

Brevard News

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DAILY CULLINGS OF THE WAR

Wednesday, August 14

The Germans are still moving toward Berlin with the Allies close at their backs. The Huns have given up important positions along a five-mile front north of the Somme. However, the Boches are keeping up violent counter-attacks in the centre of the battle-front and are holding Chaumes and Roye upon which the British and French are centering their attacks.

The British have captured the town of Ribecourt.

The Italians are active in the mountain region on the Western Front and have taken important strongholds from the Austrians.

The Americans have made successful raids on enemy territory, taking many prisoners and guns.

Official dispatches from Russia state that American Consul General Poole at Moscow has turned the affairs of the American consulate over to the Swedish consul and demanded safe conduct from the country.

Thursday, August 15

Affairs in Russia are again coming to the foreground. The Allied Expeditionary force has reached a point 100 miles south of Aechangel on the railroad toward Volga. The retreating Bolshevik forces have shown themselves apt pupils of Germany and have committed every form of atrocity upon the civilian population which openly sympathizes with the allies.

Allied forces are now operating on three important sections of Russian territory—on the north with a base in the White Sea, in the east from a base in the Sea of Japan and on the south in Trans-Caucasia.

The fighting along the Somme-Oise battle front continues, with the British advancing on Roye.

Friday, August 16

French and Canadian troops have fought their way west of Roye until they are virtually in possession of the town which has for some time been a strategic point in the German defense of Picardy.

The Germans continue to retire and have given up ground to the allies for a depth of two miles along a nine-mile front.

Along the Vesle the Germans opened a gas attack in retaliation for a bombing raid by American airmen upon bridges over the Aisne. A group of twelve American aviators took part in this raid.

The British artillery during the past few days has completely destroyed a number of German munition dumps.

Saturday, August 17

Darmstadt, the capital city of Hesse, a province in western Germany, has been bombed by an allied air squadron. Four persons were killed and considerable property damage done. The Allies lost four machines.

Sunday, August 18

The American are gaining ground. They have captured the village of Frappelle. They put a large number of shells north of the Vesle this morning.

The British are breaking away the Lys salient. The enemy forces are moving eastward before Haig's advance.

The French are now endeavoring to outflank both Roye and Lassigny by a drive eastward in the direction leading southward from Roye to Noyon.

Monday, August 19

The Americans are pushing north of the Vesle river.

The French have taken the plain to the south of Noyon and several villages along the Oise. They have captured 2,000 Germans. The French north of the Oise have reached the western borders of Lassigny.

The British have taken the railway station of Roye which has been the object of their operations for several days. The British forces on the Lys salient have advanced on a front of 10,000 yards. The Lys salient is fast disappearing before the advance of the British. Throughout the Oise valley the German positions are dominated by the allied guns and the Huns

RED CROSS LOOKS AFTER PRISONERS

"If unlucky enough to get captured send your first prison camp post card to the American Red Cross at Berne." This is the substance of the advice which the War Department is having all officers give the men of the American Expeditionary Forces before they go to the front in France. By sending this post card to the Bureau of Prisoners Relief of the Red Cross at Berne, the captured man sets in motion the machinery which will cause his family to be notified promptly and also enables the Red Cross to begin shipments to him of twenty pounds of food every week, and clothing, tobacco, toilet articles and other comforts and luxuries as they are needed.

Awaiting the arrival of such cards or other reliable evidence that an American is a prisoner at a camp in Germany, the Red Cross has at Berne, Remens and Copenhagen quantities of food and clothing which it holds as the agent of the Army and Navy for the relief of captured men. The Red Cross also has supplies of its own for the care of captured civilians, and many comforts and luxuries which it furnishes captured soldiers and sailors.

FOR RELIEF OF SUFFERING JEWS

At the union meeting held at the court house on Monday evening for the purpose of raising funds for the 3,000,000 starving Jews in Europe, the speakers were Rev. W. E. Poovey and Rev. J. C. Seagle.

Mayor W. E. Breese presided at the meeting. Prayers were offered by Rev. Dr. Hemphill. Rev. Mr. Poovey spoke very eloquently on "The Contribution of the Jews to Civilization." Mrs. E. L. R. Simons lead in the singing of "The Star Spangled Banner" and "Keep the Home Fires Burning." Rev. Mr. Seagle spoke on "The Present Need of the Suffering Jews of Europe." At the end of his speech he read such touching extracts of letters sent out by the Jewish Relief Committee that the whole audience was moved to action and voted unanimously that each person present pledge at least one dollar for Jewish relief, and that a canvass of the town be made on behalf of our suffering Jewish brethren.

