
To abate this insect pest.  
When you see a fly just pot him,  
Nail him as, of course, you should;  
Grab a baseball bat and swat him—  
Swat him while the swatting's good!

**ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE**  
Having qualified as administrators of  
the estate of W. K. Osborne, deceased,  
this is to notify all persons having claims  
against said estate to present same to the  
undersigned, or to their attorneys, within  
twelve months from date, otherwise this  
notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.  
All persons indebted to said estate  
will please make immediate settlement.  
This May 22nd, 1917.  
J. K. MILLS and  
C. S. OSBORNE,  
Administrators of Estate of W. K. Os-  
borne, deceased.  
Gash & Breese, Attorneys. 5-25-6t

**NOTICE OF SUMMONS BY PUB-  
LICATION**  
North Carolina, Transylvania County—In  
the Superior Court.  
Cora Fisher  
vs.  
Claude Fisher.  
The defendant, Claude Fisher, will take  
notice that an action entitled as above  
has been commenced in the Superior  
court of Transylvania county, North Caro-  
lina, said action being brought by the  
plaintiff and against said defendant for  
the purpose of having the bonds of matri-  
mony heretofore existing between the  
plaintiff and defendant dissolved, and for  
the purpose of having an order by the  
court granting the plaintiff an absolute  
divorce.  
The said defendant, Claude Fisher, will  
further take notice that he is required to  
appear at the next term of the Superior  
court for Transylvania county, North  
Carolina, which convenes on the 23rd day  
of July, 1917, and answer or demur to the  
complaint which will be filed in said ac-  
tion within the time required by law,  
otherwise the relief prayed for in said  
complaint will be granted.  
This the 23rd day of May, 1917.  
N. A. MILLER,  
Clerk of Superior Court Transylvania  
County. 5-23-17cc

## A NEW SUIT COSTS FROM \$10 to \$50

Your old suit  
can be cleaned,  
pressed, repair-  
ed and made to  
look almost as  
good as new for  
50 cents; \$1.00 a  
month for four  
suits.  
City Pressing Club  
J. E. WATERS, Prop.

## BREVARD Hardware Co.

- Hoes  
30c, 45c, 50c, 55c, 65c
  - Rakes  
45c, 65c, 75c
  - Sprinkler  
50c
  - Sprayers  
50c
  - Hose  
10, 1 1/2 per foot
  - Screen Doors  
\$1.35, \$1.50, \$1.75
  - Window Screen  
50c, 60c, 75c
  - Black  
Wire Screening  
2c per foot
  - Galvanized  
Screening  
3c per foot
  - Four-Foot Cultivators  
\$3.75 cash, \$4 on time
  - A \$40 Riding Cultivator  
for \$28.00
  - A \$6 Fertilizer Distributor  
for \$5
  - Fertilizers of all kinds  
16% Acid and  
Corn Guano  
Cash or on time.
- Don't order.  
**C. DOYLE**  
Brevard, N. C.

## NOTICE!

We have many outstanding accounts,  
some of which are small and have probably  
been overlooked, but on account of the  
present high cost of drug stock and in-  
creased cost of conducting business we are  
compelled to ask you to call at once and  
settle soon, otherwise we expect to put out  
all unpaid accounts for collection.

We are endeavoring to put our business  
on a cash basis and hope you will assist us  
in doing so to the extent of your account.

Respectfully,

## DUCKWORTH DRUG CO.