

LAND SALE BY COMMISSIONER

By virtue of the power, direction and authority given the undersigned, who has been appointed by the clerk of the Superior court of Transylvania county as commissioner in a certain special proceeding pending in said court, entitled "J. P. Martin et al. vs. Ben W. Raines et al.", I will sell to the highest bidder, for cash, at the court house door in the town of Brevard, county of Transylvania, state of North Carolina, on Monday, July 2, 1917, at 12 o'clock m., all the following described parcel or tract of land situated in Dunns Rock township, Transylvania county, N. C., on the south side of Dunns creek, adjoining lands of Thrash, Martin et al. and bounded as follows:

Beginning on a maple on the bank of Dunns creek, corner of the James Holden tract, and runs with the line of said Holden tract south 10 deg west 36 poles to a stake in said line; then north 80 deg west 17 poles to a stake; then north 25 deg west 30 poles to a stake; then north 50 deg west 9 poles to a black oak; then north 58 deg west 11 poles to a spanish oak; then north 10 deg east 21 poles to a black oak; then north 74 deg west 14 poles to a spanish oak; then south 57 deg west 51 poles to a spruce pine; then north 51 deg west 17 poles to a hickory; then north 45 deg east 14 poles to a spanish oak and white oak; then north 10 deg east 9 poles to a spruce pine on the bank of Dunns creek; then up and with the centre of said creek to the beginning, containing 10 acres, more or less.

Said sale made for the purpose of distributing the proceeds of said sale among the tenants in common entitled thereto as shown by petition filed in said proceeding, after cost and expenses are paid.

This May 30, 1917.
WELCH GALLOWAY,
Commissioner.

NOTICE OF SALE UNDER EXECUTION

Under and by virtue of an execution issued from the Superior court of Transylvania county in the case of T. D. England vs. G. E. McGaha, and to satisfy said execution I, the undersigned sheriff of Transylvania county, state of North Carolina, will, on Monday, July 2, 1917, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 3 p. m., at the court house door in Brevard, county and state aforesaid, sell to the highest bidder for cash the property attached in said action, which property is described as follows, to-wit:

Lying and being in Dunns Rock township, Transylvania county, N. C. Beginning on a sycamore on the top of a ridge and runs north 60 deg west 27 poles and 7 links to a poplar; then north 10 deg east 22 poles to a stake; then north 13 deg west 36 poles to a stake on the bank of the French Broad river; thence down the river 12 poles to a stake; thence south 13 deg east 40 poles to a dogwood; thence south 57 deg east 26 poles to a stake; thence south 7 deg east 12 poles to a stake; thence south 59 deg west 15 poles to the beginning, containing 8 and 81/100 acres more or less.

The foregoing property will be sold subject to the dower rights of the wife of the said defendant, G. E. McGaha.

Said sale to satisfy said execution, judgment, interest, attachment, cost of sale, etc.

This the 1st day of June, A. D. 1917.
C. S. PANTON,
Sheriff of Transylvania County, North Carolina. 68-4tc

LAND SALE BY TRUSTEE IN BANKRUPTCY

By virtue of the power vested in the undersigned as trustee in bankruptcy of the property and effects of W. N. McCall, bankrupt, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash at the court house door in the town of Brevard, county of Transylvania, state of North Carolina, on Monday, July 2nd, 1917, at 12 o'clock m., the following described real estate, and the reversionary interest of the bankrupt in same:

First Tract—The entire fee simple interest in and to all that tract of land lying in Little River township, Transylvania county, on the waters of Crab creek, adjoining lands of R. J. Kilpatrick, J. R. Clark and others. Beginning on a rock, R. J. Kilpatrick's corner, and runs north 108 poles to a rock; then east 3 poles to a stake; then south 19 poles to a stake; then east 15 poles to a stake, a conditional corner between Harriet McCall and J. R. Clark; then south 100 poles to a stake in the line between Harriet McCall and J. R. Clark; then west 21 1/2 poles to the beginning, containing 14 acres more or less.

Exception: One half interest in mill site and water power owned by J. R. Clark.

All the reversionary interest of W. N. McCall, bankrupt, over and above his homestead exemption in and to the following described tracts of land: Lying in Little River township, Transylvania county, N. C., on the waters of Crab creek, adjoining lands of R. J. Kilpatrick and others, bounded as follows: Beginning on a stone, originally a post, and runs south 4 degrees west 84 poles and 10 links, crossing the creek, to a head bush; then south 87 degrees west 26 poles to a stone; then north 3 degrees east 85 poles to a stone; then north 87 degrees east 26 poles to the beginning, containing 15 acres, more or less.