From Mayor Breese right down to the youngest person present there was a burning zeal in every heart to do something and to do it quickly for our Jewish brethren overseas.

There were some thirty persons present at the meeting, and \$140.00 pledged.

This cablegram was read at the meeting, which everyone should read and ponder over.

From the Hague

Felix M. Warburg, Joint Distribution Committee, 20 Exchange Place, New York.

For God's sake raise all money you can—conditions indescribable Poland Luthuania—one million people perishing from hunger and cold—death rate ten per cent—soup kitchens and asylums for aged and children closed for lack of funds—children cannot attend school account extreme weakness and lack of clothing—an unexampled catastrophe faces the Polish Jews—America practically sole help.

Signed Senior and Bogen. Robert Lansing, Secretary of State.

An important business meeting of the National League for Women's Service will be held at the residence of the chairman, Mrs. J. S. Silversteen, on Thursday, Aug. 29th at 5 o'clock in the afternoon. Every member is urged to be present.

will probably bring a retreat across the plains of Picardy and over the Somme.

American troops have landed in Vladivostok to aid the other international troops against the Bolshevik and German forces.

RAISE MORE WHEAT FOR 1919 CROP

Two Acres of Wheat for Every Farm In the County and More on Some—Contest in Wheat Production.

With the present high price of flour and the fact that the United States has to ship wheat to her army and allies, every farmer in Transylvania county should begin now to make preparation to produce enough wheat next year for home consumption. Wheat probably never will be a commercial crop for Transylvania county, but there is not a farm in the county that does not have a couple of acres on it that will make wheat.

The government has fixed a price for wheat in Transylvania county at \$2.35 per bushel. No price has been fixed for seed wheat.

Preparation of Land

Experiments prove that where the land is in stubble or any legume it should be turned as soon as possible in order for it to have time to settle so that a firm compact seed bed can be prepared. On the average land the principle fertilizer needed for wheat is phosphoric acid, but where wheat is following corn, land that is deficient in nitrogen a fertilizer containing nitrogen and phosphoric acid both should be applied at the rate of two to four hundred pounds per acre. The best date for seeding wheat in Transylvania county is from September 25 to October 10.

Wheat Contest

In order to stimulate the growing of wheat in Transylvania county the Burnette and Verdery flour mill, which has recently been erected, has agreed to offer as prizes to the man or boy producing the largest number of bushels on five acres of land \$25. And to the man or boy producing the largest number of bushels of wheat on one acre \$10 for first prize, \$8.00 second prize, \$5.00 third prize and \$2.00 for fourth prize. This contest is free and open to everybody in the county. Anyone wishing to enter this contest should get in touch with me or Messrs. Burnette & Verdery.

Report books can be secured for keeping data on cost of preparation of land and seeding.

R. E. Lawrence, County Agent.

ENTERTAIN SOLDIERS

The Pisgah Forest branch of the Red Cross will entertain the soldiers stationed at that place at a Water Melon Feast and Corn Roast Saturday evening at the Davidson River school house.

SOME RECORD

North Carolina has furnished up to date one hundred thousand men for the army and navy. She is the only state in the Union that has a citizen who has sent 13 of his 18 sons to the army, and whose 17 daughters are busy at war work of different kinds. Jno. Ward, a colored man residing at Goldsboro, has this distinction.

According to news specials, the facts are vouched for by Sheriff R. H. Edwards, of Wayne county, of which Goldsboro is the county seat. The record as vouched for by Sheriff Edwards, is as follows:

Ward was born April 21, 1856, at Goldsboro. He was married three times and his third wife is still living. His first mate bore him 15 children, four at one time twice, three at one time twice, and one lone baby upon another occasion. His second wife bore him two sets of twins, one set of triplets, and five others, one at a time. His present wife bore him 8, one at a time.

Ward's first wife, it is said, lived six years and three weeks after marriage; his second wife eight years and six months. The number of boys in the family, according to the record said to be vouched for by Sheriff Edwards, is as follows: by the first wife, eight; by the second wife, five; by the third, five. Of those now in the service seven are by the first wife; five the second and one by the present wife. All of the 13 sons are in the cavalry, and all are said to be in France. Not much wonder that the German army is put to flight.—Western North Carolina Times.