Beginning on a stone in R. J. Kilpatrick's line, and runs with said line about east 8 poles to the public road; then with the public road a southwest course 15 poles, more or less, to a stake in the line of the W. N. McCall tract, last above described; then with said McCall line north 23 1/2 poles to the beginning, containing one acre more or less.

The said sale is made for the purpose of making assets with which to pay the expenses connected with the bankrupt's estate and to liquidate indebtedness of said bankrupt.

The sale made pursuant to the above notice will be reported by the undersigned to the referee in bankruptcy and all persons interested are hereby notified to appear before said referee at his office, Citizen's Bank Building, Asheville, N. C., on July 10th, 1917, at 12 o'clock m., and show cause why the sale as so reported shall not be confirmed; or why, if it appears proper, any other order in regard to the sale of said property shall not be made; and at the same time and place why any other orders proper to be made in this proceeding shall not be made.

WELCH GALLOWAY,
Trustee in Bankruptcy of W. N. McCall, Bankrupt.
This 28th day of May, 1917. 6-14tc

"Seek and ye shall find" through the Diversified column.

THE WEEK'S EVENTS

Important News of the State, Nation, and World Told in a Few Lines for Your Convenience.

ROUND ABOUT THE WORLD

A Condensed Record of Happenings of Interest From All Points of the World.

Domestic

The Italian war mission has begun its delayed tour of the South and Middle West, leaving behind its chief, the prince of Udine, whose sudden illness caused the trip to be postponed. The prince is still unable to travel, but expects to leave Washington in time to join the party at Chicago.

A statement by officials of the North Datto (Mont.) company gives 36 dead as a result of the Speculator mine fire, and 167 missing. Two hundred and twelve are known to have been rescued.

The annual memorial exercises for the soldier dead, a feature of every reunion, was held by the Confederate Veterans, assisted by the Sons of Veterans and Daughters of the Confederacy, in the Confederate section of Arlington cemetery at Washington.

A storm of cyclonic intensity swept over central lower Michigan and caused the death of at least three persons, injuries to nearly thirty others and did property damage estimated to amount to nearly a million dollars.

Evidence that the revolt in the Illinois state penitentiary here was planned with care has been revealed by prison officials at Joliet. "Misguided interference of women" in efforts at prison reform is given as the cause.

The former German consul at Atlanta, Doctor Maeller, was indicted by a federal grand jury at Charleston, S. C., in connection with the Liebenfels case, when Capt. J. R. Klottenhoff was sentenced to a year in the federal prison at Atlanta and to pay a fine of \$500 after his confession that he sank his ship by order of Doctor Mueller.

John Robush, a foreigner employed at the J. I. Case Tin company plant, was forced to kiss the American flag by 30 of his fellow employees after he is alleged to have declared that he would not fight for the United States. The man was made to crawl on his knees to the flag, which had been spread upon the floor at the company's plant in Racine, Wis., and, after kissing it, compelled to salute the flag.

The Indians on their reservation in Ignacio, Colo., refused to register under the selective draft act and spent most of the day dancing, war and "bear" dances in native costume. A number of the younger men are said to be out in the hills and to have obtained a quantity of bad liquor. It is also reported that the Indians have threatened to burn the settlement.

Predicting that immediately after the war with Germany the Liberty Bonds would go to at least 119, Hopkins N. Randolph, attorney for the federal reserve bank for the Sixth district, spoke to the Cotton Seed Crushers' Association in annual convention at Atlantic Beach on the Liberty Loan and addressed the Jacksonville chamber of commerce later.

Washington

Nearly a score of captains of the quartermaster corps were ordered to report to Colonel Little, chief of cantonment construction, in preparation for beginning work on the sixteen soldier cities which are to be ready by September 1 to house six hundred thousand young men of the selective army.

Army orders call out a score of captains in the quartermaster reserve corps to be commanders of reserve wagon, motor truck companies and bakery companies for the cantonment.

Senator Harding of Ohio says the reason why subscriptions to Liberty Bonds is so slow is because of lack of confidence in the administration.

The war department is in receipt of information that Ben S. Mooney of Statesboro, Ga., has discovered an explosive which will prove of great value to the country. It is made of two different oils and within a minute or so after the two have been poured together the explosion takes place. General Goethals announces that he has discharged the two engineers who conceived the wooden shipbuilding plan because their usefulness is at an end. It is understood that the engineers had severely criticized General Goethals.

For the third time in six weeks an offering of \$200,000,000 in treasury certificates of indebtedness convertible into Liberty Loan bonds and bearing a lower interest rate than the bond issue itself has been heavily oversubscribed.

A German submarine is believed to have been sunk by an armed American steamer in a running fight lasting an hour and a half, in which thirty-five shots were fired by the submarine and twenty-five by the steamer.

Any registered man who enlists between now and selection day will be automatically dropped from the registration list.

Brigadier General Crowder, who is in charge of registrations received messages from every state in the Union which practically stated that registration was going on without murmur or incident.

Registration day, June 5, passed off quietly and orderly. Of the approximately 10,000,000 men who registered the census bureau estimates that about 4,500,000 are married and about 5,500,000 are single.

A running fight with a German submarine in which forty-two shots were fired was reported by the armed American steamship Virginia upon her arrival from a French port. The Virginian was not damaged. The guns crew did not know whether any damage had been done to the submarine. The fight occurred in the Bay of Biscayne.

Nearly complete returns from all railroads for the four months ending with April show continuing improvements in net earnings in every section, notwithstanding the greatly increased cost of all factors entering into operating expenses.

Totals of subscriptions to the Liberty Loan, aggregating \$1,300,000,000, as announced by Secretary McAdoo, made public by the treasury department, show that not one of the twelve federal reserve districts has subscribed to its minimum allotment, although New York, with the most favorable showing, has nearly reached the minimum.

President Wilson, in communication to the new government of Russia, makes plain the war aims of the United States and its position on "no annexations, no indemnities." "No territory must change hands except for the purpose of securing those who inhabit it a fair chance of life and liberty," says the president. "No indemnities must be insisted upon except those that constitute payment for the manifest wrongs done."

"It was the status quo ante out of which this iniquitous war issued forth," President Wilson says. "The power of the imperial German government within the empire and its widespread domination and influence outside of that empire. The status must be altered."

An Ottawa, Canada, dispatch says the Canadian cabinet is going to pieces, and that conscription is the source of the trouble. The dispatch further says that an attempt to form a coalition cabinet has failed, and that there is much feeling between the English and French as the result of the cabinet crisis. But all indications are that the conscription measure will pass parliament.

Confederate veterans from all parts of the United States in Washington went to Gettysburg, Va., for the unveiling of the monument to General Robert E. Lee.

A dispatch from Panama says that reports from Managua and San Juan del Sur say that hundreds of lives were lost in San Salvador. Earthquakes continued entirely through the night of June 7 and volcanoes are reported in eruption. Communication between Panama and San Salvador was interrupted.

European War

It at last seems to have been borne in upon the Russian mind that the Russian people must defend their new won freedom if they would keep it. If they fail in this emergency, it is pointed out, the autocracy will be re-established, the results of which, it is freely admitted, would be anarchy, because autocracy is an anachronism which the twentieth century mind will not tolerate.

Sir George Buchanan the British ambassador to Russia, told the Russian people in a recent address that if they would reap the harvest of their own political revolution they must join heart and soul with the democracies of France, Great Britain and the United States not only in shedding their blood for their national patriotism, but to safeguard Russia for the future.

It is believed that the crisis has been reached in Russia, and that from now on the allies will go forward as one force. The Germans are reported to have transferred large bodies of men to the west during the lull, and Russia will probably strike a blow shortly that will strike terror to the heart of German militarism.

The British steam Southland, from Liverpool for Philadelphia, is reported to have been torpedoed without warning, and one American lost his life.

A British trans-Atlantic steamer slowly swept into her moorings in a British port with the most interesting complement of passengers she ever had carried during her years of plying between American and English ports—General John J. Pershing, his personal staff, officers of the general staff and and seventy private soldiers.

One hundred American aviators have safely arrived in France. They are the first of the American fighting force to reach the scene of hostilities.

It is reported that part of the British army is already operating in Belgium.

Germany acknowledges that she has severed diplomatic relations with the Haitian republic.

Eight out of eighteen German airplanes that took part in an air raid on Essex, England, and Kent were driven down by British airmen. Four were completely destroyed, while two others are believed to have been put out of commission.

London reports that anti-aircraft guns and airplanes are successful in keeping raiders from naval and military centers, and it is hoped that at no distant date the whole of the British Isles will be immune from aircraft attacks.