CONSERVE SUGAR WHILE PRESERVING

Mrs. Henly, the home demonstrator sent from the state department of agriculture to Transylvania recently, emphasized in all her talks the importance of preserving the maximum amount of fruit with the minimum amount of sugar. One of her suggestions as to how this could be done was the use of home-made cider in place of sugar. She explained the following method of making apple-butter without the use of sugar:

Apple Butter Without Sugar

Select ripe, but not over-ripe apples. To 5 gallons peeled and sliced apples; allow 5 gallons freshly-made cider. Boil the cider down to two and one-half gallons, add apples and cook long and slowly (four to six hours), stirring constantly. When the apples and cider no longer separate, cool a small portion to determine if the proper thickness has been secured; stir in one-half teaspoon ground cinnamon, cloves and allspice for each gallon and pack the butter while boiling hot, into hot sterilized glasses, jars or stone containers having tight fitting lids. Boiling hot paraffin should be poured over the butter before lids are placed on. This prevents mould.

A PATRIOTIC SERVICE METHODIST CHURCH

Rev. T. F. Marr, pastor of Hawthorn Lane Church in Charlotte, will deliver a patriotic address at the Methodist church next Sunday morning at 11 o'clock hour.

Among other patriotic music will be a special selection by a Military Quartet of Ohio boys from the Davidson River encampment.

At 8:30 p. m. the pastor will preach a sermon on "The Primacy of God," which will be the first of a series of Sunday discussions on the Decalogue. Visitors especially invited to both these services.

REPUBLICANS NOMINATE OFFICERS

At a meeting of the Republican County Convention held at the court house last Saturday the following nominations were made.

Constitutional Delegate—D. L. English.

Representative—A. O. Kitchen. Clerk of Court—Lewis P. Hamlin. Register of Deeds—R. L. Nicholson.

Sheriff—J. H. Pickelsimer. Surveyor—Cris Young. Coronor—M. M. King.

Commissioners—Robt. Orr, W. E. Shipman and E. H. Kitchen. Recorder—Chas. B. Deaver. Member Board of Education—E. C. Hedden.

Committee on Resolutions—C. B. Deaver, W. H. Faulkner and D. L. English.

JOB HAD NO SUCH WOES

Boils Were Not Like Getting Your Nose Caught in a Cogwheel Under an Auto.

Speaking at a dinner, William H. Thompson of Kansas referred to the beauty of patience and contributed an anecdote along that line.

Some time since Smith and his wife went out for a spin in their new automobile, but before they had gone many miles something went amiss with the machinery. Crawling beneath the car, Smith began to twist and turn things, and finally there came sundry words that sounded like breaking one of the blue laws.

"John, John!" expostulated the good woman in the car. "You should not use such dreadful language!" "Of course I shouldn't, Mrs. Smith!" irritably responded hubby. "Of course I shouldn't! I suppose that if you were down under here you would sweetly sing!"

"You should have more patience," returned Mrs. Smith. "Why don't you try to be like Job?"

"Don't quote Job, madam!" shouted the old man. "Never in all his life did Job ever get his nose caught in a cogwheel!"—Philadelphia Evening Telegraph.

SURGEON GENERAL CALLS FOR NURSES

Surgeon General Gorgas of the U. S. Army has called upon the American Red Cross to enroll for military service at home and abroad, a thousand nurses a week for the ensuing eight weeks. The Red Cross has just announced from National Headquarters that it has set its organization machinery in motion to comply with this request.

The eight thousand nurses thus called for by the government in groups of one thousand are in addition to more than twelve thousand nurses already supplied by the American Red Cross to the government for active war service.

Only graduate nurses are eligible for military service. However any woman who wishes to serve the government may enter the Town and County Nursing Reserves or may enter a civilian hospital for training and thereby release a graduate nurse for military service.

Full information in regard to these branches of service may be obtained at County Red Cross Headquarters.

MEN 21 SINCE JUNE 5 REGISTER AUG. 24

Washington, Aug. 17.

All male persons who have reached their twenty-first birthday since June 5, 1918, and on or before Aug. 24, 1918, must register on Aug. 24, 1918. These men should consult with local draft-boards as to how and when they should register.

The place of registration will be Office of Local Board at Brevard, N. C. Office will be open from 7:00 a. m. to 9:00 p. m., August 24th, 1918. J. I. Watson, Chief Clerk.

ANGLING FOR RICH PATRONS

How a New York Milliner Catches the Unwary Western Woman With Money.

In Woman's Home Companion, Corinne Lowe tells of the wiles used by a Fifth avenue milliner in making the "Fern Piper" hat famous:

"Those for whom the spider spread its web were not the wealthy and unfashionable women of New York, but wealthy and prompt customers from the middle West. These are the people who make money for every Fifth avenue specialty shop. And the only difficulty which now lay in our path was that this profitable custom always has to be secured through a reputation for serving the most fashionable members of New York society, those notorious fashionables who are so sensitive to a second bill and who never think of paying their first one until at least six months have elapsed.

"At first we did not have a single member of this sorority. What we did was to fake them. This was achieved by several ingenious methods. One of these was to pay \$10 a week each to the chauffeurs of Mrs. Philip Rhinestewart and of Mrs. Clinton De Salle Rives for driving their crested limousines up before our doors when these same ultra-fashionable employers were otherwise engaged. The empty limousines were extremely efficacious, and it was not long before the women who were trying to get into fashionable society were impressed. One by one they came to us.

"Meanwhile, we were also paying the clerks of two of the smartest of New York's hotels to recommend Fern Piper to their rich out-of-town patrons."

Old English Furniture.

That fine old furniture is yet found in Britain in many unexpected places is said to be largely due to the stirring up of the country that was given by the great exhibition at London of 1851. This was soon after the development of the railway system in England, and there flocked to London, a large number of squires and their wives. A new world had opened to the country dames. The new things had a wonderful fascination for them. On returning home they got rid of much of their old furniture and bought new. Much of the old furniture found its way to second-hand shops, and was sold to poor folk, who could not afford to buy new. This accounts for the finding today of much good old furniture in small houses in provincial towns and among country people.—Indianapolis News.

EVANGELISTIC MEETINGS GREAT SUCCESS

The series of evangelistic services which were conducted in the Baptist church for ten days by Dr. W. W. Hamilton and E. L. Wolslagle came to a close on Friday evening.

These meetings were a success in every particular and the officials of the local Baptist church are to be congratulated upon bringing to the community two religious workers with the power of Dr. Hamilton and Mr. Wolslagle.

The results of their labors will long be felt as an elevating influence in this section, not only to the members of the Baptist church, but to all citizens of the town.

Eighteen members who were added to the Brevard Baptist church as a result of the meeting were baptized on Sunday evening in the church by the pastor.

U. D. C. ENTERTAINS MEN FROM CAMP

On Saturday evening the Transylvania Chapter United Daughters of the Confederacy entertained at the library in honor of the non-commissioned officers stationed at Pisgah Forest.

The building was decorated throughout with clematis, golden-rod and other wild flowers. These, with the numerous softly colored lights, made a pleasing setting for the scene. Numbers of guests filled the building and grounds. Over two hundred people were present during the evening.

Miss Annie Jean Gash, president of the U. D. C., presided as hostess for the occasion. She was assisted by Miss Martha Boswell, Miss Kathleen Erwin, and a number of other young ladies of the town.

Refreshments were served by the management of the Red Cross Tea Room.

AUTO ACCIDENT

A narrow escape from serious injury was experienced by several young people of the town Thursday afternoon when an auto driven by Karl Glenn turned turtle in front of the Franklin hotel.

The occupants were thrown out of the machine and considerably shaken up, the driver receiving the most severe injury, which was a slice off his left ear. Miss Allie Belle Aiken of Greenville suffered a sprained finger and a wrenched shoulder. The others in the car, Miss Lucy Whitmire of Asheville, Miss Ruth Duckworth of Brevard and two young men, were uninjured.

The automobile, which was the property of J. W. Duckworth, was damaged considerably.

The car was going at a moderate speed when a tire blew out causing it to run into the curbing and turn over, so Mr. Glenn says.

COUNTY BEE CLUB

At a very enthusiastic meeting at A. M. White's at Rosman Monday afternoon a Bee Club for the county was organized. L. M. Watkins was elected president and A. M. White, secretary and treasurer.

The object of this club is to promote better methods of bee keeping and co-operation in buying supplies. By joining the club the members will be able to get their bee supplies at wholesale prices.

C. L. Sams of the Department of Agriculture at Washington was present and gave a bee demonstration and discussed improved methods of bee keeping.

Anyone wishing to join the club should get in touch with the secretary.

Gas-Driven Cars in Denmark.

An advertisement has appeared in one of the Christiania papers offering for sale motors that can be operated with peat gas instead of benzine or petroleum. The alterations have been made in accordance with a Danish invention that makes it possible to use peat gas as fuel for motors. It is said that several thousand of the motors are being used in Denmark, and that they have met with success. The new system is stated to consume from one to two kilos of peat (2.2 to 4.4 pounds) per horsepower hour, according to the quality of the peat.—Commerce Reports.