With the new British dash, under General Haig, many prisoners were captured. Quite a number of the prisoners were from the Russian area, and they are reported to be complete nervous wrecks.

An additional American flotilla of destroyers and patrol boats, to cooperate with French forces in the English channel and the Atlantic, is expected, according to Paris reports.

The new head of the British war mission in the United States is a most strenuous advocate of home rule for Ireland, and a strong supporter of the new premier Lloyd George.

BREVARD INSTITUTE NOTES

Miss Pike left Tuesday morning for her home in Norway, Maine. Miss Pike will spend some time in Boston visiting friends.

George Smith, Cecil Sheffield and Carl Mynatt left this week to enter training camps for military service. Messrs. Smith and Sheffield are going to Fort Thomas, near Cincinnati, to enter the hospital corps. These two boys were ready to enter

college, and as both intended to study medicine, the practical training of a military camp will be of great advantage to them. Mr. Mynatt has not yet been assigned.

Among students registering for the summer school, who were here last summer, is Miss Katie Lou Steele of Cleveland, N. C. Miss Rosa Belle Moore of the same place came with her.

Miss Blanche Ross of Morgan on, sister of Chaywell Ross, is here for the summer school, also Miss Fran-

ces Atkins of Concord, who was here two summers ago.

Prof. Trowbridge left Wednesday to attend the district conference at Asheville, now in session.

Miss Leatherwood spent several days last week with Miss Vera House at Balsam Grove.

Summer school students are arriving on every train and it looks as if we should have a prosperous season.

Renew before expiration.

The FISK Smile
—the smile of tire satisfaction. This man has found a manufacturer he likes to do business with, who fulfills all his ideas of what a concern should be in its policy and methods. The company that makes

FISK TIRES

stands back of every Fisk dealer to see that every user gets his full money's worth in mileage and tire satisfaction.



Fisk Tires For Sale By
King Livery Company

\$2,000 Worth of Groceries for Delivery Next Tuesday at Attractively Low Prices

We heard the call. Will you? We are going to answer the appeal of the Patton Memorial Hospital to help meet the need. We want to pay our part of the \$300.00. We are going to lay aside \$2,000.00 in groceries to be sent out Tuesday, June 19th. We are going to give one per cent of our sales to the Hospital.

The Sale Starts Saturday, June 16th, at 7 a. m., and Closes Monday, June 18th, at 7 p. m.

All orders can be placed Saturday and Monday. We will not deliver anything in this list until Tuesday and will not accept an order at these prices after Monday, the 18th, at 7 p. m. We are going to deal fair and give every one a chance. We have hitched our wagon to the stars but we mean to deliver Tuesday, the 19th, \$2,000.00 in groceries. Make up your list, send it in with the cash or pay as it is delivered to you Tuesday. It can be done and here goes.

With every \$10.00 order and up we will sell you 25 lbs. of sugar for \$2.00, 18 pounds of rice for \$1.00. Stop! See what you have saved on this!

Flour, 24 lb. bag \$1.60, 48 lbs. \$3.20, 100 lbs. \$6.40, one barrel \$12.75, and still wheat going up!	Five pounds Rumford Baking Powder \$1.10
Water ground corn meal \$1.85.	Five pounds Davis Baking Powder 75c.
Bacon 2 1/2 c.	Lemons 20c per doz.
Lard, 60 lb. tub \$11.40, 10 lb. tin \$2.00, 5 lb. tin \$1.05.	12 rolls Toilet Paper 95c.
Hutnut Grits, the best, \$4.35 per bag.	12 Oat Meal 95c.
Canned Corn, Maine's best pack, \$1.85 per doz.	12 Corn Flake 95c.
Peas, fancy, \$2.00 per doz.	12 Post Toasties 95c.
Lemon Cling Peaches \$2.60 per doz.	12 Puffed Rice \$1.40.
Pineapple \$2.40 per doz.	12 Dutch Cleanser 95c.
Canned Apples \$1.00 per doz.	12 Celluloid Starch 45c.
	Tetley's Tea, the best, 65c per lb.
	12 Ivory Soap 60c.
	5 lbs. Baker's Cocoa \$1.65.
	Cheese 30c per lb.

We have a line of Coffee coming that surpasses them all. Ask to see it when you come in.

Case-Boling Grocery Company
Wholesale and Retail. Phone 400. Hendersonville, N. C.